

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

### Usage guidelines

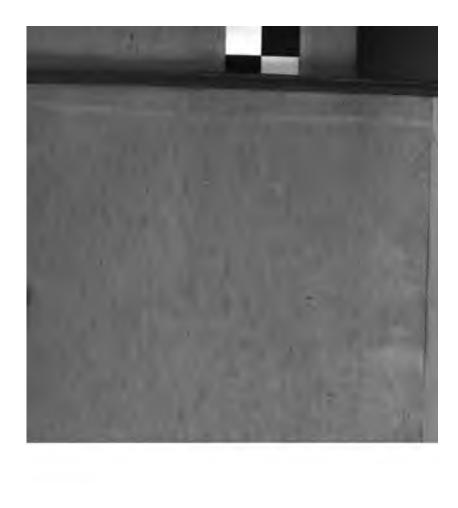
Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

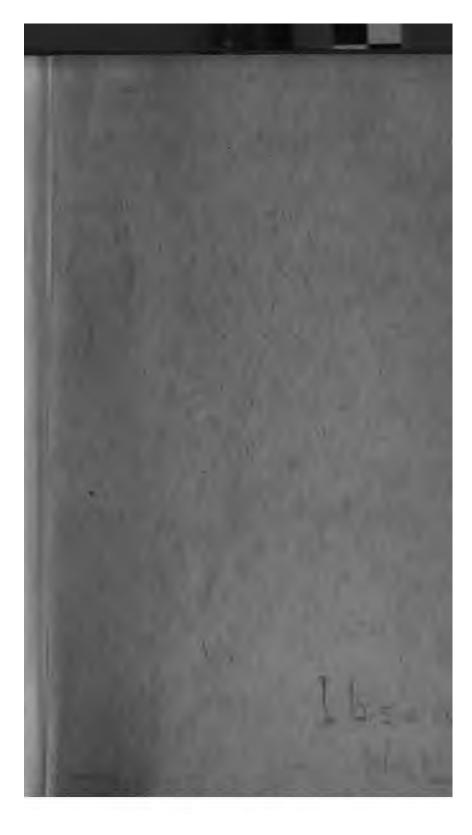
We also ask that you:

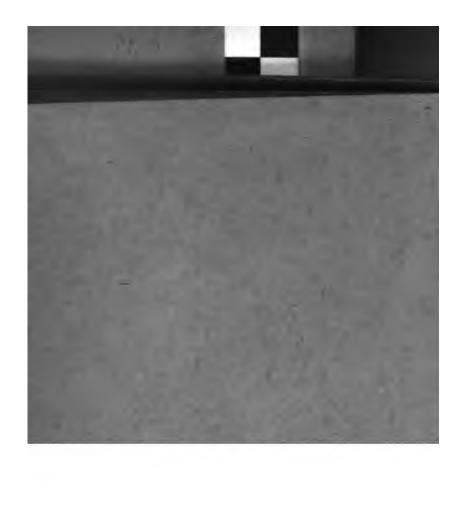
- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

### **About Google Book Search**

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/











# THE WORKS OF HENRIK IBSEN,

## LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG LOVE'S COMEDY

WITH INTRODUCTIONS BY
WILLIAM ARCHER
AND
C. H. HERFORD, Litt. D., M. A.

### THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND THE PRETENDERS

WITH INTRODUCTIONS BY
WILLIAM ARCHER

PRINTED BY ARRANGEMENT WITH CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS

WILLEY BOOK COMPANY NEW YORK



TO NEW YORK
PUBLIC LIBRARY

2113001
ASTOR, LENOX AND
TILDEN FOUNDATIONS
R 1985

Copyright, 1911, by Charles Scribner's Sons



### **CONTENTS**

			PAGI
GENERAL PREFACE	•	•	vi
INTRODUCTION TO "LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT"		•	S
"LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT"	•	•	19
INTRODUCTION TO "THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG"		•	191
AUTHOR'S PREFACE TO "THE FEAST AT SOLHOU	'n	•	196
"THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG"	•	•	205
INTRODUCTION TO "LOVE'S COMEDY"	•		293
"LOVE'S COMEDY"			305





## LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT INTRODUCTION\*

HENRIK JOHAN IBSEN was born on March 20, 1828, at the little seaport of Skien, situated at the head of a long fiord on the south coast of Norway. His great-greatgrandfather was a Dane who settled in Bergen about 1720. His great-grandmother, Wenche Dischington, was the daughter of a Scotchman, who had settled and become naturalised in Norway; and Ibsen himself was inclined to ascribe some of his characteristics to the Scottish strain in his blood. Both his grandmother (Plesner by name) and his mother, Maria Cornelia Altenburg, were of German descent. It has been said that there was not a drop of Norwegian blood in Ibsen's composition; but it is doubtful whether this statement can be substantiated. Most of his male ancestors were sailors; but his father, Knud Ibsen, was a merchant. When Henrik (his first child) was born, he seems to have been prosperous, and to have led a very social and perhaps rather extravagant life. But when the poet was eight vears old, financial disaster overtook the family, and they had to withdraw to a comparatively small farmhouse on the outskirts of the little town, where they lived in poverty and retirement.

As a boy, Ibsen appears to have been lacking in animal spirits and the ordinary childish taste for games.

<sup>\*</sup> Copyright, 1908, by Charles Scribner's Sons.

# 73, 3, 2, 3

### 4 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

Our chief glimpses of his home life are due to his sister Hedvig, the only one of his family with whom, in after years, he maintained any intercourse, and whose name he gave to one of his most beautiful creations.¹ She relates that the only outdoor amusement he cared for was "building"—in what material does not appear. Among indoor diversions, that to which he was most addicted was conjuring, a younger brother serving as his confederate. We also hear of his cutting out fantastically-dressed figures in paste-board, attaching them to wooden blocks, and ranging them in groups or tableaux. He may be said, in short, to have had a toy theatre without the stage. In all these amusements, it is possible, with a little goodwill, to divine the coming dramatist—the constructive faculty, the taste for technical legerdemain

he had to set about earning his living, and was apprenticed to an apothecary in Grimstad, a town on the south-west coast of Norway, between Arendal and Christianssand. He was here in even narrower social surroundings than at Skien. His birthplace numbered some 3,000 inhabitants, Grimstad about 800. That he was contented with his lot cannot be supposed; and the short, dark, taciturn youth seems to have made an unsympathetic and rather uncanny impression upon the burghers of the little township. His popularity was not heightened by a talent which he presently developed for drawing caricatures and writing personal lampoons. He found, however, two admiring friends in Christopher Lorentz Due, a custom-house clerk, and a law student named Olë Schulerud.

The first political event which aroused his interest and stirred him to literary expression was the French Revolution of 1848. He himself writes: "The times were much disturbed. The February revolution, the rising in Hungary and elsewhere, the Slesvig War—all this had a strong and ripening effect on my development, immature though it remained both then and long afterwards. I wrote clangorous poems of encouragement to the Magyars, adjuring them, for the sake of freedom and humanity, not to falter in their righteous war against 'the tyrants'; and I composed a long series of sonnets to King Oscar, mainly, so far as I remember, urging him to set aside all petty considerations, and march without delay, at the head of his army, to the assistance of our Danish brothers on the Slesvig

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Preface to the second edition of Catilina, 1875.

frontier." The series of sonnets, and one of the poems "To Hungary!" have been published in the poet's Literary Remains. About the same time he was reading for his matriculation examination at Christiania University, where he proposed to study medicine; and it happened that the Latin books prescribed were Sallust's Catiline and Cicero's Catilinarian Orations. "I devoured these documents," says Ibsen, "and a few months later my drama [Catilina] was finished." His friend Schulerud took it to Christiania, to offer it to the theatre and to the publishers. By both it was declined. Schulerud, however, had it printed at his own expense; and soon after its appearance, in the early spring of 1850, Ibsen himself came to Christiania.

For the most part written in blank verse, Catilina towards the close breaks into rhyming trochaic lines of ace to the re-written Catilina, in which he tells how the bulk of the first edition was sold as waste paper, and adds: "In the days immediately following we lacked none of the first necessities of life." He went to a "student factory," or, as we should say, a "crammer's," managed by one Heltberg; and there he fell in with several of the leading spirits of his generation—notably with Björnson, A. O. Vinie, and Jonas Lie. In the early summer of 1850 he wrote a one-act play, Kiæmpehöien (The Warrior's Barrow), entirely in the sentimental and somewhat verbose manner of the Danish poet Oehlenschläger. was accepted by the Christiania Theatre, and performed three times, but cannot have put much money in the poet's purse. With Paul Botten-Hansen and A. O. Vinje he co-operated in the production of a weekly satirical paper, at first entitled Manden (The Man), but afterwards Andhrimner, after the cook of the gods in Valhalla. To this journal, which lasted only from January to September, 1851, he contributed, among other things, a satirical "music-tragedy," entitled Norma, or a Politician's Love.1 As the circulation of the paper is said to have been something under a hundred, it cannot have paid its contributors very lavishly. About this time, too, he narrowly escaped arrest on account of some political agitation, in which, however, he had not been very deeply concerned.

Meanwhile a movement had been going forward in the capital of Western Norway, Bergen, which was to have a determining influence on Ibsen's destinies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The whole three acts are comprised in eight pages of the *Literary Remains* (vol. i).

8

### LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

Up to 1850 there had been practically no Norwegian The two great poets of the first half of the century, Wergeland and Welhaven, had nothing dramatic in their composition, though Wergeland more than once essayed the dramatic form. Danish actors and Danish plays held entire possession of the Christiania Theatre; and, though amateur performances were not uncommon in provincial towns, it was generally held that the Norwegians, as a nation, were devoid of all talent for acting. The very sound of Norwegian (as distinct from Danish) was held by Norwegians themselves to be ridiculous on the stage. Fortunately Olë Bull, the great violinist, was not of that opinion. With the insight of genius, he saw that the time had come for the development of a national drama; he set forth this view in a masterly argument addressed to the Storthing; and he gave practical effect The town of Bergen numbered only 25,000 inhabitants. Performances were given only twice, or, at the outside, three times, a week; and the highest price of admission was two shillings. What can have been attempted in the way of scenery or costumes it is hard to imagine. Of a three-act play, produced in 1852, we read that "the mounting, which cost £22 10s., left nothing to be desired."

Ibsen's connection with the Bergen Theatre lasted from November 6, 1851, until the summer of 1857that is to say, from his twenty-fourth to his thirtieth year. He was engaged in the first instance "to assist the theatre as dramatic author," but in the following year he received from the management a "travelling stipend" of £45 to enable him to study the art of theatrical production in Denmark and Germany, with the stipulation that. on his return, he should undertake the duties of "scene instructor"—that is to say, stage-manager or producer. In this function he seems to have been—as, indeed, he always was extremely conscientious. A book exists in the Bergen Public Library containing (it is said) careful designs by him for every scene in the plays he produced, and full notes as to entrances, exits, groupings, costumes. accessories, etc. But he was not an animating or inspiring producer. He had none of the histrionic vividness of his successor in the post, Björnstjerne Björnson, who, like all great producers, could not only tell the actors what to do, but show them how to do it. Perhaps it was a sense of his lack of impulse that induced the management to give him a colleague, one Herman Låding, with whom his relations were none of the happiest.

10

Ibsen is even said, on one occasion, to have challenged Låding to a duel.

One of the duties of the "theatre-poet" was to have a new play ready for each recurrence of the "Foundation Day" of the theatre, January 2. On that date, in 1853, Ibsen produced a romantic comedy, St. John's Night, which was first printed in the Literary Remains (1909). It is an exceedingly immature work, confused and trivial in intrigue, and for the most part conventional in characterization. Nevertheless it is interesting, inasmuch as it contains the germs of many ideas to which he afterwards returned in his maturer works. In the personage of Julian Paulsen, for example—Ibsen's first essay in satirical character-drawing—we find some traits which reappear in Stensgård, and others which foreshadow Hialmar Ekdal. But it is principally of the

Peer Gynt. The play had no success, and was performed only twice. For the next Foundation Day, January 2, 1854, Ibsen prepared a revised version of The Warrior's Barrow, already produced in Christiania. A year later, January 2, 1855, Lady Inger of Östråt was produced—a work still immature, indeed, but giving, for the first time, no uncertain promise of the master dramatist to come.

In an autobiographical letter to the Danish critic, Peter Hansen, written from Dresden in 1870, Ibsen says: "Lady Inger of Ostråt is the result of a love-affairhastily entered into and violently broken off-to which several of my minor poems may also be attributed, such as Wild-flowers and Pot-plants, A Bird-Song, etc." The heroine of this love-affair can now be identified as a lady named Henrikke Holst, who seems to have preserved through a long life the fresh, bright spirit, the overflowing joyousness, which attracted Ibsen when she was only in her seventeenth year. Their relation was of the most innocent. It went no further than a few surreptitious rambles in the romantic surroundings of Bergen, usually with a somewhat older girl to play propriety, and with a bag of sugar-plums to fill up pauses in the conversation. The "violent" ending seems to have come when the young lady's father discovered the secret of these excursions, and doubtless placed her under more careful control. What there was in this episode to suggest, or in any way influence, Lady Inger, I cannot understand. Nevertheless the identification seems quite certain. The affair had a charming little sequel. During

12

the days of their love's young dream, Ibsen treated the "wild-flower" with a sort of shy and distant chivalry at which the wood-gods must have smiled. He avoided even touching her hand, and always addressed her by the "De" (you) of formal politeness. But when they met again after many years, he a famous poet and she a middle-aged matron, he instinctively adopted the "Du" (thou) of affectionate intimacy, and she responded in kind. He asked her whether she had recognised herself in any of his works, and she replied: "I really don't know, unless it be in the parson's wife in Love's Comedy, with her eight children and her perpetual knitting." "Ibsen protested," says Herr Paulsen, in whose Samliv med Ibsen a full account of the episode may be read. It is interesting to note that the lady did not recognise herself in Elina Gyldenlöve, any more than we can.

in time you will become Lady Inger." Twenty years later, at Christmas, 1876, he gave his wife a copy of the German translation of *Lady Inger*, with the following inscription on the fly-leaf:

"This book is by right indefeasible thine, Who in spirit art born of the Östråt line."

In Lady Inger Ibsen has chosen a theme from the very darkest hour of Norwegian history. King Sverre's democratic monarchy, dating from the beginning of the thirteenth century, had paralysed the old Norwegian nobility. One by one the great families died out, their possessions being concentrated in the hands of the few survivors, who regarded their wealth as a privilege unhampered by obligations. At the beginning of the sixteenth century, then, patriotism and public spirit were almost dead among the nobles, while the monarchy, before which the old aristocracy had fallen, was itself dead, or rather merged (since 1380) in the Crown of Denmark. The peasantry, too, had long ago lost all effective voice in political affairs; so that Norway lay prone and inert at the mercy of her Danish rulers. It is at the moment of deepest national degradation that Ibsen has placed his tragedy; and the degradation was, in fact, even deeper than he represents it, for the longings for freedom, the

seems to bear out this view. But it would appear that what Fru Ibsen told Dr. Elias was that on the date mentioned Ibsen "for the first time visited at her father's house." The terms of the anecdote almost compel us to assume that he had previously met her elsewhere. It seems almost inconceivable that Ibsen, of all people, should have made such a speech to a lady on their very first meeting.

stirrings of revolt, which form the motive-power of the action, are invented, or at any rate idealised, by the poet. Fru Inger Ottisdatter Gyldenlöve was, in fact, the greatest personage of her day in Norway. She was the best-born, the wealthiest, and probably the ablest woman in the land. At the time when Ibsen wrote, little more than this seems to have been known of her; so that in making her the victim of a struggle between patriotic duty and maternal love, he was perhaps poetising in the absence of positive evidence, rather than in opposition to it. Subsequent research, unfortunately, has shown that Fru Inger was but little troubled with patriotic aspirations. She was a hard and grasping woman, ambitious of social power and predominance, but inaccessible, or nearly so, to national feeling. It was from

löve. She died four years later, leaving him two children; and thereupon he would fain have married her sister Lucia. Such a union, however, was regarded as incestuous, and the lovers failed in their effort to obtain a special dispensation. Lucia then became her brother-in-law's mistress, and bore him a son. But the ecclesiastical law was in those days not to be trifled with; Nils Lykke was thrown into prison for his crime, condemned, and killed in his dungeon, in the year of grace 1535. Thus there was a tragedy ready-made in lbsen's material, though it was not the tragedy he chose to write.

The Bergen public did not greatly take to Lady Inger, and it was performed, in its novelty, only twice. Nor is the reason far to seek. The extreme complexity of the intrigue, and the lack of clear guidance through its mazes, probably left the Bergen audiences no less puzzled than the London audiences who saw the play at the Scala Theatre in 1906.1 It is a play which can be appreciated only by spectators who know it beforehand. Such audiences it has often found in Norway, where it was revived at the Christiania Theatre in 1875; but in Denmark and Germany, though it has been produced several times, it has never been very successful. We need go no further than the end of the first act to understand the reason. On an audience which knows nothing of the play, the sudden appearance of a "Stranger," to whose identity it has not the slightest clue, can pro-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Stage Society performances, January 28 and 29, 1906. Lady Inger was played by Miss Edyth Olive, Elina by Miss Alice Crawford, Nils Lykke by Mr. Henry Ainley, Olaf Skaktavl by Mr. Alfred Brydone, and Nils Stenssön by Mr. Harcourt Williams.

16

### LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

duce no effect save one of bewilderment. To rely on such an incident for what was evidently intended to be a thrilling "curtain," was to betray extreme inexperience; and this single trait is typical of much in the play. Nevertheless Lady Inger marks a decisive advance in Ibsen's development. It marks, one may say, the birth of his power of invention. He did not as yet know how to restrain or clarify his invention, and he made clumsy use of the stock devices of a bad school. But he had once for all entered upon that course of technical training which it took him five-and-twenty years to complete. He was learning much that he was afterwards to unlearn; but had he not undergone this apprenticeship, he would never have been the master he ultimately became.

When Ibsen entered upon his duties at the Bergen

de Navarre, and a dozen other French plays, with the staging of which the poet was then occupied. It might seem that the figure of Elina, brooding over the thought of her dead sister, coffined in the vault below the banqueting-hall, belonged rather to German romanticism; but there are plenty of traces of German romanticism even in the French plays with which the good people of Bergen were regaled. For the suggestion of gravevaults and coffined heroines, for example, Ibsen need have gone no further than Dumas's Catherine Howard. which he produced in March, 1853. I do not, however, pretend that his romantic colouring came to him from It came to him, doubtless, from Germany, by way of Denmark. My point is that the conduct of the intrigue in Lady Inger shows the most unmistakable marks of his study of the great French plot-manipulators. Its dexterity and its artificiality alike are neither German nor Danish, but French. Ibsen had learnt the great secret of Scribe—the secret of dramatic movement. The play is full of those ingenious complications, mistakes of identity, and rapid turns of fortune by which Scribe enchained the interest of his audiences. Its central theme—a mother plunging into intrigue and crime for the advancement of her son, only to find that her son himself has been her victim—is as old as Greek tragedy. The secondary story, too-that of Elina's wild infatuation for the betrayer and practically the murderer of her sister—could probably be paralleled in the ballad litera-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These two plays were produced, respectively, in March and October, 1854, at the very time when Ibsen must have been planning and composing Lady Inger.

18

### LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

ture of Scotland, Germany, or Denmark, and might, indeed, have been told, in verse or prose, by Sir Walter Scott. But these very un-Parisian elements are handled in a fundamentally Parisian fashion, and Ibsen is clearly fascinated, for the time, by the ideal of what was afterwards to be known as the "well-made play." The fact that the result is in reality an ill-made play in no way invalidates this theory. It is perhaps the final condemnation of the well-made play that in nine cases out of ten—and even in the hands of far more experienced playwrights than the young Bergen "theatre-poet"—it is apt to prove ill-made after all.

Far be it from me, however, to speak in pure disparagement of *Lady Inger*. With all its defects, it seems to me manifestly the work of a great poet—the only one of

## LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT (1855)



### **CHARACTERS**

LADY INGER OTTISDAUGHTER RÖMER, widow of High Steward Nils Gyldenlöve.

ELINA GYLDENLÖVE, her daughter.

NILS LYKKE, Danish knight and councillor.

OLAF SKAKTAVL, an outlawed Norwegian noble.

NILS STENSSON.

JENS BIELKE, Swedish commander.

Biörn, majordomo at Ostråt.

FINN, a servant.

EINAR HUK, bailiff at Östråt.

Servants, peasants, and Swedish men-at-arms.



### DRAMA IN FIVE ACTS

### ACT FIRST

A room at Östråt. Through an open door in the back, the Banquet Hall is seen in faint moonlight, which shines fitfully through a deep bow-window in the opposite wall. To the right, an entrance-door; further forward, a curtained window. On the left, a door leading to the inner rooms; further forward a large open freplace, which casts a glow over the room. It is a stormy evening.

Biorn and Finn are sitting by the fireplace. The latter is occupied in polishing a helmet. Several pieces of armour lie near them, along with a sword and shield.

FINN.

[After a pause.] Who was Knut1 Alfson?

BIÖRN.

My Lady says he was the last of Norway's knighthood.

FINN.

And the Danes killed him at Oslo-fiord?

1 Pronounce Knoot.



[ACT I

Biörn.

If you know not that, ask any child of five.

### FINN.

So Knut Alfson was the last of our knighthood? And now he's dead and gone! [Holds up the helmet.] Well, thou must e'en be content to hang scoured and bright in the Banquet Hall; for what art thou now but an empty nut-shell? The kernel—the worms have eaten that many a winter agone.

What say you, Biörn—may not one call Norway's land an empty nut-shell, even like the helmet here; bright without, worm-eaten within?

Biörn.



### ACT 1] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

### Biörn.

What's that to you? Give it me.—Here, take the shield.

FINN.

[As before.] There is no grip to it!

Biörn.

[Mutters.] Let me get a grip on you——
[Finn hums to himself for a while.

Biörn.

What now?

### FINN.

An empty helmet, a sword with no edge, a shield with no grip—so it has all come to that. Who can blame Lady Inger if she leaves such weapons to hang scoured and polished on the walls, instead of rusting them in Danish blood?

### Biörn.

Folly! Is there not peace in the land?

### FINN.

Peace? Ay, when the peasant has shot away his last arrow, and the wolf has reft the last lamb from the fold, then is there peace between them. But 'tis a strange friendship. Well, well; let that pass. 'Tis fitting, as I said, that the harness hang bright in the hall; for you know the old saw: "Call none a man but the knightly man." So now that we have never a knight in the land,

### 24 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT I

we have never a man; and where no man is, there must women order things; therefore——

Biörn.

Therefore—therefore I bid you hold your foul prate! [Rises.

The evening wears on. Enough; you may hang the helmet and armour in the hall again.

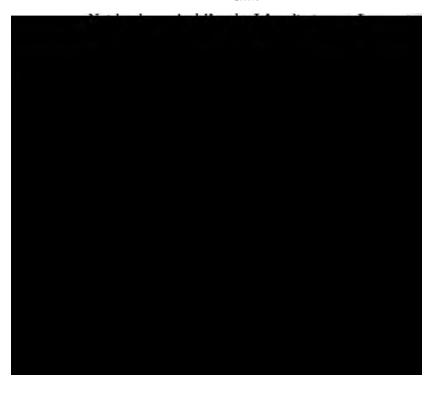
FINN.

[In a low voice.] Nay, best let it be till to-morrow.

Biörn.

What, do you fear the dark?

FINN.



### ACT 1] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

### Biörn.

[Starting.] Lady Inger? What does she think?

### FINN.

What Lady Inger thinks? I warrant few can tell that. But sure it is that she has no rest in her. See you not how day by day she grows thinner and paler? [Looks keenly at him.] They say she never sleeps—and that it is because of the black figure——

[While he is speaking, ELINA GYLDENLÖVE has appeared in the half-open door on the left. She stops and listens, unobserved.

### Biörn.

And you believe such follies?

#### FINN.

Well, half and half. There be folk, too, that read things another way. But that is pure malice, I'll be bound.—Hearken, Biörn—know you the song that is going round the country?

Biörn.

A song?

#### FINN.

Ay, 'tis on all folks' lips. 'Tis a shameful scurril thing, for sure; yet it goes prettily. Just listen:

[Sings in a low voice.]

Dame Inger sitteth in Östråt fair, She wraps her in costly furs—



# 26 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT I

She decks her in velvet and ermine and vair, Red gold are the beads that she twines in her hair— But small peace in that soul of hers.

Dame Inger hath sold her to Denmark's lord. She bringeth her folk 'neath the stranger's yoke— In guerdon whereof——

[Biörn enraged, seizes him by the throat. Elina Gyldenlöve withdraws without having been seen.

#### Biörn.

I will send you guerdonless to the foul fiend, if you prate of Lady Inger but one unseemly word more.

#### FINN.



Biörn.

Why not?

FINN.

Did you not say yourself: the last of our knighthood is dead and gone?

[Goes out to the right.

#### Biörn.

The accursed knave, with his prying and peering! What avails all my striving to hide and hush things? They whisper of her even now—; soon all men will be shouting aloud that——

#### ELINA.

[Comes in again through the door on the left; looks round her, and says with suppressed emotion:] Are you alone, Biörn?

Biörn.

Is it you, Mistress Elina?

#### ELINA.

Come, Biörn, tell me one of your stories; I know you can tell others than those that——

#### Biörn.

A story? Now—so late in the evening——?

#### ELINA.

If you count from the time when it grew dark at Ostråt, then 'tis late indeed.

# 28 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT I

Biörn.

What ails you? Has aught crossed you? You seem so restless.

ELINA.

Maybe so.

Biörn.

There is something amiss. I have hardly known you this half year past.

ELINA.

Bethink you: this half year past my dearest sister Lucia has been sleeping in the vault below.

Biörn.

That is not all, Mistress Elina—it is not that alone

sea-strand was naked then as now? If it was so, I knew it not. 'Twas there I loved to go weaving all my fair romances; my heroes came from afar and sailed again across the sea; I lived in their midst, and set forth with them when they sailed away. [Sinks on a chair.] Now I feel so faint and weary; I can live no longer in my tales. They are only—tales. [Rising, vehemently.] Biörn, know you what has made me sick? A truth; a hateful, hateful truth, that gnaws me day and night.

Biörn.

What mean you?

ELINA.

Do you remember how sometimes you would give us good counsel and wise saws? Sister Lucia followed them; but I—ah, well-a-day!

Biörn.

[Consoling her.] Well, well---!

ELINA.

I know it—I was proud, overweening! In all our games, I would still be the Queen, because I was the tallest, the fairest, the wisest! I know it!

Biörn.

That is true.

ELINA.

Once you took me by the hand and looked earnestly at me, and said: "Be not proud of your fairness, or your wisdom; but be proud as the mountain eagle as often as you think: I am Inger Gyldenlöve's daughter!"



# 30 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT 1

#### Biörn.

And was it not matter enough for pride?

#### ELINA.

You told me so often enough, Biörn! Oh, you told me many a tale in those days. [Presses his hand.] Thanks for them all!—Now, tell me one more; it might make me light of heart again, as of old.

#### Biörn.

You are a child no longer.

#### ELINA.

Nay, indeed! But let me dream that I am.—Come tell on!



# ACT I] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

Biörn.

Mistress Elina, - what ails you?

ELINA.

[Sits down again.] Me? Nothing. Go on.

Biörn.

Well, as I was saying—did this knight but look straight in a woman's eyes, never could she forget it after; her thoughts must follow him wherever he went, and she must waste away with sorrow.

#### ELINA.

I have heard that tale.—Moreover, 'tis no tale you are telling, for the knight you speak of is Nils Lykke, who sits even now in the Council of Denmark—

Biörn.

Maybe so.

ELINA.

Well, let it pass-go on!

Biörn.

Now it happened once on a time-

ELINA.

[Rises suddenly.] Hush; be still!

Biörn.

What now? What is the matter?

#### LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT I 32

ELINA.

[Listening.] Do you hear?

Biörn.

What?

ELINA.

It is there! Yes, by the cross of Christ, it is there!

Biörn.

[Rises.] What is there? Where?

ELINA.

She herself—in the hall—

[Goes hastily towards the hall.

BIÖRN.

[Following.] How can you think-? Mistress Elina,

#### ELINA.

[Going back towards the fireplace.] Now I know what I know!

Biörn.

[To himself.] Then it is true!

ELINA.

Who was it, Biörn? Who was it?

Biörn.

You saw as plainly as I.

ELINA.

Well? Whom did I see?

Biörn.

You saw your mother.

#### ELINA.

[Half to herself.] Night after night I have heard her steps in there. I have heard her whispering and moaning like a soul in pain. And what says the song—? Ah, now I know! Now I know that——

#### BIÖRN.

#### Hush!

[LADY INGER GYLDENLÖVE enters rapidly from the hall, without noticing the others; she goes to the window, draws the curtain, and gazes out as if watching for some one on the high road; after a while, she turns and goes slowly back into the hall.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT I

#### ELINA.

[Softly, following her with her eyes.] White, white as the dead---!

[An uproar of many voices is heard outside the door on the right.

Biörn.

What can this be?

34

ELINA.

Go out and see what is amiss.

[EINAR HUK, the bailiff, appears in the anteroom, with a crowd of RETAINERS and PEASANTS.

# EINAR HUK.

[In the doorway.] Straight in to her! And be not abashed!

Biörn.

#### ACT I]

LADY INGER.

What would you with me?

EINAR HUK.

We sought you, noble lady, to-

LADY INGER.

Well—say on!

EINAR HUK.

Why, we are not ashamed of our errand. In one word—we come to pray you for weapons and leave——

LADY INGER.

Weapons and leave-? And for what?

EINAR HUK.

There has come a rumour from Sweden that the people of the Dales have risen against King Gustav——

LADY INGER.

The people of the Dales?

EINAR HUK.

Ay, so the tidings run, and they seem sure enough.

LADY INGER.

Well—if it were so—what have you to do with the Dale-folk's rising?

THE PEASANTS.

We will join them! We will help! We will free ourselves!

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT I

#### LADY INGER.

[To herself.] Can the time be come?

36

#### EINAR HUK.

From all our borderlands the peasants are pouring across to the Dales. Even outlaws that have wandered for years in the mountains are venturing down to the homesteads again, and drawing men together, and whetting their rusty swords.

#### LADY INGER.

[After a pause.] Tell me, men—have you thought well of this? Have you counted the cost, if King Gustav's men should win?

Biörn

#### THE PEASANTS.

Ay, out with the Danish sheriffs! Out with the foreign masters! Out with the Councillors' lackeys!

#### LADY INGER.

[To herself.] Ah, there is metal in them; and yet, yet—!

#### BIÖRN.

[To himself.] She is of two minds. [To ELINA.] What say you now, Mistress Elina—have you not sinned in misjudging your mother?

#### ELINA.

Biörn—if my eyes have lied to me, I could tear them out of my head!

#### EINAR HUK.

See you not, my noble lady, King Gustav must be dealt with first. Were his power once gone, the Danes cannot long hold this land——

#### LADY INGER.

And then?

#### EINAR HUK.

Then we shall be free. We shall have no more foreign masters, and can choose ourselves a king, as the Swedes have done before us.

#### LADY INGER.

[With animation.] A king for ourselves! Are you thinking of the Sture stock?

<sup>1</sup> Pronounce Stoore.



38

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT I

# EINAR HUK.

King Christiern and others after him have swept bare our ancient houses. The best of our nobles are outlaws on the mountain paths, if so be they still live. Nevertheless, it might still be possible to find one or other shoot of the old stems—

#### LADY INGER

[Hastily.] Enough, Einar Huk, enough! [To herself.] Ah, my dearest hope!

[Turns to the Peasants and Retainers.

I have warned you, now, as well as I can. I have told you how great is the risk you run. But if you are fixed in your purpose, 'twere folly in me to forbid what I have no power to prevent.



# ACT I] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### Biörn.

[Seizes LADY INGER'S hand as she is going.] Thanks, my noble and high-souled mistress! I, that have known you from childhood up—I have never doubted you.

#### LADY INGER.

Hush. Biörn—'tis a dangerous game I have ventured this night. The others stake only their lives; but I, trust me, a thousandfold more!

#### BIÖRN.

How mean you? Do you fear for your power and your favour with——?

LADY INGER.

My power? O God in Heaven!

# A RETAINER.

[Comes from the hall with a large sword.] See, here's a real good wolf's-tooth! With this will I flay the blood-suckers' lackeys!

EINAR HUK.

[To another.] What is that you have found?

THE RETAINER.

The breastplate they call Herlof Hyttefad's.

#### EINAR HIIK.

Tis too good for such as you. Look, here is the shaft of Sten Sture's lance; hang the breastplate upon it, and we shall have the noblest standard heart can desire.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pronounce Stayn Stoorë.

### FINN.

[Comes from the door on the left, with a letter in his hand, and goes towards LADY INGER.] I have sought you through all the house—

#### LADY INGER.

What would you?

#### FINN.

[Hands her the letter.] A messenger is come from Trondhiem<sup>1</sup> with a letter for you.

#### LADY INGER.

Let me see! [Opening the letter.] From Trondhiem? What can it be? [Runs through the letter.] O God! From him! And here in Norway——

[Reads on with strong emotion, while the men go on bringing out arms from the hall.

#### LADY INGER.

[To herself.] He is coming here. He is coming here to-night!—Ay, then 'tis with our wits we must fight, not with the sword.

#### EINAR HUK.

Enough, enough, good fellows; we are well armed now. Set we forth now on our way!

#### LADY INGER.

[With a sudden change of tone.] No man shall leave my house to-night!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pronounce Tronyem.

# ACT I] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### EINAR HUK.

But the wind is fair, noble lady; 'twill take us quickly up the fiord, and——

LADY INGER.

It shall be as I have said.

EINAR HUK.

Are we to wait till to-morrow, then?

LADY INGER.

Till to-morrow, and longer still. No armed man sha'l go forth from Östråt yet awhile.

[Signs of displeasure among the crowd.

Some of the Peasants.

We will go all the same, Lady Inger!

THE CRY SPREADS.

Ay, ay; we will go!

#### LADY INGER.

[Advancing a step towards them.] Who dares to move? [A silence. After a moment's pause, she adds:

I have thought for you. What do you common folk know of the country's needs? How dare you judge of such things? You must e'en bear your oppressions and burdens yet awhile. Why murmur at that, when you see that we, your leaders, are as ill bested as you?——Take all the weapons back to the hall. You shall know my further will hereafter. Go!

[The RETAINERS take back the arms, and the whole crowd then withdraws by the door on the right.

# 42 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT I

ELINA.

[Softly to Biörn.] Say you still that I have sinned in misjudging—the Lady of Östråt?

LADY INGER.

[Beckons 'o Biörn, and says.] Have a guest-chamber ready.

Biörn.

It is well, Lady Inger!

LADY INGER.

And let the gate be open to whoever shall knock.

Biörn.

But---?



#### ACT 1] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### ELINA.

I think, to my sorrow, what your deeds have forced me to think.

#### LADY INGER.

And you answer as your bitter spirit bids you.

#### ELINA.

Who has filled my spirit with bitterness? From my childhood I had been wont to look up to you as a great and high-souled woman. 'Twas in your likeness that I pictured the women of the chronicles and the Book of Heroes. I thought the Lord God himself had set his seal on your brow, and marked you out as the leader of the helpless and the oppressed. Knights and nobles sang your praise in the feast-hall; and even the peasants, far and near, called you the country's pillar and its hope. All thought that through you the good times were to come again! All thought that through you a new day was to dawn over the land! The night is still here; and I scarce know if through you I dare look for any morning.

#### LADY INGER.

Tis easy to see whence you have learnt such venomous words. You have let yourself give ear to what the thoughtless rabble mutters and murmurs about things it can little judge of.

#### ELINA.

"Truth is in the people's mouth," was your word when they praised you in speech and song.

# 44 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT I

#### LADY INGER.

Maybe so. But if indeed I chose to sit here idle, though it was my part to act—think you not that such a choice were burden enough for me, without your adding to its weight?

#### ELINA.

The weight I add to your burden crushes me no less than you. Lightly and freely I drew the breath of life, so long as I had you to believe in. For my pride is my life; and well might I have been proud, had you remained what once you were.

#### LADY INGER.

And what proves to you that I have not? Elina—how know you so surely that you are not doing your mother wrong?



# ACT I] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

ELINA.

I hear you.

LADY INGER.

For as silent as you are, I know well that you often long to be gone from here. Östråt is too lonely and lifeless for you.

ELINA.

Do you wonder at that, my mother?

LADY INGER.

It rests with you whether all this shall henceforth be changed.

ELINA.

How so?

LADY INGER.

Listen.—I look for a guest to-night.

ELINA.

[Comes nearer.] A guest?

LADY INGER.

A guest, who must remain a stranger to all. None must know whence he comes or whither he goes.

ELINA.

[Throws herself, with a cry of joy, at her mother's feet, and seizes her hands.] My mother! My mother! Forgive me, if you can, all the wrong I have done you!

# 46 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT I

# LADY INGER.

What do you mean? Elina, I do not understand you.

# ELINA.

Then they were all deceived! You are still true at heart!

#### LADY INGER.

Rise, rise and tell me-

#### ELINA.

Think you I do not know who the stranger is?

LADY INGER.



# ACT I] L'ADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### LADY INGER.

[Coldly.] Enough! Now I understand you.

#### ELINA.

[Continuing.] And that is why the gates of Östråt must stand open by night! That is why he must remain a stranger to all, this guest of whom none must know whence he comes or whither he goes! You are setting at naught the harsh decree that forbids you to harbour or succour the outlaw—

#### LADY INGER.

Enough, I say!

[After a short silence, adds with an effort: You mistake, Elina—'tis no outlaw I look for.

#### ELINA.

[Rises.] Then I have understood you ill indeed.

#### LADY INGER.

Listen to me, my child; but think as you listen; if indeed you can tame that wild spirit of yours.

#### ELINA.

I am tame, till you have spoken.

#### LADY INGER.

Attend, then, to what I have to tell you.—I have sought, so far as lay in my power, to keep you in ignorance of all our griefs and miseries. What could it avail

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT I

to fill your young heart with wrath and care? 'Tis not women's weeping and wailing that can deliver us; we need the courage and strength of men.

#### ELINA.

Who has told you that, when courage and strength are needed, I shall be found wanting?

#### LADY INGER.

Hush, child;—I might take you at your word.

#### ELINA.

How mean you, my mother?

48

#### LADY INGER.

I might call on you for both; I might-; but let me



49

# ACT I] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

when the time comes to choose the next king, 'tis most like that the feud will break out openly. Now the Danish councillors would hinder this—

#### ELINA.

Ay, they would hinder it—! But are we to endure such things? Are we to look on quietly while——?

#### LADY INGER.

No, we will not endure it. But to take up arms—to declare open war—what would come of that, so long as we are not united? And were we ever less united in this land than we are even now?—No, if aught is to be accomplished, it must be secretly and in silence. Even as I said, we must have time to draw breath. In the South, a good part of the nobles are for the Dane; but here in the North they are still in doubt. Therefore has King Frederick sent hither one of his most trusted councillors, to assure himself with his own eyes how we stand affected.

#### ELINA.

[In suspense.] Well—and then—?

LADY INGER.

He is the guest I look for to-night.

ELINA.

He comes hither? And to-night?

#### LADY INGER.

A trading ship brought him to Trondhiem yesterday. News has just reached me of his approach; he may be here within the hour. 50

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT I

#### ELINA.

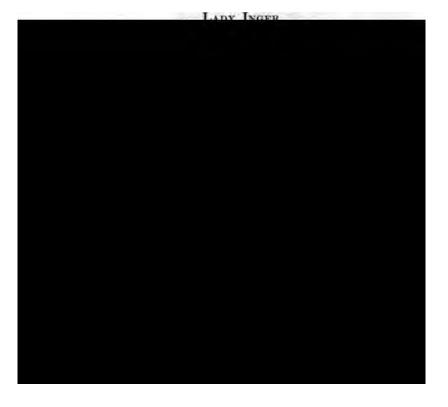
And you do not bethink you, my mother, how 'twill endanger your fame thus to receive the Danish envoy? Do not the people already look on you with distrustful eyes? How can you hope that, when the time comes, they will let you rule and guide them, if it be known that—

#### LADY INGER.

Fear not. All this I have fully weighed; but there is no danger. His errand in Norway is a secret; he has come unknown to Trondhiem, and unknown shall he be our guest at Östråt.

#### ELINA.

And the name of this Danish lord-?



#### ELINA.

With me?

#### LADY INGER.

I have long seen that Östråt is as a cage to you. The young falcon chafes behind the iron bars.

#### ELINA.

My wings are clipped. Even if you set me free—'twould avail me little.

#### LADY INGER.

Your wings are not clipped, save by your own will.

#### ELINA.

Will? My will is in your hands. Be what you once were, and I too—

#### LADY INGER.

Enough, enough. Hear me further.—It would scarce break your heart to leave Östråt?

#### ELINA.

Maybe not, my mother!

#### LADY INGER.

You told me once, that you lived your happiest life in your tales and histories. What if that life were to be yours once more?

#### ELINA.

What mean you?

[ACT I

#### LADY INGER.

Elina—if a mighty noble were to come and lead you to his castle, where you should find damsels and squires, silken robes and lofty halls awaiting you?

ELINA.

A noble, you say?

LADY INGER.

A noble.

ELINA.

[More softly.] And the Danish envoy comes hither to-night?

LADY INGER.

To-night.

ACT I]

#### LADY INGER.

Nursery tales! A mother would tear the heart from her breast before she would cast her child to the wolves!

#### ELINA.

Were I not my mother's daughter, I would say you were right. But you are like that mother; one by one have you cast out your daughters to the wolves. The eldest went first. Five years ago Merete1 went forth from Östråt; now she dwells in Bergen, and is Vinzents Lunge's wife. But think you she is happy as the Danish noble's lady? Vinzents Lunge is mighty, wellnigh as a king; Merete has damsels and squires, silken robes and lofty halls; but the day has no sunshine for her, and the night no rest; for she has never loved him. He came hither and he wooed her, for she was the greatest heiress in Norway, and 'twas then needful for him to gain a footing in the land. I know it; I know it well! Merete bowed to your will; she went with the stranger lord.—But what has it cost her? More tears than a mother should wish to answer for at the day of reckoning!

#### LADY INGER.

I know my reckoning, and I fear it not.

#### ELINA.

Your reckoning ends not here. Where is Lucia, your second child?

#### LADY INGER.

Ask God, who took her.

<sup>1</sup> Pronounce Mayraytë. <sup>2</sup> Pronounce Loonghë.

54

## LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT I

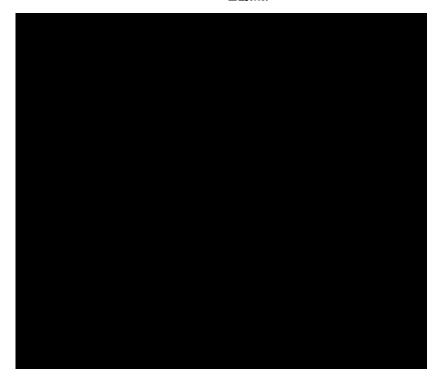
#### ELINA.

'Tis you I ask; 'tis you must answer for her young life. She was glad as a bird in spring when she sailed from Ostråt to be Merete's guest. A year passed, and she stood in this room once more; but her cheeks were white, and death had gnawed deep into her breast. Ah, I startle you, my mother! You thought the ugly secret was buried with her;—but she told me all. A courtly knight had won her heart. He would have wedded her. You knew that her honour was at stake; yet your will never bent—and your child had to die. You see, I know all!

LADY INGER.

All? Then she told you his name?

ELINA.



#### ELINA.

I know it; but nevertheless she loved him; and had you had a mother's heart, your daughter's honour had been more to you than all.

#### LADY INGER.

Not more than her happiness. Think you that, with Merete's lot before my eyes, I could sacrifice my second child to a man that loved her not?

#### ELINA.

Cunning words may beguile many, but they beguile not me-

Think not I know nothing of all that is passing in our land? I understand your counsels but too well. I know that in you the Danish lords have no true friend. It may be that you hate them; but you fear them too. When you gave Merete to Vinzents Lunge, the Danes held the mastery on all sides throughout our land. Three years later, when you forbade Lucia to wed the man to whom, though he had deceived her, she had given her life—things were far different then. The King's Danish governors had shamefully misused the common people, and you deemed it not wise to link yourself still more closely to the foreign tyrants.

And what have you done to avenge her that was sent so young to her grave? You have done nothing. Well then, I will act in your stead; I will avenge all the shame they have brought upon our people and our house!

#### LADY INGER.

You? What will you do?

#### ELINA.

I will go my way, even as you go yours. What I shall do I myself know not; but I feel within me the strength to dare all for our righteous cause.

#### LADY INGER.

Then have you a hard fight before you. I once promised as you do now—and my hair has grown grey under the burden of that promise.

#### ELINA.

Good-night! Your guest will soon be here, and at that meeting I should be one too many.

It may be there is yet time for you—; well, God strengthen and guide you on your path! Forget not that the eyes of many thousands are fixed on you. Think on Merete, weeping late and early over her wasted

For I have the welfare of the country in my hands. It is in my power to make them rise as one man. They look to me for the signal; and if I give it not now—it may never be given.

To delay? To sacrifice the many for the sake of one? Were it not better if I could——? No, no, no—I will not! I can not!

[Steals a glance towards the Banquet Hall, but turns away again as if in dread, and whispers:

I can see them in there now. Pale spectres—dead ancestors—fallen kinsfolk.—Ah, those eyes that pierce me from every corner!

[Makes a gesture of repulsion, and cries: Sten Sture! Knut Alfson! Olaf Skaktavl! Back back!—I cannot do this!

[A STRANGER, strongly built, and with grizzled hair and beard, has entered from the Banquet Hall. He is dressed in a torn lambskin tunic; his weapons are rusty.

#### THE STRANGER.

[Stops in the doorway, and says in a low voice.] Hail to you, Inger Gyldenlöve!

#### LADY INGER.

[Turns with a scream.] Ah, Christ in heaven save me!

[Falls back into a chair. The STRANGER stands gazing at her, motionless, leaning on his sword.

# ACT SECOND

The room at Östråt, as in the first Act.

LADY INGER GYLDENLÖVE is seated at the table on the right, by the window. OLAF SKAKTAVL is standing a little way from her. Their faces show that they have been engaged in a heated discussion.

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

For the last time, Inger Gyldenlöve—you are not to be moved from your purpose?

LADY INGER.

that they shall not lay me beneath the sod before I have seen my vengeance.

#### LADY INGER.

Then is there a long life before you. What have you in mind to do?

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Do? How should I know what I will do? It has never been my part to plot and plan. That is where you must help me. You have the wit for that. I have but my sword and my two arms.

#### LADY INGER.

Your sword is rusted, Olaf Skaktavl! All the swords in Norway are rusted.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

That is doubtless why some folk fight only with their tongues.—Inger Gyldenlöve—great is the change in you. Time was when the heart of a man beat in your breast.

#### LADY INGER.

Put me not in mind of what was.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Tis for that very purpose I am here. You shall hear me, even if——

#### LADY INGER.

Be it so then; but be brief; for—I must say it—this is no place of safety for you.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT II

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Östrât is no place of safety for an outlaw? That I have long known. But you forget that an outlaw is unsafe wheresoever he may wander.

#### LADY INGER.

Speak then; I will not hinder you.

60

## OLAF SKAKTAVL.

'Tis nigh on thirty years now since first I saw you. It was at Akershus¹ in the house of Knut Alfson and his wife. You were little more than a child then; yet were you bold as the soaring falcon, and wild and headstrong too at times. Many were the wooers around you. I too held you dear—dear as no woman before or since. But you cared for nothing, thought of nothing, save your

# ACT II] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### LADY INGER.

Twas a sinful thought, Olaf Skaktavl. 'Twas my proud heart, and not the Lord's call, that spoke in me.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

You could have been the chosen one had you but willed it. You came of the noblest blood in Norway; power and riches were soon to be yours; and you had an ear for the cries of anguish—then!

Do you remember that afternoon when Henrik Krummedike and the Danish fleet anchored off Akershus? The captains of the fleet offered terms of peace, and, trusting to the safe-conduct, Knut Alfson rowed on board. Three hours later, we bore him through the castle gate——

#### LADY INGER.

A corpse; a corpse!

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

The best heart in Norway burst, when Krummedike's hirelings struck him down. Methinks I still can see the long procession that passed into the Banquet Hall, heavily, two by two. There he lay on his bier, white as a spring cloud, with the axe-cleft in his brow. I may safely say that the boldest men in Norway were gathered there that night. Lady Margrete stood by her dead husband's head, and we swore as one man to venture lands and life to avenge this last misdeed and all that had gone before.—Inger Gyldenlöve,—who was it that burst through the circle of men? A maiden—almost a

62

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT II

child—with fire in her eyes and her voice half choked with tears.—What was it she swore? Shall I repeat your words?

# LADY INGER.

I swore what the rest of you swore; neither more nor less.

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

You remember your oath—and yet you have forgotten it.

# LADY INGER.

And how did the others keep their promise? I speak not of you, Olaf Skaktavl, but of your friends, all Norway's nobles? Not one of them, in all these years, has had the courage to be a man; yet they lay it to my charge that I am a woman.



# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

For twenty years have I been homeless. In the mountains of Jæmteland my hair has grown grey. My dwelling has been with wolves and bears.—You see, Lady Inger—I need you not; but both nobles and people stand in sore need of you.

LADY INGER.

The old burden.

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Ay, it sounds but ill in your ears, I know; yet hear it you must, for all that. In brief, then: I come from Sweden: troubles are brewing: the Dales are ready to rise.

LADY INGER.

I know it.

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Peter Kanzler is with us-secretly, you understand.

LADY INGER.

[Starting.] Peter Kanzler?

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Tis he that has sent me to Ostråt.

LADY INGER.

[Rises.] Peter Kanzler, say you?

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

He himself;—but mayhap you no longer know him?

That is, Peter the Chancellor.

# LADY INGER.

[Half to herself.] Only too well!—But tell me, I pray you,—what message do you bring?

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

When the rumour of the rising reached the border mountains, where I then was, I set off at once into Sweden. 'Twas not hard to guess that Peter Kanzler had a finger in the game. I sought him out and offered to stand by him;—he knew me of old, as you know, and knew that he could trust me; so he has sent me hither.

# LADY INGER.

[Impatiently.] Yes, yes,—he sent you hither to—?

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[With secrecy.] Lady Inger—a stranger comes to Östråt to-night.

#### LADY INGER.

[Surprised.] What? Know you that——?

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Assuredly I know it. I know all. 'Twas to meet him that Peter Kanzler sent me hither.

#### LADY INGER.

To meet him? Impossible, Olaf Skaktavl,—impossible.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

'Tis as I tell you. If he be not already come, he will soon——

LADY INGER.

Doubtless, doubtless; but-

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Then you knew of his coming?

LADY INGER.

Ay, surely. He sent me a message. 'Twas therefore they opened to you as soon as you knocked.

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[Listens.] Hush!—some one is riding along the road. [Goes to the window.] They are opening the gate.

LADY INGER.

[Looks out.] It is a knight and his attendant. They are dismounting in the courtyard.

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Tis he, then. His name?

LADY INGER.

You know not his name?

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Peter Kanzler refused to tell it me. He would say no more than that I should find him at Östråt the third evening after Martinmas——

LADY INGER.

Ay; even to-night.

66

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT II

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

He was to bring letters with him; and from them, and from you, I was to learn who he is.

# LADY INGER.

Then let me lead you to your chamber. You have need of rest and refreshment. You shall soon have speech with the stranger.

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Well, be it as you will. [Both go out to the left. [After a short pause, Finn enters cautiously by the door on the right, looks round the room, and peeps into the Banquet Hall; he then goes back to the door, and makes a sign to some one outside. Immediately after, enter Councillor Nils Lykke

# NILS LYKKE.

Tis well; he has said as much to me. First of all, then—has there come any stranger to Östråt to-night, before us?

# FINN.

Ay; a stranger came an hour since.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Noftly, to JENS BIELKE.] He is here. [Turns again to FINN.] Would you know him again? Have you seen him?

#### FINN.

Nay, none has seen him, that I know, but the gatekeeper. He was brought at once to Lady Inger, and she——

# NILS LYKKE.

Well? What of her? He is not gone again already?

# FINN.

No; but it seems she holds him hidden in one of her own rooms; for—

# NILS LYKKE.

It is well.

# JENS BIELKE.

[Whispers.] Then the first thing is to put a guard on the gate; so are we sure of him.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT II

# NILS LYKKE.

[With a smile.] H'm! [To Finn.] Tell me—is there any way of leaving the castle, save by the gate? Gape not at me so! I mean—can one escape from Östråt unseen, though the castle gate be barred?

# FINN.

Nay, that I know not. 'Tis true they talk of secret ways in the vaults beneath; but no one knows them save Lady Inger—and mayhap Mistress Elina.

JENS BIELKE.

The devil!

68

NILS LYKKE.

It is well. You may go.



# JENS BIELKE.

Say you so? First of all, there is little honour to be won in hunting an overgrown whelp like this Nils Sture. Are we to think him mad or in his sober senses after the pranks he has played? First he breeds bad blood among the peasants; promises them help and all their hearts can desire;—and then, when it comes to the pinch, off he runs to hide behind a petticoat!

Moreover, to say truth, I repent that I followed your counsel and went not my own way.

# NILS LYKKE.

[To himself.] Your repentance comes somewhat late, my brother!

# JENS BIELKE.

For, let me tell you, I have never loved digging at a badger's earth. I looked for quite other sport. Here have I ridden all the way from Jæmteland with my horsemen, and have got me a warrant from the Trondhiem commandant to search for the rebel wheresoever I please. All his tracks point towards Östråt——

# NILS LYKKE.

He is here! He is here, I tell you!

# JENS BIELKE.

Were it not liker, in that case, that we had found the gate barred and well guarded? Would that we had; then could I have found use for my men-at-arms——

ACT IE

# NILS LYKKE.

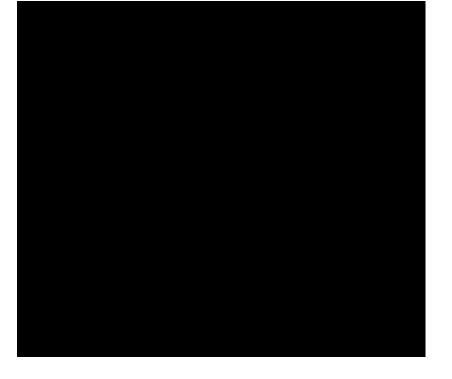
But instead, the gate is very courteously thrown open to us. Mark now—if Inger Gyldenlöve's fame belie her not, I warrant she will not let her guests lack for either meat or drink.

# JENS BIELKE.

Ay, to turn aside from our errand! And what wild whim was that of yours to have me leave my horsemen half a league from the castle! Had we come in force—

# NILS LYKKE.

She had made us none the less welcome for that. But mark well that then our coming had made a stir. The peasants round about had held it for an outrage against Lady Inger; she had risen high in their favour once more—and with that, look you, we were ill served.



# NILS LYKKE.

Caution and cunning may in this matter prove of more avail than force of arms.—And to say truth, Captain Jens Bielke—something of the sort has been in my mind ever since we met in Trondhiem yesterday.

# JENS BIELKE.

Was that why you persuaded me to leave the men-at-

# NILS LYKKE.

Both your purpose at Östråt and mine could best be served without them; and so——

# JENS BIELKE.

The foul fiend seize you—I had almost said! And me to boot! Might I not have known that there is guile in all your dealings?

# NILS LYKKE.

Be sure I shall need all my guile here, if I am to face my foe with even weapons. And let me tell you, 'tis of the utmost moment to me that I acquit me of my mission secretly and well. You must know that when I set forth I was scarce in favour with my lord the King. He held me in suspicion; though I dare swear I have served him as well as any man could, in more than one ticklish charge.

# JENS BIELKE.

That you may safely boast. God and all men know you for the craftiest devil in all the three kingdoms.

# NILS LYKKE.

I thank you! Though, after all, 'tis not much to say. But this present errand I count as indeed a crowning test of my powers; for here I have to outwit a woman—

# JENS BIELKE.

Ha-ha-ha! In that art you have long since given crowning proofs of your skill, dear brother. Think you we in Sweden know not the song—

Fair maidens a-many they sigh and they pine:
"Ah God, that Nils Lykke were mine, mine, mine!"

# NILS LYKKE.

Alas, 'tis women of twenty and thereabouts that ditty speaks of. Lady Inger Gyldenlöve is nigh on fifty, and

pass; now that I have begun amiss in this matter, I had as lief that you should take it on your shoulders. Yet one thing you must promise—if the young Count Sture be in Östråt, you will deliver him into my hands, dead or alive!

# NILS LYKKE.

You shall have him all alive. I, at any rate, mean not to kill him. But now you must ride back and join your people. Keep guard on the road. Should I mark aught that mislikes me, you shall know it forthwith.

# JENS BIELKE.

Good, good. But how am I to get out---?

# NILS LYKKE.

The fellow that brought us in will show the way. But go quietly——

# JENS BIELKE.

Of course, of course. Well-good fortune to you!

# NILS LYKKE.

Fortune has never failed me in a war with women. Haste you now! [JENS BIELKE goes out to the right.

# NIIS LYKKE.

[Stands still for awhile; then walks about the room, looking round him; then he says softly:] At last, then, I am at Östråt—the ancient hall whereof a child, two years ago, told me so much.

Lucia. Ay, two years ago she was still a child. And now—now she is dead. [Hums with a half-smile.] "Blossoms plucked are blossoms withered——"

[Looks round him again.

Östråt. 'Tis as though I had seen it all before; as though I were at home here.—In there is the Banquet Hall. And underneath is—the grave-vault. It must be there that Lucia lies.

[In a lower voice, half-seriously, half with forced gaiety.

Were I timorous, I might well find myself fancying that when I set foot within Östråt gate she turned about in her coffin; as I crossed the courtyard she lifted the lid; and when I named her name but now, 'twas as though a voice summoned her forth from the grave-vault.—Maybe she is even now groping her way up the stairs. The face-cloth blinds her, but she gropes on and on in spite of it.

Can it be that she is so rare a being—so wise and so brave as Lucia fancied her? Fair, too, they say. But for a wedded wife—? I should not have written so plainly.——

[Lost in thought, he is on the point of sitting down by the table, but stands up again.

How will Lady Inger receive me?—She will scarce burn the castle over our heads, or slip me through a trap-door. A stab from behind—? No, not that way either—— [Listens towards the hall.

Aha!

[LADY INGER GYLDENLÖVE enters from the hall.

# LADY INGER.

[Coldly.] My greeting to you, Sir Councillor-

# NILS LYKKE.

[Bows deeply.] Ah—the Lady of Östråt!

#### LADY INGER.

—and my thanks that you have forewarned me of your visit.

# NILS LYKKE.

I could do no less. I had reason to think that my coming might surprise you—

#### LADY INGER.

Truly, Sir Councillor, therein you judged aright. Nils Lykke was indeed the last guest I looked to see at Östråt.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT II

# NILS LYKKE.

76

And still less, mayhap, did you think to see him come as a friend?

# LADY INGER.

As a friend? You add mockery to all the shame and sorrow you have heaped upon my house? After bringing my child to the grave, you still dare——

# NILS LYKKE.

With your leave, Lady Inger Gyldenlöve—on that matter we should scarce agree; for you count as nothing what I lost by that same unhappy chance. I purposed nought but in honour. I was tired of my unbridled life; my thirtieth year was already past; I longed to mate me with a good and gentle wife. Add to all this the hope

with a good and gentle wife. And to all this the hope

# NILS LYKKE.

Not on your side, mayhap. I have never been your enemy,—though, as a subject of the King of Denmark, I lacked not good cause.

# LADY INGER.

I understand you. I have not been pliant enough. It has not proved so easy as some of you hoped to lure me over into your camp.—Yet methinks you have nought to complain of. My daughter Merete's husband is your countryman—further I cannot go. My position is no easy one, Nils Lykke!

# NILS LYKKE.

That I can well believe. Both nobles and people here in Norway think they have an ancient claim on you—a claim, 'tis said, you have but half fulfilled.

# LADY INGER.

Your pardon, Sir Councillor,—I account for my doings to none but God and myself. If it please you, then, let me understand what brings you hither.

# NILS LYKKE.

Gladly, Lady Inger! The purpose of my mission to this country can scarce be unknown to you——?

# LADY INGER.

I know the mission that report assigns you. Our King would fain know how the Norwegian nobles stand affected towards him.

NILS LYKKE.

LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT II

Assuredly.

78

LADY INGER.

Then that is why you visit Östråt?

NILS LYKKE.

In part. But it is far from my purpose to demand any profession of loyalty from you——

LADY INGER.

What then?

NILS LYKKE.

Hearken to me, Lady Inger! You said yourself but now that your position is no easy one. You stand half

# LADY INGER.

In your power, you say?

# NILS LYKKE.

First of all, Lady Inger, I would beg you to lay no stress on any careless words I may have used concerning that which lies between us two. Think not that I have forgotten for a moment the wrong I have done you. Suppose, now, I had long purposed to make atonement, as far as might be, where I had sinned. Suppose it were for that reason I had contrived to have this mission assigned me.

# LADY INGER.

Speak your meaning more clearly, Sir Councillor;— I cannot follow you.

#### NIIS LYKKE.

I can scarce be mistaken in thinking that you, as well as I, know of the threatened troubles in Sweden. You know, or at least you can guess, that this rising is of far wider aim than is commonly supposed, and you understand therefore that our King cannot look on quietly and let things take their course. Am I not right?

LADY INGER.

Go on.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Searchingly, after a short pause.] There is one possible chance that might endanger Gustav Vasa's throne——

# 80 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT II

LADY INGER.

[To herself.] Whither is he tending?

# NILS LYKKE.

—the chance, namely, that there should exist in Sweden a man entitled by his birth to claim election to the kingship.

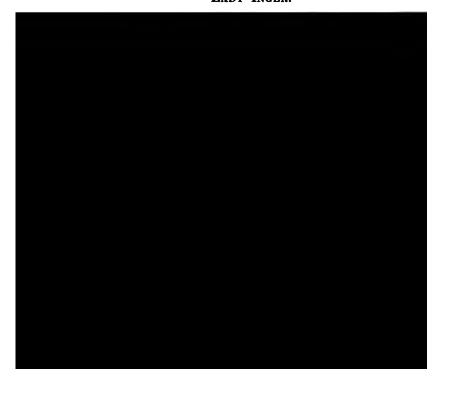
# LADY INGER.

[Evasively.] The Swedish nobles have been even as bloodily hewn down as our own, Sir Councillor. Where would you seek for——?

# NILS LYKKE.

[With a smile.] Seek? The man is found already—

# LADY INGER.



# LADY INGER.

[Breathes more freely.] With—? Ah, yes—true, true!

# NILS LYKKE.

But now he has come forward openly. He has shown himself in the Dales as leader of the peasants; their numbers are growing day by day; and—as mayhap you know—they are finding friends among the peasants on this side of the border-hills.

# LADY INGER.

[Who has in the meantime regained her composure.] Sir Councillor,—you speak of all these matters as though they must of necessity be known to me. What ground have I given you to believe so? I know, and wish to know, nothing. All my care is to live quietly within my own domain; I give no countenance to disturbers of the peace; but neither must you reckon on me if it be your purpose to suppress them.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[In a low voice.] Would you still be inactive, were it my purpose to come to their aid?

#### LADY INGER.

How am I to understand you?

# NILS LYKKE.

Have you not seen, then, whither I have been aiming all this time?—Well, I will tell you all, frankly and openly. Know, then, that the King and his Council

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

[ACT II

see clearly that we can have no sure footing in Norway so long as the nobles and the people continue, as now, to think themselves wronged and oppressed. We understand to the full that willing allies are better than sullen subjects; and we have therefore no heartier wish than to loosen the bonds that hamper us, in effect, even as straitly as you. But you will scarce deny that the temper of Norway towards us makes such a step too dangerous—so long as we have no sure support behind us.

LADY INGER.

And this support-?

82

# NILS LYKKE.

Should naturally come from Sweden. But, mark well, not so long as Gustav Vasa holds the helm; h is

well, not so long as Gustav Vasa holds the helm; his

# NILS LYKKE.

Most certainly. 'Tis he whom I seek.

# LADY INGER.

[To herself.] Strange! Then it must be as Olaf Skaktavl said. [To NILS LYKKE.] I pray you wait here, Sir Councillor! I will go bring him to you.

[Goes out through the Banquet Hall.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Looks after her awhile in exultant astonishment.] She is bringing him! Ay, truly—she is bringing him! The battle is half won. I little thought it would go so smoothly.

She is deep in the counsels of the rebels; she started in terror when I named Sten Sture's son.

And now? H'm! Since Lady Inger has been simple enough to walk into the snare, Nils Sture will not make many difficulties. A hot-blooded boy, thoughtless and rash—. With my promise of help he will set forth at once—unhappily Jens Bielke will snap him up by the way—and the whole rising will be nipped in the bud.

And then? Then one further point to our advantagelt is spread abroad that the young Count Sture has been at Östråt,—that a Danish envoy has had audience of Lady Inger—that thereupon the young Count Nils has been snapped up by King Gustav's men-at-arms a mile from the castle.—— Let Inger Gyldenlöve's nameamong the people stand never so high—'twill scarcerecover from such a blow.

[Starts up in sudden uneasiness

# 84 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT II

By all the devils—! What if she has scented mischief? It may be he is even now slipping through our fingers— [Listens towards the hall, and says with relief.] Ah, there is no fear. Here they come.

[LADY INGER GYLDENLÖVE enters from the hall, accompanied by OLAF SKAKTAVL.

LADY INGER.

[To NILS LYKKE.] Here is the man you seek.

NILS LYKKE.

[Aside.] Powers of hell—what means this?

LADY INGER.

I have told this knight your name and all that you have imparted to me—

# NILS LYKKE.

This man's—? Ah—yes, truly——

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[To Nils Lykke.] But seeing 'tis Peter Kanzler himself that has appointed us this meeting—

# NILS LYKKE.

Peter Kanzler—? [Recovers himself quickly.] Ay, right,—I have a mission from Peter Kanzler——

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

He must know best whom he can trust. So why should I trouble my head with pondering how——

# NILS LYKKE.

Ay, you are right, noble Sir; why waste time over that?

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Rather let us come straight to the matter.

# NILS LYKKE.

Straight to the point; no beating about the bush—'tis ever my fashion.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Then will you tell me your errand here?

# NILS LYKKE.

Methinks you can partly guess my errand-

[ACT II

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Peter Kanzler said something of papers that—

# NILS LYKKE.

Papers? Ay, true, the papers!

# OLAF SKAKTAVL

Doubtless you have them with you?

# NILS LYKKE.

Of course; safely bestowed; so safely that I cannot at once---

[Appears to search the inner pockets of his doublet; says to himself:

Who the devil is he? What pretext can I make? I may be on the brink of great discoveries—

[Notices that the Servants are laying the table and lighting the lamps in the Banquet Hall, and says to Olaf Skaktavl:

Ah, I see Lady Inger has taken order for the evening meal. Mayhap we could better talk of our affairs at table.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Good; as you will.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Aside.] Time gained—all gained!

[To Lady Inger with a show of great friendliness: And meanwhile we might learn what part Lady Inger Gyldenlöve purposes to take in our design?

LADY INGER.

I?-None.

NILS LYKKE AND OLAF SKAKTAVL.

None!

# LADY INGER.

Can ye marvel, noble Sirs, that I venture not on a game wherein loss would mean loss of all? And that, too, when none of my allies dare trust me fully.

# NIIS LYKKE.

That reproach touches not me. I trust you blindly; I pray you be assured of that.

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Who should believe in you, if not your countrymen?

#### LADY INGER.

Truly,—this confidence rejoices me.
[Goes to a cupboard in the back wall and fills two goblets with wine.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Aside.] Curse her, will she slip out of the noose?

#### LADY INGER.

[Hands a goblet to each.] And since so it is, I offer you a cup of welcome to Östrat. Drink, noble knights! Pledge me to the last drop!

[ACT II

[Looks from one to the other after they have drunk, and says gravely:

But now I must tell you—one goblet held a welcome for my friend; the other—death for my enemy!

# NILS LYKKE.

[Throws down the goblet.] Ah, I am poisoned!

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[At the same time, clutches his sword.] Death and hell, have you murdered me?

# LADY INGER.

[To Olaf Skaktavl, pointing to Nils Lykke.] You see the Danes' confidence in Inger Gyldenlöve——

[To Nils Lykke, pointing to Olaf Skaktavl.]
——and likewise my countrymen's faith in me!

# LADY INGER.

[Touches her arm.] My child—this knight is—

# ELINA.

[Motions her mother back with her hand, still looking intently at him, and says:] There is no need! I see who he is. He is Nils Lykke

# NILS LYKKE.

[Ande, to LADY INGER.] How? Does she know me? Can Lucia have—? Can she know——?

# LADY INGER.

Hush! She knows nothing.

#### ELINA.

[To herself.] I knew it;—even so must Nils Lykke appear.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Approaches her.] Yes, Elina Gyldenlöve,—you have guessed aright. And as it seems that, in some sense, you know me,—and, moreover, as I am your mother's guest,—you will not deny me the flower-spray you wear in your bosom. So long as it is fresh and fragrant, I shall have in it an image of yourself.

#### ELINA.

[Proudly, but still gazing at him.] Pardon me, Sir Knight—'twas plucked in my own chamber, and there can grow no flower for you.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Loosening a spray of flowers that he wears in the front of his doublet.] At least you will not disdain this humble gift. 'Twas a farewell token from a courtly dame when I set forth from Trondhiem this morning.—But mark me, noble maiden,—were I to offer you a gift that were fully worthy of you, it could be nought less than a princely crown.

# ELINA.

[Who has taken the flowers passively.] And were it the royal crown of Denmark you held forth to me—before I shared it with you, I would crush it to pieces between my hands, and cast the fragments at your feet!

[Throws down the flowers at his feet, and goes into the Banquet Hall.



# ACT THIRD

The Banquet Hall. A high bow-window in the background; a smaller window in front on the left. Several doors on each side. The ceiling is supported by massive wooden pillars, on which, as well as on the walls, are hung all sorts of weapons. Pictures of saints, knights, and ladies hang in long rows. Pendent from the ceiling a large many-branched lamp, alight. In front, on the right, an ancient carven highseat. In the middle of the hall, a table with the remnants of the evening meal.

ELINA GYLDENLÖVE enters from the left, slowly and in deep thought. Her expression shows that she is going over again in her mind the scene with NILS LYKKE. At last she repeats the motion with which she flung away the flowers, and says in a low voice:

# ELINA.

—And then he gathered up the fragments of the crown of Denmark—no, 'twas the flowers—and: "God's holy blood, but she is proud and fair!"

Had he whispered the words in the most secret spot, long leagues from Östråt,—still had I heard them!

How I hate him! How I have always hated him,—this Nils Lykke!—There lives not another man like him, its said. He plays with women—and treads them under his feet.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT III

And 'twas to him my mother thought to offer me!
—How I hate him!

92

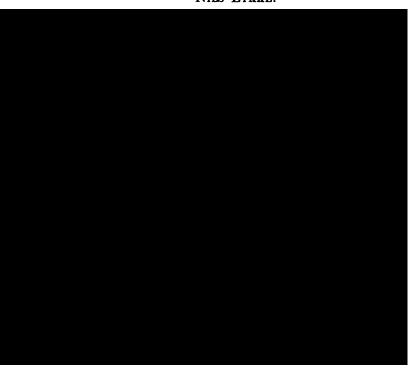
They say Nils Lykke is unlike all other men. It is not true! There is nothing strange in him. There are many many like him! When Biörn used to tell me his tales, all the princes looked as Nils Lykke looks. When I sat lonely here in the hall and dreamed my histories, and my knights came and went,—they were one and all even as he.

How strange and how good it is to hate! Never have I known how sweet it can be—till to-night. Ah—not to live a thousand years would I sell the moments I have lived since I saw him!—

"God's holy blood, but she is proud——"

[Goes slowly towards the back, opens the window and looks out. NILS LYKKE comes in by the first door on the right.

# NILS LYKKE.



NILD LYKKE.

You err; I pursue you not. I am myself pursued.

ELINA.

You?

NILS LYKKE.

By a multitude of thoughts. Therefore 'tis with sleep as with you:—it flees me.

ELINA.

Go to the window, and there you will find pastime;
-a storm-tossed sea----

NILS LYKKE.

[Smiles.] A storm-tossed sea? That may I find in you as well.

ELINA.

In me?

NILS LYKKE.

Ay, of that our first meeting has assured me.

ELINA.

And that offends you?

NILS LYKKE.

Nay, in nowise; yet I could wish to see you of milder mood.

ELINA.

[Proudly.] Think you that you will ever have your wish?

# 94 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACI

NILS LYKKE.

I am sure of it. I have a welcome word to say to ;

ELINA.

What is it?

NILS LYKKE.

Farewell.

ELINA.

[Comes a step nearer him.] Farewell? You are king Östråt—so soon?

NILS LYKKE.

This very night.

ELINA.

[Seems to hesitate for a moment; then says coldly.] T take my greeting, Sir Knight! [Bows and is about to

# NILS LYKKE.

But I know, too, that I have fully merited your hate. Unseemly and wounding were the words I wrote of you in my letter to Lady Inger.

# ELINA.

Like enough; I have not read them.

# NILS LYKKE.

But at least their purport is not unknown to you; I know your mother has not left you in ignorance of the matter; at the least she has told you how I praised the lot of the man who—: surely you know the hope I nursed—

# ELINA.

Sir Knight-if 'tis of that you would speak-

#### NILS LYKKE.

I speak of it, only to ask pardon for my words; for no other reason, I swear to you. If my fame—as I have too much cause to fear—has gone before me to Östråt, you must needs know enough of my life not to wonder that in such things I should go to work something boldly. I have met many women, Elina Gyldenlöve; but not one have I found unyielding. Such lessons, look you, teach a man to be secure. He loses the habit of roundabout ways—

#### ELINA.

Maybe so. I know not of what metal those women can have been made.

For the rest, you err in thinking 'twas your letter tomy mother that aroused my soul's hatred and bitterness against you. It is of older date.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Uneasily.] Of older date? What mean you?

## ELINA.

'Tis as you guessed:—your fame has gone before you, to Östråt, even as over all the land. Nils Lykke's name is never spoken save with the name of some woman whom he has beguiled and cast off. Some speak it in wrath, others with laughter and wanton jeering at those weak-souled creatures. But through the wrath and the laughter and the jeers rings the song they have made of you, full of insolent challenge, like an enemy's song of triumph.

Think not I reproach you. Rather I honour you for it, as never before have I honoured woman. this I reproach my fate—and the thought is a gnawing pain to me—that you and I were not sooner brought face to face.— Elina Gyldenlöve! Your mother has told me of vou. While far from Östråt life ran its restless course, you went your lonely way in silence, living in your dreams and histories. Therefore you will understand what I have to tell you.—Know, then, that once I too lived even such a life as yours. Methought that when I stepped forth into the great world, a noble and stately woman would come to meet me, and would beckon to me and point out the path towards a glorious goal.—I was deceived, Elina Gyldenlöve! Women came to meet me; but she was not among them. Ere yet I had come to full manhood. I had learnt to despise them all.

Was it my fault? Why were not the others even as you?—I know the fate of your fatherland lies heavy on your soul; and you know the part I have in these affairs——. 'Tis said of me that I am false as the seafoam. Mayhap I am; but if I be, it is women who have made me so. Had I sooner found what I sought,—had I met a woman proud and noble and high-souled even as you, then had my path been different indeed. At this moment, maybe, I had been standing at your side as the champion of all that suffer wrong in Norway's land. For this I believe: a woman is the mightiest power in the world, and in her hand it lies to guide a man whither God Almighty would have him go.

#### ELINA.

[To herself.] Can it be as he says? Nay, nay; there is falsehood in his eyes and deceit on his lips. And yet—no song is sweeter than his words.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Coming closer, speaks low and more intimately.] As you have dwelt here at Östråt, alone with your changeful thoughts, how often have you felt your bosom stifling: how often have the roof and walls seemed to shrink together till they crushed your very soul. Then have your longings taken wing with you; then have you yearned to fly far from here, you knew not whither.—How often have you not wandered alone by the fiord; far out a ship has sailed by in fair array, with knights and ladies on her deck, with song and music of stringed instruments;a faint, far-off rumour of great events has reached your ears;—and you have felt a longing in your breast, an unconquerable craving to know all that lies beyond the But you have not understood what ailed you. times you have thought it was the fate of your fatherland that filled you with all these restless broodings. You deceived yourself:—a maiden so young as you has other have borne in my inmost soul—yet knew it not myself? How know you——?

# NILS LYKKE.

All that I have told you, I have read in your eyes.

#### ELINA.

Never has any man spoken to me as you have spoken. I have understood you but dimly; and yet—all, all seems changed since——

[To herself.] Now I understand why they said that Nils Lykke was unlike all others.

# NILS LYKKE.

There is one thing in the world that might drive a man to madness, but to think of it; and that is the thought of what might have been, had things but fallen out in this way or that. Had I met you on my path while the tree of my life was yet green and budding, at this hour, mayhap, you had been——

But forgive me, noble lady! Our speech of these past few moments has made me forget how we stand one to another. 'Twas as though a secret voice had told me from the first that to you I could speak openly, without flattery or dissimulation.

#### ELINA.

That can you.

### NILS LYKKE.

'Tis well;—and it may be that this openness has already in part reconciled us. Ay—my hope is yet bolder. The time may yet come when you will think of the

100 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT III

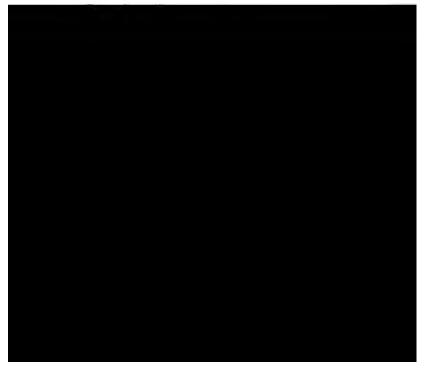
stranger knight without hate or bitterness in your soul. Nay,—mistake me not! I mean not now—but some time, in the days to come. And that this may be the less hard for you—and as I have begun once for all to speak to you plainly and openly—iet me tell you—

ELINA.

Sir Knight---!

# NILS LYKKE.

[Smiling.] Ah, I see the thought of my letter still affrights you. Fear nought on that score. I would from my heart it were unwritten, for—I know 'twill concern you little enough, so I may even say it right out—for I love you not, and shall never come to love you. Fear nothing, therefore, as I said before; I shall in nowise seek to——



tell a tale of a young maiden sitting alone in a gloomy black-beamed hall, far to the north in Norway----

[Breaks off and bows respectfully.

But I fear I detain the noble daughter of the house too long. We shall meet no more; for before daybreak I shall be gone. So now I bid you farewell.

#### ELINA.

Fare you well, Sir Knight!

[A short silence.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Again you are deep in thought, Elina Gyldenlöve! Is it the fate of your fatherland that weighs upon you still?

#### ELINA.

[Shakes her head, absently gazing straight in front of her.] My fatherland?—I think not of my fatherland.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Then 'tis the strife and misery of the time that disquiets you.

#### ELINA.

The time? I had forgotten it—— You go to Denmark? Said you not so?

#### NILS LYKKE.

I go to Denmark.

#### ELINA.

Can I look towards Denmark from this hall?

# 102 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT III

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Points to the window on the left.] Ay, from this window. Denmark lies there, to the south.

#### ELINA.

And is it far from here? More than a hundred leagues?

#### NILS LYKKE.

Much more. The sea lies between you and Denmark.

#### ELINA.

[To herself.] The sea? Thought has sea-gulls' wings. The sea cannot stay it. [Goes out to the left.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Looks after her awhile: then saus:] If I could but

been fooled? 'Tis like enough that Count Sture is not at Östråt at all. It may be the rumour of his flight was but a feint. He may be safe and sound among his friends in Sweden, while I—— [Walks restlessly up and down.] And to think I was so sure of success! If I should effect nothing? If Lady Inger should penetrate all my designs—and publish my discomfiture—. To be a laughing-stock both here and in Denmark! To have sought to lure Lady Inger into a trap—and given her cause the help it most needed—strengthened her in the people's favour——! Ah, I could well-nigh sell myself to the Evil One, would he but help me to lay hands on Count Sture.

[The window in the background is pushed open. NILS STENSSON appears outside.

NILS LYKKE.

[Clutches at his sword.] Who is there?

NILS STENSSON.

[Jumps down on to the floor.] Ah; here I am at last then!

NILS LYKKE.

[Aside.] What means this?

NILS STENSSON.

God's peace, master!

NILS LYKKE.

Thanks, good Sir! Methinks you have chosen a strange way of entrance.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT III

# NILS STENSSON.

Ay, what the devil was I to do? The gate was shut. Folk must sleep in this house like bears at Yuletide.

#### NILS LYKKE.

God be thanked! Know you not that a good conscience is the best pillow?

#### NILS STENSSON.

Ay, it must be even so; for with all my rattling and thundering, I—

#### NILS LYKKE.

### ---You won not in?

104

#### NILS STENSSON.

You have hit it. So I said to myself: As you are bidden to be in Ostråt to-night, if you have to go through fire and water, you may surely make free to creep through a window.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Aside.] Ah, if it should be——! [Moves a step or two nearer.] Was it, then, of the last necessity that you should reach Ostråt to-night?

#### NUS STENSSON.

Was it? Ay, faith but it was. I love not to keep folk waiting, I can tell you.

### NILS LYKKE.

Aha,—then Lady Inger Gyldenlöve looks for your coming?

#### NILS STENSSON.

Lady Inger Gyldenlöve? Nay, that I can scarce say for certain; [with a sly smile] but there might be some one else——

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Smiles in answer.] Ah, so there might be some one else—?

#### NILS STENSSON.

Tell me—are you of the house?

#### NILS LYKKE.

I? Well, in so far that I am Lady Inger's guest this evening.

#### NILS STENSSON.

A guest?—Is not to-night the third night after Martinmas?

#### NILS LYKKE.

The third night after—? Ay, right enough.—Would you seek the lady of the house at once? I think she is not yet gone to rest. But might not you sit down and rest awhile, dear young Sir? See, here is yet a flagon of wine remaining, and doubtless you will find some food. Come, fall to; you will do wisely to refresh your strength.

#### NILS STENSSON.

You are right, Sir; 'twere not amiss. [Sits down by the table and eats and drinks.] Both roast meat and sweet cakes! Why, you live like lords here! When one

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT III

has slept, as I have, on the naked ground, and lived on bread and water for four or five days——

### NILS LYKKE.

[Looks at him with a smile.] Ay, such a life must be hard for one that is wont to sit at the high-table in noble halls——

#### NILS STENSSON.

Noble halls---?

106

#### NILS LYKKE.

But now can you take your case at Östråt, as long as it likes you.

### NILS STENSSON.

[Pleased.] Ay? Can I truly? Then I am not to begone again so soon?

#### NILS LYKKE.

Nay, that I know not. Sure you yourself can best say that.

#### NILS STENSSON.

[Softly.] Oh, the devil! [Stretches himself in the chair.] Well, you see—'tis not yet certain. I, for my part, were nothing loath to stay quiet here awhile; but——

#### NILS LYKKE.

---But you are not in all points your own master? There be other duties and other affairs---?

#### NILS STENSSON.

Ay, that is just the rub. Were I to choose, I would rest me at Östråt at least the winter through; I have for the most part led a soldier's life, and — [Interrupts himself suddenly, fills a goblet, and drinks.] Your health, Sir!

# NILS LYKKE.

A soldier's life? H'm!

#### NILS STENSSON.

Nay, what I would have said is this: I have long been eager to see Lady Inger Gyldenlöve, whose fame has spread so wide. She must be a queenly woman,—is't not so?—The one thing I like not in her, is that she is so cursedly slow to take open action.

# NILS LYKKE.

Open action?

#### NILS STENSSON.

Ay, ay, you understand me; I mean she is so loath to take a hand in driving the foreign masters out of the land.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Ay, there you are right. But if now you do what you can, you will doubtless move her.

#### NILS STENSSON.

I? God knows 'twould but little serve if I---

# LADY INGER OF OSTRAT. [ACT II

### NILS LYKER.

Yet 'tis strange you should seek her here if you have so little hope.

NILS STEMBOR.

What mean you?—Tell me, know you Lady Inger?

NILS LYKER.

Surely; since I am her guest-

108

NILS STENSSON.

Ay, but it in nowise follows that you know her. I too am her guest, yet have I never seen so much as her shadow.

### NILS LYKKE.

Yet did you speak of her-

NILS STENSSON.

—as all folk speak. Why should I not? And besides, I have often enough heard from Peter Kanzler—[Stops in confusion, and falls to eating busily.

NILS LYKKE.

· You would have said ---?

NILS STENSSON.

[Eating.] I? Nay, 'tis all one.

[NILS LYKKE laughs.

NILS STENSSON.

Why laugh you, Sir?

NILS LYKKE.

At nothing, Sir!

NILS STENSSON.

[Drinks.] A pretty vintage ye have in this house.

NILS LYKKE.

[Approaches him confidentially.] Listen—were it not time now to throw off the mask?

NILS STENSSON.

[Smiling.] The mask? Why, do as seems best to you.

NILS LYKKE.

Then off with all disguise. You are known, Count Sture!

NILS STENSSON.

[Bursts out laughing.] Count Sture? Do you too take me for Count Sture? [Rises from the table.] You mistake, Sir! I am not Count Sture.

NILS LYKKE.

You are not? Then who are you?

NILS STENSSON.

My name is Nils Stensson.

NILS LYKKE.

[Looks at him with a smile.] H'm! Nils Stensson? But you are not Sten Sture's son Nils? The name chimes at least.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT II:

### NILS STENSSON.

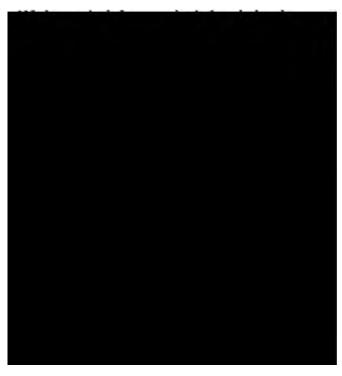
110

True enough; but God knows what right I have to bear it. My father I never knew; my mother was a boor peasant woman, that was robbed and murdered in one of the old feuds. Peter Kanzler chanced to be on he spot; he took me into his care, brought me up, and aught me the trade of arms. As you know, King Gusav has been hunting him this many a year; and I have ollowed him faithfully, wherever he went.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Peter Kanzler has taught you more than the trade of arms, meseems.— Well, well; then you are not Nils Sture. But at least you come from Sweden. Peter Kanzler has sent you hither to find a stranger, who—

#### NILS STENSSON.



NILS LYKKE.

But where, then, is Count Sture?

NILS STENSSON.

[In a low voice.] Ay, that is just the secret.

NILS LYKKE.

[Whispers.] Which is known to you? Is't not so?

NILS STENSSON.

[Nods.] And which I am to tell you.

NILS LYKKE.

To tell me? Well then,—where is he?
[NILS STENSSON points upwards.

NILS LYKKE.

Up there? Lady Inger holds him hidden in the loft-room?

NILS STENSSON.

Nay, nay; you mistake me. [Looks round cautiously.]
Nils Sture is in Heaven!

NILS LYKKE.

Dead? And where?

NILS STENSSON.

In his mother's castle,—three weeks since.

# 112 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT III

### NILS LYKKE.

Ah, you are deceiving me! "Tis but five or six days since he crossed the frontier into Norway.

NILS STENSSON.

Oh, that was I.

NILS LYKKE.

But just before that the Count had appeared in the Dales. The people, who were restless already, broke out openly and would have chosen him for king.

NILS STENSSON.

Ha-ha-ha; that was me too!

NILS LYKKE.

You?

NILS STENSSON.

I will tell you how it came about. One day Peter Kanzler called me to him and gave me to know that great things were preparing. He bade me set out for Norway and fare to Ostråt, where I must be on a certain fixed day——

NILS LYKKE.

[Nods.] The third night after Martinmas.

NILS STENSSON.

There I was to meet a stranger-

NILS LYKKE.

Ay, right; I am he.

#### NILS STENSSON.

From him I should learn what more I had to do. Moreover, I was to let him know that the Count was dead of a sudden, but that as yet 'twas known to no one save to his mother the Countess, together with Peter Kanzler and a few old servants of the Stures.

# NILS LYKKE.

I understand. The Count was the peasants' rallyingpoint. Were the tidings of his death to spread, they would fall asunder,—and 'twould all come to nought.

#### NILS STENSSON.

Ay, maybe so; I know little of such matters.

# NILS LYKKE.

But how came you to give yourself out for the Count?

#### NILS STENSSON.

How came I to—? Nay, what know I? Many's the mad prank I have hit on in my day. And yet 'twas not I hit on it neither; for whereever I appeared in the Dales, the people crowded round me and hailed me as Count Sture. Deny it as I pleased, 'twas wasted breath. The Count had been there two years before, they said—and the veriest child knew me again. Well, so be it, thought I; never again will you be a Count in this life; why not try what 'tis like for once?

#### NILS LYKKE.

Well,—and what did you more?

# 114 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT (ACT III

# NILS STENSSON.

I? I ate and drank and took my ease. The only pity was that I had to take the road again so soon. But when I set forth across the frontier—ha-ha-ha—I promised them I would soon be back with three or four thousand men—I know not how many I said—and then we would lay on in earnest.

#### NILS LYKKE.

And you did not bethink you that you were acting rashly?

# NILS STENSSON.

Ay, afterwards; but then, to be sure, 'twas too late.

#### NILS LYKKE.



#### NILS LYKKE.

You have called the people to arms. You have given seditious promises, and raised troubles in the land.

NILS STENSSON.

Ay, but 'twas only in jest!

NILS LYKKE.

King Gustav will scarce take that view of the affair.

NILS STENSSON.

Truly, there is something in what you say. To think I could be so featherwitted— Well, well, I'm not a dead man yet! You will protect me; and besides—the men-at-arms can scarce be at my heels yet.

NILS LYKKE.

But what else have you to tell me?

NILS STENSSON.

I? Nothing. When once I have given you the Packet—

NILS LYKKE.

[Off his guard.] The packet?

NILS STENSSON.

Ay, sure you know----

NILS LYKKE.

Ah, right, right; the papers from Peter Kanzler-

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT (ACT III

#### NILS STENSSON.

See, here they all are.

116

[Takes out a packet from inside his doublet, and hands it to NILS LYKKE.

## NILS LYKKE.

[Aside.] Letters and papers for Olaf Skaktavl.

[To Nils Stensson.

The packet is open, I see. 'Tis like you know what it contains?

#### NILS STENSSON.

No, good sir; I love not to read writing; and for reason good.

# NILS LYKKE.

I understand; you have given most care to the trade of arms. [Sits down by the table on the right, and runs

old; but up to this day I have ever refused to give him back, trusting to have in him a sure hostage for Inger Gyldenlöve's faithfulness to us and to our friends. Yet in that respect he has but little availed us. You may marvel that I told you not this secret when you were with me here of late; therefore will I confess freely that I feared you might seize upon him, even as I had done, and to the same intent. But now, when you have seen Lady Inger, and have doubtless assured yourself how both she is to have a hand in our undertaking, you will see that 'tis wisest to give her back her own as soon as may be. Well might it come to pass that in her joy and security and thankfulness—" —— "—that is now our last hope." [Sits for awhile as though struck dumb with surprise: then exclaims in a low voice:] Aha,—what a ktter! Gold would not buy it!

### NILS STENSSON.

Tis plain I have brought you weighty tidings. Ay, sy,—Peter Kanzler has many irons in the fire, folk say.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[To himself.] What to do with all this? A thousand paths are open to me— What if I were—? No, 'twere to risk too much. But if—ah, if I—? I will venture it! [Tears the letter across, crumples up the pieces, and hides them inside his doublet; puts back the other papers into the packet, which he thrusts inside his belt; rises and says:] A word, my young friend!

### NILS STENSSON.

[Approaching him.] Well—your looks say that the game goes bravely.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT III

#### NILS LYKKE.

Ay, by my soul it does. You have given me a hand of nought but court cards,—queens and knaves—

#### NILS STENSSON.

But what of me, that have brought all these good tidings? Have I nought more to do?

#### NILS LYKKE.

You? Ay, that have you. You belong to the game. You are a king—and king of trumps too.

### NILS STENSSON.

I a king? Oh, now I understand; you are thinking of my exaltation—

### NILS LYKKE.

Your exaltation?

118

#### NILS STENSSON.

Ay; that which you foretold for me, if King Gustav's men got me in their clutches—

[Makes a motion to indicate hanging.

#### NILS LYKKE.

True enough;—but let that trouble you no more. It now lies with yourself alone whether within a month you shall have the hempen noose or a chain of gold about your neck.

#### NILS STENSSON.

A chain of gold? And it lies with me?

[NILS LYKKE node.

### NILS STENSSON.

Why, then, the devil take doubting! Do you but tell me what I am to do.

#### NILS LYKKE.

I will. But first you must swear me a solemn oath that no living creature in the wide world shall know what I confide to you.

NILS STENSSON.

Is that all? You shall have ten oaths, if you will.

NILS LYKKE.

Not so lightly, young Sir! 'Tis no jesting matter.

NILS STENSSON.

Well, well; I am grave enough.

NILS LYKKE.

In the Dales you called yourself a Count's son;—is't not so?

NILS STENSSON.

Nay—begin you now on that again? Have I not made free confession—

#### NILS LYKKE.

You mistake me. What you said in the Dales was the truth.

NILS STENSSON.

The truth? What mean you by that? Tell me but——!

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT III

# NILS LYKKE.

First your oath! The holiest, the most inviolable you can swear.

### NILS STENSSON.

That you shall have. Yonder on the wall hangs the picture of the Holy Virgin—

#### NILS LYKKE.

The Holy Virgin has grown infirm of late. Know you not what the monk of Wittenberg maintains?

#### NILS STENSSON.

Fie! how can you heed the monk of Wittenberg? Peter Kanzler says he is a heretic.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Well, let us not dispute the matter. Here can I show you a saint will serve full well to make oath by. [Points to a picture hanging on one of the panels.] Come hither,—swear that you will be silent till I myself release your tongue—silent, as you hope for Heaven's salvation for yourself and for the man whose picture hangs there.

#### NILS STENSSON.

[Approaching the picture.] I swear it—so help me God's holy word! [Falls back a step in amazement.] But—Christ save me——!

#### NILS LYKKE.

What now?

120

NILS STENSSON.

The picture—! Sure 'tis I myself!

NILS LYKKE.

Tis old Sten Sture, even as he lived and moved in his youthful years.

NILS STENSSON.

Sten Sture!—And the likeness—? And—said you not I spoke the truth, when I called myself a Count's son? Was't not so?

NILS LYKKE.

So it was.

NILS STENSSON.

Ah, I have it, I have it! I am-

NILS LYKKE.

You are Sten Sture's son, good Sir!

NILS STENSSON.

[With the quiet of amazement.] I Sten Sture's son!

NILS LYKKE.

On the mother's side too your blood is noble. Peter Kanzler spoke not the truth, if he said that a poor peasant woman was your mother.

NILS STENSSON.

Oh strange! oh marvellous! But can I believe---?

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT LACT III

### NIIS LYKER.

You may believe all that I tell you. But remember, all this will be merely your ruin, if you should forget what you swore to me by your father's salvation.

### NILS STENSSON.

Forget it? Nay, that you may be sure I never shall.—But you, to whom I have given my word,—tell me—who are you?

NILS LYKKE.

My name is Nils Lykke.

NILS STENSSON.

[Surprised.] Nils Lykke? Surely not the Danish Councillor?

NILS LYKKE.

Even so.

122

NILS STENSSON.

And it was you—? Tis strange. How come you——?

#### NILS LYKKE.

—to be receiving missives from Peter Kanzler? You marvel at that?

#### NILS STENSSON.

I cannot deny it. He has ever named you as our bitterest foe-

NILS LYKKE.

And therefore you mistrust me?

### NILS STENSSON.

Nay, not wholly that; but—well, the devil take musing!

#### NILS LYKKE.

Well said. Go but your own way, and you are as sure of the halter as you are of a Count's title and a chain of gold if you trust to me.

#### NILS STENSSON.

That will I. My hand upon it, dear Sir! Do you but help me with good counsel as long as there is need; when counsel gives place to blows, I shall look to myself.

### NILS LYKKE.

Tis well. Come with me now into yonder chamber, and I will tell you how all these matters stand, and what you have still to do.

[Goes out to the right.]

#### NILS STENSSON.

[With a glance at the picture.] I Sten Sture's son! Oh, marvellous as a dream——!

[Goes out after NILS LYKKE.

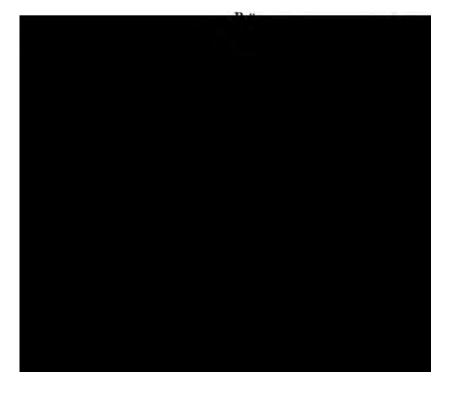
# ACT FOURTH

The Banquet Hall, as before, but without the supper-table.

BIÖRN, the majordomo, enters carrying a lighted branchcandlestick, and lighting in LADY INGER and OLAF SKAKTAVL by the second door on the left. LADY INGER has a bundle of papers in her hand.

#### LADY INGER.

[To Biörn.] And you are sure my daughter had speech with the knight, here in the hall?



# ACT IV] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

125

LADY INGER.

Did you not hear it at all?

Biörn.

It sounded to me as though she said:—"Almost I fear he has already tarried too long at Östråt."

LADY INGER.

And the knight? Where is he?

Biörn.

In his chamber belike, in the gate-wing.

LADY INGER.

It is well. What I have to send by him is ready. Go to him and say I await him here in the hall.

[Biörn goes out to the right.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Know you, Lady Inger,—'tis true that in such things I am blind as a mole; yet seems it to me as though——h'm!

LADY INGER.

Well?

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

—as though Nils Lykke bore a mind to your daughter.

LADY INGER.

Then 'twould seem you are not so blind after all; for I am the more deceived if you be not right. Marked

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT IV

you not at the supper-board how eagerly he listened to the least word I let fall concerning Elina?

OLAF SKARTAVL

He forgot both food and drink.

126

LADY INGER.

And our secret affairs as well.

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Ay, and what is more—the papers from Peter Kanzler.

LADY INGER.

And from all this you conclude—?

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

From all this I chiefly conclude that, as you know Nils Lykke and the name he bears, especially in all that touches women——

LADY INGER.

——I should be right glad to know him outside my gates?

OLAF SKARTAVL.

Ay; and that as soon as may be.

LADY INGER.

[Smiling.] Nay—the case is just the contrary, Olaf Skaktavl!

# ACT IV] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

How mean you?

#### LADY INGER.

If things be as we both think, Nils Lykke must in nowise depart from Östråt yet awhile.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[Looks at her with disapproval.] Are you again embarked on crooked courses, Lady Inger? What guile are you now devising? Something that may increase your own power at the cost of our—

#### LADY INGER.

Oh this blindness, that makes you all do me such wrong! I see well you think I purpose to make Nils Lykke my daughter's husband. Were such a thought in my mind, why had I refused to take part in what is afoot in Sweden, when Nils Lykke and all the Danish crew seem willing to support it?

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Then if it be not your wish to win him and bind him to you—what would you with him?

#### LADY INGER.

I will tell you in few words. In a letter to me, Nils Lykke has spoken of the high fortune it were to be allied to our house; and I do not say but, for a moment, I let myself think of the matter.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Ay, see you!

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT IV

#### LADY INGER.

128

To wed Nils Lykke to one of my house were doubtless a great step towards stanching many discords in our land.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Meseems your daughter Merete's marriage with Vinzents Lunge might have taught you what comes of such a step. Scarce had my lord gained firm footing among us, when he began to make free with both our goods and our rights——

### LADY INGER.

I know it even too well, Olaf Skaktavl! But times there be when my thoughts are manifold and strange. I cannot impart them fully either to you or to any one else. Often I know not the right course to choose. And yet



# ACT IV] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

bere; he shall learn to know Elina well. She is both fair and wise.—Ah, if he should one day come before me, with hot love in his heart, to beg for her hand! Then—to chase him away like a dog; to drive him off with jibes and scorn; to make it known over all the land that Nils Lykke had come a-wooing to Östråt in vain—! I tell you I would give ten years of my life but to see that day!

### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

In faith and truth, Inger Gyldenlöve—is this your purpose towards him?

#### LADY INGER.

This and nought else, as sure as God lives! Trust me, Olaf Skaktavl, I mean honestly by my countrymen; but I am in nowise my own mistress. Things there be that must be kept hidden, or 'twere my death-blow. But let me once be secure on that side, and you shall see if I have forgotten the oath I swore by Knut Alfson's bier.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL

[Shakes her by the hand.] Thanks for those words! I am loath indeed to think evil of you.—Yet, touching your design towards this knight, methinks 'tis a venturesome game you would play. What if you had misreckoned? What if your daughter—? 'Tis said no woman can stand against this subtle devil.

#### LADY INGER.

My daughter? Think you that she—? Nay, have no fear of that: I know Elina better. All she has heard

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT IV

of his renown has but made her hate him the more. You saw with your own eyes—

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Ay, but—a woman's mind is shifting ground to build on. 'Twere best you looked well before you.

#### LADY INGER.

That will I, be sure; I will watch them narrowly. But even were he to succeed in luring her into his toils, I have but to whisper two words in her ear, and-

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

What then?

130

## LADY INGER.

——She will shrink from him as though he came straight from the foul Tempter himself.

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Not before I have the papers.

### NILS LYKKE.

True, true. I had well-nigh forgot the weightiest part of my errand. 'Twas the fault of our noble hostess. With such gracious skill did she keep her guests in talk at table—

#### LADY INGER.

That you no longer remembered what had brought you hither? I rejoice to hear it; for that was my design. Methought that if my guest, Nils Lykke, were to feel at his ease in Östråt, he must forget—

# NILS LYKKE.

What, lady?

#### LADY INGER.

-First of all his errand-and then all that had gone before it.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[To OLAF SKAKTAVL, as he takes out the packet and hands it to him.] The papers from Peter Kanzler. You will find in them a full account of our partizans in Sweden.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

It is well.

[Sits down by the table on the left, where he opens the packet and examines its contents.

#### NILS LYKKE.

And now, Lady Inger Gyldenlöve,—I know not that there is aught else for me to do here.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT IV

#### LADY INGER.

Had it been things of state alone that brought us gether, you might be right. But I should be loath think so

# NILS LYKKE,

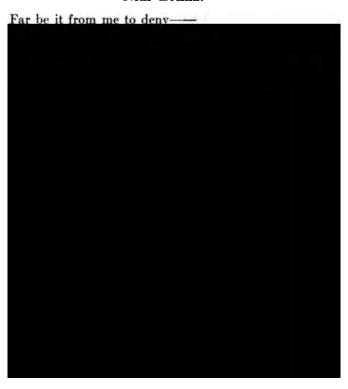
You would say-?

12

#### LADY INGER.

I would say that 'twas not alone as a Danish Counllor or as the ally of Peter Kanzler that Nils Lykke me to be my guest.—Do I err in fancying that somehat you may have heard down in Denmark may have ade you curious to know more of the Lady of Östråt?

#### NILS LYKKE.



here but a few days, Sir Councillor! I dare not persuade Olaf Skaktavl thereto, since his secret charge in Sweden calls him hence. But as for you, doubtless your agacity has placed all things beforehand in such train that your presence can scarce be needed. Trust me, your time shall not pass tediously with us; at least you will find both me and my daughter heartily disposed to do all in our power to pleasure you.

#### NILS LYKKE.

I doubt neither your goodwill towards me nor your daughter's; of that I have had ample proof. And I trust you will not doubt that my presence elsewhere must be vitally needful, since, despite of all, I must declare my longer stay at Östråt impossible.

#### LADY INGER.

Is it even so!—Know you, Sir Councillor, were I evilly minded, I might fancy you had come to Östråt to try a fall with me, and that, having lost, you cared not to linger on the battle-field among the witnesses of your defeat.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Smiling.] There might be some show of reason for such a reading of the case; but sure it is that as yet I hold not the battle lost.

#### LADY INGER.

However that may be, it might at any rate be retrieved, if you would tarry some days with us. You see yourself, I am still halting and wavering at the parting of the ways,—persuading my redoubtable assailant not to quit

the field.—Well, to speak plainly, the thing is this: your alliance with the disaffected in Sweden still seems to me somewhat—how shall I call it?—somewhat miraculous, Sir Councillor! I tell you this frankly, dear Sir! The thought that has moved the King's Council to this secret step is in truth most politic; but 'tis strangely at variance with the deeds of certain of your countrymen in bygone years. Be not offended, then, if my trust in your fair promises needs to be somewhat strengthened ere I can place my whole welfare in your hands.

#### NILS LYKKE.

A longer stay at Östråt would scarce help towards that end; since I purpose not to make any further effort to shake your resolve.

# LADY INGER.

Then must I pity you from my heart. Ay, Sir Councillor—'tis true I stand here an unfriended widow; yet may you trust my word when I foretell that this visit to Östråt will strew your future path with thorns.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[With a smile.] Is that your forecast, Lady Inger?

#### LADY INGER.

Truly it is! What can one say, dear Sir? 'Tis an age of tattling tongues. Many a scurril knave will make jeering rhymes at your expense. Ere half a year is out, you will be all men's fable; people will stop and gaze after you on the high-roads; 'twill be: "Look, look; there rides Sir Nils Lykke, that fared north to Östråt to

Tis not that I think so; I do but forecast the thoughts of the malicious and evil-minded; and of them, alas! there are many.—Ay, 'tis shame; but so it is—you will reap nought but mockery—mockery, because a woman was craftier than you. "Like a cunning fox," men will say, "he crept into Östråt; like a beaten hound he slunk away."—And one thing more: think you not that Peter Kanzler and his friends will forswear your alliance, when 'tis known that I venture not to fight under a standard borne by you?

# NILS LYKKE.

You speak wisely, lady! Wherefore to secure me from mockery—and not to endanger the alliance with all our dear friends in Sweden—I must needs——

LADY INGER.

[Hastily.] —prolong your stay at Östråt.

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[Who has been listening.] He is in the trap!

NILS LYKKE.

No, my noble lady;—I must needs bring you to terms within this hour.

LADY INGER.

But what if you should fail?

NILS LYKKE.

I shall not fail.



# 36 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT IV

LADY INGER.

You lack not confidence, it seems.

NILS LYKKE.

What shall be the wager that you make not common ause with myself and Peter Kanzler?

LADY INGER.

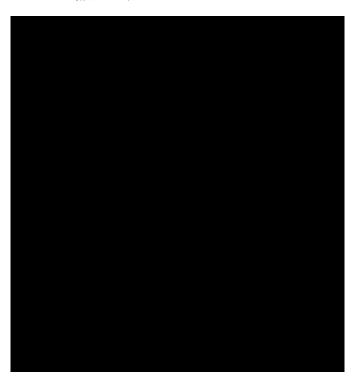
Östråt Castle against your knee-buckles!

NILS LYKKE.

[Slaps his breast and cries:] Olaf Skaktavl—here ands the master of Östråt!

LADY INGER.

Sir Councillor—!



on me all men's scorn and mockery. Ah, beware that you stir not up my vengefulness; for with two words I can bring you to your knees at my feet.

#### LADY INGER.

Ha-ha——! [Stops suddenly, as if struck by a fore-boding.] And these two words, Nils Lykke?—these two words——?

# NILS LYKKE.

—The secret of Sten Sture's son and yours.

LADY INGER.

[With a shriek.] Oh, God in heaven—!

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Inger Gyldenlöve's son! What say you?

LADY INGER.

[Half kneeling to NILS LYKKE.] Mercy! oh, be merciful——!

NILS LYKKE.

[Raises her up.] Collect yourself, and let us talk together calmly.

LADY INGER.

[In a low voice, as though bewildered.] Did you hear it, Olaf Skaktavl? Or was it but a dream? Heard you what he said?

NILS LYKKE.

It was no dream, Lady Inger:

# LADY INGER.

[Clasping her hands.] And you know it! You,—you!—Where is he then? Where have you got him? What would you do with him? [Screams.] Do not kill him, Nils Lykke! Give him back to me! Do not kill my child!

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Ah, I begin to understand—

# LADY INGER.

And this fear—this torturing dread! Through all these weary years it has been ever with me—and then all fails at last, and I must bear this agony!—Oh Lard my God, is it right of thee? Was it for this thou gavest him to me?

[Controls herself and says with forced composure: Nils Lykke—tell me one thing. Where have you got him? Where is he?

#### NILS LYKKE.

With his foster-father.

#### LADY INGER.

Still with his foster-father. Oh, that merciless man—! For ever to deny me—. But it must not go on thus! Help me, Olaf Skaktavl!

OLAF SKARTAVL.

12

#### NILS LYKKE.

There will be no need, if only you-

# ACT IV] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### LADY INGER.

Hearken, Sir Councillor! What you know you shall know thoroughly. And you too, my old and faithful friend!

Listen then. To-night you bade me call to mind that fatal day when Knut Alfson was slain at Oslo. You bade me remember the promise I made as I stood by his corpse amid the bravest men in Norway. I was scarce full-grown then; but I felt God's strength in me, and methought, as many have thought since, that the Lord himself had set his mark on me and chosen me to fight in the forefront for my country's cause.

Was it pride of heart? Or was it a calling from on high? That I have never clearly known. But woe to whoso is charged with a mighty task.

For seven years I fear not to say that I kept my promise faithfully. I stood by my countrymen in all their sufferings and their need. Playmates of mine, all over the land, were wives and mothers now. I alone could give ear to no wooer—not to one. That you know best, Olaf Skaktavl!

Then I saw Sten Sture for the first time. Fairer man had never met my sight.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Ah, now it grows clear to me! Sten Sture was then in Norway on a secret errand. We Danes were not to know that he wished your friends well.

#### LADY INGER.

In the guise of a mean serving-man he lived a whole winter under one roof with me.

# 140 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT IV

That winter I thought less and less of the country's weal.—— So fair a man had I never seen—and I had lived well-nigh five-and-twenty years.

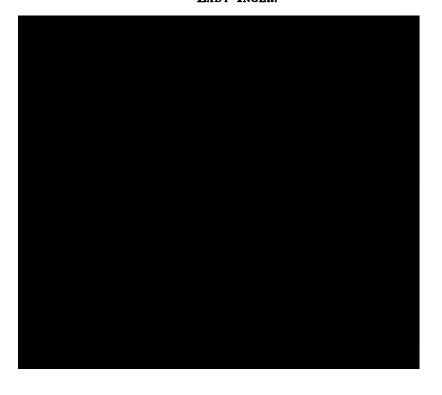
Next autumn Sten Sture came once more; and when he departed again he took with him, in all secrecy, a little child. 'Twas not folks' evil tongues I feared; but our cause would have suffered had it got abroad that Sten Sture stood so near to me.

The child was given to Peter Kanzler to rear. I waited for better times, that were soon to come. They never came. Sten Sture took a wife two years later in Sweden, and, when he died, he left a widow——

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

——And with her a lawful heir to his name and rights.

#### LADY INGER.



But, besides that, the Danes, too, were active. They spared neither threats nor promises to force me to join them.

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Twas but reason. The eyes of all men were fixed on you as on the vane that should show them how to shape their course.

# LADY INGER.

Then came Herlof Hyttefad's rising. Do you remember that time, Olaf Skaktavl? Was it not as though a new spring had dawned over the whole land! Mighty voices summoned me to come forth;—yet I dared not. I stood doubting—far from the strife—in my lonely castle. At times it seemed as though the Lord God himself were calling me; but then would come the killing dread again to benumb my will. "Who will win?"—that was the question that was ever ringing in my ears.

'Twas but a short spring that had come to Norway. Herlof Hyttefad, and many more with him, were broken on the wheel during the months that followed. None could call me to account; yet there lacked not covert threats from Denmark. What if they knew the secret? At last methought they m u s t know; I knew not how else to understand their words.

Twas even in that time of agony that Gyldenlöve, the High Steward, came hither and sought me in marriage. Let any mother anguished for her child think herself in my place!—A month after, I was the High Steward's wife—and homeless in the hearts of my countrymen.

Then came the quiet years. No one raised his head any more. Our masters might grind us down even as

heavily as they listed. There were times when I louthed myself; for what had I to do? Nought but to endure terror and scorn and bring forth daughters into the world. My daughters! God must forgive me if I have had no mother's heart towards them. My wifely duties were as serfdom to me; how then could I love my daughters? Oh, how different with my son! He was the child of my very soul. He was the one thing that brought to mind the time when I was a woman and nought but a woman.-And him they had taken from me! He was growing up among strangers, who might, mayhap, be sowing in him the seed of corruption! Olaf Skaktavi -had I wandered, like you, on the lonely hills, hunted and forsaken, in winter and storm-if I had but held my child in my arms,-trust me, I had not sorrowed and wept so sore as I have sorrowed and west for him from his birth even to this hour!

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL

There is my hand. I have judged you too hardly, Lady Inger! Command me even as before; I will obey.

—Ay, by all the saints, I know what it is to sorrow for a child.

#### LADY INGER.

Yours was slain by men of blood. But what is death to the restless terror of all these long years?

# NILS LYKKE.

Mark, then—'tis in your power to end this terror. You have but to make peace between the jarring factions, and neither will think of seizing on your child as a pledge of your faith.

#### LADY INGER.

[Iooks at him.] In one word, what do you demand?

# NILS LYKKE.

I demand first that you shall call the people of the northern districts to arms, in support of the disaffected in Sweden.

LADY INGER.

And next----?

ACT IV]

# NILS LYKKE.

—that you do your best to advance young Count Sture's ancestral claim to the throne of Sweden.

LADY INGER.

His? You demand that I-

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[Sofily.] It is the wish of many Swedes, and 'twould serve our turn too.

#### NIIS LYKKE.

You hesitate, lady? You tremble for your son's safety. What better can you wish than to see his half-brother on the throne?

LADY INGER.

[In thought.] True—true—

NILS LYKKE.

[Looks at her sharply.] Unless there be other plans afoot----

# 144 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [A

LADY INGER.

What mean you?

رن

# NILS LYKKE.

Inger Gyldenlöve might have a mind to be—a k mother.

# LADY INGER.

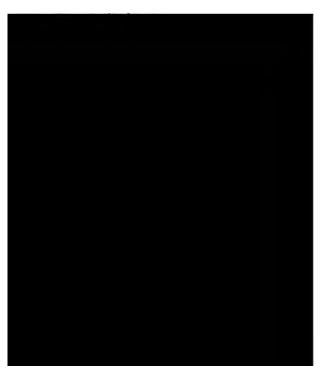
No, no! Give me back my child, and let who have the crowns.

But know you so surely that Count Sture is ling——?

# NILS LYKKE. .

Of that he will himself assure you.

# LADY INGER.



# NILS LYKKE.

[To Lady Inger.] You have doubtless heard that another rode through the gate along with me? The Count was my attendant.

# LADY INGER.

[Softly.] I am in his power. I have no longer any choice. [Looks at him and says:] "Tis well, Sir Councillor—you shall have full assurance of my support.

NILS LYKKE.

In writing?

ACT IV]

LADY INGER.

As you will.

[Goes to the table on the left, sits down, and takes writing materials from the drawer.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Ande, standing by the table on the right.] At last, then, I win!

# LADY INGER.

[After a moment's thought, turns suddenly in her chair to OLAF SKAKTAVL and whispers.] Olaf Skaktavl—I am certain of it now—Nils Lykke is a traitor!

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[Softly.] What? You think-?

#### LADY INGER.

He has treachery in his heart.

[Lays the paper before her and dips the pen in the ink.

**E**2

T.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT IV

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

146

And yet you would give him a written promise that may be your ruin?

# LADY INGER.

Hush; leave me to act. Nay, wait and listen first——
[Talks with him in a whisper.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Softly, watching them.] Ah, take counsel together as much as ye list! All danger is over now. With her written consent in my pocket, I can denounce her whenever I please. A secret message to Jens Bielke this very night—. I tell him but the truth—that the young Count Sture is not at Östråt. And then to-morrow, when the road is open—to Trondhiem with my young friend, and thence by ship to Copenhagen with him as my prisoner. Once we have him safe in the castle-tower, we

# NILS LYKKE.

[Mores towards him.] Rash boy! What would you here? Said I not you should wait within until I called vou?

# NILS STENSSON.

How could I? Now you have told me that Inger Gyldenlöve is my mother, I thirst more than ever to see her face to face—

Oh, it is she! How proud and high her mien! Even thus did I ever picture her. Fear not, dear Sir,—I shall do nought rashly. Since I have learnt this secret, I feel, as it were, older and wiser. I will no longer be wild and heedless; I will be even as other well-born youths.—
Tell me,—knows she that I am here? Surely you have prepared her?

NILS LYKKE.

Ay, sure enough; but---

NILS STENSSON.

Well?

NILS LYKKE.

-She will not own you for her son.

#### NILS STENSSON.

Will not own me? But she is my mother.—Oh, if it be that she doubts that—[takes out a ring which he wears on a cord round his neck]—show her this ring. I have worn it since my earliest childhood; she must surely know its history.

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT IV

# NILS LYKKE.

Hide the ring, man! Hide it, I say!

148

You mistake me. Lady Inger doubts not at all that you are her child; but—ay, look about you; look at all this wealth; look at these mighty forefathers and kins—men whose pictures deck the walls both high and low; look lastly at herself, the haughty dame, used to bear sway as the first noblewoman in the kingdom. Think you it can be to her mind to take a poor ignorant youth by the hand before all men's eyes and say: Behold my son!

# NILS STENSSON.

Ay, doubtless you are right. I am poor and ignorant. I have nought to offer her in return for what I crave. Oh, never have I felt my poverty weigh on me till this hour! But tell me—what think you I should do to win her favour? Tell me, dear Sir; sure you must know!



NILS LYKKE.

I thank you.

ACT IV]

LADY INGER.

[Notices NILS STENSSON.] Ah, — this young man is—?

NILS LYKKE.

Ay, Lady Inger, he is Count Sture.

# LADY INGER.

[Aside, looks at him stealthily.] Feature for feature; -ay, by God,—it is Sten Sture's son!

[Approaches him and says with cold courtesy: I bid you welcome under my roof, Count! It rests with you whether or not we shall bless this meeting a year hence.

# NILS STENSSON.

With me? Oh, do but tell me what I must do! Trust me, I have both courage and will—

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Listens uneasily.] What is this noise and uproar, Lady Inger? There are people pressing hitherward. What does this mean?

#### LADY INGER.

[In a loud voice.] 'Tis the spirits awaking!

[Olaf Skaktavl, Einar Huk, Biörn, Finn, and a number of Peasants and Retainers come in from the back, on the right.

THE PEASANTS AND RETAINERS.

Hail to Lady Inger Gyldenlöve!

# 150 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT (ACT IV

# LADY INGER.

[To OLAF SKAKTAVL.] Have you told them what is afoot?

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

I have told them all they need to know.

#### LADY INGER.

[To the Crown.] Ay, now, my faithful house-folk and peasants, now must ye arm you as best you can and will. That which earlier to-night I forbade you, ye have now my fullest leave to do. And here I present to you the young Count Sture, the coming ruler of Sweden—and Norway too, if God will it so.

THE WHOLE CROWD.

Hail to him! Hail to Count Sture!

NILS STENSSON.

Thanks,—Inger Gyldenlöve! Thanks—and be sure you shall never have cause to shame you for—for Count Sture! If you see me again, I shall have won my father's kingdom.

NILS LYKKE.

[To himself.] Ay, if she see you again!

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

The horses wait, good fellows! Are ye ready——?

THE PEASANTS.

Ay, ay, ay!

NILS LYKKE.

[Uneasily, to LADY INGER.] What? You mean not to-night, even now——?

LADY INGER.

This very moment, Sir Knight!

NILS LYKKE.

Nay, nay, impossible!

LADY INGER.

I have said it.

NILS LYKKE.

[Softly, to NILS STENSSON.] Obey her not!

NILS STENSSON.

How can I do aught else? I will; I must!



# 152 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT I

# NILS LYKKE.

But 'tis your certain ruin-

NILS STENSSON.

What then! Her must I obey in all things-

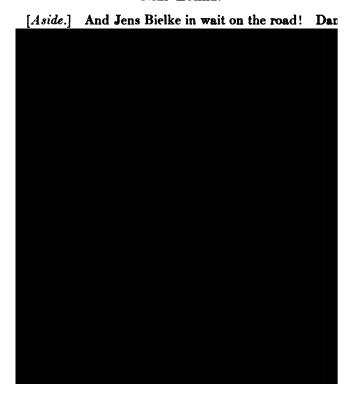
NILS LYKKE.

[With authority.] And me?

NILS STENSSON.

I shall keep my word; be sure of that. The secreshall not pass my lips till you yourself release me. Bushe is my mother!

# NILS LYKKE.



)ar.

:

# LADY INGER.

[Detains him.] Nay, stay! Not so, Sir Knight,—not so!

#### NILS LYKKE.

What mean you?

# LADY INGER.

[In a low voice.] Nils Lykke—you are a traitor! Hush! Let no one see there is discord in the camp of the leaders. You have won Peter Kanzler's trust by some devilish wile that as yet is dark to me. You have forced me to rebellious acts—not to help our cause, but to further your own plots, whatever they may be. I can draw back no more. But think not therefore that you have conquered! I shall know how to make you harmless——

# NILS LYKKE.

[Lays his hand involuntarily on his sword.] Lady Inger!

# LADY INGER.

Be calm, Sir Councillor! Your life is safe. But you come not outside the gates of Östråt before victory is ours.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Death and destruction!

#### LADY INGER.

It boots not to resist. You come not from this place. So rest you quiet; 'tis your wisest course.



# 154 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÄT (ACT IV

#### NIIS LYKKE.

[To himself.] Ah,—I am overreached. She has been craftier than I. [A thought strikes him.] But if I yet——?

# LADY INGER.

[To OLAF SKAKTAVL.] Ride with Count Sture's troops to the frontier; then without pause to Peter Kanzler, and bring me back my child. Now has he no longer any plea for keeping from me what is my own.

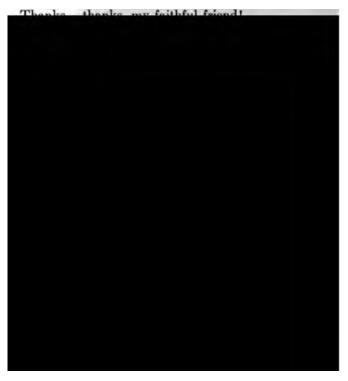
[Adds, as OLAF SKAKTAVL is going:

Wait; a token—. He that wears Sten Sture's ring, he is my son.

# OLAF SKAKTAVL.

By all the saints, you shall have him!

# LADY INGER.



#### LADY INGER.

[Detains him.] Nay, stay! Not so, Sir Knight,—not so!

# NILS LYKKE.

What mean you?

# LADY INGER.

[In a low voice.] Nils Lykke—you are a traitor! Hush! Let no one see there is discord in the camp of the leaders. You have won Peter Kanzler's trust by some devilish wile that as yet is dark to me. You have forced me to rebellious acts—not to help our cause, but to further your own plots, whatever they may be. I can draw back no more. But think not therefore that you have conquered! I shall know how to make you harmless—

# NILS LYKKE.

[Lays his hand involuntarily on his sword.] Lady Inger!

#### LADY INGER.

Be calm, Sir Councillor! Your life is safe. But you come not outside the gates of Östråt before victory is ours.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Death and destruction!

#### LADY INGER.

It boots not to resist. You come not from this place. So rest you quiet; 'tis your wisest course.

# ALL THE REST.

[Except Nils Lykke, rushing out to the right.] Away! To horse,—to horse! Hail to Lady Inger Gyldenlöve!

# LADY INGER.

[Passing close to Nils Lykfe as she goes out after the others.] Who wins?

# NILS I CKE.

[Remains alone.] Who? , woe to you;—your victory will cost you dear. I v sh my hands of it. "Tis not I that am murdering him.

But my prey is escaping me none the less; and the revolt will grow and spread!—Ah, 'tis a foolhardy, a frantic game I have here taken in hand! [Listens at the window.] There they ride clattering out through the gateway.—Now 'tis closed after them—and I am left here a prisoner.

No way of escape! Within half-an-hour the Swedes will be upon him. He has thirty well-armed horsemen with him. 'Twill be life or death.

But if, after all, they should take him alive?—Were I but free, I could overtake the Swedes ere they reach the frontier, and make them deliver him up. [Goes towards the window in the background and looks out.] Damnation! Guards outside on every hand. Can there be no way of escape?

[Comes quickly forward again; suddenly stops and listens.

What is that? Music and singing. It seems to come from Elina's chamber. Ay, 'tis she that is singing. Then she is still awake—— [A thought seems to strike

him.] Elina!—Ah, if that could be! Were it possible to— And why should I not? Am I not still myself? Says not the song:—

Fair maidens a-many they sigh and they pine:
"Ah God, that Nils Lykke were mine, mine, mine."

And she—? — Elina Gyldenlöve shall set me free!

[Goes quickly but stealthily towards the first door on the left.

# ACT FIFTH

The Banquet Hall. It is still night. The hall is but dimly lighted by a branch-candlestick on the table, in front, on the right.

LADY INGER is sitting by the table, deep in thought.

#### LADY INGER.

[After a pause.] They call me keen-witted beyond all others in the land. I believe they are right. The keen-est-witted— No one knows how I became so. For more than twenty years I have fought to save my child. That is the key to the riddle—Ay that sharpers the

child again. [Takes up the light as if to go, but stops and says musingly:] At the goal? The goal? To have him back? Is that all?—is there nought further? [Sets the light down on the table.] That heedless word that Nils Lykke threw forth at random—. How could he see my unborn thought? [More softly.

A king's mother? A king's mother, he said— And why not? Have not my fathers before me ruled as kings, even though they bore not the kingly name? Has not my son as good a title as the other to the rights of the house of Sture? In the sight of God he has—if so be there is justice in Heaven.

And in an hour of terror I have signed away his rights. I have recklessly squandered them, as a ransom for his freedom.

If they could be recovered?—Would Heaven be angered, if I—? Would it call down fresh troubles on my head if I were to—? Who knows;—who knows! It may be safest to refrain. [Takes up the light again.] I shall have my child again. That must content me. I will try to rest. All these desperate thoughts,—I will skep them away.

[Goes towards the back, but stops in the middle of the hall, and says broodingly:

A king's mother!

[Goes slowly out at the back, to the left. [After a short pause, NILS LYKKE and ELINA GYLDENLÖVE enter noiselessly by the first door on the left. NILS LYKKE has a small lantern in his hand.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Throws the light from his lantern around, so as to warch the room.] All is still. I must begone.

[ACT V

#### ELINA.

Oh, let me look but once more into your eyes, before you leave me.

#### NILS LYKKE.

[Embraces her.] Elina!

#### ELINA.

[After a short pause.] Will you come nevermore to Östråt?

#### NILS LYKKE.

How can you doubt that I will come? Are you not henceforth my betrothed?—But will you be true to me, Elina? Will you not forget me ere we meet again?

#### ELINA.

Do you ask if I will be true? Have I any will left then? Have I power to be untrue to you, even if I would?—You came by night; you knocked upon my door;—and I opened to you. You spoke to me. What was it you said? You gazed in my eyes. What was the mystic might that turned my brain, and lured me as into a magic net? [Hides her face on his shoulder.] Oh, look not on me, Nils Lykke! You must not look upon me after this— True, say you? Do you not own me? I am yours;—I must be yours—to all eternity.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Now, by my knightly honour, ere the year be past, you shall sit as my wife in the hall of my fathers!

# ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### ELINA.

No vows, Nils Lykke! No oaths to me.

# NILS LYKKE.

What ails you? Why do you shake your head so mournfully?

#### ELINA.

Because I know that the same soft words wherewith you turned my brain, you have whispered to so many a one before. Nay, nay, be not angry, my beloved! In nowise do I reproach you, as I did while yet I knew you not. Now I understand how high above all others is your goal. How can love be aught to you but a pastime, or woman but a toy?

#### NILS LYKKE.

Elina.—hear me!

#### ELINA.

As I grew up, your name was ever in my ears. I hated the name, for meseemed that all women were dishonoured by your life. And yet,—how strange!—when I built up in my dreams the life that should be mine, you were ever my hero, though I knew it not. Now I understand it all. What was it that I felt? It was a foreboding, a mysterious longing for you, you only one—for you that were one day to come and reveal to me all the glory of life.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Aside, putting down the lantern on the table.] How is it with me? This dizzy fascination—. If this it be to

# LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT V

love, then have I never known it till this hour.—Is there not yet time—? Oh horror—Lucia!

[Sinks into the chair.

#### ELINA.

What is amiss with you? So heavy a sigh—

# NILS LYKKE.

O, 'tis nought,-nought!

162

Elina,—now will I confess all to you. I have beguiled many with both words and glances; I have said to many a one what I whispered to you this night. But trust me——

#### ELINA.

Hush! No more of that. My love is no exchange for that you give me. No, no; I love you because your

# NILS LYKKE.

[Raises her up on his lap.] Nay, nay—not at my feet, but at my side is your place,—how high soever fate may exalt me. Ay, Elina—you have led me into a better path: and should it one day be granted me to atone by a deed of fame for the sins of my reckless youth, then shall the honour be yours and mine together.

#### ELINA.

Ah, you speak as though I were still that Elina who but this evening flung down the flowers at your feet.

I have read in my books of the many-coloured life in far-off lands. To the winding of horns, the knight rides forth into the greenwood, with his falcon on his wrist. Even so do you go your way through life;—your name rings out before you whithersoever you fare.—All that I desire of the glory, is to rest like the falcon on your arm. Like him was I, too, blind to light and life, till you loosed the hood from my eyes and set me soaring high over the tree-tops.—But trust me—bold as my flight may be, yet shall I ever turn back to my cage.

# NILS LYKKE.

[Rises.] Then will I bid defiance to the past! See now;—take this ring, and be mine before God and men—mine,—ay, though it should trouble the dreams of the dead.

#### ELINA.

You make me tremble. What is it that——?

#### NILS LYKKE.

'Tis nought. Come, let me place the ring on your finger.—Even so—now are you my betrothed!

# 164 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT V

#### ELINA.

I Nils Lykke's bride! It seems but a dream, all that has befallen this night. Oh, but so fair a dream! My breast is so light. No longer is there bitterness and hatred in my soul. I will atone to all whom I have wronged. I have been unloving to my mother. Tomorrow will I go to her; she must forgive me where I have erred.

# NILS LYKKE.

And give her consent to our bond.

# ELINA.

That will she. Oh, I am sure she will. My mother is kind; all the world is kind;—I can no longer feel hatred for any living soul—save on e.

#### NILS LYKKE.



# ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

165

NILS LYKKE.

And you-

ELINA.

I hate him.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Hate him not! If there be mercy in your heart, forgive him his sin. Trust me, he bears his punishment in his own breast.

#### ELINA.

Him will I never forgive! I cannot, even if I would; for I have sworn so dear an oath—— [Listening.] Hush! Can you hear——?

NILS LYKKE.

What? Where?

#### ELINA.

Without; far off. The noise of many horsemen on the high-road.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Ah, 'tis they! And I had forgotten—! They are coming hither. Then is the danger great! I must begone!

#### ELINA.

But whither? Oh, Nils Lykke, what are you hiding—?

# NILS LYKKE.

To-morrow, Elica—; for as God lives, I will return to-morrow.—Quickly now—where is the secret passage whereof you told me?

#### LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT 166 [ACT V

# ELINA.

Through the grave-vault. See,—here is the trapdoor-

# NILS LYKKE.

The grave-vault! [To himself.] No matter, he must be saved!

#### ELINA.

[By the window.] The horsemen have reached the [Hands him the lantern. gate---

# NILS LYKKE.

Oh, then---

[Begins to descend.

#### ELINA.

Go forward along the passage till you reach the cof-



# ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

167

# NILS LYKKE.

[Lets the lantern fall.] Ah! too late——!

[BIÖRN enters hurriedly from the right, carrying a light.

ELINA.

[Goes towards him.] What is amiss, Biörn? What is it?

Biörn.

An ambuscade! Count Sture---

ELINA.

Count Sture? What of him?

NILS LYKKE.

Have they killed him?

BIÖRN.

[To ELINA.] Where is your mother?

#### TWO RETAINERS.

[Rushing in from the right.] Lady Inger! Lady Inger!

[LADY INGER GYLDENLÖVE enters by the furthest back door on the left, with a branch-candlestick, lighted, in her hand, and says quickly:

#### LADY INGER.

I know all. Down with you to the courtyard! Keep the gate open for our friends, but closed against all others!

[ACT V

[Puts down the candlestick on the table to the left. BIÖRN and the two RETAINERS go out again to the right.

# LADY INGER.

[To Nils LYKKE.] So that was the trap, Sir Councillor!

NILS LYKKE.

Inger Gyldenlöve, believe me---!

# LADY INGER.

An ambuscade that was to snap him up as soon as you had secured the promise that should destroy me!

# NILS LYKKE.

[Takes out the paper and tears it to pieces.] There is your promise. I keep nothing that can bear witness against you.

LADY INGER.

What is this?

#### NILS LYKKE.

From this hour will I put your thoughts of me to shame. If I have sinned against you,—by Heaven I will strive to repair my crime. But now I must out, if I have to hew my way through the gate!—Elina—tell your mother all!—And you, Lady Inger, let our reckoning be forgotten! Be generous—and silent! Trust me, ere dawn of day you shall owe me a life's gratitude.

[Goes out quickly to the right.

#### 169

# LADY INGER.

[Looks after him with exultation.] 'Tis well! I understand him. [Turns to ELINA.

Nils Lykke—? Well——?

#### ELINA.

He knocked upon my door, and set this ring upon my finger.

# LADY INGER

And from his soul he holds you dear?

# ELINA.

He has said so, and I believe him.

#### LADY INGER

Bravely done, Elina! Ha-ha, Sir Knight, now is it my tum!

#### ELINA.

My mother—you are so strange. Ah, yes—I know—'tis my unloving ways that have angered you.

#### LADY INGER.

Not so, dear Elina! You are an obedient child. You have opened your door to him; you have hearkened to his soft words. I know full well what it must have cost you; for I know your hatred——

#### ELINA.

But, my mother——

#### LADY INGER.

Hush! We have played into each other's hands. What wiles did you use, my subtle daughter? I saw the love shine out of his eyes. Hold him fast now! Draw the net closer and closer about him; and then— Ah, Elina, if we could but rend asunder his perjured heart within his breast!

Woe is me-what is

ay?

## LA INGER.

Let not your coura
know a wo
[Listening.]
age! Now comes

ou. Hearken to me. I you firm. Know then—before the gate. Cour[Turns again to ELINA.]

Know then: Nils Lykke was the man that brought your sister to her grave.

ELINA.

[With a shriek.] Lucia!

LADY INGER.

He it was, as truly as there is an Avenger above us!

ELINA.

Then Heaven be with me!

LADY INGER.

[Appalled.] Elina——?!

ELINA.

I am his bride in the sight of God.

## ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

171

#### LADY INGER.

Unhappy child,—what have you done?

#### ELINA.

[In a toneless voice.] Made shipwreck of my soul.—Good-night, my mother! [She goes out to the left.

#### LADY INGER.

Ha-ha-ha! It goes down-hill apace with Inger Gylden-löve's house. There went the last of my daughters.

Why could I not keep silence? Had she known nought, it may be she had been happy—after a kind.

It was to be so. It is written up yonder in the stars that I am to break off one green branch after another till the trunk stand leafless at last.

Tis well, 'tis well! I shall have my son again. Of the others, of my daughters, I will not think.

My reckoning?—It falls not due till the last great day of wrath.—That comes not yet awhile.

#### NILS STENSSON.

[Calling from outside on the right.] Ho—shut the gate!

#### LADY INGER.

Count Sture's voice--!

#### NILS STENSSON.

[Rushes in, unarmed, and with his clothes torn, and shouts with a laugh of desperation.] Well met again, Inger Gyldenlöve!

LADY INGER.

What have you lost?

NILS STENSSON.

My kingdom and my life!

LADY INGER.

And the peasants? My servants?—where are they?

NILS STENSSON.

You will find the carcasses along the highway. Who has the rest, I cannot tell you.

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[Outside on the right.] Cou Sture! Where are you?

NILS STENSSON.

Here, here!

[OLAF SKAKTAVL comes in with his right hand wrapped in a clout.

LADY INGER.

Alas, Olaf Skaktavi, you too---!

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

'Twas impossible to break through.

LADY INGER.

You are wounded, I see!

OLAF SKAKTAVL

A finger the less; that is all.

NILS STENSSON.

Where are the Swedes?

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

At our heels. They are breaking open the gate-

NILS STENSSON.

Oh, God! No, no! I can not—I will not die.

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

A hiding-place, Lady Inger! Is there no corner where we can hide him?

LADY INGER.

But if they search the castle-?

NILS STENSSON.

Ay, ay; they will find me! And then to be dragged away to prison, or be strung up——! No, no, Inger Gyldenlöve,—I know full well,—you will never suffer that to be!

OLAF SKAKTAVL.

[Listening.] There burst the lock.

LADY INGER.

[At the window.] Many men rush in at the gateway.

NILS STENSSON.

And to lose my life now! Now, when my true life was but beginning! Now, when I have so lately



## 74 LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [A

earnt that I have aught to live for. No, no, no!—T not I am a coward, Inger Gyldenlöve! Might I have time to show——

#### LADY INGER.

I hear them now in the hall below.

[Firmly to OLAF SKAKT

He must be saved—cost what it will!

#### NILS STENSSON.

[Seizes her hand.] Oh, I knew it;—you are noble ood!

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

But how? Since we cannot hide him-

#### NILS STENSSON.

Ah, I have it! I have it! The secret—!

## ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

#### NILS STENSSON.

Fled? Then God help me; for he alone can unseal my lips.—But what is a promise against a life! When the Swedish captain comes—

LADY INGER.

What then? What will you do?

NILS STENSSON.

Purchase life and freedom;—tell him all.

LADY INGER.

Oh no, no;-be merciful!

NILS STENSSON.

Nought else can save me. When I have told him what I know——

LADY INGER.

[Looks at him with suppressed agitation.] You will be safe?

NILS STENSSON.

Ay, safe! Nils Lykke will speak for me. You see, 'tis the last resource.

#### LADY INGER.

[Composedly, with emphasis.] The last resource? Right, right—the last resource all are free to try. [Points to the left.] See, meanwhile you can hide in there.

NILS STENSSON.

[In a low voice.] Trust me—you will never repent of this.

## LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

## u

## LADY INGER.

[Half to herself.] God grant that you speak the t [NILS STENSSON goes out hastily by the furthest on the left. OLAF SKAKTAVL is following, LADY INGER detains him.

#### LADY INGER.

Did you understand his meaning?

176

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL

The dastard! He would betray your secret. He was crifice your son to save himself.

#### LADY INGER.

When life is at stake, he said, we must try the last ource.—'Tis well, Olaf Skaktavl,—let it be as he

## ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÄT

177

rights for my own child. Then shall you see that Inger Ottisdaughter has metal in her yet. Of this be assured—you shall not have long to wait for the vengeance you have thirsted after for twenty years.—Hark! They are coming up the stairs! Olaf Skaktavl,—it lies with you whether to-morrow I shall be no more than a childless woman, or——

## OLAF SKAKTAVL.

So be it! I have yet one sound hand left. [Gives her his hand.] Inger Gyldenlöve—your name shall not die out through me.

[Follows NILS STENSSON into the inner room.

#### LADY INGER.

[Pale and trembling.] But dare I---?

[A noise is heard in the room; she rushes with a scream towards the door.

No, no,—it must not be!

[A heavy fall is heard within; she covers her ears with her hands and hurries back across the hall with a wild look. After a pause she takes her hands cautiously away, listens again, and says softly:

Now it is over. All is still within-

Thou sawest it, God—I repented me! But Olaf Skaktavl was too swift of hand.

[OLAF SKAKTAVL comes silently into the hall.

#### LADY INGER.

[After a pause, without looking at him.] Is it done?

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

You need fear him no more; he will betray no one.

[ACT V

#### LADY INGER.

[As before.] Then he is dumb?

#### OLAF SKAKTAVL.

Six inches of steel in his breast. I felled him with my left hand.

ER.

Ay, ay—tl d for such work.

TAVL.

That is your irenow to Swede next we meet Osu-t i

you meanwhile! When bring another with me. urthest door on the right.

#### LADY INGER.

Blood on my hands. Then 'twas to come to that!—He begins to be dear-bought now.

[Biörn comes in, with a number of Swedish Men-at-Arms, by the first door on the right.

ONE OF THE MEN-AT-ARMS.

Pardon, if you are the lady of the house-

LADY INGER.

Is it Count Sture ye seek?

THE MAN-AT-ARMS.

The same.

LADY INGER.

Then you are on the right track. The Count has sought refuge with me.

## ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

179

#### THE MAN-AT-ARMS.

Refuge? Pardon, my noble lady,—you have no power to harbour him; for——

#### LADY INGER.

That the Count himself has doubtless understood; and therefore he has—ay, look for yourselves—therefore he has taken his own life.

#### THE MAN-AT-ARMS.

His own life!

#### LADY INGER.

Look for yourselves, I say. You will find the corpse within there. And since he already stands before another judge, it is my prayer that he may be borne hence with all the honour that beseems his noble birth.—Biörn, you know my own coffin has stood ready this many a year in the secret chamber. [To the Men-at-Arms.] I pray that in it you will bear Count Sture's body to Sweden.

#### THE MAN-AT-ARMS.

It shall be as you command. [To one of the others.] Haste with these tidings to Jens Bielke. He holds the road with the rest of the troop. We others must in and——

[One of the Men-at-Arms goes out to the right; the others go with Biorn into the room on the left.

#### LADY INGER.

[Moves about for a time in uneasy silence.] If Count Sture had not taken such hurried leave of the world,

within a month he had hung on a gallows, or had lairn for all his days in a dungeon. Had he been better served with such a lot?

Or else he had bought his life by betraying my child into the hands of my foes. Is it *I*, then, that have slain him? Does not even the wolf defend her cubs? Who dare condemn me for striking my claws into him that would have reft me of my flesh and blood?—It had to be. No mother but would have done even as I.

But 'tis no time for idle musings now. I must to work.

[Sits down by the table on the left.

I will write to all my friends throughout the land. They must rise as one man to support the great cause. A new king,—regent first, and then king— [Begins to write, but falls into thought, and says softly:] Who will be chosen in the dead man's place?—A king's mother—? 'Tis a fair word. It has but one blemish—the hateful likeness to another word.—King's m o ther and—king's m u r d e r e r¹—King's murderer—one that takes a king's life. King's mother—one that gives a king life. [She rises.

Well, then; I will make good what I have taken.—My son shall be a king!

[She sits down again and begins writing, but pushes the paper away again, and leans back in her chair. peaceful as a child's. Why then do I ever see this—
[makes a motion as though striking with a knife]—this stab
in the heart—and the gush of red blood after? [Rings,
and goes on speaking while shifting about her papers.]
Hereafter I will have nought to do with such ugly sights.
I will be at work both day and night. And in a month—
in a month my son will be here——

#### Biörn.

[Entering.] Did you strike the bell, my lady?

#### LADY INGER.

[Writing.] Bring more lights. See to it in future that there are many lights in the room.

[Biörn goes out again to the left.

#### LADY INGER.

[After a pause, rises impetuously.] No, no, no;—I cannot guide the pen to-night! My head is burning and throbbing—— [Startled, listens.] What is that? Ah, they are screwing the lid on the coffin.

They told me when I was a child the story of Sir Aage, who rose up and walked with his coffin on his back.—If he in there bethought him one night to come with the coffin on his back, and thank me for the loan? [Laughs quietly.] H'm—what have we grown people to do with childish fancies? [Vehemently.] Nevertheless, such stories do no good! They give uneasy dreams. When my son is king, they shall be forbidden.

[Paces up and down once or twice; then opens the window.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pronounce Oaghë.

## LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

ACT V

How long is it, commonly, ere a body begins to rot? All the rooms must be aired. 'Tis not wholesome here till that be done.

[Biörn comes in with two lighted branch-candlesticks, which he places on the tables.

#### LADY INGER.

[Who has set to work at the papers again.] It is well. See you forget not what I have said. Many lights on the table!

What are they about now in there?

182

#### Biörn.

They are still screwing down the coffin-lid.

Lady Inger.

[Writing.] Are they screwing it down tight?

#### LADY INGER.

[Begins to seal a letter, but throws it down half-closed; walks up and down awhile, and then says vehemently:] Were I a coward I had never done it—never to all eternity! Were I a coward, I had shrieked to myself: Refrain, while there is yet a shred of hope for the saving of thy soul!

[Her eye falls on Sten Sture's picture; she turns to avoid seeing it, and says softly:

He is laughing down at me as though he were alive! Pah!

[Turns the picture to the wall without looking at it. Wherefore did you laugh? Was it because I did evil to your son? But the other,—is not he your son too? And he is mine as well; mark that!

[Glances stealthily along the row of pictures.

So wild as they are to-night, I have never seen them yet. Their eyes follow me wherever I may go. [Stamps on the floor.] I will not have it! I will have peace in my house! [Begins to turn all the pictures to the wall.] Ay, if it were the Holy Virgin herself—— Thinkest thou now is the time——? Why didst thou never hear my prayers, my burning prayers, that I might have my child again? Why? Because the monk of Wittenberg is right: There is no mediator between God and man!

[She draws her breath heavily, and continues in everincreasing distraction.

'Tis well that I know what to think in such things. There was no one to see what was done in there. There is none to bear witness against me.

[Suddenly stretches out her hands and whispers: My son! My beloved child! Come to me! Here I am!—Hush! I will tell you something: They hate me

## LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT [ACT V

up there—beyond the stars—because I bore you into the world. 'Twas their will that I should bear the Lord God's standard over all the land. But I went my own way. That is why I have had to suffer so much and so long.

184

#### BIÖRN.

[Comes from the room on the left.] My lady, I have to tell you— Christ save me—what is this?

#### LADY INGER.

[Has climbed up into the high-seat by the right-hand wall.] Hush! Hush! I am the King's mother. My son has been chosen king. The struggle was hard ere it came to this—for 'twas with the Almighty One himself I had to strive.

#### NILS LYKKE.



## ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

185

#### LADY INGER.

My daughters—my fair daughters! I have none any more. I had one left, and her I lost even as she was mounting her bridal bed. [Whispers.] In it lay Lucia dead. There was no room for two.

#### NILS LYKKE.

Ah—it has come to this! The Lord's vengeance is upon me.

#### LADY INGER.

Can you see him? Look, look! 'Tis the King. It is Inger Gyldenlöve's son! I know him by the crown and by Sten Sture's ring that he wears round his neck. Hark, what a joyful sound! He is coming! Soon will he be in my arms! Ha-ha!—who conquers, God or I?

[The Men-at-Arms come out with the coffin.

#### LADY INGER.

[Clutches at her head and shrieks.] The corpse! [Whispers.] Pah! 'Tis a hideous dream.

[Sinks back into the high-seat.

#### JENS BIELKE.

[Who has come in from the right, stops and cries in astonishment.] Dead! Then after all——

ONE OF THE MEN-AT-ARMS.

'Twas he himself that----

#### JENS BIELKE.

[With a look at NILS LYKKE.] He himself---?



## LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT (.

NILS LYKKE.

Hush!

.86

LADY INGER.

[Faintly, coming to herself.] Ay, right;—now nember all.

JENS BIELKE.

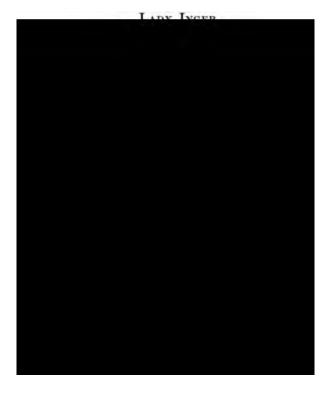
[To the Men-at-Arms.] Set down the corpse. not Count Sture.

ONE OF THE MEN-AT-ARMS.

Your pardon, Captain;—this ring that he wore as as neck——

NILS LYKKE.

[Seizes his arm.] Be still!





## ACT V] LADY INGER OF ÖSTRÅT

187

#### Biörn.

[Trying to raise her up.] Help! help! My lady—what ails you? what lack you?

#### LADY INGER.

[In a faint voice, half raising herself.] What lack I? One coffin more. A grave beside my child——

[Sinks again, senseless, on the coffin. NILS LYKKE goes hastily out to the right. General consternation among the rest.





## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG



-

## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

#### INTRODUCTION \*

EXACTLY a year after the production of Lady Inger of Ostråt-that is to say on the "Foundation Day" of the Bergels Theatre, January 2, 1856-The Feast at Solhoug was produced. The poet himself has written its history in full in the Preface to the second edition (see p. 196). The only comment that need be made upon his rejoinder to his critics has been made, with perfect fairness as it seems to me, by George Brandes in the following passage:1 "No one who is unacquainted with the Scandinavian languages can fully understand the charm that the style and melody of the old ballads exercise upon the Scandinavian mind. The beautiful ballads and songs of Des Knaben Wunderhorn have perhaps had a similar power over German minds; but, as far as I am aware, no German poet has ever succeeded in inventing a metre suitable for dramatic purposes, which yet retained the medieval ballad's sonorous swing and rich aroma. The explanation of the powerful impression produced in its day by Henrik Hertz's Svend Dyring's House is to be found in the fact that in it, for the first time, the problem was solved of how to fashion a metre akin to that of the

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ibsen and Björnson. London, Heinemann, 1899, p. 88.
 Copyright, 1908, by Charles Scribner's Sons.

#### THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

192

heroic ballads, a metre possessing as great mobility as the verse of the Niebelungenlied, along with a dramatic value not inferior to that of the iambic pentameter. Henrik Ibsen, it is true, has justly pointed out that, as regards the mutual relations of the principal characters, Swend Dyring's House owes more to Kleist's Käthchen von Heilbronn than The Feast at Solhoug owes to Swend Dyring's House. But the fact remains that the versified parts of the dialogue of both The Feast at Solhoug and Olaf Liliekrans are written in that imitation of the tone and style of the heroic ballad, of which Hertz was the happily-inspired originator. There seems to me to be no depreciation whatever of Ibsen in the assertion of Hertz's right to rank as his model. Even the greatest must have learnt from some one."

The question is, to put it in a nutshell: Supposing Hertz had never adapted the ballad measures to dramatic

love of a man who is proscribed on an unjust accusation, and pursued by the emissaries of the royal power. One might even, though this would be forcing the point, find an analogy in the fact that the elder woman (in both plays a strong and determined character) has in Scribe's comedy a cowardly suitor, while in Ibsen's tragedy, or melodrama, she has a cowardly husband. In every other respect the plays are as dissimilar as possible; yet it seems to me far from unlikely that an unconscious reminiscence of the Bataille de Dames may have contributed to the shaping of The Feast at Solhoug in Ibsen's mind. But more significant than any resemblance of theme is the similarity of Ibsen's whole method to that of the French school—the way, for instance, in which misunderstandings are kept up through a careful avoidance of the use of proper names, and the way in which a cup of poison, prepared for one person, comes into the hands of another person, is, as a matter of fact, drunk by no one, but occasions the acutest agony to the would-be poisoner. All this ingenious dovetailing of incidents and working-up of misunderstandings Ibsen unquestionably learned from the French. The French language, indeed, is the only one which has a word-quiproquo-to indicate the class of misunderstanding which, from Lady Inger down to The League of Youth, Ibsen employed without scruple.

Ibsen's first visit to the home of his future wife took place five days after the production of *The Feast at Solhoug*. It seems doubtful whether this was actually his first meeting with her; but at any rate we can scarcely

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See note, p. 12.

#### 194 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

suppose that he knew her during the previous summer, when he was writing his play. It is a curious coincidence, then, that he should have found in Susanna Thoresen and her sister Marie very much the same contrast of characters which had occupied him in his first dramatic effort, Catilina, and which had formed the main subject of the play he had just produced. It is less wonderful that the same contrast should so often recur in his later works, even down to John Gabriel Borkman. Ibsen was greatly attached to his gentle and retiring sister-in-law, who died unmarried in 1874.

The Feast at Solhoug has been translated by Miss Morison and myself, only because no one else could be found to undertake the task. We have done our best; but neither of us lays claim to any great metrical skill, and the light movement of Ibsen's verse is often, if not

## INTRODUCTION

195

scarcely have quarrelled with his judgment. At worst, then, my collaborator and I cannot be accused of marring a masterpiece; but for which assurance we should probably have shrunk from the attempt.

W. A.

## THE AUTHOR'S PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION

I WROTE The Feast at Solhoug in Bergen in the summer of 1855—that is to say, about twenty-eight years ago.

The play was acted for the first time on January 2, 1856, also at Bergen, as a gala performance on the anniversary of the foundation of the Norwegian Stage.

As I was then stage-manager of the Bergen Theatre, it was I myself who conducted the rehearsals of my play. It received an excellent, a remarkably sympathetic interpretation. Acted with pleasure and enthusiasm, it



## PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION 197

article on it in the Morgenblad. It was not a notice or criticism proper, but rather a free, fanciful improvisation on the play and the performance.

On this, however, followed the real criticism, written by the real critics.

How did a man in the Christiania of those days—by which I mean the years between 1850 and 1860, or there-abouts—become a real literary, and in particular dramatic, critic?

As a rule, the process was as follows: After some preparatory exercises in the columns of the Samfundsblad, and after having frequently listened to the discussions which went on in Treschow's café or at "Ingebret's" after the play, the future critic betook himself to Johan Dahl's bookshop and ordered from Copenhagen a copy of J. L. Heiberg's Prose Works, among which was to be found—so he had heard it said—an essay entitled On the Vaudeville. This essay was in due course read, ruminated on, and possibly to a certain extent understood. From Heiberg's writings the young man, moreover, learned of a controversy which that author had carried on in his day with Professor Oehlenschläger and with the Sorö poet, Hauch. And he was simultaneously made aware that J. L. Baggesen (the author of Letters from the Dead) had at a still earlier period made a similar attack on the great author who wrote both Axel and Valborg and Hakon Jarl.

A quantity of other information useful to a critic was to be extracted from these writings. From them one learned, for instance, that taste obliged a good critic to be scandalised by a hiatus. Did the young critical Jero-

## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

198

nimuses of Christiania encounter such a monstrosity in any new verse, they were as certain as their prototype in Holberg to shout their "Hoity-toity! the world will not last till Easter!"

The origin of another peculiar characteristic of the criticism then prevalent in the Norwegian capital was long a puzzle to me. Every time a new author published a book or had a little play acted, our critics were in the habit of flying into an ungovernable passion and behaving as if the publication of the book or the performance of the play were a mortal insult to themselves and the newspapers in which they wrote. As already remarked, I puzzled long over this peculiarity. At last I got to the bottom of the matter. Whilst reading the Danish Monthly Journal of Literature I was struck by the fact that old State-Councillor Molbech was invariably seized with a fit of rage when a young author published a book

about them was that they invariably made a wrong and unseasonable application of their borrowings.

It can surprise no one that this body, the members of which, as critics, supported themselves by borrowing, should have presupposed similar action on my part, as author. Two, possibly more than two, of the newspapers promptly discovered that I had borrowed this, that, and the other thing from Henrik Hertz's play, Svend Dyring's House.

This is a baseless and indefensible critical assertion. It is evidently to be ascribed to the fact that the metre of the ancient ballads is employed in both plays. But my tone is quite different from Hertz's; the language of my play has a different ring; a light summer breeze plays over the rhythm of my verse; over that of Hertz's brood the storms of autumn.

Nor, as regards the characters, the action, and the contents of the plays generally, is there any other or any greater resemblance between them than that which is a natural consequence of the derivation of the subjects of both from the narrow circle of ideas in which the ancient ballads move.

It might be maintained with quite as much, or even more, reason that Hertz in his Svend Dyring's House had borrowed, and that to no inconsiderable extent, from Heinrich von Kleist's Käthchen von Heilbronn, a play written at the beginning of this century. Käthchen's relation to Count Wetterstrahl is in all essentials the same as Ragnhild's to the knight, Stig Hvide. Like Ragnhild, Käthchen is compelled by a mysterious, inexplicable power to follow the man she loves wherever he goes,

#### 200 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

to steal secretly after him, to lay herself down to sleep near him, to come back to him, as by some innate compulsion, however often she may be driven away. And other instances of supernatural interference are to be met with both in Kleist's and in Hertz's play.

But does any one doubt that it would be possible, with a little good- or a little ill-will, to discover among still older dramatic literature a play from which it could be maintained that Kleist had borrowed here and there in his Käthchen von Heilbronn? I, for my part, do not doubt it. But such suggestions of indebtedness are futile. What makes a work of art the spiritual property of its creator is the fact that he has imprinted on it the stamp of his own personality. Therefore I hold that, in spite of the above-mentioned points of resemblance, Svend Dyring's House is as incontestably and entirely an original work by Henrik Hertz as Kathchen von Heilbronn

Nevertheless I must maintain that he, too, is in this instance mistaken. I have never specially admired Henrik Hertz as a dramatist. Hence it is impossible for me to believe that he should, unknown to myself, have been able to exercise any influence on my dramatic production.

As regards this point, and the matter in general, I might confine myself to referring those interested to the writings of Dr. Valfrid Vasenius, lecturer on Æsthetics at the University of Helsingfors. In the thesis which gained him his degree of Doctor of Philosophy, Henrik Ibsen's Dramatic Poetry in its First Stage (1879), and also in Henrik Ibsen: The Portrait of a Skald (Jos. Seligman & Co., Stockholm, 1882), Vasenius states and supports his views on the subject of the play at present in question, supplementing them in the latter work by what I told him, very briefly, when we were together at Munich three years ago.

But, to prevent all misconception, I will now myself give a short account of the origin of *The Feast at Solhoug*.

I began this Preface with the statement that The Feast at Solhoug was written in the summer of 1855.

In 1854 I had written Lady Inger of Östråt. This was a task which had obliged me to devote much attention to the literature and history of Norway during the Middle Ages, especially the latter part of that period. I did my utmost to familiarise myself with the manners and customs, with the emotions, thoughts, and language, of the men of those days.

The period, however, is not one over which the student is tempted to linger, nor does it present much material suitable for dramatic treatment. Consequently I soon deserted it for the Saga period. But the Sagas of the Kings, and in general the more strictly historical traditions of that far-off age, did not attract me greatly; at that time I was unable to put the quarrels between kings and chieftains, parties and clans, to any dramatic purpose. This was to happen later.

In the Icelandic "family" Sagas, on the other hand, I found in abundance what I required in the shape of human garb for the moods, conceptions, and thoughts which at that time occupied me, or were, at least, more or less distinctly present in my mind. With these Old-Norse contributions to the personal history of our Saga period I had had no previous acquaintance; I had hardly so much as heard them named. But now N. M. Petersen's excellent translation-excellent, at least, as far as the style is concerned—fell into my hands. In the pages of these family chronicles, with their variety of scenes and of relations between man and man, between woman and woman, in short, between human being and human being, there met me a personal, eventful, really living life; and as the result of my intercourse with all these distinctly individual men and women, there presented themselves to my mind's eve the first rough, indistinct outlines of produced by these, I meant to include whatever seemed to me most typical of the life which the Sagas reveal. In short, it was my intention to reproduce dramatically exactly what the Saga of the Volsungs gives in epic form.

I made no complete, connected plan at that time; but it was evident to me that such a drama was to be my first undertaking.

Various obstacles intervened. Most of them were of a personal nature, and these were probably the most decisive; but it undoubtedly had its significance that I happened just at this time to make a careful study of Landstad's collection of Norwegian ballads, published two years previously. My mood of the moment was more in harmony with the literary romanticism of the Middle Ages than with the deeds of the Sagas, with poetical than with prose composition, with the word-melody of the ballad than with the characterisation of the Saga.

Thus it happened that the fermenting, formless design for the tragedy, The Vikings at Helgeland, transformed itself temporarily into the lyric drama, The Feast at Solhoug.

The two female characters, the foster-sisters Hiördis and Dagny, of the projected tragedy, became the sisters Margit and Signë of the completed lyric drama. The derivation of the latter pair from the two women of the Saga at once becomes apparent when attention is drawn to it. The relationship is unmistakable. The tragic hero, so far only vaguely outlined, Sigurd, the far-travelled Viking, the welcome guest at the courts of kings, became

the knight and minstrel, Gudmund Alfson, who has likewise been long absent in foreign lands, and has lived in the king's household. His attitude towards the two sisters was changed, to bring it into accordance with the change in time and circumstances; but the position of both sisters to him remained practically the same as that in the projected and afterwards completed tragedy. The fateful banquet, the presentation of which had seemed to me of the first importance in my original plan, became in the drama the scene upon which its personages made their appearance; it became the background against which the action stood out, and communicated to the picture as a whole the general tone at which I aimed. The ending of the play was, undoubtedly, softened and subdued into harmony with its character as drama, not tragedy; but orthodox æstheticians may still, perhaps, find it disputable whether, in this ending, a touch of pure tragedy has not been left behind, to testify to the origin of the drama.

Upon this subject, however, I shall not enter further

# THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG (1856)

## **CHARACTERS**

BENGT GAUTESON, Master of Solhoug MARGIT, his wife.
SIGNE, her sister.
GUDMUND ALFSON, their kinsman.
KNUT GESLING, the King's sheriff.
ERIK OF HEGGE, his friend.
A HOUSE-CARL.
ANOTHER HOUSE-CARL.
THE KING'S ENVOY.
AN OLD MAN.
A MAIDEN.
GUESTS, BOTH MEN AND LADIES.



## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

## PLAY IN THREE ACTS

## ACT FIRST

A stately room, with doors in the back and to both sides. In front, on the right, a bay window with small round panes, set in lead, and near the window a table, on which is a quantity of feminine ornaments. Along the left wall, a longer table with silver goblets, beakers and drinking-horns. The door in the back leads out to a passage-way, through which can be seen a spacious fiord-landscape.

BENOT GAUTESON, MARGIT, KNUT GESLING and ERIK OF HEGGE are seated around the table on the left. In the background are KNUT'S followers, some seated, some standing; one or two flagons of ale are handed round among them. Far off are heard church bells, ringing to Mass.

### ERIK.

[Rising at the table.] In one word, now, what answer have you to make to my wooing on Knut Gesling's behalf?

<sup>1</sup>This no doubt means a sort of arcaded veranda running along the outer wall of the house.

207



## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

:08

[A

## BENGT.

[Glancing uneasily towards his wife.] Well, I—to t seems— [As she remains silent.] H'm, Margit, le irst hear your thought in the matter.

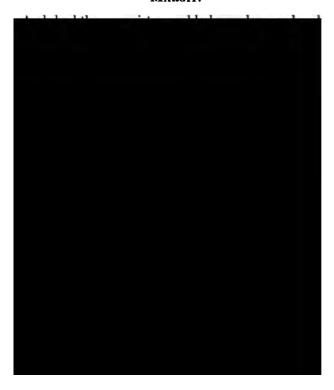
## MARGIT.

[Rising.] Sir Knut Gesling, I have long known hat Erik of Heggë has told of you. I know full hat you come of a lordly house; you are rich in and gear, and you stand in high favour with our renaster.

## BENGT.

[To Knut.] In high favour—so say I too.

## MARGIT.



ACT I]

## BENGT.

[Seeking to calm him.] Nay, nay, Knut Gesling! Have patience, now. You must understand us aright.

## MARGIT.

There is naught in my words to wound you. My sister knows you only by the songs that are made about you—and these songs sound but ill in gentle ears.

No peaceful home is your father's house.

With your lawless, reckless crew,
Day out, day in, must you hold carouse—
God help her who mates with you.
God help the maiden you lure or buy
With gold and with forests green—
Soon will her sore heart long to lie
Still in the grave, I ween.

## ERIK.

Aye, aye—true enough—Knut Gesling lives not overpeaceably. But there will soon come a change in that, when he gets him a wife in his hall.

## KNUT.

And this I would have you mark, Dame Margit: it may be a week since, I was at a feast at Heggë, at Erik's bidding, whom here you see. The ale was strong; and as the evening wore on I vowed a vow that Signë, your fair sister, should be my wife, and that before the year was out. Never shall it be said of Knut Gesling that he brake any vow. You can see, then, that you must e'en choose me for your sister's husband—be it with your will or against it.

Ere that may be, I must tell you plain, You must rid yourself of your ravening train. You must scour no longer with yell and shout O'er the country-side in a galloping rout; You must still the shudder that spreads around When Knut Gesling is to a bride-ale bound.

Courteous r
Let your ba
It ever sits l
When the mea

When the mea

You shall b You shall s That when Come with h when a-feasting you ride; me at the chimney-side well you know,

l and your brain is aglow. shall you wrest,

aiden;

shameless hest urs, he were best

e-crothe den.

And if you will so bear you till the year be past, You may win my sister for your bride at last.

## KNUT.

[With suppressed rage.] You know how to order you words cunningly, Dame Margit. Truly, you should have been a priest, and not your husband's wife.

## BENGT.

Oh, for that matter, I too could—

## KNUT.

[Paying no heed to him.] But I would have you takenote that had a sword-bearing man spoken to me in suchwise—

## ACT 1] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

## BENGT.

Nay, but listen, Knut Gesling—you must understand us!

## KNUT.

[As before.] Well, briefly, he should have learnt that the axe sits loose in my hand, as you said but now.

### BENGT.

[Softly.] There we have it! Margit, Margit, this will never end well.

## MARGIT.

[To KNUT.] You asked for a forthright answer, and that I have given you.

## KNUT.

Well, well; I will not reckon too closely with you, Dame Margit. You have more wit than all the rest of us together. Here is my hand;—it may be there was somewhat of reason in the keen-edged words you spoke tome.

## MARGIT.

This I like well; now are you already on the right way to amendment. Yet one word more—to-day we hold a feast at Solhoug.

KNUT.

A feast?

#### BENGT.

Yes, Knut Gesling: you must know that it is our wedding-day; this day three years ago made me Dame Margit's husband.

[Impatiently, interrupting.] As I said, we hold a feast to-day. When Mass is over, and your other business done, I would have you ride hither again, and join in the banquet. Then you can learn to know my sister.

## KNUT.

So be it, Dame go to Mass th man, Gudmu.... nk you. Yet 'twas not to his morning. Your kinse cause of my coming.

[Starts.] him? Where would you seek

## KNUT.

His homestead lies behind the headland, on the other side of the fiord.

MARGIT.

But he himself is far away.

ERIK.

Be not so sure; he may be nearer than you think.

KNUT.

[Whispers.] Hold your peace!

MARGIT.

Nearer? What mean you?

## KNUT.

Have you not heard, then, that Gudmund Alfson has come back to Norway? He came with the Chancellor Audun of Hegranes, who was sent to France to bring home our new Queen.

## MARGIT.

True enough; but in these very days the King holds his wedding-feast in full state at Bergen, and there is Gudmund Alfson a guest.

## BENGT.

And there could we too have been guests had my wife so willed it.

## ERIK.

[Aside to KNUT.] Then Dame Margit knows not that—?

## KNUT.

[Aside.] So it would seem; but keep your counsel. [Abud.] Well, well, Dame Margit, I must go my way none the less, and see what may betide. At nightfall I will be here again.

#### MARGIT.

And then you must show whether you have power to bridle your unruly spirit.

## BENGT.

Aye, mark you that.

### MARGIT.

You must lay no hand on your axe—hear you, Knut Gesling?

## 214 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

## BENGT.

Neither on your axe, nor on your knife, nor on other weapon whatsoever.

## MARGIT.

For then can you never hope to be one of our kin

BENGT.

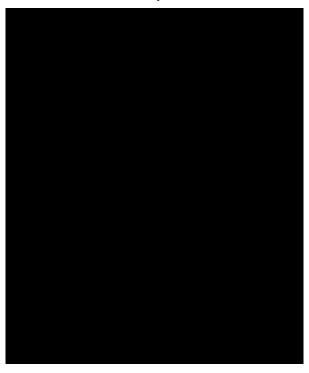
Nay, that is our firm resolve.

KNUT.

[To MARGIT.] Have no fear.

BENGT.

And what we have firmly resolved stands fast.



## ACT I] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

## BENGT.

Knut Gesling is an ill man to fall out with. And, when I bethink me, we gave him overmany hard words. But come, let us not brood over that. To-day we must be merry, Margit!—as I trow we have both good reason to be.

## MARGIT.

[With a weary smile.] Aye, surely, surely.

## BENGT.

Tis true I was no mere stripling when I courted you. But well I wot I was the richest man for many and many a mile. You were a fair maiden, and nobly born; but your dowry would have tempted no wooer.

## MARGIT.

[To herself.] Yet was I then so rich.

## BENGT.

What said you, my wife?

#### MARGIT.

Oh, nothing, nothing. [Crosses to the right.] I will deck me with pearls and rings. Is not to-night a time of rejoicing for me?

## BENGT.

I am fain to hear you say it. Let me see that you deck you in your best attire, that our guests may say: Happy she who mated with Bengt Gauteson.—But now must I to the larder; there are many things to-day that must not be overlooked.

[He goes out to the left.

Sinks down on a chair by the table on the right.

'Twas well he departed. While here he remains Meseems the blood freezes within my veins; Meseems that a crushing might and cold My heart in its clutches doth still enfold.

tears she cannot repress.

He is my h How long, he,

Sixty years, maying Who am not

Hard, so lon

s wife! nan's life?

me ee!

ly, after a short silence.

o pine; and mine.

Hard a hopeles Absently fingering the ornaments on the table, and beginning to put them on.

With rings, and with jewels, and all of my best By his order myself I am decking— But oh, if to-day were my burial-feast, 'Twere little that I'd be recking.

Breaking off.

But if thus I brood I must needs despair; I know a song that can lighten care.

[She sings.

The Hill-King to the sea did ride;

-Oh, sad are my days and dreary-To woo a maiden to be his bride.

-I am waiting for thee, I am weary.-

The Hill-King rode to Sir Håkon's hold;

—Oh, sad are my days and dreary— Little Kirsten sat combing her locks of gold.

—I am waiting for thee, I am weary.—

## ACT I] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

The Hill-King wedded the maiden fair;

-Oh, sad are my days and dreary—
A silvern girdle she ever must wear.

-I am waiting for thee, I am weary.—

The Hill-King wedded the lily-wand,

-Oh, sad are my days and dreary—

With fifteen gold rings on either hand.

-I am waiting for thee, I am weary.—

Three summers passed, and there passed full five;

-Oh, sad are my days and dreary—
In the hill little Kirsten was buried alive.

-I am waiting for thee, I am weary.—

Five summers passed, and there passed full nine;

—Oh, sad are my days and dreary—

Little Kirsten ne'er saw the glad sunshine.

—I am waiting for thee, I am weary.—

In the dale there are flowers and the birds' blithe song;

—Oh, sad are my days and dreary—
In the hill there is gold and the night is long

—I am waiting for thee, I am weary.—

[She rises and crosses the room.

How oft in the gloaming would Gudmund sing
This song in my father's hall.
There was somewhat in it—some strange, sad thing
That took my heart in thrall;
Though I scarce understood, I could ne'er forget—
And the words and the thoughts they haunt me yet.

[Stops horror-struck.

## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

[AI

lings of red gold! And a belt beside—!

118

Twas with gold the Hill-King wedded his bride!

[In despair; sinks down on a bench beside the to on the left.

Voe! Woe! I myself am the Hill-King's wife!
And there cometh none to free me from the prison of life.

[Signë, radiant with gladness, comes running in fithe back.

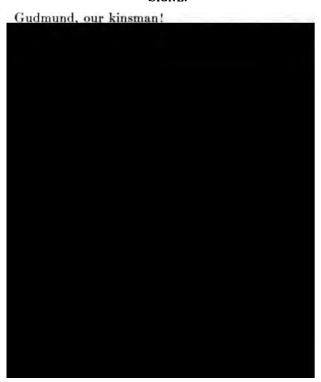
SIGNË.

[Calling.] Margit, Margit,—he is coming!

MARGIT.

[Starting up.] Coming? Who is coming?

SIGNË.



Signë.

Oh, no, no; but I must tell you—

MARGIT.

Yes, haste you—tell on!

SIGNË.

Twas early morn, and the church bells rang,
To Mass I was fain to ride;
The birds in the willows twittered and sang,
In the birch-groves far and wide.
All earth was glad in the clear, sweet day;
And from church it had well-nigh stayed me;
For still, as I rode down the shady way,
Each rosebud beguiled and delayed me.
Silently into the church I stole;
The priest at the altar was bending;
He chanted and read, and with awe in their soul,
The folk to God's word were attending.
Then a voice rang out o'er the fiord so blue;
And the carven angels, the whole church through,
Turned round, methought, to listen thereto.

## MARGIT.

O Signë, say on! Tell me all, tell me all!

#### SIGNE.

Twas as though a strange, irresistible call Summoned me forth from the worshipping flock, Over hill and dale, over mead and rock.

Mid the silver birches I listening trod,

## 220 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

[ACT I

Moving as though in a dream;
Behind me stood empty the house of God;
Priest and people were lured by the magic, 'twould seem,

Of the tones that still through the air did stream. No sound they made; they were quiet as death; To hearken the song-birds held their breath, The lark dropped earthward, the cuckoo was still, As the voice re-echoed from hill to hill.

MARGIT.

Go on.

SIGNE.

They crossed themselves, women and men;

[Pressing her hands to her breast.]

But strange thoughts arose within me then;

For the heavenly song familiar grew:

And take down his harp, that has hung so long In there on the wall that 'tis rusted quite; Its golden strings I will polish bright, And tune them to ring and to sing with his song.

MARGIT.

[Absently.]

Do as you will-

SIGNË.

[Reproachfully.]

Nay, this is not right.

[Embracing her.

But when Gudmund comes will your heart grow light— Light, as when I was a child, again.

MARGIT.

[To herself.]

So much has changed—ah, so much!—since then—

Signë.

Margit, you shall be happy and gay!
Have you not serving-maids many, and thralls?
Costly robes hang in rows on your chamber walls;
How rich you are, none can say.
By day you can ride in the forest deep,
Chasing the hart and the hind;
By night in a lordly bower you can sleep,
On pillows of silk reclined.

MARGIT.

[Looking towards the window.]

And he comes to Solhoug! He, as a guest!

## 1922 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG LACT

SIGNË.

What say you?

MARGIT.

[Turning.]

Naught.—Deck you out in your best. That fortune which seemeth to you so bright May await yourself.

Signë.

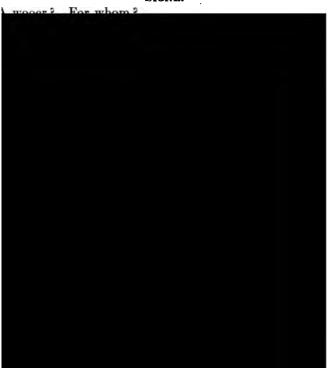
Margit, say what you mean!

MARGIT.

[Stroking her hair.]

mean—nay, no more! 'Twill shortly be seen—; mean—should a wooer ride hither to-night—?

Signë.



But if he were mighty, and rich, and great?

## SIGNË.

Oh, were he a king, did his palace hold
Stores of rich garments and ruddy gold,
'Twould ne'er set my heart desiring.
With you I am rich enough here, meseems,
With summer and sun and the murmuring streams,
And the birds in the branches quiring.
Dear sister mine—here shall my dwelling be;
And to give any wooer my hand in fee,
For that I am too busy, and my heart too full of glee!
[Signë runs out to the left, singing.

## MARGIT.

[After a pause.] Gudmund Alfson coming hither! Hither—to Solhoug? No, no, it cannot be.—Signë heard him singing, she said! When I have heard the pine-trees moaning in the forest afar, when I have heard the waterfall thunder and the birds pipe their lure in the tree-tops, it has many a time seemed to me as though, through it all, the sound of Gudmund's songs came blended. And yet he was far from here.—Signë has deceived herself. Gudmund cannot be coming.

[Bengt enters hastily from the back.

#### BENGT.

[Entering, calls loudly.] An unlooked-for guest, my wife!

MARGIT.

What guest?

## 224 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT I

## BENGT.

Your kinsman, Gudmund Alfson! [Calls through the doorway on the right.] Let the best guest-room be prepared—and that forthwith!

## MARGIT.

Is he, then, already here?

## BENGT.

[Looking out through the passage-way.] Nay, not yet; but he cannot be far off. [Calls again to the right.] The carved oak bed, with the dragon-heads! [Advances to Margit.] His shield-bearer brings a message of greeting from him; and he himself is close behind.

## MARGIT.



## ACT I] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

## MARGIT.

## [Brooding.]

Alone he departed, a penniless swain;
With esquires and henchmen now comes he again.
What would he? Comes he, forsooth, to see
My bitter and gnawing misery?
Would he try how long, in my lot accurst,
I can writhe and moan, ere my heart-strings burst—
Thinks he that—? Ah, let him only try!
Full little joy shall he reap thereby.

[She beckons through the doorway on the right. Three handmaidens enter.

List, little maids, what I say to you:
Find me my silken mantle blue.
Go with me into my bower anon:
My richest of velvets and furs do on.
Two of you shall deck me in scarlet and vair,
The third shall wind pearl-strings into my hair.

All my jewels and gauds bear away with ye!

[The handmaids go out to the left, taking the ornaments with them.

Since Margit the Hill-King's bride must be, Well! don we the queenly livery!

[She goes out to the left.

[Bengt ushers in Gudmund Alfson, through the pent-house passage at the back.

#### BENGT.

And now once more—welcome under Solhoug's roof, my wife's kinsman.

#### GUDMUND.

I thank you. And how goes it with her? She thrives well in every way, I make no doubt?

# 226 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT I

## BENGT.

Aye, you may be sure she does. There is nothing she lacks. She has five handmaidens, no less, at her beck and call; a courser stands ready saddled in the stall when she lists to ride abroad. In one word, she has all that a noble lady can desire to make her happy in her lot.

GUDMUND.

And Margit—is she then happy?

BENGT.

God and all men would think that she must be; but, strange to say—

GUDMUND.

What mean you?



## ACT 1] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

#### BENGT.

Aye, you may be sure I wonder at it too. On the faith and troth of an honest gentleman, 'tis beyond me to guess what more she can desire. I am about her all day long; and no one can say of me that I rule her harshly. All the cares of household and husbandry I have taken on myself; yet notwithstanding— Well, well, you were ever a merry heart; I doubt not you will bring sunshine with you. Hush! here comes Dame Margit! Let her not see that I—

[MARGIT enters from the left, richly dressed.

## GUDMUND.

[Going to meet her.] Margit-my dear Margit!

## MARGIT

[Stops, and looks at him without recognition.] Your pardon, Sir Knight; but—? [As though she only now recognised him.] Surely, if I mistake not, 'tis Gudmund Alfson.

[Holding out her hand to him.]

#### GUDMUND.

[Without taking it.] And you did not at once know me again?

#### BENGT.

[Laughing.] Why, Margit, of what are you thinking? I told you but a moment agone that your kinsman—

## MARGIT.

[Crossing to the table on the right.] Twelve years is a long time, Gudmund. The freshest plant may wither ten times over in that space.

## GUDMUND.

THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

[ACT I

'Tis seven years since last we met.

228

## MARGIT.

Surely it must be more than that!

## GUDMUND.

[Looking at her.] I could almost think so. But 'tis as I say.

## MARGIT.

How strange! I must have been but a child then; and it seems to me a whole eternity since I was a child. [Throws herself down on a chair.] Well, sit you down, my kinsman! Rest you, for to-night you shall dance, and rejoice us with your singing. [With a forced smile.] Doubtless you know we are merry here to-day—we are holding a feast.

## ACT 1] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

## BENGT.

For my part, I am warm enough; but then I have a hundred things to do and to take order for. [To Margrr.] Let not the time seem long to our guest while I am absent. You can talk together of the old days.

[Going.

## MARGIT.

[Hesitating.] Are you going? Will you not rather—?

## BENGT.

[Laughing, to GUDMUND, as he comes forward again.] See you well—Sir Bengt of Solhoug is the man to make the women fain of him. How short soe'er the space, my wife cannot abide to be without me. [To MARGIT, caressing her.] Content you; I shall soon be with you again. [He goes out to the back.

## MARGIT.

[To herself.] Oh, torture, to have to endure it all.

[A short silence.

## GUDMUND.

How goes it, I pray, with your sister dear?

#### MARGIT.

Right well, I thank you.

## GUDMUND.

They said she was here

With you.

She has been here ever since we-

Breaks off.

She came, now three years since, to Solhoug with me.

[After a pause.

Ere long she'll be here, her friend to greet.

TD.

Well I mind me
No guile she dreamed c
When I call to rememb......
I must think of
But of years
In that time i
If she, too, has cl.....

ire sweet.
il knew.
er eyes so blue
eaven.
no fewer than seven;
tered. Oh, say
le I've been away?

## MARGIT.

She too? Is it, pray, in the halls of kings
That you learn such courtly ways, Sir Knight?
To remind me thus of the change time brings—

## GUDMUND.

Nay, Margit, my meaning you read aright!
You were kind to me, both, in those far-away years—
Your eyes, when we parted were wet with tears.
We swore like brother and sister still
To hold together in good hap or ill.
'Mid the other maids like a sun you shone,
Far, far and wide was your beauty known.
You are no less fair than you were, I wot;
But Solhoug's mistress, I see, has forgot
The penniless kinsman. So hard is your mind
That ever of old was gentle and kind.

eakı h =

I per

n:

## MARGIT.

[Choking back her tears.]

Ave, of old-!

ACT I

## GUDMUND.

[Looks compassionately at her, is silent for a little, then says in a subdued voice.

Shall we do as your husband said? Pass the time with talk of the dear old days?

## MARGIT.

## [Vehemently.]

No, no, not of them!

[More calmly.

Their memory's dead. My mind unwillingly backward strays. Tell rather of what your life has been, Of what in the wide world you've done and seen. Adventures you've lacked not, well I ween-In all the warmth and the space out yonder, That heart and mind should be light, what wonder?

## GUDMUND.

In the King's high hall I found not the joy That I knew by my own poor hearth as a boy.

## MARGIT.

[Without looking at him.]

While I, as at Solhoug each day flits past, Thank Heaven that here has my lot been cast.

## GUDMUND.

Tis well if for this you can thankful be-

[Vehemently.]

Why not? For am I not honoured and free?

Must not all folk here obey my hest?

Rule I not all things as seemeth me best?

Here I am first, with no second beside me;

And that, as you know from of old satisfied me.

Did you think ne weary and sad?

Nay, my mind and my heart is glad.

You might, then, have sed your journey here

To Solhoug; 'twill proposition of the property of the proposition of the property of

## GUDMUND.

What, mean you, Dame Margit?

MARGIT.

[Rising.]

I understand all—I know why you come to my lonely hall.

#### GUDMUND.

And you welcome me not, though you know why I came?

[Bowing, and about to go.
God's peace and farewell, then, my noble dame!

#### MARGIT.

To have stayed in the royal hall, indeed, Sir Knight, had better become your fame.

GUDMUND.

[Stops.]

In the royal hall? Do you scoff at my need?

Your need? You are ill to content, my friend; Where, I would know, do you think to end? You can dress you in velvet and cramoisie, You stand by the throne, and have lands in fee—

## GUDMUND.

Do you deem, then, that fortune is kind to me? You said but now that full well you knew What brought me to Solhoug—

## MARGIT.

I told you true!

## GUDMUND.

Then you know what of late has befallen me;—You have heard the tale of my outlawry?

## MARGIT.

[Terror-struck.]

An outlaw! You, Gudmund!

## GUDMUND.

I am indeed.

But I swear, by the Holy Christ I swear,
Had I known the thoughts of your heart, I ne'er
Had bent me to Solhoug in my need.
I thought that you still were gentle-hearted,
As you ever were wont to be ere we parted:
But I truckle not to you; the wood is wide,
My hand and my bow shall fend for me there;
I will drink of the mountain brook, and hide
My head in the wild beast's lair.

[On the point of going.

[Holding him back.]

Outlawed! Nay, stay! I swear to you That naught of your outlawry I knew.

## GUDMUND.

It is as I

And to li-

Three nigh

My couch or.

With for Though to

And pray

Yet strong was

t stake:

the sky I've lain,

d to make.

v.

the door of the stranger,

our of danger, eld on my way:

pe a I thought: When to Solhoug , ou come at last Then all your pains will be done and past.

You have sure friends there, whatever betide.—

But hope like a wayside flower shrivels up;

Though your husband met me with flagon and cup, And his doors flung open wide,

Within, your dwelling seems chill and bare; Dark is the hall; my friends are not there.

'Tis well; I will back to my hills from your halls.

## MARGIT.

[Beseechingly.]

Oh, hear me!

## GUDMUND.

My soul is not base as a thrall's. Now life to me seems a thing of naught; Truly I hold it scarce worth a thought.

(47

You have killed all that I hold most dear; Of my fairest hopes I follow the bier. Farewell, then, Dame Margit!

MARGIT.

Nay, Gudmund, hear!

By all that is holy—!

GUDMUND.

Live on as before

Live on in honour and joyance— Never shall Gudmund darken your door, Never shall cause you 'noyance.

MARGIT.

Enough, enough. Your bitterness
You presently shall rue.
Had I known you outlawed, shelterless,
Hunted the country through—
Trust me, the day that brought you here
Would have seemed the fairest of many a year;
And a feast I had counted it indeed
When you turned to Solhoug for refuge in need!

GUDMUND.

What say you-? How shall I read your mind?

MARGIT.

[Holding out her hand to him.]

Read this: that at Solhoug dwell kinsfolk kind.

GUDMUND.

But you said of late-?

म्यूट

LACT 1

## MARGIT.

To that pay no heed.

Or hear me, and understand indeed.

For me is life but a long, black night,

Nor sun, nor star for me shines bright.

I have sold my youth and my liberty,

And none from my bargain can set me free.

My heart's c red for gold,
With gilded red myself;

Trust me, it
To the sorrov

To the sorrov of pelf.

How blithe we how free from care!

Our house w our store:

Our house w
But treasure:

ast I bore.

D D.

[Whose eyes have been fixed upon her.] E'en then you were growing to beauty rare.

## MARGIT.

Mayhap; but the praises showered on me
Caused the wreck of my happiness—that I now see.
To far-off lands away you sailed;
But deep in my heart was graven each song
You had ever sung; and their glamour was strong;
With a mist of dreams my brow they veiled.
In them all the joys you had dwelt upon
That can find a home in the beating breast;
You had sung so oft of the lordly life
'Mid knights and ladies. And lo! anon
Came wooers a many from east and from west;
And so—I became Bengt Gauteson's wife.

GUDMUND.

Oh, Margit!

MARGIT.

The days that passed were but few Ere with tears my folly I 'gan to rue.

To think, my kinsman and friend, on thee Was all the comfort left to me.

How empty now seemed Solhoug's hall,

How hateful and drear its great rooms all!

Hither came many a knight and dame,

Came many a skald to sing my fame.

But never a one who could fathom aright

My spirit and all its yearning—

I shivered, as though in the Hill-King's might;

Yet my head throbbed, my blood was burning.

GUDMUND.

But your husband-?

MARGIT.

"Twas his gold was my undoing.
When he spoke to me, aye, or e'en drew near,
My spirit writhed with ruing. [Clasping her hands.
And thus have I lived for three long years—
A life of sorrow, of unstanched tears!
Your coming was rumoured. You know full well

He never to me was dear.

What pride deep down in my heart doth dwell. I hid my anguish, I veiled my woe, For you were the last that the truth must know.

GUDMUND.

[Moved.]

Twas therefore, then, that you turned away-

[Not looking at him.]

I thought you came at my woe to jeer.

GUDMUND.

Margit, how could you think-?

MARGIT.

There was r
But thanks lear is gone;

And now no
My spirit n

As a child's reenwood tree.

Ah, where are ow could I forget—?

Ye saints, I need sorely your | ccor yet!

An outlaw, you said-?

GUDMUND.

[Smiling.]

Nay, now I'm at home;

Hither the King's men scarce dare come.

MARGIT.

Your fall has been sudden. I pray you, tell How you lost the King's favour.

GUDMUND.

'Twas thus it befell.

You know how I journeyed to France of late, When the Chancellor, Audun of Hegranes, Fared thither from Bergen, in royal state, To lead home the King's bride, the fair Princess,

With her squires, and maidens, and ducats bright. Sir Audun's a fair and a stately knight, The Princess shone with a beauty rare— Her eyes seemed full of a burning prayer. They would oft talk alone and in whispers, the two— Of what? That nobody guessed or knew. There came a night when I leant at ease Against the galley's railing; My thoughts flew onward to Norway's leas, With the milk-white seagulls sailing. Two voices whispered behind my back:— I turned—it was he and she: I knew them well, though the night was black, But they—they saw not me. She gazed upon him with sorrowful eyes And whispered: "Ah, if to southern skies We could turn the vessel's prow, And we were alone in the bark, we twain, My heart, methinks, would find peace again, Nor would fever burn my brow." Sir Audun answers; and straight she replies, In words so fierce, so bold; Like glittering stars I can see her eyes; [Breaking off. She begged him-

My blood ran cold.

MARGIT.

She begged-?

GUDMUND.

I arose, and they vanished apace; All was silent, fore and aft;—

[Producing a small phial. But this I found by their resting place.



## 240 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG ACT I

MARGIT.

And that-?

GUDMUND.

[Lowering his voice.]

Holds a secret draught.

A drop of this in your enemy's cup

And his life will sicken and wither up.

No leechcraft helps 'gainst the deadly thing.

MARGIT.

And that-?

GUDMUND.

That draught was meant for the King.

MARGIT.

Great God!



You mean-?

## GUDMUND.

I? Nay, I meant naught. My brain Is wildered; but ah, I am blithe and fain To be, as of old, with you sisters twain. But tell me,—Signë—?

## MARGIT.

[Points smiling towards the door on the left.]

She comes anon.

To greet her kinsman she needs must don Her trinkets—a task that takes time, 'tis plain.

## GUDMUND.

I must see—I must see if she knows me again.

[He goes out to the left.

## MARGIT.

[Following him with her eyes.] How fair and manlike he is! [With a sigh.] There is little likeness 'twixt him and— [Begins putting things in order on the table, but presently stops.] "You then were free," he said. Yes, then! [A short pause.] "Twas a strange tale, that of the Princess who— She held another dear, and then—Aye, those women of far-off lands— I have heard it before—they are not weak as we are; they do not fear to pass from thought to deed. [Takes up a goblet which stands on the table.] "Twas in this beaker that Gudmund and I, when he went away, drank to his happy return. "Tis well-nigh the only heirloom I brought



## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG LACT:

rith me to Solhoug. [Putting the goblet away in a cup oard.] How soft is this summer day; and how light is in here! So sweetly has the sun not shone for hree long years.

12

[SIGNE, and after her GUDMUND, enters from the left

## SIGNË.

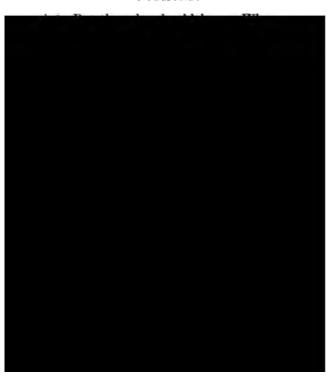
[Runs laughing up to MARGIT.]
Ia, ha, ha! He will not believe that 'tis I!

## MARGIT.

[Smiling, to Gudmund.]

You see: while in far-off lands you strayed, he, too, has altered, the little maid.

#### GUDMUND.



GUDMUND.

[To himself.]

I am snared already, it seems to me.

SIGNE.

But, Gudmund, wait—you have still to see
How I've shielded your harp from the dust and the rust.

[As she goes out to the left.

You shall teach me all of your songs! You must!

GUDMUND.

[Softly, as he follows her with his eyes.]

She has flushed to the loveliest rose of May, That was yet but a bud in the morning's ray.

SIGNË.

[Returning with the harp.]

Behold!

GUDMUND.

[Taking it.]

My harp! As bright as of yore!
[Striking one or two chords.

Still the old chords ring sweet and clear— On the wall, untouched, thou shalt hang no more.

MARGIT.

[Looking out at the back.]

Our guests are coming.

Signë.

[While GUDMUND preludes his song.]

Hush—hush! Oh, hear!

[ACT I

## GUDMUND.

# [Sings.]

I roamed through the uplands so heavy of cheer; The little birds quavered in bush and in brere; The little birds quavered, around and above: Wouldst know of the sowing and growing of love?

It grows like
"Tis nourish.
But swiftly 'us so'
Deep, deep in th
[As he
the b.

gh slow-rolling years; by songs, and by tears; ment speeds by, rooted for aye. ig chords, he goes towards down his harp.

# [Thoughtfully, repeats to herself.]

But swiftly 'tis sown; ere a moment speeds by, Deep, deep in the heart love is rooted for aye.

#### MARGIT.

[Absently.] Did you speak to me?—I heard not clearly—?

#### Signë.

I? No, no. I only meant—
[She again becomes absorbed in dreams.

#### MARGIT.

# [Half aloud; looking straight before her.]

It grows like the oak tree through slow-rolling years; 'Tis nourished by dreams, and by songs and by tears.



245

SIGNË.

[Returning to herself.] You said that—?

## MARGIT.

[Drawing her hand over her brow.] Nay, 'twas nothing. Come, we must go meet our guests.

[Benot enters with many Guests, both men and women, through the passage-way.

GUESTS.

[Sing.]

With song and harping enter we
The feast-hall opened wide;
Peace to our hostess kind and free,
All happiness to her betide.
O'er Solhoug's roof for ever may
Bright as to-day
The heavens abide.



## ACT SECOND

birch grove adjoining the house, one corner of which is seen to the left. At the back, a footpath leads up the hillside. To the right of the footpath a river comes tumbling down a ravine and loses itself among boulders and stones. It is a light summer evening. The door leading to the house stands open; the windows are lighted up. Music is heard from within.

THE GUESTS.
[Singing in the Feast Hall.]



### ERIK.

Well, say what you will, 'tis a daring move. You are the King's Sheriff. Commands go forth to you that you shall seize the person of Gudmund Alfson, wherever you may find him. And now, when you have him in your grasp, you proffer him your friendship, and let him go freely, whithersoever he will.

## KNUT.

I know what I am doing. I sought him in his own dwelling, but there he was not to be found. If, now, I went about to seize him here—think you that Dame Margit would be minded to give me Signë to wife?

### ERIK.

[With deliberation.] No, by fair means it might scarcely be, but—

### KNUT.

And by foul means I am loth to proceed. Moreover, Gudmund is my friend from bygone days; and he can be helpful to me. [With decision.] Therefore it shall be as I have said. This evening no one at Solhoug shall know that Gudmund Alfson is an outlaw;—to-morrow he must look to himself.

#### ERIK.

Aye, but the King's decree?

#### KNUT.

Oh, the King's decree! You know as well as I that the King's decree is but little heeded here in the uplands. Were the King's decree to be enforced, many a



# THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG (ACT II

out fellow among us would have to pay dear both for ride-rape and for man-slaying. Come this way, I would in know where Signë—? [They go out to the right. [GUDMUND and SIGNE come down the footpath at the back.

SIGNË.

h, speak! Say on! For sweeter far uch words than sweetest music are.

GUDMUND.

ignë, my flower, my lily fair!

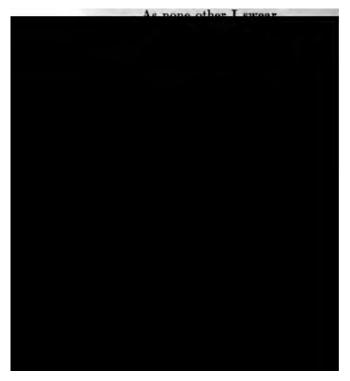
SIGNË.

[In subdued, but happy wonderment.]

am dear to him-I!

18

GUDMUND.



But in Solhoug's hall to-day, right loud My heart spake, and right clearly; It told me that Margit's a lady proud, Whilst you're the sweet maiden I love most dearly.

## SIGNË.

[Who has only half listened to his words.]

I mind me, we sat in the hearth's red glow, One winter evening—'tis long ago— And you sang to me of the maiden fair Whom the neckan had lured to his watery lair. There she forgot both father and mother. There she forgot both sister and brother; Heaven and earth and her Christian speech, And her God, she forgot them all and each. But close by the strand a stripling stood And he was heartsore and heavy of mood. He struck from his harpstrings notes of woe, That wide o'er the waters rang loud, rang low. The spell-bound maid in the tarn so deep, His strains awoke from her heavy sleep. The neckan must grant her release from his rule, She rose through the lilies afloat on the pool— Then looked she to heaven while on green earth she trod, And wakened once more to her faith and her God.

GUDMUND.

Signë, my fairest of flowers!

SIGNE.

It seems

That I, too, have lived in a world of dreams. But the strange deep words you to-night have spoken,



# THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

If the power of love, have my slumber broken. The heavens seemed never so blue to me, lever the world so fair; can understand, as I roam with thee, The song of the birds in air.

### GUDMUND.

io mighty is love—it stirs in the breast Choughts and longings and happy unrest. But come, let us both to your sister go.

SIGNË.

Vould you tell her-?

GUDMUND.

Everything she must kn



## SIGNE.

Till you come again.

[She goes out to the right. Gudmund goes into the house.

MARGIT enters from behind the house on the left.

## MARGIT.

In the hall there is gladness and revelry; The dancers foot it with jest and glee. The air weighed hot on my brow and breast; For Gudmund, he was not there.

[She draws a deep breath.

Out here 'tis better: here's quiet and rest.

How sweet is the cool night air! [A brooding silence.

That horrible thought! Oh, why should it be

That wherever I go it follows me?

The phial—doth a secret draught contain;

A drop of this in my—enemy's cup,

And his life would sicken and wither up;

The leech's skill would be tried in vain.

[Again a silence.

Were I sure that Gudmund—held me dear— Then little I'd care for—

[GUDMUND enters from the house.

### GUDMUND.

You, Margit, here? And alone? I have sought you everywhere.

## MARGIT.

Tis cool here. I sickened of heat and glare. See you how yonder the white mists glide Softly over the marshes wide?

# 52 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG LACT II

lere it is neither dark nor light, lut midway between them— —as in my breast.

[To herself.

[Looking at him.

s't not so—when you wander on such a night ou hear, though but half to yourself confessed, stirring of secret life through the hush, n tree and in leaf, in flower and in rush?

[With a sudden change of tone.

an you guess what I wish?

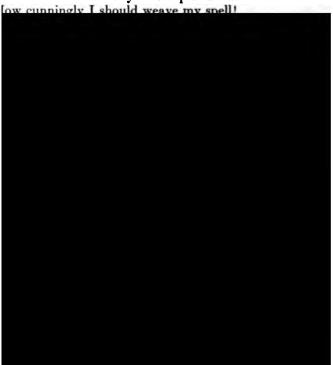
GUDMUND.

Well?

MARGIT.

That I could be

'he nixie that haunts yonder upland lea.



GUDMUND.

act ii) TH

Margit! Margit!

MARGIT.

[Ever more wildly.]

At midnight's hour Sweet were our sleep in my lonely bower;— And if death should come with the dawn, I trow Twere sweet to die so;—what thinkest thou?

GUDMUND.

You are sick!

MARGIT.

[Bursting into laughter.]

Ha, ha!—Let me laugh! "Tis good To laugh when the heart is in laughing mood!

GUDMUND.

I see that you still have the same wild soul As of old—

MARGIT.

[With sudden seriousness.]

Nay, let not that vex your mind,
Tis only at midnight it mocks control;
By day I am timid as any hind.
How tame I have grown, you yourself must say,
When you think on the women in lands far away—
Of that fair Princess—ah, she was wild!
Beside her lamblike am I and mild.
She did not helplessly yearn and brood,
She would have acted; and that—

# 254 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [AC

GUDMUND.

You remind me; straightway I'll cast away
What to me is valueless after this day—

[Takes out the pi

MARGIT.

The phial! You meant—?

## GUDMUND.

I thought it might be
At need a friend that should set me free
Should the King's men chance to lay hands on me.
But from to-night it has lost its worth;
Now will I fight all the kings of earth,
Gather my kinsfolk and friends to the strife,
And battle right stoutly for freedom and life.



## GUDMUND.

[Goes to the right, and looks down into the ravine.]

Have you thrown it away?

## MARGIT.

[Concealing the phial.]

Aye, surely! You saw-

[Whispers as she goes towards the house. Now God help and spare me!

The ice must now either break or bear me! [Aloud. Gudmund!

GUDMUND.

[Approaching.]
What would you?

MARGIT.

Teach me, I pray,

How to interpret the ancient lay
They sing of the church in the valley there:
A gentle knight and a lady fair,
They loved each other well.
That very day on her bier she lay
He on his sword-point fell.
They buried her by the northward spire,
And him by the south kirk wall;
And theretofore grew neither bush nor briar
In the hallowed ground at all.
But next spring from their coffins twain
Two lilies fair upgrew—
And by and by, o'er the roof-tree high,
They twined and they bloomed the whole year through.
How read you the riddle?



56

# THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

## GUDMUND.

[Looks searchingly at her.]

I scarce can say.

### MARGIT.

ou may doubtless read it in many a way; ut its truest meaning, methinks, is clear: 'he church can never sever two that hold each other

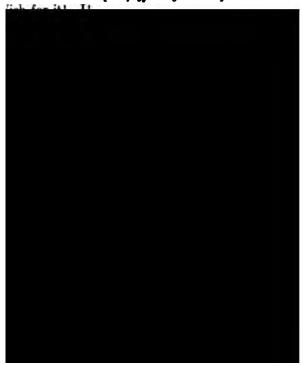
### GUDMUND.

[To himself.]

e saints, if she should—? Lest worse befall, lis time indeed I told her all! [2 to you wish for my happiness—Margit, tell!

## MARGIT.

[In joyful agitation.]



## KNUT.

[Still at a distance.] Gudmund Alfson! Wait; I must speak a word with you.

[He stops, talking to ERIK. The other GUESTS in the meantime enter the house.

### MARGIT.

[To herself.] The joy of his life—! What else can he mean but—! [Half aloud.] Signë—my dear, dear sister! [She puts her arm round Signë's waist, and they go towards the back talking to each other.

### GUDMUND.

[Softly, as he follows them with his eyes.] Aye, so it were wisest. Both Signë and I must away from Solhoug. Knut Gesling has shown himself my friend; he will help me.

#### KNUT.

[Softly, to Erik.] Yes, yes, I say, Gudmund is her kinsman; he can best plead my cause.

#### ERIK.

Well, as you will.

[He goes into the house.

#### KNUT.

[Approaching.] Listen, Gudmund-

## GUDMUND.

[Smiling.] Come you to tell me that you dare no longer let me go free.

#### KNUT.

Dare! Be at your ease as to that. Knut Gesling dares whatever he will. No, 'tis another matter. You know that here in the district, I am held to be a wild unruly companion—

## GUDMUND.

Aye, and if rumour lies not-

## KNUT.

Why no, much that it reports may be true enough. But now, I must tell you—

[They go, conversing, up towards the back.

## SIGNE.

[To Margir, as they come forward beside the house.] I understand you not. You speak as though an unlooked-for happiness had befallen you. What is in your mind?

## MARGIT.

Signë—you are still a child; you know not what it means to have ever in your heart the dread of— [Suddenly breaking off.] Think, Signë, what it must be to

### GUDMUND.

ACT II]

Well, if so it be—if this wild life no longer contents you—then I will give you the best counsel that ever friend gave to friend: take to wife an honourable maiden.

### KNUT.

Say you so? And if I now told you that 'tis even that I have in mind?

### GUDMUND.

Good luck and happiness to you then, Knut Gesling!

And now you must know that I too—

### KNUT.

You? Are you, too, so purposed?

## GUDMUND.

Aye, truly. But the King's wrath—I am a banished man—

#### KNUT.

Nay, to that you need give but little thought. As yet there is no one here, save Dame Margit, that knows aught of the matter; and so long as I am your friend, you have one in whom you can trust securely. Now I must tell you—

He proceeds in a whisper as they go up again.

### SIGNE.

[As she and MARGIT again advance.] But tell me then, Margit—!

### MARGIT.

More I dare not tell you.

## SIGNE.

Then will I be more open-hearted than you. But first answer me one question. [Bashfully, with hesitation.] Is there—is there no one who has told you anything concerning me?

## MARGIT.

Concerning you? Nay, what should that be?

## SIGNE.

[As before, looking downwards.] You said to me this morning: if a wooer came riding hither-?

## MARGIT.

That is true. [To herself.] Knut Gesling—has he already—? [Eagerly, to SIGNE.] Well? What then?

## SIGNË.

[Softly, but with exultation.] The wooer has come!

### SIGNE.

Oh, 'tis but little I yet know of love; but this I know that what the song says is true:

Full swiftly 'tis sown; ere a moment speeds by, Deep, deep in the heart love is rooted for aye—

### MARGIT.

So be it; and since so it is, I need no longer hold sught concealed from you. Ah—

[She stops suddenly, as she sees KNUT and GUDMUND approaching.

#### KNUT.

[In a tone of satisfaction.] Ha, this is as I would have it, Gudmund. Here is my hand!

## MARGIT.

[To herself.] What is this?

#### GUDMUND.

[To Knut.] And here is mine! [They shake hands.

#### KNUT.

But now we must each of us name who it is—

### GUDMUND.

Good. Here at Solhoug, among so many fair women, I have found her whom—

### KNUT.

I too. And I will bear her home this very night, if it be needful.



# 262 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [AC

### MARGIT.

[Who has approached unobserved.] All saints neaven!

### GUDMUND.

[Nods to Knut.] The same is my intent!

SIGNË.

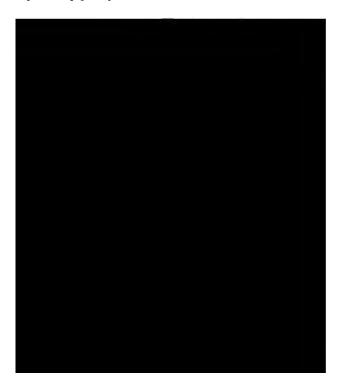
[Who has also been listening.] Gudmund!

## GUDMUND AND KNUT.

[Whispering to each other, as they both point at SIGI There she is!

GUDMUND.

[Starting.] Aye, mine.



## MARGIT.

[With a cry.] It was she! No-no!

## GUDMUND.

[To himself, as he catches sight of her.] Margit! She has heard everything.

#### KNUT.

Ho, ho! So this is how it stands? Nay, Dame Margit, 'tis needless to put on such an air of wonder; now I understand everything.

### MARGIT.

[Suddenly grasping the situation.] 'Twas Gudmund you meant!

### SIGNE.

[Astonished.] Yes, did you not know it! But what alls you, Margit?

## MARGIT.

[In an almost toneless voice.] Nay, nothing, nothing.

## KNUT.

[To Margit.] And this morning, when you made me give my word that I would stir no strife here to-night—you already knew that Gudmund Alfson was coming. Ha, ha, think not that you can hoodwink Knut Gesling! Signë has become dear to me. Even this morning 'was but my hasty vow that drove me to seek her hand; but now—

# 4 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT ER

SIGNË.

[To Margit.] He? Was this the wooer that was your mind?

MARGIT.

Hush, hush!

KNUT.

[Firmly and harshly.] Dame Margit—you are her ler sister; you shall give me an answer.

MARGIT.

[Battling with herself.] Signë has already made her oice;—I have naught to answer.

## KNUT.

Good; then I have nothing more to do at Solhoug. It after midnight—mark you this—the day is at an d; then you may chance to see me again, and then rtune must decide whether it be Gudmund or I that all bear Signë away from this house.

### GUDMUND.

Aye, try if you dare; it shall cost you a bloody sconce.



Eik! Erik! come hither! we must away to our kinsfolk. [Threateningly, while Erik shows himself in the dornory.] Woe upon you all when I come again!

[He and Erik go off to the left at the back.

SIGNE.

[Softly to GUDMUND.] Oh, tell me, what does all this mean?

### GUDMUND.

[Whispering.] We must both leave Solhoug this very night.

SIGNË.

God shield me-you would-!

#### GUDMUND.

Say naught of it! No word to any one, not even to your sister.

#### MARGIT.

[To herself.] She—it is she! She of whom he had scarce thought before to-night. Had I been free, I know well whom he had chosen.—Aye, free!

[Bengt and Guests, both Men and Women, enter from the house.

## Young Men and Maidens.

Out here, out here be the feast arrayed,
While the birds are asleep in the greenwood shade.
How sweet to sport in the flowery glade
'Neath the birches.

# 266 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT II

Out here, out here, shall be mirth and jest, No sigh on the lips and no care in the breast, When the fiddle is tuned at the dancers' 'hest, 'Neath the birches.

### BENGT.

That is well, that is well! So I fain would see it! I am merry, and my wife likewise; and therefore I pray ye all to be merrry along with us.

ONE OF THE GUESTS.

Aye, now let us have a stave-match.1

MANY.

[Shout.] Yes, yes, a stave-match!



## MARGIT.

Alas! I have forgot them all. But ask Gudmund Alfson, my kinsman; he knows a tale that is merry enough.

## GUDMUND.

[In a low voice, imploringly.] Margit!

### MARGIT.

Why, what a pitiful countenance you put on! Be merry, Gudmund! Be merry! Aye, aye, it comes easy to you, well I wot. [Laughing, to the Guests.] He has seen the huldra to-night. She would fain have tempted him; but Gudmund is a faithful swain. [Turns again to Gudmund.] Aye, but the tale is not finished yet. When you bear away your lady-love, over hill and through forest, be sure you turn not round; be sure you never look back—the huldra sits laughing behind every bush; and when all is done— [In a low voice, coming close up to him] —you will go no further than she will let you. [She crosses to the right.]

#### SIGNË.

Oh, God! Oh, God!

#### BENGT.

[Going around among the Guests in high contentment.] Ha, ha, ha! Dame Margit knows how to set the mirth afoot! When she takes it in hand, she does it much better than I.

#### GUDMUND.

[To himself.] She threatens! I must tear the last hope out of her breast; else will peace never come to

## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT

er mind. [Turns to the GUESTS.] I mind me of a litting. If it please you to hear it—

88

## SEVERAL OF THE GUESTS.

Thanks, thanks, Gudmund Alfson!

[They close around him, some sitting, others standir

MARGIT leans against a tree in front on the rig

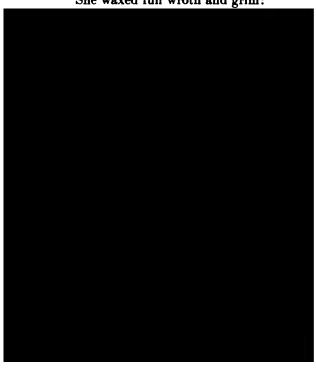
Signë stands on the left, near the house.

### GUDMUND.

[Sings.]

I rode into the wildwood,
I sailed across the sea,
But 'twas at home I wooed and won
A maiden fair and free.

It was the Queen of Elfland, She waxed full wroth and grim:



## MARGIT.

[To herself, quivering.] To have to suffer all this shame and scorn! No, no; now to essay the last remedy!

### BENGT.

What ails you? Meseems you look so pale.

### MARGIT.

'Twill soon pass over. [Turns to the Guests.] Did I say e'en now that I had forgotten all my tales? I bethink me now that I remember one.

### BENGT.

Good, good, my wife! Come, let us hear it.

## Young GIRLS.

[Urgently.] Yes, tell it us, tell it us, Dame Margit!

### MARGIT.

I almost fear that 'twill little please you; but that must be as it may.

#### GUDMUND.

[To himself.] Saints in heaven, surely she would not-!

#### MARGIT.

It was a fair and noble maid,
She dwelt in her father's hall;
Both linen and silk did she broider and braid,
Yet found in it solace small.
For she sat there alone in cheerless state,
Empty were hall and bower;

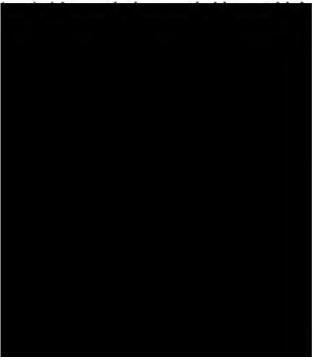


## THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

70

[ACT

1 the pride of her heart, she was fain to mate lith a chieftain of pelf and power. ut now 'twas the Hill-King, he rode from the north. Vith his henchmen and his gold; in the third day at night he in triumph fared forth, earing her to his mountain hold. ull many a summer she dwelt in the hill; ut of beakers of gold she could drink at her will. h, fair are the flowers of the valley, I trow, ut only in dreams can she gather them now! I was a youth, right gentle and bold to boot, truck his harp with such magic might hat it rang to the mountain's inmost root, There she languished in the night. he sound in her soul waked a wondrous mood ide open the mountain-gates seemed to stand; he peace of God lay over the land, nd she saw how it all was fair and good.





271

I die in the Hill-King's fastnesses! He mocks at my woe as he clasps his bride And sails away o'er the waters wide!

[Shrieks.

With me all is over; my hill-prison barred; Unsunned is the day, and the night all unstarred.

[She totters and, fainting, seeks to support herself against the trunk of a tree.

### SIGNË.

[Weeping, has rushed up to her, and takes her in her arms.] Margit! My sister!

#### GUDMUND.

[At the same time supporting her.] Help! Help! she is dying!

[Bengt and the Guests flock round them with cries of alarm.

## ACT THIRD

The hall at Solhoug as before, but now in disorder after the feast. It is night still, but with a glimmer of approaching dawn in the room and over the landscape without.

Bengt stands outside in the passage-way, with a beaker of ale in his hand. A party of Guests are in the act of leaving the house. In the room a Maid-Servant is restoring order.

## BENGT.

[Calls to the departing GUESTS.] God speed you, then, and bring you back ere long to Solhoug. Methinks you, like the rest, might have stayed and slept till morning. Well, well! Yet hold—I'll e'en go with you to the gate. I must drink your healths once more.

[He goes out.]

#### GUESTS.

[Sing in the distance.]

Farewell, and God's blessing on one and all Beneath this roof abiding!

The road must be faced. To the fiddler we call:

Tune up! Our cares deriding,

With dance and with song

We'll shorten the way so weary and long.

Right merrily off we go.

[The song dies away in the distance. [Margit enters the hall by the door on the right.

## MAID.

God save us, my lady, have you left your bed?

## MARGIT.

I am well. Go you and sleep. Stay—tell me, are the guests all gone?

## MAID.

No, not all; some wait till later in the day; ere now they are sleeping sound.

### MARGIT.

And Gudmund Alfson-?

## MAID.

He, too, is doubtless asleep. [Points to the right.] Tis some time since he went to his chamber—yonder, across the passage.

## MARGIT.

Good; you may go. [The Maid goes out to the left. [Margit walks slowly across the hall, seats herself by the table on the right, and gazes out at the open window.

## MARGIT.

To-morrow, then, Gudmund will ride away
Out into the world so great and wide.
Alone with my husband here I must stay;
And well do I know what will then betide.
Like the broken branch and the trampled flower
I shall suffer and fade from hour to hour.

[Short pause; she leans back in her chair.

[ACT III

I once heard a tale of a child blind from birth, Whose ch ldhood was full of joy and mirth; For the n other, with spells of magic might, Wove for the dark eyes a world of light. And the hild looked forth with wonder and glee Upon v ey and hill, upon land and sea. Then suddenly the witchereft failed-The child rkness pent; Good-bye ent; With long ks paled. And its w away. Was cease words can say .-Oh! like t rere sealed. To the ligi mer blind-[She springs up.

But now-! same uge confined!

No, now is the worth of my youth revealed!
Three years of life I on him have spent—
My husband—but were I longer content
This hapless, hopeless weird to dree,
Meek as a dove I needs must be.
I am wearied to death of petty brawls;
The stirring life of the great world calls.
I will follow Gudmund with shield and bow,
I will share his joys, I will soothe his woe,
Watch o'er him both by night and day.
All that behold shall envy the life
Of the valiant knight and Margit his wife.—
His wife!

[Wrings her hands.

Oh God, what is this I say!
Forgive me, forgive me, and oh! let me feel
The peace that hath power both to soothe and to heal.

[Walks back and forward, brooding silently.

Signë, my sister—? How hateful 'twere

To steal her glad young life from her!
But who can tell? In very sooth
She may love him but with the light love of youth.

[Again silence; she takes out the little phial, looks long at it and says under her breath:

This phial—were I its powers to try— My husband would sleep for ever and aye!

[Horror-struck.

No, no! To the river's depths with it straight!

[In the act of throwing it out of the window, stops.

And yet I could—'tis not yet too late.—

[With an expression of mingled horror and rapture, whispers.

With what a magic resistless might Sin masters us in our own despite! Doubly alluring methinks is the goal

I must reach through blood, with the wreck of my soul.

[Bengt, with the empty beaker in his hand, comes in from the passage-way; his face is red; he staggers slightly.

## BENGT.

[Flinging the beaker upon the table on the left.] My faith, this has been a feast that will be the talk of the country. [Sees Margit.] Eh, are you there? You are well again. Good, good.

### MARGIT.

[Who in the meantime has concealed the phial.] Is the door barred?

#### BENGT.

[Seating himself at the table on the left.] I have seen to everything. I went with the last guests as far as the

gates. But what became of Knut Gesling to-night?—Give me mead, Margit! I am thirsty. Fill this cup.

[Margit fetches a flagon of mead from a cupboardand fills the goblet which is on the table in front of him.

## MARGIT.

[Crossing to the right with the flagon.] You asked about Knut Gesling.

### BENGT.

That I did. The boaster, the braggart! I have not forgot his threats of yester-morning.

### MARGIT.

He used worse words when he left to-night.

### BENGT.

He did? So much the better. I will strike him dead.

#### MARGIT.

[Smiling contemptuously.] H'm-



## BENGT.

Margit, come here! Fill my cup again. [She approaches; he tries to draw her down on to his knee.] Ha, ha, ha! You are right fair, Margit! I love you well!

## MARGIT.

[Freeing herself.] Let me go!
[Crosses, with the goblet in her hand, to the left.

### BENGT.

You are not in the humour to-night. Ha, ha, ha! That means no great matter, I know.

## MARGIT.

[Softly, as she fills the goblet.] Oh, that this might be the last beaker I should fill for you.

[She leaves the goblet on the table and is making her way out to the left.

### BENGT

Hark to me, Margit. For one thing you may thank Heaven, and that is, that I made you my wife before Gudmund Alfson came back.

#### MARGIT.

[Stops at the door.] Why so?

#### BENGT.

Why, say you? Am I not ten times the richer man? And certain I am that he would have sought you for his wife, had you not been the mistress of Solhoug.

IACT TO

# MARGIT.

[Drawing nearer and glancing at the goblet.] Say you so?

# BENGT.

I could take my oath upon it. Bengt Gauteson has two sharp eyes in his head. But he may still have Signë.

# MARGIT.

And you think he will-?

# BENGT.

Take her? Ay, since he cannot have you. But had you been free,—then— Ha, ha, ha! Gudmund is like the rest. He envies me my wife. That is why I set such store by you, Margit. Here with the goblet again. And let it be full to the brim!

# MARGIT.

[Goes unwillingly across to the right.] You shall have it straightway.

# BENGT.

Knut Gesling is a suitor for Signë, too, but him I am resolved to slay. Gudmund is an honourable man; he shall have her. Think, Margit, what good days we

### BENGT.

Ha, ha, ha! it may be that at first Gudmund will look askance at me when I take you in my arms; but that, I doubt not, he will soon get over.

# MARGIT.

This is more than woman can bear! [Pours the contents of the phial into the goblet, goes to the window and throws out the phial, then says, without looking at him.] Your beaker is full.

### BENGT.

Then bring it hither!

### MARGIT.

[Battling in an agony of indecision, at last says:] I pray you drink no more to-night!

#### BENGT.

[Leans back in his chair and laughs.] Oho! You are impatient for my coming? Get you in; I will follow you soon.

#### MARGIT.

[Suddenly decided.] Your beaker is full. [Points.] There it is. [She goes quickly out to the left.

# BENGT.

[Rising.] I like her well. It repents me not a whit that I took her to wife, though of heritage she owned no more than yonder goblet and the brooches of her wedding gown.

[He goes to the table at the window and takes the goblet. [A HOUSE-CARL enters hurriedly and with scared looks, from the back.

# THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT III

# House-Carl.

280

[Calls.] Sir Bengt, Sir Bengt! haste forth with all the speed you can! Knut Gesling with an armed train is drawing near the house.

# BENGT.

[Putting down the goblet.] Knut Gesling? Who brings the tidings?

# House-Carl.

Some of your guests espied him on the road beneath, and hastened back to warn you.

# BENGT.

E'en so. Then will I—! Fetch me my grandfather's battle-axe!

[He and the House-Carl go out at the back.

Soon after GUDMIND and SIGNE enter avietly and

# ACT III] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

Yet shalt thou hear no plaint forlorn. Tis for thy sake my home I flee; Wert thou not outlawed, Gudmund dear, I'd stay with my sister.

### GUDMUND.

Only to be

Ta'en by Knut Gesling, with bow and spear, Swung on the croup of his battle-horse, And made his wife by force.

SIGNE.

Quick, let us flee. But whither go?

GUDMUND.

Down by the fiord a friend I know; He'll find us a ship. O'er the salt sea foam We'll sail away south to Denmark's bowers. There waits you there a happy home; Right joyously will fleet the hours; The fairest of flowers they bloom in the shade Of the beech-tree glade.

#### SIGNE.

# [Bursts into tears.]

Farewell, my poor sister! Like mother tender Thou hast guarded the ways my feet have trod, Hast guided my footsteps, aye praying to God, The Almighty, to be my defender.— Gudmund—here is a goblet filled with mead; Let us drink to her; let us wish that ere long Her soul may again be calm and strong, And that God may be good to her need.

[She takes the goblet into her hands



# THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [AC

# GUDMUND.

ye, let us drain it, naming her name! [St top! [Takes the goblet from

For meseems it is the same-

SIGNË.

Γis Margit's beaker.

**B2** 

GUDMUND.

[Examining it carefully.]

By Heaven, 'tis so!

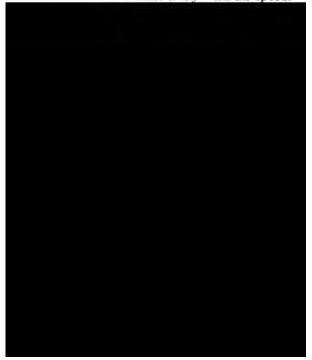
mind me still of the red wine's glow s she drank from it on the day we parted

o our meeting again in health and glad-hearted.

o herself that draught betided woe.

o, Signë, ne'er drink wine or mead rom that goblet. [Pours its contents out at the win

We must away with all speed.



# ACT III] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

### MARGIT.

[Listening to the noise.] What means this? Is my husband—?

GUDMUND AND SIGNE.

Margit!

# MARGIT.

[Catches sight of them.] Gudmund! And Signë! Are you here?

SIGNE.

[Going towards her.] Margit—dear sister!

### MARGIT.

[Appalled, having seen the goblet which GUDMUND still holds in his hand.] The goblet! Who has drunk from it?

#### GUDMUND.

[Confused.] Drunk—? I and Signë—we meant—

#### MARGIT.

[Screams.] O God, have mercy! Help! Help! They will die!

GUDMUND.

[Setting down the goblet.] Margit—!

SIGNË.

What ails you, sister?

MARGIT.

[Towards the back.] Help, help! Will no one help?

[A HOUSE-CARL rushes in from the passage-way.

# 84 THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT

# HOUSE-CARL.

[Calls in a terrified voice.] Lady Margit! Your h and—!

MARGIT.

He—has he, too, drunk—!

GUDMUND.

[To himself.] Ah! now I understand-

House-Carl.

Knut Gesling has slain him.

SIGNË.

Slain!

GUDMUND.

# ACT III] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

# HOUSE-CARL.

The guests and your men have prevailed against the murderous crew. Knut Gesling and his men are prisoners. Here they come.

[Gudmund's men, and a number of Guests and House-Carls, lead in Knut Gesling, Erik of Hegge, and several of Knut's men, bound.

# KNUT.

[Who is pale, says in a low voice.] Man-slayer, Gudmund. What say you to that?

# GUDMUND.

Knut, Knut, what have you done?

# ERIK.

Twas a mischance, of that I can take my oath.

#### KNUT.

He ran at me swinging his axe; I meant but to defend myself, and struck the death-blow unawares.

#### ERIK.

Many here saw all that befell.

### KNUT.

Lady Margit, crave what fine you will. I am ready to pay it.

### MARGIT.

I crave naught. God will judge us all. Yet stay—one thing I require. Forgo your evil design upon my sister.

ir comoco (aci m

# KNUT.

Never again shall I essay to redeem my baleful pledge. From this day onward I am a better man. Yet would I fain escape dishonourable punishment for my deed. [To Gudmund.] Should you be restored to favour and place again, say a good word for me to the King!

# GUDMUND.

I? Ere the sun sets, I must have left the country. [Astonishment amongst the Guests. Erik, in whispers, explains the situation.

# MARGIT.

[To GUDMUND.] You go? And Signë with you?

SIGNË.

[Beseechingly.] Margit!

MARGIT.

Good fortune follow you both!

SIGNE.

[Flinging her arms round MARGIT'S neck.] Dear sister!

GUDMUND.

Margit, I thank you. And now farewell. [Listening.] Hush! I hear the tramp of hoofs in the court-yard.

SIGNE.

[Apprehensively.] Strangers have arrived.

[A HOUSE-CARL appears in the doorway at the back.

# ACT III] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

#### House-Carl.

The King's men are without. They seek Gudmund Alfson.

SIGNË.

Oh God!

### MARGIT.

[In great alarm.] The King's men!

### GUDMUND.

All is at an end, then. Oh Signë, to lose you now—could there be a harder fate?

# KNUT.

Nay, Gudmund; sell your life dearly, man! Unbind us: we are ready to fight for you, one and all.

### ERIK.

[looks out.] 'Twould be in vain; they are too many for us.

#### SIGNE.

Here they come. Oh Gudmund, Gudmund!

[The King's Messenger enters from the back, with his escort.

### MESSENGER.

In the King's name I seek you, Gudmund Alfson, and bring you his behests.

# GUDMUND.

Be it so. Yet am I guiltless; I swear it by all that is holy!

288

# THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT III

MESSENGER.

We know it.

GUDMUND.

What ray you?

[Agitation amongst those present.

MESSENGER.

I am of His frie it he bes guest to the King's house. as before, and along with

Signë!

Gudmun.

GUDMUND

ID.

But tell me-?

MESSENGER.

Your enemy, the Chancellor Audun Hugleikson, has fallen.

GUDMUND.

The Chancellor!

GUESTS.

[To each other, in a half-whisper.] Fallen!

MESSENGER.

Three days ago he was beheaded at Bergen. [Low-ering his voice.] His offence was against Norway's Queen.

# ACT III] THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG

# MARGIT.

[Placing herself between Gudmund and Signë.] Thus punishment treads on the heels of crime! Protecting angels, loving and bright, Have looked down in mercy on me to-night, And come to my rescue while yet it was time. Now know I that life's most precious treasure Is nor worldly wealth nor earthly pleasure, I have felt the remorse, the terror I know, Of those who wantonly peril their soul, To St. Sunniva's cloister forthwith I go.—

[Before Gudmund and Signë can speak.

Nay: think not to move me or control.

[Places Signë's hand in Gudmund's.

Take her then, Gudmund, and make her your bride. Your union is holy; God's on your side.

[Waving farewell, she goes towards the doorway on the left. GUDMUND and SIGNE follow her, she stops them with a motion of her hand, goes out, and shuts the door behind her. At this moment the sun rises and sheds its light into the hall.

#### GUDMUND.

Signë—my wife! See, the morning glow!
Tis the morning of our young love. Rejoice!

#### SIGNË.

All my fairest of dreams and of memories I owe To the strains of thy harp and the sound of thy voice. My noble minstrel, to joy or sadness Tune thou that harp as seems thee best; There are chords, believe me, within my breast To answer to thine, or of woe or of gladness.



# THE FEAST AT SOLHOUG [ACT III

CHORUS OF MEN AND WOMEN.

er earth keeps watch the eye of light, ardeth lovingly the good man's ways, eddeth round him its consoling rays;— ise be to the Lord in heaven's height!





# LOVE'S COMEDY



# LOVE'S COMEDY

### INTRODUCTION

Kærlighedens Komedie was published at Christiania in January, 1863. The polite world--so far as such a thing existed at that time in the Northern capital—received it with an outburst of indignation not now entirely easy to understand. It has indeed faults enough. The character-drawing is often crude, the action, though full of effective by-play, extremely slight, and the sensational dimax has little relation to human nature as exhibited in Norway, or out of it, at that or any other time. But the sting lay in the unflattering veracity of the piece as a whole; in the merciless portrayal of the trivialities of persons, or classes, high in their own esteem; in the unexampled effrontery of bringing a clergyman upon the stage. All these have long since passed, in Scandinavia, into the category of the things which people take with their Ibsen as a matter of course, and the play is welcomed with delight by every Scandinavian audience. But in 1864 the matter was serious, and Ibsen meant it to be so.

For they were years of ferment—those six or seven which intervened between his return to Christiania from Bergen in 1857, and his departure for Italy in 1864. He was just entering on his intellectual prime. Ten years of chequered, and mostly stern, experience had only ma-

tured and deepened the uncompromising sincerity which had made the Grimstad apprentice an Ishmael in his little community; had only turned the uncomfortable boy, who tried to "waken Scandinavia" to the bitter need of Hungary in 1849, into the man who was presently to waken the civilised world to the yet more appalling veracities of Ghosts. The atmosphere of Christiania in the fifties was little calculated to assuage this temper, and Ibsen's position brought with it fresh elements of prov-The newly founded "Norwegian Theatre," of which he had accepted the directorship, barely maintained itself, in the very capital of Norway, against the ascendancy of Danish taste and acting, enthroned then at the "Christiania" Theatre. A little band of 'nationalists' championed it valiantly in the press; but the solid phalanx of well-to-do and official society looked upon the nationalist movement, and especially upon the

posure of some of them in Love's Comedy sprang from a Norse nationalism, in the patriotic sense, deeper root. had absolutely no part in inspiring or provoking the play; Norse patriots, indeed, were to be among the loudest in decrying it. Ibsen himself, always more "Scandinavian" than Norwegian, was the least "Norse" of all his literary associates, and, keenly as he recognised the inadequacy of the Danish dramatic tradition, outgrew with extreme slowness his early taste for the classic elegance of Danish verse. As a student he had listened with delight to the lectures of Welhaven, the most Danish of Norwegian poets; Heiberg himself, the centre of Danish literary influence in Norway, and the director of the Christiania Theatre, he admired as a poet; and the summary rejection of the Vikings by the autocratic Dane did not prevent its author from commemorating him, upon his death three years later, in a noble dirge. But even apart from Ibsen, the soul of the nationalist movement in literature was something much more vital than a mere pitting of Norwegian against Danish idiosyncrasy. It was an attempt to vindicate for Scandinavian poetry the bold grasp of realities, the energetic application of ideas to life, the masculine and expressive beauty, which are the birthright of every fresh and original literature, and which the faded Romanticism of Denmark could no longer offer. Vinje and Botten-Hansen, Ibsen's closest literary associates, had drawn their literary sustenance less from the "Norse" coryphæus of the last generation, Wergeland, than from Heine and from Hegel. these influences left their mark on Ibsen himself. brilliant paradoxes appealed to a poet whose grip upon

reality was immeasurably firmer, but who habitually used truth to startle, not to persuade. And Hegel's conception of spiritual advance as a process in which self is slain in order that it may truly live, helped to define, if not to generate, Ibsen's profoundly characteristic doctrine that "nought abideth but the lost." The present drama, saturated with th s, is more deeply tinctured ssors. Falk, the young poet with them than who dazz philistine world, is a palric speech matches Heine's pably Hei aring descents to prose,own in b nd i pointed out at the outset by the pedant DI of Romanticism And the conviction which e far from "comic" climax leads Falk and hila to of this Comedy of Love, that only by renunciation can Love survive, this Ibsenian philosophy of love, so strange, so repelling to most readers, was at least matured under It was, from the vantage-ground the stimulus of Hegel. -or the dizzy pinnacle-of this conception of love that Ibsen looked down upon the heterogeneous phenomena current in society under that name and upon the universal assumption that marriage was its natural and (for the respectable) only imaginable goal.

But at this point Ibsen's renunciatory idealism was met by, and taken over into, another current of thought, perhaps more fundamentally his own, and with which Hegel in any case had nothing to do, for it ran utterly counter to him. The spiritual ascetic who counselled lovers to save their love by losing it, was doubled with an almost fanatical individualist, for whom marriage, like every other form of social nexus, was full of snares and pitfalls to the soul, which only cool and circumspect intelligence availed to avoid. Into the suburban drawing-rooms, accordingly, where the manufacture of happy pairs was so gaily and assiduously carried on, Ibsen prepared to fling his double paradox that marriage is the death of Love, and Love the ruin of marriage. An amazing, Protean thing this Ibsenian Love, which needs the agony of eternal separation to be completely itself, and yet at the touch of the routine of married life dribbles away; which triumphs over death and absence by the power of spiritual vision, and yet boggles and blunders purblind in the management of a home!

These ideas were already simmering in Ibsen's mind in 1858, a year after his arrival at Christiania. For the present, however, nothing came of them; his own happy marriage in the same year not improbably casting a little unphilosophical glamour over the state of married lovers.1 But two years later he wrote four scenes of a comedy in prose, Svanhild, which presents nearly all the motives of the corresponding part of the complete play (the first forty pages of Act I.) in a compact and summary form. Once more the work was put by, and two years more passed before he again took it up. But then, in 1862, he threw himself upon it with exuberant energy, entirely rewrote the fragment, and carried it through with unflagging verve to the end. A French critic has called it "a lyric saturnalia," "a debauch of gaiety"; and if it is sometimes only his personages who are gay, not the poet, yet none of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> His wife however entered into his ideas; when the storm broke, after the publication of the play, she was, he afterwards wrote, the one person who approved it.

his plays gives us a more vivid sense of having been written with sustained delight.

The secret of this swift and effortless execution of the purpose he had so long dallied with lay in great part in his having found a thoroughly congenial form. In prose Ibsen was still laborious and uncertain; the masterly freedom he later achieved in it, but hardly before the *Pillars of Society*, was won slowly and at great cost. But in verse he was born free; it was the native language of his mind; in which he could "prance and curvet at will," as he once said to the present writer, like a rider on a horse that knows him. In verse all the exuberance of wit and poetry which his earlier prose thwarted, and his later sternly refused, had unstinted play. It was by their accomplished verse-craft, as has been said, that the Danish poets retained his admiration, even when, in *Peer Gynt*, he was ruthlessly shattering all the academic proprieties

sage of arms between Falk and Guldstad,—the earlier part a moderate, the later an extreme example. In the Sranhild it takes this form:

Guld. As for the poetry of your song, let it be as it will: but there's a bad moral running through it. What sort of economy is it to let the sparrow eat the unripe fruit before it comes to anything? And then to let the cattle loose in the flower garden? A nice spectacle it would be next spring!

Falk. Next spring! If you really enjoy the spring, my friend, you will wish for no other spring than the one you are in.

Compare this with Guldstad's speech (p. 314):

'As for your song, perhaps it's most poetic," etc., and with Falk's following tirade:

"Oh, next, next, next!" etc.

to

"And God knows if there's any resting then?"

A style so insistently vivacious as that of the later version was hardly an ideal medium for drama. But Ibsen, with all his joy in it, is its master, not its slave; he bends it to his purpose, and it becomes in his hands a singularly plastic medium of dramatic expression. The marble is too richly veined for ideal sculpture, but it takes the print of life. The wit, exuberant as it is, does not coruscate indiscriminately upon all lips; and it has many shades and varieties—caustic, ironical, imaginative, playful, pas-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ibsen, Efterladte Skrifter, I. 452. 3.

300

sionate—which take their temper from the speaker's mood.

But the development of the prose draft went far beyond style. Motives there just hinted are expanded into scenes, and the too closely packed dramatic ideas acquire their due value. The stoning of Svanhild's bird, instead of being told by her, is done before our eyes, and is, moreover, made dramatically expressive as Falk's symbolic vengeance for her supposed betrayal. The persons and their characters are substantially the same; but Stiver, the law clerk, replaces a journalist, and the personality of Svanhild, the heroine, is immensely strengthened and enriched. The prose Svanhild is little more than a pleasant Backfisch; when offended with Falk she will refuse to shake hands with him; but she is quite incapable of the powerful and subtle home thrusts by which the later Svanhild lays bare the weak places of her lover. Still

as she reckons up the tale of daughters or of nieces safely married off under her auspices; or, again, the embarrassments incident to a prolonged Brautstand following a hasty wooing, the deadly effect of familiarity upon a shallow affection, and the anxious efforts to save the appearance of romance when its zest has departed even the drastic picture of the Strawmans, Swiftian in its savagery, whose youthful fire has been converted into ashes and smoke by the preoccupations of a fruitful marriage,—all this required only a keen eye for absurdities, and does not touch the core of Ibsen's play. Camilla Collett, in her novel the Official's Daughters (1855), had ridiculed the same absurdities in the name of that very marriage for love which Ibsen repudiated. And these Stivers and Jays, these Linds and Annas, seem much less calculated to stand as examples of the fatuity of marrying for love, than as types of those who marry without understanding what love is at all. The problem of love, as Ibsen the poet and idealist saw it, is not involved in their mishaps. The gist of the action lies accordingly in the relations of the three central figures, -Falk, Svanhild, and Guldstad. All three, though full of dramatic individuality, convey different aspects of Ibsen's own thought. Falk, whose brilliant mockery pillories the victims of conventional love-making, himself contributes to the comedy by the fatuous egoism of his own first essay in love. He is a poet, and Ibsen, as so often elsewhere, ridicules in his creation foibles which he knew as passing impulses, or even as vanquished temptations, in himself. But as a poet he also represents Ibsen's poetic and idealist inspiration in all its phases,—passing through the whole gamut from Benedick to Romeo, and finally to the purely Ibsenian super-Romeo who renounces in order to retain. As Falk applies his cautery to the company at large, Svanhild, with greater insight and at least equal spirit, applies hers to him. But she has nothing in common with the self-willed "emancipated" Rebekkas and Hildes of the future. She is rather the embodiment of all that Ibsen in these years understood by a high-souled girl's devotion in love. Her vision is as much finer and clearer than Falk's as her heart is richer; she convinces him of his weakness, and lifts him to the height of his strength. And the renunciation is harder by far for her. He is a poet, and the "song and sun" with which her love has filled him will evidently be no contemptible quid pro quo for its loss. But Svanhild's renunciation. rapturous as it is, is indeed her "last song." She lives in her memories, but she has buried her happiness. "Not

stad, finally, represents exclusively this "unromantic" side of Ibsen. Like Antonio in Goethe's Tasso, he confronts, and finally checkmates, the brilliant wayward poet with the calm intelligence and strong sense of the experienced man of the world. And Guldstad is drawn with yet more marked sympathy and respect than Antonio. He expresses Ibsen's doctrine of marriage, as Falk and Svanhild his doctrine of love. When, therefore, their love, in defiance of both doctrines, is on the point of issuing in marriage, the formidable merchant faces them with the double weight of his experience and of their own past convictions, and becomes immediately master of the game. But there is no triumph in his success; he takes his prize with tender pity and sympathetic understanding; and if prose in his person prevails, with Ibsen's full concurrence, over poetry, it is prose conscious that it is but the second best course, a needful accommodation to the world of facts.

The present version of the play retains the metres of the original, and follows it in general line for line. For a long passage, occupying substantially the first twenty pages, the translator is indebted to the editor of the present work; and two other passages—Falk's tirades on pp. 366 and 408—result from a fusion of versions made independently by us both.

C. H. H.







# PERSONS OF THE COMEDY

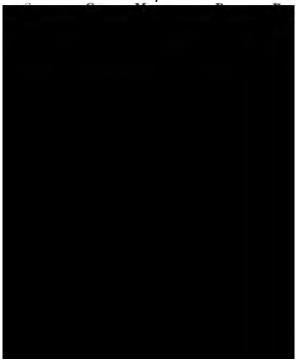
MRS. HALM, widow of a government official.

SVANHILD, ANNA,

FALK, a young author,
LIND, a divinity student,
GULDSTAD, a wholesale merchant.

STIVER, a law-clerk.
MISS JAY, his fiancée.

STRAWMAN, a country clergyman.
MRS. STRAWMAN, his wife.





# LOVE'S COMEDY

# PLAY IN THREE ACTS

# ACT FIRST

The Scene represents a pretty garden irregularly but tastefully laid out; in the background are seen the ford and the islands. To the left is the house, with a verandah and an open dormer window above; to the right in the foreground an open summer-house with a table and benches. The landscape lies in bright afternoon sunshine. It is early summer; the fruit-trees are in flower.

When the Curtain rises, Mrs. Halm, Anna, and Miss Jay are sitting on the verandah, the first two engaged in embroidery, the last with a book. In the summerhouse are seen Falk, Lind, Guldstad, and Stiver: a punch-bowl and glasses are on the table. Syan-hild sits alone in the background by the water.

### FALK.

[Rises, lifts his glass, and sings.]
Sun-glad day in garden shady
Was but made for thy delight:
What though promises of May-day
Be annulled by Autumn's blight?

# LOVE'S COMEDY

08

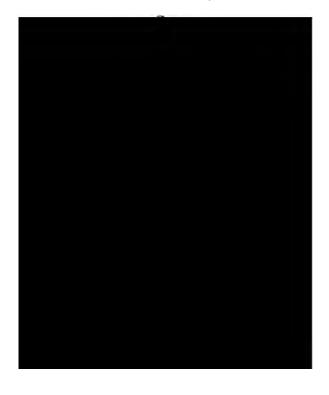
Apple-blossom white and splendid Drapes thee in its glowing tent,— Let it, then, when day is ended, Strew the closes storm-besprent.

CHORUS OF GENTLEMEN.

Let it, then, when day is ended, etc.

# FALK.

Wherefore seek the harvest's guerdon
While the tree is yet in bloom?
Wherefore drudge beneath the burden
Of an unaccomplished doom?
Wherefore let the scarecrow clatter
Day and night upon the tree?
Brothers mine, the sparrow's chatter
Has a cheerier melody.



### FALK.

I will live in song and gladness,—
Then, when every bloom is shed,
Sweep together, scarce in sadness,
All that glory, wan and dead:
Fling the gates wide! Bruise and batter,
Tear and trample, hoof and tusk;
I have plucked the flower, what matter
Who devours the withered husk!

### CHORUS.

I have plucked the flower, etc.

[They clink and empty their glasses.

# FALK.

[To the ladies.]

There—that's the song you asked me for; but pray Be lenient to it—I can't think to-day.

### GULDSTAD.

Ohenever mind the sense—the sound's the thing.

### MISS JAY.

[Looking round.]

But Svanhild, who was eagerest to hear—? When Falk began, she suddenly took wing And vanished—

### Anna.

[Pointing towards the back.]

No, for there she sits-I see her.

# LOVE'S COMEDY

ſ

10

MRS. HALM.

[Sighing.]

That child! Heaven knows, she's past my con hending!

MISS JAY.

But, Mr. Falk, I thought the lyric's ending Was not so rich in—well, in poetry, As others of the stanzas seemed to be.

STIVER.

Why, yes, and I am sure it could not tax Your powers to get a little more inserted—

FALK.

[Clinking glasses with him.]

You cram it in, like putty into cracks.

MISS JAY.

[To the ladies.]

His nature is romantic.

MRS. HALM.

Yes, we know it.

STIVER.

Not now; it's ages since I turned a rhyme.

FALK.

Yes, varnish and romance go off with time. But in the old days-?

STIVER.

Well, you see, 'twas when

I was in love.

FALK.

Is that time over, then? Have you slept off the sweet intoxication?

STIVER.

I'm now engaged—I hold official station— That's better than in love, I apprehend!

FALK.

Quite so! You're in the right, my good old friend. The worst is past—vous voilà bien avance— Promoted from mere lover to fiancé.

# LOVE'S COMEDY

STIVER.

 $[With\ a\ smile\ of\ complacent\ recollection.]$ 

It's strange to think of it—upon my word, I half suspect my memory of lying—

[Turns to

But seven years ago—it sounds absurd!—I wasted office hours in versifying.

FALK.

What! Office hours—!

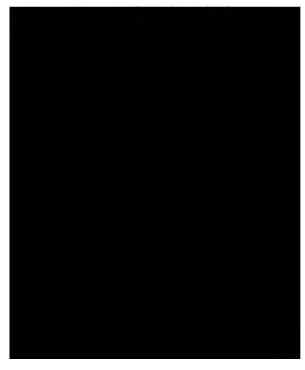
12

STIVER.

Yes, such were my transgre

GULDSTAD.

[Ringing on his glass.]



to Fix

ression.

# FALK.

The spring of poetry flowed no less flush? But how, pray, did you teach it first to gush?

STIVER.

By aid of love's divining-rod, my friend!

Miss Jay it was that taught me where to bore,

My fiancée—she became so in the end—

For then she was—

FALK.

Your love and nothing more.

STIVER.

[Continuing.]

Twas a strange time; I could not read a bit; I tuned my pen instead of pointing it; And when along the foolscap sheet it raced, It twangled music to the words I traced;—At last by letter I declared my flame To her—to her—

FALK.

Whose fiancé you became.

STIVER.

In course of post her answer came to hand The motion granted—judgment in my favour!

FALK.

And you felt bigger, as you wrote, and braver, To find you'd brought your venture safe to land!



[ACT

STIVER.

Of course

114

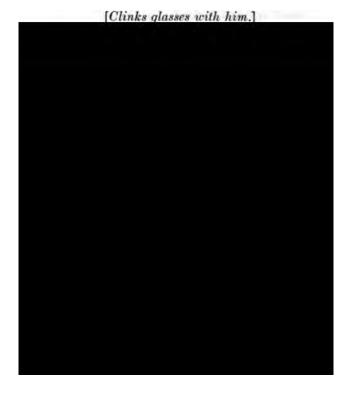
FALK.

And then you bade the Muse farewel

STIVER.

I've felt no lyric impulse, truth to tell, From that day forth. My vein appeared to peter Entirely out; and now, if I essay
To turn a verse or two for New Year's Day, I make the veriest hash of rhyme and metre, And—I've no notion what the cause can be—It turns to law and not to poetry.

## GULDSTAD.



Oh, next, next, next! The thought I loathe and fear

That these four letters timidly express—
It beggars millionaires in happiness!
If I could be the autocrat of speech
But for one hour, that hateful word I'd banish;
I'd send it packing out of mortal reach,
As B and G from Knudsen's Grammar vanish.

#### STIVER.

Why should the word of hope enrage you thus?

#### FALK.

Because it darkens God's fair earth for us. "Next year," "next love," "next life,"—my soul is vext

To see this world in thraldom to "the next."
Tis this dull forethought, bent on future prizes,
That millionaires in gladness pauperises.
Far as the eye can reach, it blurs the age;
All rapture of the moment it destroys;
No one dares taste in peace life's simplest joys
Until he's struggled on another stage—
And there arriving, can he there repose?
No—to a new "next" off he flies again;
On, on, unresting, to the grave he goes;
And God knows if there's any resting then.

#### MISS JAY.

Fie, Mr. Falk, such sentiments are shocking.



[A

## ANNA.

[Pensively.]

Oh, I can understand the feeling quite; I am sure at bottom Mr. Falk is right.

16

MISS JAY.

[Perturbed.]

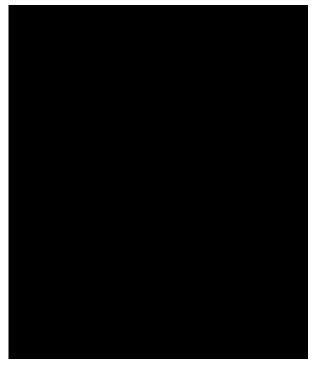
My Stiver mustn't listen to his mocking. He's rather too eccentric even now.— My dear, I want you.

STIVER.

[Occupied in cleaning his pipe.]

Presently, my dear.

## GULDSTAD.



ACT I]

## LOVE'S COMEDY

317

Would saunter arm in arm the selfsame way—
[Breaking off.

But Lind! why, what's the matter with you, pray? You sit there dumb and dreaming—I suspect you're Deep in the mysteries of architecture.

## LIND.

[Collecting himself.]

I? What should make you think so?

#### FALK.

I observe.

Your eyes are glued to the verandah yonder—You're studying, mayhap, its arches' curve, Or can it be its pillars' strength you ponder, The door perhaps, with hammered iron hinges? The window blinds, and their artistic fringes? From something there your glances never wander.

#### LIND.

No, you are wrong—I'm just absorbed in being— Drunk with the hour—naught craving, naught foreseeing.

I feel as though I stood, my life complete, With all earth's riches scattered at my feet. Thanks for your song of happiness and spring— From out my inmost heart it seemed to spring.

[Lifts his glass and exchanges a glance, unobserved, with ANNA.

Here's to the blossom in its fragrant pride! What reck we of the fruit of autumn-tide?

[Empties his glass.



18

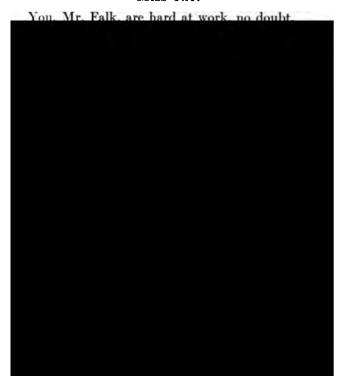
[ACT I

## FALK.

looks at him with surprise and emotion, but assumes a light tone.]

Behold, fair ladies! though you scorn me quite, Here I have made an easy proselyte. His hymn-book yesterday was all he cared for—To-day e'en dithyrambics he's prepared for! We poets must be born, cries every judge; But prose-folks, now and then, like Strasburg geese, Gorge themselves so inhumanly obese On rhyming balderdash and rhythmic fudge, That, when cleaned out, their very souls are thick With lyric lard and greasy rhetoric. [To Lind. Your praise, however, I shall not forget; We'll sweep the lyre henceforward in duet.

#### MISS JAY.



Let blindness veil the sunlight from mine eyes I'll chant the splendour of the sunlit skies! Just for a season let me beg or borrow A great, a crushing, a stupendous sorrow, And soon you'll hear my hymns of gladness rise! But best, Miss Jay, to nerve my wings for flight, Find me a maid to be my life, my light—For that incitemer: t long to Heaven I've pleaded; But hitherto, worse luck, it hasn't heeded.

MISS JAY.

What levity!

MRS. HALM.

Yes, most irreverent!

#### FALK.

Pray don't imagine it was my intent
To live with her on bread and cheese and kisses.
No! just upon the threshold of our blisses,
Kind Heaven must snatch away the gift it lent.
I need a little spiritual gymnastic;
The dose in that form surely would be drastic.

#### SVANHILD

[Has during the talk approached; she stands close to the table, and says in a determined but whimsical tone:

I'll pray that such may be your destiny. But, when it finds you—bear it like a man.

[Turning round in surprise.]

Miss Svanhild!—well, I'll do the best I can.
But think you I may trust implicitly
To finding your petitions efficacious?
Heaven, as you know, to faith alone is gracious—
And though you've doubtless will enough for two
To make me bid my peace of mind adieu,
Have you the faith to carry matters through?
That is the question.

SVANHILD.

[Half in jest.]

Wait till sorrow comes,
And all your being's springtide chills and numbs,
Wait till it gnaws and rends you, soon and late,
Then tell me if my faith is adequate.

[She goes across to the ladies.

MRS. HALM.

[Aside to her.]

Can you two never be at peace? you've made Poor Mr. Falk quite angry I'm afraid.

[Continues reprovingly in a low voice. Miss Jay joins in the conversation. Svanhild remains cold and silent.

## FALK.

[After a pause of reflection goes over to the summer-house, then to himself.]

With fullest confidence her glances lightened. Shall I believe, as she does so securely, That Heaven intends—

#### GULDSTAD.

No, hang it! don't be frightened! The powers above would be demented surely To give effect to orders such as these.

No, my good sir—the cure for your disease Is exercise for muscle, nerve and sinew.

Don't lie there wasting all the grit that's in you In idle dreams; cut wood, if that were all; And then I'll say the devil's in't indeed If one brief fortnight does not find you freed From all your whimsies high-fantastical

#### FALK.

Fetter'd by choice, like Burnell's ass, I ponder— The flesh on this side, and the spirit yonder. Which were it wiser I should go for first?

#### GULDSTAD.

[Filling the glasses.]

First have some punch—that quenches ire and thirst.

## MRS. HALM.

[Looking at her watch.]

Ha! Eight o'clock! my watch is either fast, or It's just the time we may expect the Pastor.

[Rises, and puts things in order on the verandah.

#### FALK.

What! have we parsons coming?

MISS JAY.

Don't you know?

[ACT

MRS. HALM.

I told you, just a little while ago-

2

Anna.

No, mother-Mr. Falk had not yet come.

MRS. HALM.

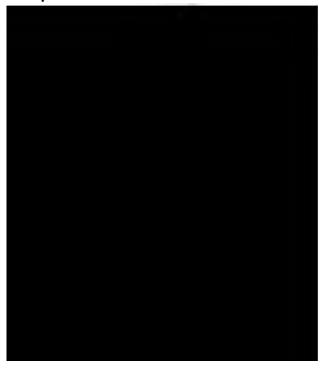
Why no, that's true; but pray don't look so glun Trust me, you'll be enchanted with his visit.

FALK.

A clerical enchanter; pray who is it?

Mrs. Halm.

Why, Pastor Strawman, not unknown to fame.



MRS. HALM.

And all their blessings—

FALK.

To give them three or four days' treat, poor dears— Soon he'll be buried over head and ears In Swedish muddles and official messings— I see!

MRS. HALM.

[To FALK.]

Now there's a man for you, in truth!

GULDSTAD.

They say he was a rogue, though, in his youth.

MISS JAY.

[Offended.]

There, Mr. Guldstad, I must break a lance! I've heard as long as I can recollect,
Most worthy people speak with great respect
Of Pastor Strawman and his life's romance.

GULDSTAD.

[Laughing.]

Romance?

MISS JAY.

Romance! I call a match romantic At which mere worldly wisdom looks askance.

FALK

You make my curiosity gigantic.

24

[ACI

## MISS JAY.

[Continuing.]

But certain people always grow splenetic— Why, goodness knows—at everything pathetic, And scoff it down. We all know how, of late, An unfledged, upstart undergraduate Presumed with brazen insolence, to declare That "William Russell" was a poor affair!

## FALK.

But what has this to do with Strawman, pray? Is he a poem, or a Christian play?

## MISS JAY.

[With tears of emotion.]
No, Falk,—a man, with heart as large as day.

Dut when a so to seed more lifeless thing

325

It's something quite delightful I've no doubt— But just a little inkling in advance—

STIVER.

I will abstract, in rapid résumé, The leading points.

ACT I

MISS JAY.

No, I am more au fait, I know the ins and outs—

MRS. HALM.

I know them too!

MISS JAY.

Oh Mrs. Halm! now let me tell it, do! Well, Mr. Falk, you see—he passed at college For quite a miracle of wit and knowledge, Had admirable taste in books and dress—

MRS. HALM.

And acted—privately—with great success.

Miss JAY.

Yes, wait a bit—he painted, played and wrote—

MRS. HALM.

And don't forget his gift of anecdote

MISS JAY

Do give me time; I know the whole affair: He made some verses, set them to an air,

3

**[**A

Also his own,—and found a publisher. O Heavens! with what romantic melancholy He played and sang his "Madrigals to Molly"

Mrs. Halm.

He was a genius, that's the simple fact.

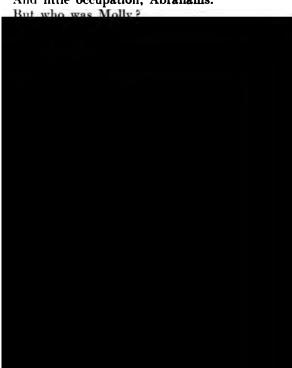
GULDSTAD.

[To himself.]

Hm! Some were of opinion he was cracked.

#### FALK.

A gray old stager, whose sagacious head Was never upon mouldy parchments fed, Says "Love makes Petrarchs, just as many lai And little occupation, Abrahams."



MISS JAY.

That is the trivial side of the affair.

FALK.

A firm?

MISS JAY.

[Continuing.]

Of vast resources, I'm informed. You can imagine how the suitors swarm'd; Gentlemen of the highest reputation.—

MRS. HALM.

Even a baronet made application.

MISS JAY.

But Molly was not to be made their catch. She had met Strawman upon private stages; To see him was to love him—

FALK. .

And despatch
The wooing gentry home without their wages?

MRS. HALM.

Was it not just a too romantic match?

MISS JAY.

And then there was a terrible old father, Whose sport was thrusting happy souls apart; She had a guardian also, as I gather, To add fresh torment to her tortured heart.

[AC

But each of them was loyal to his vow; A straw-thatched cottage and a snow-white ewe They dream'd of, just enough to nourish two—

MRS. HALM.

Or at the very uttermost a cow,-

MISS JAY.

In short, I've heard it from the lips of both,—A beck, a byre, two bosoms, and one troth.

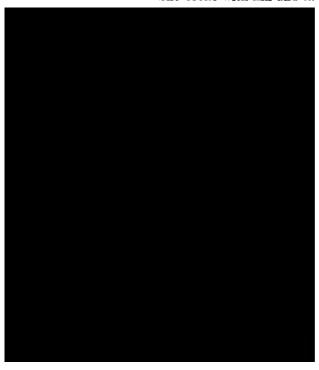
FALK.

Ah yes! And then-?

28

MISS JAY.

She broke with kin and cla



MISS JAY.

Shame!

Mrs. Halm.

Fy, fy! my late beloved husband's name Was on the list of sponsors—!

STIVER.

[To Miss JAY.]

You're to blame

For leaving that important item out. In a report 'tis of the utmost weight That the chronology be accurate. But what I never yet could comprehend Is how on earth they managed—

FALK.

The one room

Not housing sheep and cattle, I presume.

MISS JAY.

[To STIVER.]

O, but you must consider this, my friend; There is no Want where Love's the guiding star; All's right without if tender Troth's within.

[To FALK.

He loved her to the notes of the guitar, And she gave lessons on the violin—

MRS. HALM.

Then all, of course, on credit they bespoke—

GULDSTAD.

Till, in a year, the timber merchant broke.

MRS. HALM.

Then Strawman had a call to north.

0

MISS JAY.

And th

Vowed, in a letter that I saw (as few did), He lived but for his duty, and for her.

FALK.

[As if completing her statement.]

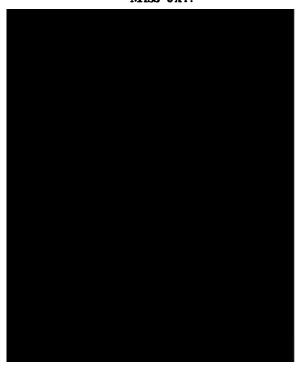
And with those words his Life's Romance conc

MRS. HALM.

[Rising.]

How if we should go out upon the lawn, And see if there's no prospect of them yet?

MISS JAY.



Ah, ditto.

LIND.

Falk, your hand! The tide Of joy's so vehement, it will perforce Break out—

FALK.

Hullo there; you must first be tried; Sentence and hanging follow in due course. Now, what on earth's the matter? To conceal From me, your friend, this treasure of your finding; For you'll confess the inference is binding: You've come into a prize off Fortune's wheel!

LIND.

I've snared and taken Fortune's blessed bird!

FALK.

How? Living,—and undamaged by the steel?

LIND.

Patience; I'll tell the matter in one word. I am engaged! Conceive—!

FALK.

[Quickly.]

Engaged!

LIND.

It's true.

To-day,—with unimagined courage swelling, I said,—ahem, it will not bear re-telling;—

But only think,—the sweet young maiden gra Quite rosy-red,—but not at all enraged! You see, Falk, what I ventured for a bride! She listened,—and I rather think she cried; That, sure, means "Yes"?

FALK.

If precedents de

Go on.

32

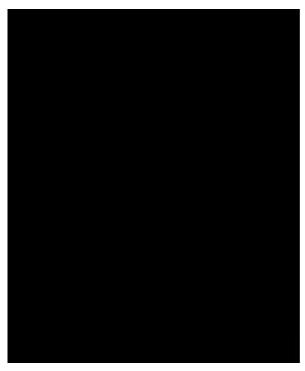
LIND.

And so we really are engaged?

FALK.

I should conclude so; but the only way To be quite certain, is to ask Miss Jay.

LIND.



Engaged! Aha, so that was why you flung The Holy Law and Prophets on the shelf!

LIND.

[Laughing.]

And you believed it was the song you sung—!

FALK.

A poet believes all things of himself.

LIND.

[Seriously.]

Don't think, however, Falk, that I dismiss
The theologian from my hour of bliss.
Only, I find the Book will not suffice
As Jacob's ladder unto Paradise.
I must into God's world, and seek Him there.
A boundless kindness in my heart upsprings,
I love the straw, I love the creeping things;
They also in my joy shall have a share.

FALK.

Yes, only tell me this, though—

LIND.

I have told it,—

My precious secret, and our three hearts hold it!

FALK.

But have you thought about the future?

[ACT

## LIND.

Thought

I?—thought about the future? No, from this
Time forth I live but in the hour that is.
In home shall all my happiness be sought;
We hold Fate's reins, we drive her hither, thither,
And neither friend nor mother shall have right
To say unto my budding blossom: Wither!
For I am earnest and her eyes are bright,
And so it must unfold into the light!

## FALK.

Yes, Fortune likes you, you will serve her turn!

# LIND.

My spirits like wild music glow and burn; I feel myself a Titan: though a foss

## LIND.

Pooh, the quartette may go and climb in trio, The lowly dale has mountain air for me; Here I've the immeasurable fjord, the flowers, Here I have warbling birds and choral bowers, And lady Fortune's self,—for here is she!

## FALK.

Ah, lady Fortune by our Northern water
Is rara avis,—hold her if you've caught her!
[With a glance towards the house.

Hist-Svanhild-

#### LIND.

Well; I go,—disclose to none
The secret that we share alone with one.
Twas good of you to listen: now enfold it
Deep in your heart,—warm, glowing, as I told it.

[He goes out in the background to the others. Falk looks after him a moment, and paces up and down in the garden, visibly striving to master his agitation. Presently SVANHILD comes out with a shawl on her arm, and is going towards the back. Falk approaches and gazes at her fixedly. SVANHILD stops.

SVANHILD.

[After a short pause.]

You gaze so at me?

#### FALK.

[Half to himself.]

Yes, 'tis there—the same; The shadow in her eyes' deep mirror sleeping,

[ACT I

The roguish elf about her lips a-peeping, It is there.

SVANHILD.

What? You frighten me.

FALK.

Your name

Is Svanhild?

3

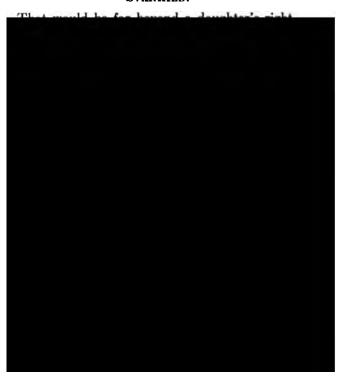
SVANHILD.

Yes, you know it very well.

FALK.

But do you know the name is laughable? I beg you to discard it from to-night!

SVANHILD.



The ideal that heroic name expresses? No, no, discard it with your outworn dresses.

SVANHILD.

You mean the mythical princess, no doubt-

FALK.

Who, guiltless, died beneath the horse's feet.

SVANHILD.

But now such acts are clearly obsolete.

No, no, I'll mount his saddle! There's my place!

How often have I dreamt, in pensive ease,

He bore me, buoyant, through the world apace,

His mane a flag of freedom in the breeze!

FALK.

Yes, the old tale. In "pensive ease" no mortal Is stopped by thwarting bar or cullis'd portal; Fearless we cleave the ether without bound; In practice, tho', we shrewdly hug the ground; For all love life and, having choice, will choose it; And no man dares to leap where he may lose it.

SVANHILD.

Yes! show me but the end, I'll spurn the shore; But let the end be worth the leaping for! A Ballarat beyond the desert sands— Else each will stay exactly where he stands.

FALK.

[Sarcastically.]

I grasp the case;—the due conditions fail.



38

[AC

SVANHILD.

[Eagerly.]

Exactly: what's the use of spreading sail When there is not a breath of wind astir?

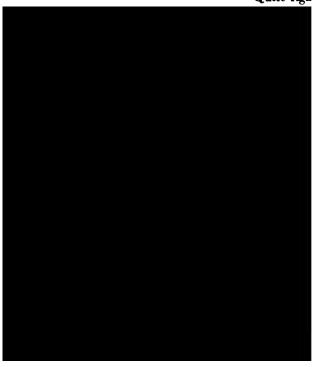
FALK.

[Ironically.]

Yes, what's the use of plying whip and spur When there is not a penny of reward For him who tears him from the festal board, And mounts, and dashes headlong to perdition: Such doing for the deed's sake asks a knight, And knighthood's now an idle superstition. That was your meaning, possibly?

SVANHILD.

Quite righ



I knew you'd find your footing in the ways Of old Romance.

## SVANHILD.

Yes, modern virtue is Of quite another stamp. Who now arrays Himself to battle for the truth? Who'll stake His life and person fearless for truth's sake? Where is the hero?

#### FALK.

[Looking keenly at her.]

Where is the Valkyria?

#### SVANHILD.

# [Shaking her head.]

Valkyrias find no market in this land!
When the faith lately was assailed in Syria,
Did you go out with the crusader-band?
No, but on paper you were warm and willing,—
And sent the "Clerical Gazette" a shilling.

[Pause. Falk is about to retort, but checks himself, and goes into the garden.

#### SVANHILD.

[After watching him a moment, approaches him and asks:

gently:]

Falk, are you angry?

FALK.

No, I only brood,—

0

[A

## SVANHILD.

[With thoughtful sympathy.]

You seem to be two natures, still at feud,— Unreconciled—

FALK.

I know it well.

SVANHILD.

[Impetuously.]

But why?

FALK.

[Losing self-control.]

Why, why? Because I hate to go about With soul bared boldly to the vulgar eye, As Jock and Jennie hang their passions out; To wear my glowing heart upon my sleeve,

[Picking up a stone.]

Then must the owner and the bird be near, Or its song's squandered on a stranger's ear.

#### SVANHILD.

Yes, that is true; but I've discovered mine. Of speech and song I am denied the power, But when it warbles in its leafy bower, Poems flow in upon my brain like wine—Ah, yes,—they fleet—they are not to be won—

[Falk throws the stone. Svanhild screams. O God, you've hit it! Ah, what have you done! [She hurries out to the right and then quickly returns.

O pity! pity!

## FALK.

[In passionate agitation.]

No,—but eye for eye,
Svanhild, and tooth for tooth. Now you'll attend
No further greetings from your garden-friend,
No guerdon from the land of melody.
That is my vengeance: as you slew, I slay.

SVANHILD.

I slew?

#### FALK.

You slew. Until this very day, A clear-voiced song-bird warbled in my soul; See,—now one passing bell for both may toll—You've killed it!

[ACI

SVANHILD.

Have I?

FALK.

Yes, for you have sla
My young, high-hearted, joyous exultation—
[Contemptuous]

By your betrothal!

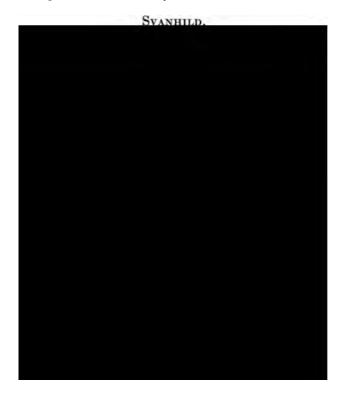
2

SVANHILD.

How! But pray, explain-!

FALK.

O, it's in full accord with expectation; He gets his licence, enters orders, speeds to A post,—as missionary in the West—



SVANHILD.

Who win this overplus of bliss? Ah no!

FALK.

[With almost childish joy.]

It is not you! O God be glorified!
What love, what mercy does He not bestow!
I shall not see you as another's bride;—
'Twas but the fire of pain He bade me bear—
[Tries to seize her hand.

O hear me, Svanhild, hear me then-

SVANHILD.

[Pointing quickly to the background.]

See there!

[She goes towards the house. At the same moment Mrs. Halm, Anna, Miss Jay, Guldstad, Stiver, and Lind emerge from the background. During the previous scene the sun has set; it is now dark.

MRS. HALM.

[To SVANHILD.]

The Strawmans may be momently expected Where have you been?

MISS JAY.

[After glancing at Falk.]

Your colour's very high.

SVANHILD.

A little face-ache; it will soon pass by.

and yet you walk at nightfall unprotected? Arrange the room, and see that tea is ready; Let everything be nice; I know the lady.

[SVANHILD goes in.

STIVER.

[To FALK.]

What is the colour of this parson's coat?

I guess bread-taxers would not catch his vote.

How if one made allusion to the store Of verses, yet unpublished, in my drawer?

It might do something.

STIVER.

Would to heaven it

Our wedding's imminent; our purses light Courtship's a very serious affair.

Just so: "Qu'allais-tu faire dans cette ga

STIVER.

Is courtship a "galère?"

FALK.

No, marrie

All servitude, captivity, and gives.

#### STIVER.

[Seeing Miss Jay approach.]

You little know what wealth a man obtains From woman's eloquence and woman's brains.

MISS JAY.

[Aside to STIVER.]

Will Guldstad give us credit, think you?

STIVER.

[Peevishly.]

I

Am not quite certain of it yet: I'll try.

[They withdraw in conversation; LIND and ANNA approach.

LIND.

[Aside to FALK.]

I can't endure it longer; in post-haste I must present her—

FALK.

You had best refrain, And not initiate the eye profane Into your mysteries—

LIND.

That would be a jest!—
From you, my fellow-boarder, and my mate,
To keep concealed my new-found happy state!
Nay, now, my head with Fortune's oil anointed—

16

## FALK.

You think the occasion good to get it curled? Well, my good friend, you won't be disappointed; Go and announce your union to the world!

#### LIND.

Other reflections also weigh with me, And one of more especial gravity; Say that there lurked among our motley band Some sneaking, sly, pretender to her hand; Say, his attentions became undisguised,— We should be disagreeably compromised.

## FALK.

Yes, it is true; it had escaped my mind, You for a higher office were designed, Love as his young licentiate has retained you; Shortly you'll get a permanent position: The fellow, as we know, comes daily down, Is rich, unmarried, takes you round the town; In short, my own, regard it as we will, There are a thousand things that bode us ill.

ANNA.

[Sighing.]

Oh, it's too bad; to-day was so delicious.

FALK.

[Sympathetically to Lind.]

Don't wreck your joy, unfoundedly suspicious, Don't hoist your flag till time the truth disclose—

Anna.

Great God! Miss Jay is looking; hush, be still! [She and LIND withdraw in different directions.

FALK.

[Looking after LIND.]

So to the ruin of his youth he goes.

GULDSTAD.

The has meantime been conversing on the steps with Mrs. Halm and Miss Jay, approaches Falk and slaps him on the shoulder.

Well, brooding on a poem?

FALK.

No, a play.

GULDSTAD.

The deuce;—I never heard it was your line.

O no, the author is a friend of mine, And your acquaintance also, I daresay. The knave's a dashing writer, never doubt. Only imagine, in a single day He's worked a perfect little Idyll out.

GULDSTAD.

[Slily.]

With happy ending, doubtless!

FALK.

You're aware,
No curtain falls but on a plighted pair.
Thus with the Trilogy's First Part we've reckoned;
But now the poet's labour-throes begin;
The Comedy of Troth-plight, Part the Second,
Thro' five insinid Acts he has to spin

The Comedy of Troth-plight, Part the Second, Thro' five insipid Acts he has to spin, And of that staple, finally, compose Part Third,—or Wedlock's Tragedy, in prose.

GULDSTAD.

[Smiling.]

The poet's vein is catching, it would seem.

FALK.

Really? How so, pray?

GULDSTAD.

Since I also pore

And ponder over a poetic scheme,-

[Mysteriously.

An actuality—and not a dream.

And pray, who is the hero of your theme?

GULDSTAD.

I'll tell you that to-morrow—not before.

FALK.

It is yourself!

GULDSTAD.

You think me equal to it?

FALK.

I'm sure no other mortal man could do it.
But then the heroine? No city maid,
I'll swear, but of the country, breathing balm?

GULDSTAD.

[Lifting his finger.]

Ah,—that's the point, and must not be betrayed!—
[Changing his tone.

Pray tell me your opinion of Miss Halm.

FALK.

O you're best able to pronounce upon her; My voice can neither credit nor dishonour,—
[Smilin]

[Smiling.

But just take care no mischief-maker blot This fine poetic scheme of which you talk. Suppose I were so shameless as to balk The meditated climax of the plot?

[/

GULDSTAD.

[Good-naturedly.]

Well, I would cry "Amen," and change my pla

FALK.

What!

50

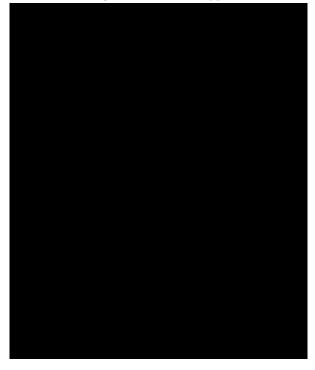
GULDSTAD.

Why, you see, you are a letter'd man; How monstrous were it if your skill'd design Were ruined by a bungler's hand like mine! [Retires to the backgro

### FALK.

[In passing, to LIND.]

Yes, you were right; the merchant's really scher The ruin of your new-won happiness.



GULDSTAD.

[Facetiously.]

What, all not running smooth

In true love's course?

STIVER.

Not that exactly—

FALK.

[Coming up.]

Then

With your engagement?

STIVER.

That's about the truth.

FALK.

Hurrah! Your spendthrift pocket has a groat Or two still left, it seems, of poetry.

STIVER.

[Stiffly.]

I cannot see what poetry has got To do with my engagement, or with me.

FALK.

You are not meant to see; when lovers prove What love is, all is over with their love.

GULDSTAD.

[To STIVER.]

But if there's matter for adjustment, pray Let's hear it.

# 2

## STIVER.

I've been pondering all day Whether the thing is proper to disclose, But still the Ayes are balanced by the Noes.

## FALK.

I'll right you in one sentence. Ever since As plighted lover you were first installed, You've felt yourself, if I may say so, galled—

## STIVER.

And sometimes to the quick.

### FALK.

You've had to wince

Beneath a crushing load of obligations
That you'd send packing, if good form permitted.
That's what's the matter.

### FALK.

Yes, Resolution's knife, to sever Each captive bond, and set you free for ever, To soar—

STIVER.

[Angrily.]

Nay, now you're insolent beyond Endurance! Me to charge with violation Of law,—me, me with plotting to abscond! It's libellous, malicious defamation, Insult and calumny—

## FALK.

Are you insane?
What is all this about? Explain! Explain!

GULDSTAD.

[Laughingly to Stiver.]

Yes, clear your mind of all this balderdash! What do you want?

STIVER.

[Pulling himself together.]

A trifling loan in cash.

FALK.

A loan!

STIVER.

[Hurriedly to Guldstad.]

That is, I mean to say, you know, A voucher for a ten pound note, or so.

LACT I

MISS JAY.

[To LIND and ANNA.]

I wish you joy! How lovely, how delicious!

GULDSTAD.

[Going up to the ladies.]

Pray what has happened?

[To himself.]

This was unpropitious

FALK.

[Throws his arms about STIVER'S neck.]

Hurrah! the trumpet's dulcet notes proclaim

A brother born to you in Amor's name!

[Drags him to the other.

MISS JAY.

[To Anna.]

Well, there will come a flood of gratulation!

[Caresses her with emotion.

LIND.

[Seizing Falk's hand.]

My friend, I walk in rapt intoxication!

FALK.

Hold! As a plighted man you are a member Of Rapture's Temperance-association. Observe its rules;—no orgies here, remember!

[Turning to Guldstad sympathetically.

Well, my good sir!

GULDSTAD.

[Beaming with pleasure.]

I think this promises All happiness for both.

FALK.

[Staring at him.]

You seem to stand The shock with exemplary self-command. That's well.

GULDSTAD.

What do you mean, sir?

[1

FALK.

Only

That inasmuch as you appeared to feed Fond expectations of your own—

В

GULDSTAD.

Indeed?

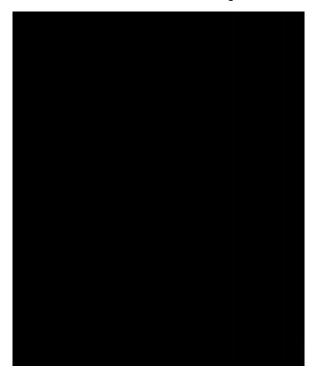
FALK.

At any rate, you were upon the scent. You named Miss Halm; you stood upon this And asked me—

GULDSTAD.

[Smiling.]

There are two, though, are there



## ACT I] LOVE'S COMEDY

357

GULDSTAD.

Not quite; the accent of society She cannot hit exactly; there she loses.

FALK.

A grievous fault.

GULDSTAD.

But if her mother chooses To spend a winter on her, she'll come out of it Queen of them all, I'll wager.

FALK.

Not a doubt of it.

GULDSTAD.

[Laughing.]

Young women are odd creatures, to be sure!

FALK.

[Gaily.]

Like winter rye-seed, canopied secure By frost and snow, invisibly they sprout.

GULDSTAD.

Then in the festive ball-room bedded out—

FALK.

With equivoque and scandal for manure—

GULDSTAD.

And when the April sun shines-

IAC

FALK.

There the blade
The seed shot up in mannikin green ladies!

[Lind comes up and seizes Falk's har-

LIND.

How well I chose.—past understanding well;— I for g can dispel.

STAD.

ess; tell us, if you can, r a plighted man.

D.

That's a third person's business to declare.

GULDSTAD.

[Joking.]

Ill-tempered! This to Anna's ears I'll bear.
[Goes to the ladie

LIND.

[Looking after him.]

Can such a man be tolerated?

FALK.

You

Mistook his aim, however,-

LIND.

And how so ?

FALK.

It was not Anna that he had in view.

LIND.

How, was it Svanhild?

FALK.

Well, I hardly know.

[Whimsically.

Forgive me, martyr to another's cause!

LIND.

What do you mean?

FALK.

You've read the news to-night?

LIND.

No.

FALK.

Do so. There 'tis told in black and white Of one who, ill-luck's bitter counsel taking, Had his sound teeth extracted from his jaws Because his cousin-german's teeth were aching.

. MISS JAY.

[Looking out to the left.]

Here comes the priest!

MRS. HALM.

Now see a man of might!



[ACT

STIVER.

Five children, six, seven, eight-

30

. .

FALK.

And, heavens, all recer

MISS JAY.

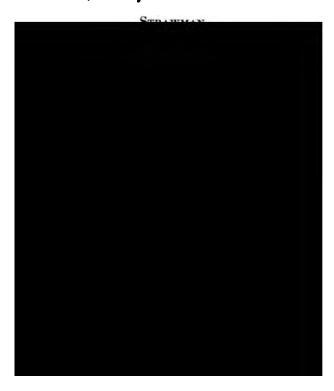
Ugh! it is almost to be called indecent.

[A carriage has meantime been heard stoppi outside to the left. STRAWMAN, his wife, a eight little girls, all in travelling dress, en one by one.

MRS. HALM.

[Advancing to meet them.]

Welcome, a hearty welcome!



### STRAWMAN.

[Shaking Anna's hand with unction.]

Ah then, I must

Bear witness;—Lo! in wedded Love's presented A treasure such as neither moth nor rust Corrupt—if it be duly supplemented.

Mrs. HALM.

But how delightful that your little maids Should follow you to town.

STRAWMAN.

Four tender blades

We have besides.

MRS. HALM.

Ah, really?

STRAWMAN.

Three of whom

Are still too infantine to take to heart A loving father's absence, when I come To town for sessions.

MISS JAY.

[To Mrs. Halm, bidding farewell.]

Now I must depart

Mrs. Halm

O, it is still so early!

MISS JAY.

I must fly

To town and spread the news. The Storms, I know,

[ACT

Go late to rest, they will be up; and oh! How glad the aunts will be! Now, dear, put by Your shyness; for to-morrow a spring-tide Of callers will flow in from every side!

## MRS. HALM.

Well, then good-night

[To the others.

To dr

[To Mrs. Strawman. nadam, lead the way. MAN, his wife and chil-AD, LIND, and ANNA go

### MISS JAY.

[Taking STIVER'S arm.]

Now let's be tender! Look how softly floats Queen Luna on her throne o'er lawn and lea! Well, but you are not looking!

STIVER.

[Crossly.]

Yes, I see:

I'm thinking of the promissory notes.

[They go out to the left. Falk, who has been continuously watching Strawman and his wife, remains behind alone in the garden. It is now dark; the house is lighted up.

#### FALK.

All is as if burnt out; all desolate, dead—! So thro' the world they wander, two and two;

Charred wreckage, like the blackened stems that strew

The forest when the withering fire is fled. Far as the eye can travel, all is drought, And nowhere peeps one spray of verdure out!

[SVANHILD comes out on to the verandah with a flowering rose-tree which she sets down.

Yes one—yes one—!

SVANHILD.

Falk, in the dark?

FALK.

And fearless!

Darkness to me is fair, and light is cheerless. But are not you afraid in yonder walls Where the lamp's light on sallow corpses falls—

SVANHILD.

Shame!

FALK.

looking after STRAWMAN, who appears at the window.

He was once so brilliant and so strong; Warred with the world to win his mistress; passed For Custom's doughtiest iconoclast; And poured forth love in pæans of glad song—! Look at him now! In solemn robes and wraps, A two-legged drama on his own collapse! And she, the limp-skirt slattern, with the shoes Heel-trodden, that squeak and clatter in her traces, This is the winged maid who was his Muse And escort to the kingdom of the graces! Of all that fire this puff of smoke's the end! Sic transit gloria amoris, friend.



14

[ACT I

### SVANHILD.

Yes, it is wretched, wretched past compare. I know of no one's lot that I would share.

## FALK.

## [Eagerly.]

Then let us two rise up and bid defiance To this same order Art, not Nature, bred!

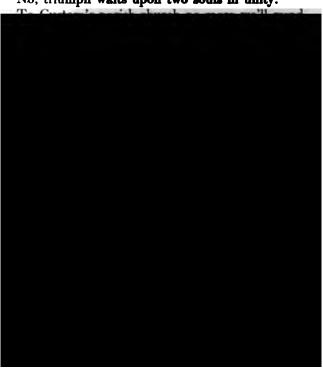
### SVANHILD.

# [Shaking her head.]

Then were the cause for which we made alliance Ruined, as sure as this is earth we tread.

## FALK.

No, triumph waits upon two souls in unity.



FALK.

"In pensive ease?'

SVANHILD.

O no, 'twas sternly meant.

But then the aunts came in with well-intended

Advice, the matter must be sifted, weighed—

[Coming nearer

"In pensive ease," you say; oh no, I made A bold experiment—in art.

FALK.

Which ended—?

SVANHILD.

In failure. I lacked talent for the brush. The thirst for freedom, tho', I could not crush; Checked at the easel, it essayed the stage—

.FALK.

That plan was shattered also, I engage?

SVANHILD.

Upon the eldest aunt's suggestion, yes; She much preferred a place as governess—

FALK.

But of all this I never heard a word!

SVANHILD.

[Smiling.]

No wonder; they took care that none was heard. They trembled at the risk "my future" ran If this were whispered to unmarried Man.

[AUL I

## FALK.

fter gazing a moment at her in meditative sympathy.]

That such must be your lot I long had guessed.
When first I met you, I can well recall,
You seemed to me quite other than the rest,
Beyond the comprehension of them all.
They sat at table,—fragrant tea a-brewing,
And small-talk humming with the tea in tune,
The young girls blushing and the young men cooing,
Like pigeons on a sultry afternoon.
Old maids and matrons volubly averred
Morality and faith's supreme felicity,
Young wives were loud in praise of domesticity,
While you stood lonely like a mateless bird.
And when at last the gabbling clamour rose
To a tea-orgy, a debauch of prose,
You seemed a piece of silver, newly minted,

And then you drank the vapid liquor up,
The mawkish brew beloved of young and old.
But that name gripped me with a sudden spell;
The grim old Völsungs as they fought and fell,
With all their faded æons, seemed to rise
In never-ending line before my eyes.
In you I saw a Svanhild, like the old,¹
But fashioned to the modern age's mould.
Sick of its hollow warfare is the world;
Its lying banner it would fain have furled;
But when the world does evil, its offence
Is blotted in the blood of innocence.

## SVANHILD.

# [With gentle irony.]

I think, at any rate, the fumes of tea Must answer for that direful fantasy; But 'tis your least achievement, past dispute, To hear the spirit speaking, when 'tis mute.

### FALK.

# [With emotion

Nay, Svanhild, do not jest: behind your scoff Tears glitter,—O, I see them plain enough. And I see more: when you to dust are fray'd, And kneaded to a formless lump of clay, Each bungling dilettante's scalpel-blade On you his dull devices shall display. The world usurps the creature of God's hand And sets its image in the place of His, Transforms, enlarges that part, lightens this; And when upon the pedestal you stand

'See Notes, page 483.



68

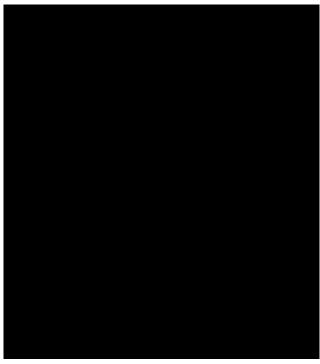
[ACT

Complete, cries out in triumph: "Now she is
At last what woman ought to be: Behold,
How plastically calm, how marble-cold!
Bathed in the lamplight's soft irradiation,
How well in keeping with the decoration!"

[Passionately seizing her hand]

But if you are to die, live first! Come forth With me into the glory of God's earth! Soon, soon the gilded cage will claim its prize. The Lady thrives there, but the Woman dies, And I love nothing but the Woman in you. There, if they will, let others woo and win you, But here, my spring of life began to shoot, Here my Song-tree put forth its firstling fruit; Here I found wings and flight:—Svanhild, I know Only be mine,—here I shall grow a poet!

### SVANHILD.



### FALK.

Yes, free, for freedom's all-in-all Is absolutely to fulfil our Call.

And you by heaven were destined, I know well, To be my bulwark against beauty's spell.

I, like my falcon namesake, have to swing Against the wind, if I would reach the sky!

You are the breeze I must be breasted by,

You, only you, put vigour in my wing:

Be mine, be mine, until the world shall take you,

When leaves are falling, then our paths shall part.

Sing unto me the treasures of your heart,

And for each song another song I'll make you;

So may you pass into the lamplit glow

Of age, as forests fade without a throe.

### SVANHILD.

# [With suppressed bitterness.]

I cannot thank you, for your words betray The meaning of your kind solicitude. You eye me as a boy a sallow, good To cut and play the flute on for a day.

## FALK.

Yes, better than to linger in the swamp
Till autumn choke it with her grey mists damp!

[Vehemently.

You must! you shall! To me you must present What God to you so bountifully lent.
I speak in song what you in dreams have meant. See yonder bird I innocently slew,

Her warbling was Song's book of books for you.

O, yield your music as she yielded hers!

My life shall be that music set to verse!

## SVANHILD.

And when you know me, when my songs are flown And my last requiem chanted from the bough,— What then?

FALK.

[Observing her.]

What then? Ah well, remember now [Pointing to the garden

SVANHILD.

[Gently.]

#### FALK.

## [Coldly, breaking off.]

Then there's an end of it; the world may take you! [SVANHILD has silently turned away. She supports her hands upon the verandah railing, and rests her head upon them.

### FALK.

[Walks several times up and down, takes a cigar, stops near her and says, after a pause:

You think the topic of my talk to-night Extremely ludicrous, I should not wonder?

[Pauses for an answer. SVANHILD is silent.

I'm very conscious that it was a blunder; Sister's and daughter's love alone possess you; Henceforth I'll wear kid gloves when I address you, Sure, so, of being understood aright.

[Pauses, but as SVANHILD remains motionless, he turns and goes towards the right.

## SVANHILD.

[Lifting her head after a brief silence, looking at him and drawing nearer.]

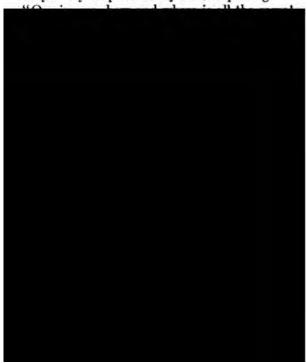
Now I will recompense your kind intent
To save me, with an earnest admonition.
That falcon-image gave me sudden vision
What your "emancipation" really meant.
You said you were the falcon, that must fight
Athwart the wind if it would reach the sky,
I was the breeze you must be breasted by,
Else vain were all your faculty of flight;



72

[AC

How pitifully mean! How paltry! Nay How ludicrous, as you yourself divined! That seed, however, fell not by the way, But bred another fancy in my mind Of a far more illuminating kind. You, as I saw it, were no falcon, but A tuneful dragon, out of paper cut, Whose Ego holds a secondary station, Dependent on the string for animation; Its breast was scrawled with promises to pay In cash poetic,—at some future day; The wings were stiff with barbs and shafts of w That wildly beat the air, but never hit; The tail was a satiric rod in pickle To castigate the town's infirmities, But all it compass'd was to lightly tickle The casual doer of some small amiss. So you lay helpless at my feet, imploring:



FALK.

[Hurriedly.]

What is the date to-day?

SVANHILD.

[More gently.]

Why, now, that's right!

Mind well this day, and heed it, and beware;

Trust to your own wings only for your flight,

Sure, if they do not break, that they will bear.

The paper poem for the desk is fit,

That which is lived alone has life in it;

That only has the wings that scale the height;

Choose now between them, poet: be, or write!

[Nearer to him.

Now, I have done what you besought me; now My requiem is chanted from the bough; My only one; now all my songs are flown; Now if you will, I'm ready for the stone!

[She goes into the house; FALK remains motionless, looking after her; far out on the fjord is seen a boat, from which the following chorus is faintly heard:

## CHORUS.

My wings I open, my sails spread wide,
And cleave like an eagle life's glassy tide;
Gulls follow my furrow's foaming;
Overboard with the ballast of care and cark;
And what if I shatter my roaming bark,
It is passing sweet to be roaming!

## FALK.

[Starting from a reverie.]

What, music? Ah, it will be Lind's quartette
Getting their jubilation up.—Well met!

[To Guldstad, who enters with an overcost or
his arm.

Ah, slipping off, sir?

### GULDSTAD.

Yes, with your goodwill.

But let me first put on my overcoat.

We prose-folks are susceptible to chill;

The night wind takes us by the tuneless throat.

Good evening!

## FALK.

Show me a task, a mighty one, you know—!

### GULDSTAD.

Fie.

No cursing; curses never scared a fly.

### FALK.

Words, words, no more, but action, only action! I will reverse the plan of the Creation;—
Six days were lavish'd in that occupation;
My world's still lying void and desolate,
Hurrah, to-morrow, Sunday—I'll create!

### GULDSTAD.

# [Laughing.]

Yes, strip, and tackle it like a man, that's right! But first go in and sleep on it. Good-night!

[Goes out to the left. SVANHILD appears in the room over the verandah; she shuts the window and draws down the blind.

#### FALK.

No, first I'll act. I've slept too long and late.

[Looks up at SVANHILD's window, and exclaims,
as if seized with a sudden resolution:

Good-night! Good-night! Sweet dreams to-night be thine;

To-morrow, Svanhild, thou art plighted mine!

[Goes out quickly to the right; from the water the Chorus is heard again.

### Chorus.

Maybe I shall shatter my roaming bark, But it's passing sweet to be roaming! [The boat slowly glides away as the curtain falls.

## ACT SECOND

Sunday afternoon. Well-dressed ladies and gentlemen are drinking coffee on the verandah. Several of the guests appear through the open glass door in the garden-room; the following song is heard from within.

## CHORUS.

Welcome, welcome, new plighted pair To the merry ranks of the plighted! Now you may revel as free as air, Caress without stint and kiss without care,— No longer of footfall affrighted.

Now you are licensed, wherever you go, To the rapture of cooing and billing; Now you have leisure love's seed to sow, Water, and tend it, and make it grow;— Let us see you've a talent for tilling!

Miss Jay. [Within.]

Ah Lind, if I only had chanced to hear. I would have teased you!

A LADY.

[Within.]

How vexatious though!

376

Another Lady.

[In the doorway.]

Dear Anna, did he ask in writing?

An Aunt.

No!

MISS JAY.

Mine did.

A LADY.

[On the verandah.]

How long has it been secret, dear?
[Runs into the room.

MISS JAY.

To-morrow there will be the ring to choose.

LADIES.

[Eagerly.]

We'll take his measure!

MISS JAY.

Nay; that she must do.

Mrs. Strawman.

On the verandah, to a lady who is busy with embroidery.]
What kind of knitting-needles do you use?

A SERVANT.

[In the door with a coffee-pot.]

More coffee, madam?

8

[AC

A LADY.

Thanks, a drop or two.

MISS JAY.

[To Anna.]

How fortunate you've got your new manteau Next week to go your round of visits in!

AN ELDERLY LADY.

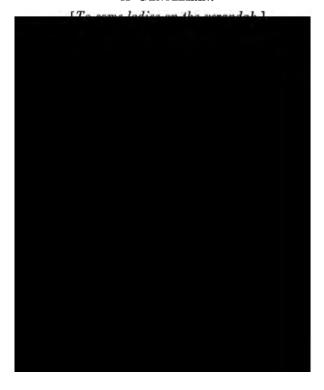
[At the window.]

When shall we go and order the trousseau?

Mrs. Strawman.

How are they selling cotton-bombasine?

A GENTLEMAN.



MISS JAY.

Yes, I saw it clearly.

STIVER.

[In the door, with a coffee-cup in one hand and a biscuit in the other.]

The witnesses must not mislead the court; I here make affidavit, they're in error.

Miss JAY.

[Within.]

Come forward, Anna; stand before this mirror!

SOME LADIES.

[Calling.]

You, too, Lind!

MISS JAY.

Back to back! A little nearer!

LADIES.

Come, let us see by how much she is short.

[All run into the garden-room; laughter and shrill talk are heard for awhile from within.

[Falk, who during the preceding scene has been walking about in the garden, advances into the foreground, stops and looks in until the noise has somewhat abated.

#### FALK.

There love's romance is being done to death.— The butcher once who boggled at the slaughter, Prolonging needlessly the ox's breath,—

[ACT II

He got his twenty days of bread and water; But these—these butchers yonder—they go free. [Clenches his fist.

I could be tempted—; hold, words have no worth.

I've sworn it, action only from henceforth!

## LIND.

[Coming hastily but cautiously out.]

Thank God, they're talking fashions; now's my chance

To slip away-

FALK.

Ha, Lind, you've drawn the prize Of luck,—congratulations buzz and dance All day about you, like a swarm of flies.

LIND.

LIND.

No---

If she wants anything, she'll let me know. Last night we were discussing until late; We've settled almost everything of weight; Besides I think it scarcely goes with piety To have too much of one's beloved's society.

FALK.

Yes, you are right; for daily food we need A simple diet.

LIND.

Pray excuse me, friend.

I want a whiff of reason and the weed;
I haven't smoked for three whole days on end.

My blood was pulsing in such agitation,
I trembled for rejection all the time—

FALK.

Yes, you may well desire recuperation—

LIND.

And won't tobacco's flavour be sublime!

[Goes out to the right. Miss Jay and some other

Ladies come out of the garden-room.

MISS JAY.

[To FALK.]

That was he surely?

FALK.

Yes, your hunted deer.

LADIES.

To run away from us!

OTHERS.

For shame! For shame!

FALK.

"Tis a bit shy at present, but, no fear, A week of servitude will make him tame.

MISS JAY.

[Looking round.]

Where is he hid?

FALK.

His present hiding-place Is in the garden loft, our common lair; [Blandly.

But let me beg you not to seek him there; Give him a breathing time!

MISS JAY.

Well, good: the grace

Will not be long, tho'.

FALK.

Nay, be generous! Ten minutes,—then begin the game again. He has an English sermon on the brain.

MISS JAY.

An English—?



383

LADIES.

O you laugh! You're fooling us!

FALK.

I'm in grim earnest. 'Tis his fixed intention To take a charge among the emigrants, And therefore—

MISS JAY.

[With horror.]

Heavens, he had the face to mention That mad idea? [To the ladies.

O quick-fetch all the aunts!

Anna, her mother, Mrs. Strawman too.

LADIES.

[Agitated.]

This must be stopped!

ALL.

We'll make a great ado!

MISS JAY.

Thank God, they're coming.

[To Anna, who comes from the garden-room with Strawman, his wife and children, Stiver, Guldstad, Mrs. Halm and the other quests.

MISS JAY.

Do you know what Lind Has secretly determined in his mind? To go as missionary—



[ACT ]

Anna.

Yes, I know.

MRS. HALM.

And you've agreed-!

Anna.

[Embarrassed.]

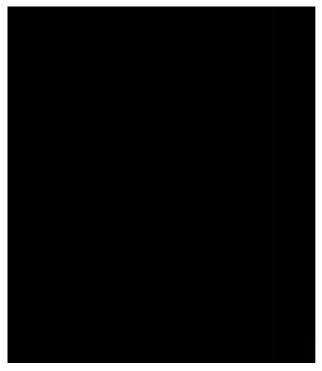
That I will also go.

MISS JAY.

[Indignant.]

He's talked this stuff to you!

LADIES.



### MISS JAY.

Is one to suffer for one's bridegroom's faith? That is a rather novel point of view.

[To the ladies.

Ladies, attend!

[Takes Anna's arm.

Now listen; then repeat For his instruction what he has to do.

[They go into the background and out to the right in eager talk with several of the ladies; the other guests disperse in groups about the garden. FALK stops STRAWMAN, whose wife and children keep close to him. Guldstad goes to and fro during the following conversation.

## FALK.

Come, pastor, help young fervour in its fight, Before they lure Miss Anna from her vows.

#### STRAWMAN.

[In clerical cadence.]

The wife must be submissive to the spouse;—
[Reflecting.

But if I apprehended him aright, His Call's a problematical affair, The Offering altogether in the air—

## FALK.

Pray do not judge so rashly. I can give You absolute assurance, as I live, His Call is definite and incontestable—



36

[ACT :

## STRAWMAN.

[Seeing it in a new light.]

Ah—if there's something fixed—investable— Per annum—then I've nothing more to say.

#### FALK.

[Impatiently.]

You think the most of what I count the least; I mean the inspiration,—not the pay!

#### STRAWMAN.

[With an unctuous smile.]

Pay is the first condition of a priest In Asia, Africa, America, Or where you will. Ah yes, if he were free, My dear young friend, I willingly agree,



## FALK.

There he far surpasses most.

#### STRAWMAN.

"He" say you? How? In virtue of his post The Offering is not what he has to bring But what he has to get.

## Mrs. Strawman.

[Looking towards the background.]

They're sitting there.

#### FALK.

[After staring a moment in amazement, suddenly understands and bursts out laughing.]

Hurrah for Offerings—the ones that caper And strut—on Holy-days—in bulging paper!

#### STRAWMAN.

All the year round the curb and bit we bear, But Whitsuntide and Christmas make things square.

#### FALK.

[Gaily.]

Why then, provided only there's enough of it, Even family-founders will obey their Calls.

#### STRAWMAN.

Of course; a man assured the quantum suff. of it Will preach the Gospel to the cannibals.

[Sotto voce.



ACT II

Now I must see if she cannot be led,

[To one of the little girls.

My little Mattie, fetch me out my head—

My pipe-head I should say, my little dear—

[Feels in his coat-tail pocket.

Nay, wait a moment tho': I have it here.

[Goes across and fills his pipe, followed by his

GULDSTAD.

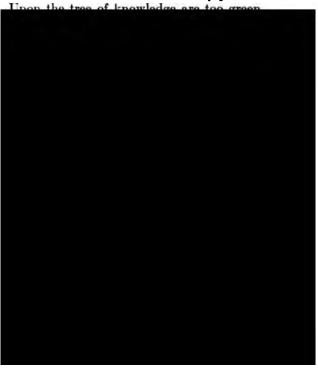
[Approaching.]

You seem to play the part of serpent in This paradise of lovers.

wife and children.

### FALK.

O, the pips



My dull domestic poetising's done, I'll walk by day, and glory in the sun: My spring has come, my soul has broken free, Action henceforth shall be my poetry.

#### LIND.

Make poetry of what you please for me; But how if Mrs. Halm should take amiss Your breaking of her furniture to pieces?

#### FALK.

What!—she, who lays her daughters and her nieces Upon the altar of her boarders' bliss,— She frown at such a bagatelle as this!

#### LIND.

# [Angrily.]

It's utterly outrageous and unfair, And compromises me as well as you! But that's her business, settle it with her. The lamp was mine, tho', shade and burner too—

#### FALK.

Tut, on that head, I've no account to render; You have God's summer sunshine in its splendour,— What would you with the lamp?

#### LIND.

You are grotesque;

You utterly forget that summer passes; If I'm to make a figure in my classes At Christmas I must buckle to my desk. FALK.

[Staring at him.]

What, you look forward?

LIND.

To be sure I do,

The examination's amply worth it too.

FALK.

Ah but—you 'only sit and live'—remember!

Drunk with the moment, you demand no more—
Not even a modest third-class next December.

You've caught the bird of Fortune fair and fleet,
You feel as if the world with all its store

Were scattered in profusion at your feet.

LIND.

Those were my words: they must be understood, Of course, cum grano salis—

FALK.

Very good!

LIND.

In the forenoons I will enjoy my bliss; That I am quite resolved on—

FALK.

Daring man!

LIND.

I have my round of visits to the clan; Time will run anyhow to waste in this; But any further dislocation of My study-plan I strongly disapprove.

#### FALK.

A week ago, however, you were bent On going out into God's world with song.

#### LIND.

Yes, but I thought the tour a little long; The fourteen days might well be better spent.

#### FALK

Nay, but you had another argument For staying; how the lovely dale for you Was mountain air and winged warble too.

#### LIND.

Yes, to be sure, this air is unalloyed; But all its benefits may be enjoyed Over one's book without the slightest bar.

## FALK.

But it was just the Book which failed, you see, As Jacob's ladder—

#### LIND.

How perverse you are:
That is what people say when they are free—

#### FALK.

[Looking at him and folding his hands in silent amazement.]

Thou also, Brutus!



•

[ACT I

LIND.

[With a shade of confusion and annoyance.]

Pray remember, do!
That I have other duties now than you;
I have my fiancée. Every plighted pair,
Those of prolonged experience not excepted,—
Whose evidence you would not wish rejected,—
Will tell you, that if two are bound to fare
Through life together, they must—

FALK.

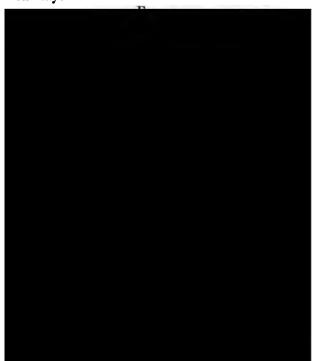
Prithee spa:

The comment; who supplied it?

LIND.

Well, we'll sa

Stiver, he's honest surely; and Miss Jay, Who has such very great experience here, She says—



LIND.

And long. I went to bed in such depression, And yet with such a fever in my brain, I almost doubted if I could be sane.

FALK.

Ah yes, a sort of witchery, you see.

LIND.

Thank God I woke in perfect self-possession.

[During the foregoing scene STRAWMAN has been seen from time to time walking in the background in lively conversation with ANNA; MRS. STRAWMAN and the children follow. MISS JAY now appears also, and with her MRS. HALM and other ladies.

MISS JAY.

[Before she enters.]

Ah, Mr. Lind.

LIND.

[To FALK.]

They're after me again!

Come, let us go.

MISS JAY.

Nay, nay, you must remain, Let us make speedy end of the division That has crept in between your love and you.

LIND.

Are we divided?

4

[ACT II

MISS JAY.

'ointing to Anna, who is standing further off in the garden.]

Gather the decision

From you red eyes. The foreign mission drew Those tears.

LIND.

But heavens, she was glad to go-

Miss JAY.

[Scoffing.]

Yes, to be sure, one would imagine so! No, my dear Lind, you'll take another view When you have heard the whole affair discussed.

# LIND. But then this warfare for the faith, you know

395

## STRAWMAN.

[Continuing, to Anna, who faintly tries to escape.]

From these considerations, daughter mine, From these considerations, buttressed all With reason, morals, and the Word Divine, You now perceive that to desert your Call Were absolutely inexcusable.

#### ANNA.

[Half crying.]

Oh! I'm so young-

## STRAWMAN.

And it is natural,
I own, that one should hesitate to thrid
These perils, dare the snares that there lie hid;
From doubt's entanglement you must break free,—
Be of good cheer and follow Moll and me!

## Mrs. Strawman.

Yes, your dear mother tells me that I too Was just as inconsolable as you When we received our Call—

#### STRAWMAN.

And for like cause-

The fascination of the town—it was; But when a little money had come in, And the first pairs of infants, twin by twin, She quite got over it. FALK.

[Sotto voce to STRAWMAN.]

Bravo, you able

Persuader.

STRAWMAN.

[Nodding to him and turning again to ANNA.]

Now you've promised me, be stable. Shall man renounce his work? Falk says the Call Is not so very slender after all. Did you not, Falk?

FALK.

Nay, pastor-

STRAWMAN.

To be sure-!

Of something then at least you are secure. What's gained by giving up, if that is so? Look back into the ages long ago, See, Adam, Eve—the Ark, see, pair by pair, Birds in the field—the lilies in the air,

## MISS JAY.

Ah, in exact accordance with our wishes! [Aside.

We have him, Falk!—Now let us tackle her!
[Approaches Anna.

#### STRAWMAN.

[With a deprecating motion.]

She needs no secular solicitation;
The Spirit has spoken, what can Earth bestead—?
[Modestly.

If in some small degree my words have sped, Power was vouchsafed me—!

# MRS. HALM.

Come, no more evasion,

Bring them together!

Aunts.

[With emotion.]

Ah, how exquisite!

#### STRAWMAN.

Yes, can there be a heart so dull and dead As not to be entranced at such a sight! It is so thrilling and so penetrating, So lacerating, so exhilarating, To see an innocent babe devoutly lay Its offering on Duty's altar.

#### MRS. HALM.

Nay,

Her family have also done their part.

# Miss JAY.

I and the Aunts—I should imagine so.
You, Lind, may have the key to Anna's heart,
[Presses his hand.

But we possess a picklock, you must know, Able to open where the key avails not. And if in years to come, cares throng and thwart, Only apply to us, our friendship fails not.

# MRS. HALM.

Yes, we sh

and you all your life,-

And shield

d of wedded strife.

Enchant

ness,

Yet so p

But now, y.

riendship, hour of glad-

with sadness.

[Turning to LIND.

make an end of this.
[Leading Anna to him.

Take thy betrothed—receive her—with a kiss!

LIND.

[Giving his hand to Anna.]

I stay at home!

Anna.

[At the same moment.]

I go with you!

ANNA.

[Amazed.]

You stay?

LIND.

[Equally so.]

You go with me?

ANNA.

[With a helpless glance at the company.] Why, then, we are divided as before!

LIND.

What's this?

THE LADIES.

What now?

MISS JAY.

[Excitedly.]

Our wills are all at war-

STRAWMAN

She gave her solemn word to cross the sea With him!

MISS JAY.

And he gave his to stay ashore

With her!

FALK.

[Laughing.]

They both complied; what would you more!

400

# LOVE'S COMEDY

[ACT II

### STRAWMAN.

These complications are too much for me.

[Goes towards the background.

#### AUNTS

[To one another.]

How they to disagree?

ALM.

To GUL

who have been walking now approach.]

The

possession here.
[Talks aside to them.

WMAN.

[To Miss Jay, noticing that the table is being laid.]
There comes the tea.

MISS JAY.

[Curtly.]

Thank heaven.

FALK.

Hurrah! a cheer

For love and friendship, maiden aunts and tea!

STIVER.

But if the case stands thus, the whole proceeding May easily be ended with a laugh; All turns upon a single paragraph, Which bids the wife attend the spouse. No pleading Can wrest an ordinance so clearly stated—

MISS JAY.

Doubtless, but does that help us to agree?

STRAWMAN.

She must obey a law that heaven dictated.

STIVER.

But Lind can circumvent that law, you see.

[To LIND.

Put off your journey, and then-budge no jot.

AUNTS.

[Delighted.]

Yes, that's the way.

Mrs. HALM.

Agreed!

MISS JAY.

That cuts the knot.

[SVANHILD and the maids have meantime laid the tea-table beside the verandah steps. At Mrs. Halm's invitation the ladies sit down. The rest of the company take their places, partly on the verandah and in the summerhouse, partly in the garden. Falk sits on the verandah. During the following scene they drink tea.

MRS. HALM.

[Smiling.]

And so our little storm is overblown. Such summer showers do good when they are gone;



[ACT II

The sunshine greets us with a double boon, And promises a cloudless afternoon.

02

## MISS JAY.

Ah yes, Love's blossom without rainy skies Would never thrive according to our wishes.

## FALK.

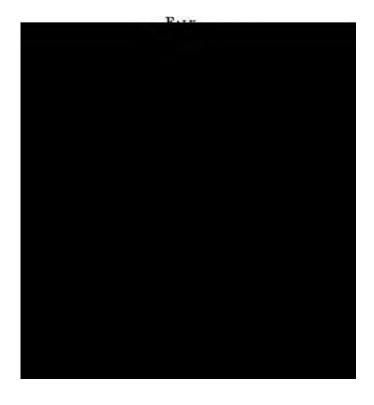
In dry land set it, and it forthwith dies; For in so far the flowers are like the fishes—

#### SVANHILD.

Nay, for Love lives, you know, upon the air-

# MISS JAY.

Which is the death of fishes-



#### FALK.

[With a gallant bow.]

Then come the aunts with the reviving hose.—
But poets have this simile employed,
And men for scores of centuries enjoyed,—
Yet hardly one its secret sense has hit;
For flowers are manifold and infinite.
Say, then, what flower is love? Name me, who knows,

The flower most like it?

## MISS JAY.

Why, it is the rose; Good gracious, that's exceedingly well known;— Love, all agree, lends life a rosy tone.

# A Young Lady.

It is the snowdrop; growing, snow enfurled; Till it peer forth, undreamt of by the world.

## AN AUNT.

It is the dandelion,—made robust By dint of human heel and horse hoof thrust; Nay, shooting forth afresh when it is smitten, As Pedersen so charmingly has written.

#### LIND.

It is the bluebell,—ringing in for all Young hearts life's joyous Whitsun festival

#### MRS. HALM.

No, 'tis an evergreen,—as fresh and gay In desolate December as in May.

## GULDSTAD.

No, Iceland moss, dry gathered,—far the best Cure for young ladies with a wounded breast.

## A GENTLEMAN.

No, the wild chestnut tree,—in high repute For household fuel, but with a bitter fruit.

#### SVANHILD.

No, a camelia; at our balls, 'tis said, The chief adornment of a lady's head.

## MRS. STRAWMAN.

No, it is like a flower, O such a bright one;— Stay now—a blue one, no, it was a white one— What is its name—? Dear me—the one I met— Well it is singular how I forget!

#### STIVER.

None of these flower similitudes will run. The flowerp ot is a likelier candidate.

## FALK.

So many heads, so many sentences! No, you all grope and blunder off the line. Each simile's at fault; I'll tell you mine;— You're free to turn and wrest it as you please. [Rises as if to make a speech.

In the remotest east there grows a plant;<sup>1</sup> And the sun's cousin's garden is its haunt—

THE LADIES.

Ah, it's the tea-plant!

FALK.

Yes.

Mrs. Strawman.

His voice is so

Like Strawman's when he—

STRAWMAN.

Don't disturb his flow.

#### FALK.

It has its home in fabled lands serene: Thousands of miles of desert lie between;-Fill up, Lind!—So.—Now in a tea-oration, I'll show of tea and Love the true relation.

[The quests cluster round him.

It has its home in the romantic land; Alas, Love's home is also in Romance. Only the Sun's descendants understand The herb's right cultivation and advance. <sup>1</sup>See Notes, page 483.



6

ACT I

With Love it is not otherwise than so. Blood of the Sun along the veins must flow If Love indeed therein is to strike root, And burgeon into blossom, into fruit.

## MISS JAY.

But China is an ancient land; you hold In consequence that tea is very old—

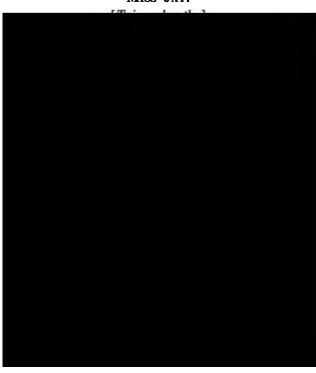
## STRAWMAN.

Past question antecedent to Jerusalem.

# FALK.

Yes, 'twas already famous when Methusalem His picture-books and rattles tore and flung—

## MISS JAY.



Mrs. Strawman.

Yes, they sell tea of many qualities.

ANNA.

The green spring shoots I count the very first-

SVANHILD.

Those serve to quench celestial daughters' thirst.

A Young Lady.

Witching as ether fumes they say it is-

ANOTHER.

Balmy as lotus, sweet as almond, clear-

GULDSTAD.

That's not an article we deal in here.

FALK.

[Who has meanwhile come down from the verandah.]

Ah, ladies, every mortal has a small

Private celestial empire in his heart.

There bud such shoots in thousands, kept apart

By Shyness's soon shatter'd Chinese Wall.

But in her dim fantastic temple bower

The little Chinese puppet sits and sighs,

A dream of far-off wonders in her eyes—

And in her hand a golden tulip flower.

For her the tender firstling tendrils grew;—

Rich crop or meagre, what is that to you?

Instead of it we get an after crop

They kick the tree for, dust and stalk and stem,—

As hemp to silk beside what goes to them—

[ACT II

GULDSTAD.

That is the black tea.

FALK.

[Nodding.]

That's what fills the shop.

A GENTLEMAN.

There's beef tea too, that Holberg says a word of-

Miss JAY.

[Sharply.]

To modern taste entirely out of date.

FALK.

Our Love by way of Freedom's ocean wave!
"Good heavens, his moral savour's passed away,
"And quite dispersed Legality's bouquet!"—

STRAWMAN.

[Rising.]

Yes, happily,—in every moral land Such wares continue to be contraband!

#### FALK.

Yes, to pass current here, Love must have cross'd The great Siberian waste of regulations, Fann'd by no breath of ocean to its cost; It must produce official attestations From friends and kindred, devils of relations, From church curators, organist and clerk. And other fine folks-over and above The primal licence which God gave to Love.— And then the last great point of likeness;—mark How heavily the hand of culture weighs Upon that far Celestial domain; Its power is shatter'd, and its wall decays, The last true Mandarin's strangled; hands profane Already are put forth to share the spoil; Soon the Sun's realm will be a legend vain, An idle tale incredible to sense: The world is gray in gray—we've flung the soil On buried Faery,—we have made her mound. But if we have,—then where can Love be found? Alas, Love also is departed hence! [Lifts his cup. Well let him go, since so the times decree;— A health to Amor, late of Earth,—in tea! [He drains his cup; indignant murmurs amongst the company.

Miss JAY.

A very odd expression! "Dead" indeed!

THE LADIES.

To say that Love is dead-!

STRAWMAN.

Why, here you see Him sitting, rosy, round and sound, at tea, In all conditions! Here in her sable weed The widow—

MISS JAY.

Here a couple, true and tried,-

STIVER.

With many ample pledges fortified.

GULDSTAD.

Then Love's light cavalry, of maid and man, The plighted pairs in order—

STRAWMAN.

In the van
The veterans, whose troth has laughed to scorn
The tooth of Time—

MISS JAY.

[Hastily interrupting.]

And then the babes new-born-The little novices of yester-morn—

#### STRAWMAN.

Spring, summer, autumn, winter, in a word, Are here; the truth is patent, past all doubt, It can be clutched and handled, seen and heard,—

FALK.

What then?

MISS JAY.

And yet you want to thrust it out!

## FALK.

Madam, you quite mistake. In all I spoke I cast no doubt on anything you claim; But I would fain remind you that, from smoke, We cannot logically argue flame. That men are married, and have children, I Have no desire whatever to deny; Nor do I dream of doubting that such things Are in the world as troth and wedding-rings; That billets-doux some tender hands indite And seal with pairs of turtle doves that—fight; That sweethearts swarm in cottage and in hall. That chocolate rewards the wedding-call; That usage and convention have decreed, In every point, how "Lovers" shall proceed:-But, heavens! We've majors also by the score, Arsenals heaped with muniments of war, With spurs and howitzers and drums and shot, But what does that permit us to infer? That we have men who dangle swords, but not That they will wield the weapons that they wear. Tho' all the plain with gleaming tents you crowd, Does that make heroes of the men they shroud?

12

ACT

# STRAWMAN.

Well, all in moderation; I must own,
It is not quite conducive to the truth
That we should paint the enamourment of yout.
So bright, as if—ahem—it stood alone.
Love-making still a frail foundation is.
Only the snuggery of wedded bliss
Provides a rock where Love may builded be
In unassailable security.

# MISS JAY.

There I entirely differ. In my view, A free accord of lovers, heart with heart, Who hold together, having leave to part, Gives the best warrant that their love is true.

# ANNA.

LIND.

What stuff!

MRS. HALM.

[Offended, to FALK, rising.]

'Tis not a very friendly act
To stir a quarrel where we've made a peace.
As for your friend's good fortune, be at ease—

SOME LADIES.

Nay that's assured—

OTHERS.

A very certain fact.

MRS. HALM.

The cooking-class at school, I must confess, She did not take; but she shall learn it still.

MISS JAY.

With her own hands she's trimming her own dress.

AN AUNT.

[Patting Anna's hand.]

And growing exquisitely sensible.

FALK.

[Laughing aloud.]

O parody of sense, that rives and rends In maniac dance upon the lips of friends! Was it good sense he wanted? Or a she-Professor of the lore of Cookery? A joyous son of springtime he came here, For the wild rosebud on the bush he burned. You reared the rosebud for him; he returned——And for his rose found what? The hip!

Miss JAY. [Offended.]

You jeer!

## FALK.

A useful household condiment, heaven knows! But yet the hip was not his bridal rose.

## MRS. HALM.

O, if it is a ball-room queen he wants, I'm very sorry; these are not their haunts.

#### FALK.

O yes, I know the pretty coquetry They carry on with "Domesticity." It is a suckling of the mighty Lie FALK.

No doubt,—with seven nieces, each a wife—

MRS. HALM.

And each a happy wife-

FALK.

[With emphasis.]

Ah, do we know?

GULDSTAD.

How!

MISS JAY.

Mr. Falk!

LIND.

Are you resolved to sow

Dissension?

FALK.

[Vehemently.]

Yes, war, discord, turmoil, strife!

STIVER.

What you, a lay, profane outsider here!

FALK.

No matter, still the battle-flag I'll rear! Yes, it is war I mean with nail and tooth Against the Lie with the tenacious root, The lie that you have fostered into fruit, For all its strutting in the guise of truth!

[ACT II

## STIVER.

Against these groundless charges I protest, Reserving right of action—

## MISS JAY.

Do be still!

#### FALK

So t unning rill The she once possess'd,ne days gone by, d "moan" and "sigh"! Out So t ning tide that rolls Alo wedded souls .-That I the iron sleet. Tran ion under feet, And see ent discreet!

So then it is Love's beauty-kindled flame
That keeps the plighted from the taint of time
Year after year! Ah yes, the very same
That made our young bureaucrat blaze in ryhme!
So it is Love's young bliss that will not brave
The voyage over vaulted Ocean's wave,
But asks a sacrifice when, like the sun,
Its face should fill with glory, making one!
Ah no, you vulgar prophets of the Lie,
Give things the names we ought to know them by;
Call widows' passion—wanting what they miss,
And wedlock's habit—call it what it is!

#### STRAWMAN.

Young man, this insolence has gone too far! In every word there's scoffing and defiance.

[Goes close up to FALK.

Now I'll gird up my aged loins to war For hallowed custom against modern science!

FALK.

I go to battle as it were a feast!

STRAWMAN

Good! For your bullets I will be a beacon:—
[Nearef.

A wedded pair is holy, like a priest—

STIVER.

[At FALK's other side.]

And a betrothed—

FALK.

Half-holy, like the deacon.

#### STRAWMAN.

Behold these children;—see,—this little throng!

Io triumphe may for them be sung!

How was it possible—how practicable—;

The words of truth are strong, inexorable;—

He has no hearing whom they cannot move.

See,—every one of them's a child of Love—!

[Stops in confusion.

That is—you understand—I would have said—!

MISS JAY.

[Fanning herself with her handkerchief.] This is a very mystical oration!

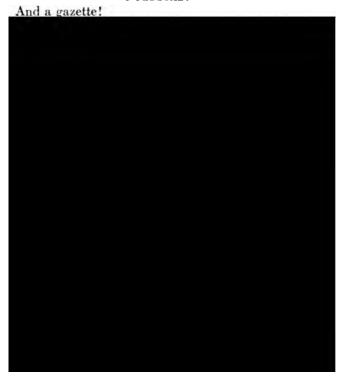


LACT II

#### FALK.

There you yourself provide the demonstration,—
A good old Norse one, sound, true-born, home-bred.
You draw distinction between wedded pledges
And those of Love: your Logic's without flaw.
They are distinguished just as roast from raw,
As hothouse bloom from wilding of the hedges!
Love is with us a science and an art;
It long since ceased to animate the heart.
Love is with us a trade, a special line
Of business, with its union, code and sign;
It is a guild of married folks and plighted,
Past-masters with apprentices united;
For they cohere compact as jelly-fishes,
A singing-club their single want and wish is—

#### GULDSTAD.



No wedding, but our rallying rub-a-dub Shall drum to the performance all the club; No suit rejected, but we'll set it down, In letters large, with other news of weight Thus: "Amor-Moloch, we regret to state, Has claimed another victim in our town." You'll see, we'll catch subscribers: once in sight Of the propitious season when they bite, By way of throwing them the bait they'll brook I'll stick a nice young man upon my hook. Yes, you will see me battle for our cause, With tiger's, nay with editorial, claws Rending them—

GULDSTAD.

And the paper's name will be-?

FALK.

Amor's Norse Chronicle of Archery.

STIVER.

[Going nearer.]

You're not in earnest, you will never stake Your name and fame for such a fancy's sake!

## FALK.

I'm in grim earnest. We are often told Men cannot live on love; I'll show that this Is an untenable hypothesis; For Love will prove to be a mine of gold: Particularly if Miss Jay, perhaps, Will Mr. Strawman's "Life's Romance" unfold, As appetising feuilleton, in scraps.



[ACT II

STRAWMAN.

[In terror.]

Merciful heaven! My "life's romance"! What, what!

When was my life romantic, if you please?

MISS JAY.

I never said so.

0

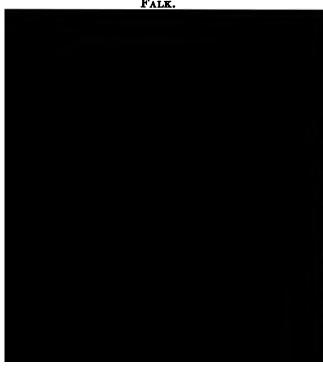
STIVER.

Witness disagrees.

STRAWMAN.

That I have ever swerved a single jot From social prescript,—is a monstrous lie.

FALK.



ict II]

# LOVE'S COMEDY

421

# STIVER.

[In towering anger.]
Sir, by our office nothing is averred.

#### FALK.

Well, leave me then, you also: I have by me One comrade yet whose loyalty will last. "A true heart's story" Lind will not deny me, Whose troth's too tender for the ocean blast, Who for his mistress makes surrender of His fellow-men—pure quintessence of Love!

## MRS. HALM.

My patience, Mr. Falk, is now worn out.

The same abode no longer can receive us:—
I beg of you this very day to leave us—

#### FALK.

With a bow as Mrs. Halm and the company withdraw.]
That this would come I never had a doubt!

#### STRAWMAN.

Between us two there's battle to the death; You've slandered me, my wife, my little flock, From Mollie down to Millie, in one breath. Crow on, crow on—Emancipation's cock,— [Goes in, followed by his wife and children.

## FALK.

And go you on observing Peter's faith
To Love your lord—who, thanks to your advice,
Was thrice denied before the cock crew thrice!

[A

Miss JAY.

[Turning faint.]

Attend me, Stiver! help me get unlaced My corset—this way, this way—do make haste!

STIVER.

To FALK, as he withdraws with MISS JAY on his a I here renounce your friendship.

LIND.

I likewise.

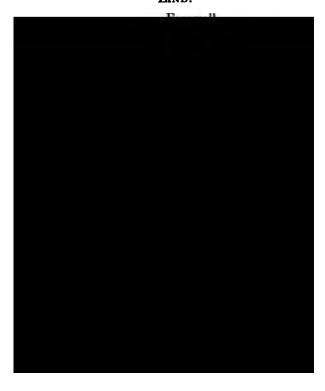
FALK.

[Seriously.]

You too, my Lind?

22

LIND.



#### FALK.

[Pointing politely to the house.]

That way, Miss Halm;—that way, with all the force Of aunts and inmates, Mrs. Halm withdrew.

SVANHILD.

[Nearer to him.]

Let them withdraw; their ways and mine divide; I will not swell the number of their band.

FALK.

You'll stay?

SVANHILD.

If you make war on lies, I stand A trusty armour-bearer by your side.

FALK.

You, Svanhild, you who-

SVANHILD.

I, who—yesterday—? Were you yourself, Falk, yesterday the same? You bade me be a sallow, for your play.

FALK.

And a sweet sallow sang me into shame.

No, you are right; I was a child to ask;

But you have fired me to a nobler task.

Right in the midst of men the Church is founded



124

[ACT II

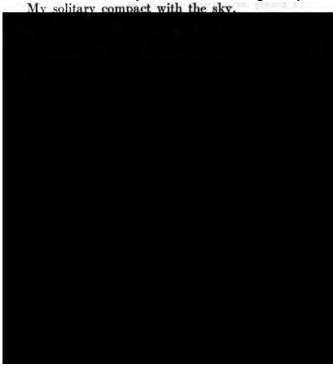
Where Truth's appealing clarion must be sounded We are not called, like demigods, to gaze on The battle from the far-off mountain's crest, But in our hearts to bear our fiery blazon, An Olaf's cross upon a mailed breast,—
To look afar across the fields of flight,
Tho' pent within the mazes of its might,—
Beyond the mirk descry one glimmer still
Of glory—that's the Call we must fulfil.

## SVANHILD.

And you'll fulfil it when you break from men, Stand free, alone,—

#### FALK.

Did I frequent them then And there lies duty. No, that time's gone by,—



SVANHILD.

We battle?

FALK.

See, I have no friend, no mate,
By all abandoned, I make war on all:
At me they aim the piercing shafts of hate;
Say, do you dare with me to stand or fall?
Henceforth along the beaten walks I'll move
Heedful of each constraining etiquette;
Spread, like the rest of men, my board, and set
The ring upon the finger of my love!

[Takes a ring from his finger and holds it up.

SVANHILD.

[In breathless suspense.]

You mean that?

FALK.

Yes, by us the world shall see, Love has an everlasting energy,
That suffers not its splendour to take hurt
From the day's dust, the common highway's dirt.
Last night I showed you the ideal flame,
Beaconing from a dizzy mountain's brow.
You shuddered, for you were a woman,—now
I show you woman's veritable aim;—
A soul like yours, what it has vowed, will keep.
You see the abyss before you.—Svanhild, leap!

SVANHILD.

[Almost inaudibly.]

If we should fail—!



26

[A

FALK.

[Exulting.]

No, in your eyes I see A gleam that surely prophesies our winning!

## SVANHILD.

Then take me as I am, take all of me!

Now buds the young leaf; now my spring's b

ning!

[She flings herself boldly into his arms a

curtain falls.



## ACT THIRD

Evening. Bright moonlight. Coloured lanterns are hung about the trees. In the background are covered tables with bottles, glasses, biscuits, etc. From the house, which is lighted up from top to bottom, subdued music and singing are heard during the following scene. SVANHILD stands on the verandah. Falk comes from the right with some books and a portfolio under his arm. The Porter follows with a portmanteau and a knapsack.

FALK.

That's all, then?

PORTER.

Yes, sir, all is in the pack, But just a satchel, and the paletot.

FALK.

Good; when I go, I'll take them on my back. Now off. See, this is the portfolio.

PORTER.

It's locked, I see.

FALK.

Locked, Peter.

427

428

## LOVE'S COMEDY

[ACT III

PORTER.

Good, sir.

FALK.

Pray,

Make haste and burn it.

PORTER.

Burn it?

Yes, to ash-[Smiling.

tic cash; elcome to them.

As Ic. elcon

Nay,

Such payment is above a poor man's earning. But, sir, I'm thinking, if you can bestow Your books, you must have done with all your learning?

FALK.

Whatever can be learnt from books I know, And rather more.

PORTER.

More? Nay, that's hard, I doubt!

FALK.

Well, now be off; the carriers wait without. Just help them load the barrow ere you go.

[The PORTER goes out to the left.

## FALK.

[Approaching Svanhild, who comes to meet him.]
One moment's ours, my Svanhild, in the light
Of God and of the lustrous summer night.
How the stars glitter thro' the leafage, see,
Like bright fruit hanging on the great world-tree.
Now slavery's last manacle I slip,
Now for the last time feel the wealing whip;
Like Israel at the Passover I stand,
Loins girded for the desert, staff in hand.
Dull generation, from whose sight is hid
The Promised Land beyond that desert flight,
Thrall tricked with knighthood, never the more
knight,

Tomb thyself kinglike in the Pyramid,—
I cross the barren desert to be free.
My ship strides on despite an ebbing sea;
But there the Legion Lie shall find its doom,
And glut one deep, dark, hollow-vaulted tomb.

[A short pause; he looks at her and takes her hand. You are so still!

#### SVANHILD.

So happy! Suffer me,
O suffer me in silence still to dream.
Speak you for me; my budding thoughts, grown strong,

One after one will burgeon into song, Like lilies in the bosom of the stream.

#### FALK.

O say it once again, in truth's pure tone Beyond the fear of doubt, that thou art mine! O say it, Svanhild, say—

30

[ACT III

## SVANHILD.

[Throwing herself on his neck.]

Yes, I am thine!

#### FALK.

Thou singing-bird God sent me for my own!

#### SVANHILD.

Homeless within my mother's house I dwelt,
Lonely in all I thought, in all I felt,
A guest unbidden at the feast of mirth,—
Accounted nothing—less than nothing—worth.
Then you appeared! For the first time I heard
My own thought uttered in another's word;
To my lame visions you gave wings and feet—
You young unmasker of the Obsolete!
Half with your caustic keepness you alarmed me.

LCT 111]

To a triumphal progress, bade us sweep Thro' fen and forest to our castle-keep, A noble pair, astride on Pegasus!

## SVANHILD.

[Pointing to the house.]

The whole house, see, is making feast to-night. There, in their honour, every room's alight, There cheerful talk and joyous song ring out; On the highroad no passer-by will doubt That men are happy where they are so gay.

[With compassion.]

. 111 compassio

Poor sister!—happy in the great world's way!

FALK.

"Poor" sister, say you?

#### SVANHILD.

Has she not divided With kith and kin the treasure of her soul, Her capital to fifty hands confided, So that not one is debtor for the whole? From no one has she all things to receive, For no one has she utterly to live. O beside my wealth hers is little worth; I have but one possession upon earth. My heart was lordless when with trumpet blare And multitudinous song you came, its king, The banners of mv thought vour ensign bear, You fill my soul with glory, like the spring. Yes, I must needs thank God, when it is past, That I was lonely till I found out thee,-That I lay dead until the trumpet blast Waken'd me from the world's frivolity.

#### FALK.

Yes we, who have no friends on earth, we twain Own the true wealth, the golden fortune,—we Who stand without, beside the starlit sea, And watch the indoor revel thro' the pane. Let the lamp glitter and the song resound, Let the dance madly eddy round and round;—Look up, my Svanhild, into yon deep blue,—There glitter little lamps in thousands, too—

## SVANHILD.

And hark, beloved, thro' the limes there floats This balmy eve a chorus of sweet notes—

# FALK.

It is for us that fretted vault's aglow-

#### SVANHILD.

It is for us the vale is loud below!

#### FALK.

I feel myself like God's lost prodigal;
I left Him for the world's delusive charms.
With mild reproof He wooed me to His arms;
And when I come, He lights the vaulted hall,
Prepares a banquet for the son restored,
And makes His noblest creature my reward.
From this time forth I'll never leave that Light,
But stand its armed defender in the fight;
Nothing shall part us, and our life shall prove
A song of glory to triumphant love!

#### SVANHILD.

And see how easy triumph is for two, When he's a man—

#### FALK.

She, woman thro' and thro';—
It is impossible for such to fall!

#### SVANHILD.

Then up, and to the war with want and sorrow; This very hour I will declare it all! [Pointing to Falk's ring on her finger

## FALK.

# [Hastily.]

No, Svanhild, not to-night, wait till to-morrow! To-night we gather our young love's red rose; 'Twere sacrilege to smirch it with the prose Of common day.

[The door into the garden-room opens. Your mother's coming! Hide!

No eye this night shall see thee as my bride!

[They go out among the trees by the summer-house. Mrs. Halm and Guldstad come out on the balcony.

MRS. HALM.

He's really going?

GULDSTAD.

Seems so, I admit.

[ACT

STIVER.

[Coming.]

He's going, madam!

Mrs. HALM.

We're aware of it!

STIVER.

A most unfortunate punctilio.

He'll keep his word; his stubbornness I know.

In the Gazette he'll put us all by name;

My love will figure under leaded headings,

With jilts, and twins, and countermanded weddings.

Listen: I tell you, if it weren't for shame, I would propose an armistice, a truce—



[Sees a glimpse of FALK and SVANHILD, who separate, FALK going to the background; SVANHILD remains standing hidden by the summer-house.]

Hold, we have the clue!

Madam, one word!—Falk does not mean to go, Or if he does, he means it as a friend.

STIVER.

How, you believe then -?

MRS. HALM.

What do you intend?

GULDSTAD.

With the least possible delay I'll show That matters move precisely as you would. Merely a word in private—

MRS. HALM.

Very good.

[They go together into the garden and are seen from time to time in lively conversation.

#### STIVER.

Descending into the garden discovers FALK, who is standing by the water and gazing over it.]

These poets are mere men of vengeance, we State servants understand diplomacy.

I need to labour for myself-

[Seeing STRAWMAN, who enters from the gardenroom.

Well met!

STRAWMAN.

[On the verandah.]

He's really leaving!

[Going down to STIVER

Ah, my dear sir, let

Me beg you just a moment to go in And hold my wife—

STIVER.

I-hold her, sir?

STRAWMAN.

I mean

In talk. The little ones and we are so Unused to be divided, there is no Escaping—

> [His wife and children appear in the de Ha! already on my trail.

> > MRS. STRAWMAN.

Where are you, Strawman?

STRAWMAN.

Which I shall now proceed to cite at large.

[Ushers her politely into the room, and follows himself. FALK comes forward; he and STRAW-MAN meet; they regard one another a moment in silence.

STRAWMAN.

Well?

FALR.

Well?

STRAWMAN.

Falk!

FALK.

Pastor!

STRAWMAN.

Are you less

Intractable than when we parted?

FALK

Nay,

I go my own inexorable way—

STRAWMAN.

Even tho' you crush another's happiness?

FALK.

I plant the flower of knowledge in its place.

[Smiling.

If, by the way, you have not ceased to think Of the Gazette—

STRAWMAN.

Ah, that was all a joke?

FALK.

Yes, pluck up courage, that will turn to smoke; I break the ice in action, not in ink.

#### STRAWMAN.

But even though you spare me, sure enough There's one who won't so lightly let me off; He has the advantage, and he won't forego it, That lawyer's clerk—and 'tis to you I owe it; You raked the ashes of our faded flames. And you may take your oath he won't be still If once I mutter but a syllable Against the brazen bluster of his claims. These civil-service gentlemen, they say, Are very potent in the press to-day. A trumpery paragraph can lay me low, Once printed in that Samson-like Gazette That with the jaw of asses fells its foe, And runs away with tackle and with net, Especially towards the quarter day—

FALK.

[Acquiescing.]

Ah, were there scandal in the case, indeed-

STRAWMAN.

[Despondently.]

No matter. Read its columns with good heed, You'll see me offered up to Vengeance.

## FALK.

# [Whimsically.]

Nay,

To retribution—well-earned punishment.
Thro' all our life there runs a Nemesis,
Which may delay, but never will relent,
And grants to none exception or release.
Who wrongs the Ideal? Straight there rushes in
The Press, its guardian with the Argus eye,
And the offender suffers for his sin.

#### STRAWMAN.

But in the name of heaven, what pledge have I Given this "Ideal" that's ever on your tongue? I'm married, have a family, twelve young And helpless innocents to clothe and keep; I have my daily calls on every side, Churches remote and glebe and pasture wide, Great herds of breeding cattle, ghostly sheep—All to be watched and cared for, clipt and fed, Grain to be winnowed, compost to be spread;—Wanted all day in shippon and in stall, What time have I to serve the "Ideal" withal?

#### FALK.

Then get you home with what dispatch you may, Creep snugly in before the winter-cold; Look, in young Norway dawns at last the day, Thousand brave hearts are in its ranks enroll'd, Its banners in the morning breezes play!

#### STRAWMAN.

And if, young man, I were to take my way With bag and baggage home, with everything That made me yesterday a little king, Were mine the only volte face to-day? Think you I carry back the wealth I brought?

[As FALK is about to answer.

Nay, listen, let me first explain my thought.

[Coming nearer.

Time was when I was young, like you, and played Like you, the unconquerable Titan's part;
Year after year I toiled and moiled for bread,
Which hardens a man's hand, but not his heart.
For northern fells my lonely home surrounded,
And by my parish bounds my world was bounded.
My home—Ah, Falk, I wonder, do you know
What home is?

FALK.
[Curtly.]
I have never known.

STRAWMAN.

Just so.

That is a home, where five may dwell with ease, Tho' two would be a crowd, if enemies. That is a home, where all your thoughts play free As boys and girls about their father's knee, Where speech no sooner touches heart, than tongue

#### STRAWMAN.

Where you but jeered and flouted. So utterly unlike God made us two! I'm bare of that he lavished upon you. But I have won the game where you were routed. Seen from the clouds, full many a wayside grain Of truth seems empty chaff and husks. You'd soar To heaven, I scarcely reach the stable door, One bird's an eagle born—

#### FALK.

And one a hen.

#### STRAWMAN.

Yes, laugh away, and say it be so, grant I am a hen. There clusters to my cluck A crowd of little chickens,—which you want! And I've the hen's high spirit and her pluck, And for my little ones forget myself. You think me dull, I know it. Possibly You pass a harsher judgment yet, decree Me over covetous of worldly pelf. Good, on that head we will not disagree.

[Seizes Falk's arm and continues in a low tone but with gathering vehemence.

You're right, I'm dull and dense and grasping, yes; But grasping for my God-given babes and wife, And dense from struggling blindly for bare life, And dull from sailing seas of loneliness.

Just when the pinnace of my youthful dream Into the everlasting deep went down, Another started from the ocean stream Borne with a fair wind onward to life's crown.



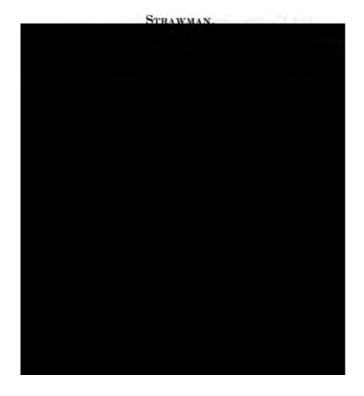
42

[ACI III

For every dream that vanished in the wave, For every buoyant plume that broke asunder, God sent me in return a little Wonder, And gratefully I took the good He gave. For them I strove, for them amassed, annexed,—For them, for them, explained the Holy text: My clustering girls, my garden of delight! On them you've poured the venom of your spite! You've proved, with all the cunning of the schools, My bliss was but the paradise of fools, That all I took for earnest was a jest;—Now I implore, give me my quiet breast Again, the flawless peace of mind I had—

FALK.

Prove, in a word, your title to be glad?



FALK.

[Haughtily.]

I stamp no copper Happiness as gold.

STRAWMAN.

[Looking fixedly at him.]

Remember then that, lately, one whose scent For truth is of the keenest told us this:

[With uplifted finger.

"There runs through all our life a Nemesis, Which may delay, but never will relent."

[He goes towards the house.

STIVER.

Coming out with glasses on, and an open book in his hand.

Pastor, you must come flying like the blast! Your girls are sobbing—

THE CHILDREN.

[In the doorway.]

Pa!

STIVER.

And Madam waiting! [STRAWMAN goes in.

This lady has no talent for debating.

[Puts the book and glasses in his pocket, and approaches FALK.

Falk!

FALK.

Yes!

[ACT II

STIVER.

I hope you've changed your mind at last?

FALK.

Why so?

.4

STIVER.

For obvious reasons. To betray Communications made in confidence, Is conduct utterly without defence. They must not pass the lips.

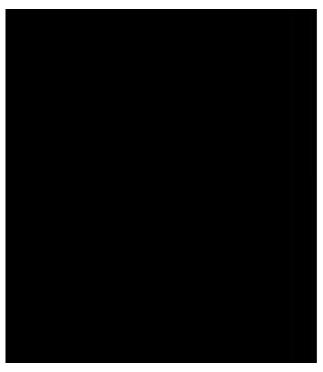
FALK.

No, I've heard say

It is at times a risky game to play.

STIVER.

The very devil!



FALK.

That's penal, is it—such an oversight?

STIVER.

[Mysteriously.]

It can a servant of the state compel To beg for his dismissal out of hand. On us officials lies a strict command, Even by the hearth to be inscrutable.

FALK.

O those despotical authorities, Muzzling the—clerk that treadeth out the grain!

STIVER.

[Shrugging his shoulders.]

It is the law; to murmur is in vain.

Moreover, at a moment such as this,

When salary revision is in train,

It is not well to advertise one's views

Of office time's true function and right use.

That's why I beg you to be silent; look,

A word may forfeit my—

FALK.

Portfolio?

STIVER.

Officially it's called a transcript book; A protocol's the clasp upon the veil of snow That shrouds the modest breast of the Bureau. What lies beneath you must not seek to know.



[ACT III

#### FALK.

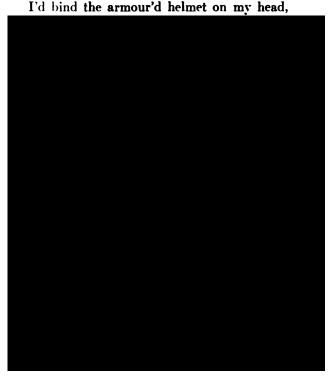
And yet I only spoke at your desire; You hinted at your literary crop.

46

#### STIVER.

How should I guess he'd grovel in the mire
So deep, this parson perch'd on fortune's top,
A man with snug appointments, children, wife,
And money to defy the ills of life?
If such a man prove such a Philistine,
What shall of us poor copyists be said?
Of me, who drive the quill and rule the line,
A man engaged and shortly to be wed,
With family in prospect—and so forth?
[More vehements.]

O, if I only had a well-lined berth,



кт ш]

#### STIVER.

[Stepping back.]

You mean, to break the engagement—?

FALK.

That's my mind;—

The fruit is gone, why keep the empty rind?

STIVER.

Such a proposal's for a green young shoot,
Not for a man of judgment and repute.
I heed not what King Christian in his time
(The Fifth) laid down about engagements brokenoff:

For that relationship is nowhere spoken of In any rubric of the code of crime. The act would not be criminal in name, It would in no way violate the laws—

FALK.

Why there, you see then!

STIVER.

[Firmly.]

Yes, but all the same,—

I must reject all pleas in such a cause. Staunch comrades we have been in times of dearth; Of life's disport she asks but little share, And I'm a homely fellow, long aware God made me for the ledger and the hearth. Let others emulate the eagle's flight, Life in the lowly plains may be as bright.

48

[ACT III

What does his Excellency Goethe say About the white and shining milky way? Man may not there the milk of fortune skim, Nor is the butter of it meant for him.

#### FALK.

Why, even were fortune-churning our life's goal, The labour must be guided by the soul;—
Be citizens of the time that is—but then
Make the time worthy of the citizen.
In homely things lurks beauty, without doubt,
But watchful eye and brain must draw it out.
Not every man who loves the soil he turns
May therefore claim to be another Burns.

## STIVER.

Then let us each our proper path pursue,

With hope still ardent, and with faith still sweet; You preach the wretched gospel of the hour, That the Ideal is secondary!

#### STIVER.

No!

It's primary: appointed, like the flower, To generate the fruit, and then to go.

[Indoors, Miss Jay plays and sings: "In the Gloaming." Stiven stands listening in silent emotion.

With the same melody she calls me yet Which thrilled me to the heart when first we met.

[Lays his hand on FALK's arm and gazes intently at him.

Oft as she wakens those pathetic notes,
From the white keys reverberating floats
An echo of the "yes" that made her mine.
And when our passions shall one day decline,
To live again as friendship, to the last
That song shall link that present to this past.
And what tho' at the desk my back grow round,
And my day's work a battle for mere bread,
Yet joy will lead me homeward, where the dead
Enchantment will be born again in sound.
If one poor bit of evening we can claim,
I shall come off undamaged from the game!

[He goes into the house. FALK turns towards the summer-house. SVANHILD comes out, she is pale and agitated. They gaze at each other in silence a moment, and fling themselves impetuously into each other's arms.



[ACT III

## FALK.

O, Svanhild, let us battle side by side!
Thou fresh glad blossom flowering by the tomb,—
See what the life is that they call youth's bloom!
There's coffin-stench of bridegroom and of bride;
There's coffin-stench wherever two go by
At the street corner, smiling outwardly,
With falsehood's reeking sepulchre beneath,
And in their blood the apathy of death.
And this they think is living! Heaven and earth,
Is such a load so many antics worth?
For such an end to haul up babes in shoals,
To pamper them with honesty and reason,
To feed them fat with faith one sorry season,
For service, after killing-day, as souls?

## SVANHILD.

Falk, let us travel!

50

Each his own hand from Paradise has driven,
Then, splash! into the sulphur to the neck!
But none has any inkling where he lies,
Each thinks himself a knight of Paradise,
And each sits smiling between howl and howl;
And if the Fiend come by with jeer and growl,
With horns, and hoofs, and things yet more abhorred,—

Then each man jogs the neighbour at his jowl: "Off with your hat, man! See, there goes the Lord!"

#### SVANHILD.

[After a brief, thoughtful silence.]

How marvellous a love my steps has led To this sweet trysting place! My life that sped In frolic and fantastic visions gay, Henceforth shall grow one ceaseless working day! O God! I wandered groping,—all was dim: Thou gavest me light—and I discovered him!

[Gazing at FALK in love and wonder.

Whence is that strength of thine, thou mighty tree That stand'st unshaken in the wind-wrecked wood, That stand'st alone, and yet canst shelter me—?

#### FALK.

God's truth, my Svanhild;—that gives fortitude.

#### SVANHILD.

[With a shy glance towards the house.]

They came like tempters, evilly inclined, Each spokesman for his half of humankind, One asking: How can true love reach its goal When riches' leaden weight subdues the soul? The other asking: How can true love speed When life's a battle to the death with Need? O horrible!—to bid the world receive That teaching as the truth, and yet to live!

FALK.

How if 'twere meant for us?

SVANHILD.

For us?—What, the Can outward faith control the wills of men?

I have already said: if thou'lt stand fast,
I'll dare and suffer by thee to the last.

How light to listen to the gospel's voice,
To leave one's home behind, to weep, rejoice,
And take with God the husband of one's choice.

FALK.

[Embracing her.]

Come then, and blow thy worst, thou winter weather!
We stand unshaken, for we stand together!

[Mrs. Halm and Guldstad come in from the right in the background.

GULDSTAD.

Do you doubt it now?

Mrs. Halm.

This is most singular.

GULDSTAD.

O, I've noted how

His work of late absorb'd his interest.

MRS. HALM.

[To herself.]

Who would have fancied Svanhild was so sly?

[Vivaciously to GULDSTAD.

But no-I can't think.

GULDSTAD.

Put it to the test.

MRS. HALM.

Now, on the spot?

GULDSTAD.

Yes, and decisively!

MRS. HALM.

[Giving him her hand.]

God's blessing with you!

GULDSTAD.

[Gravely.]

Thanks, it may bestead. [Comes to the front.

MRS. HALM.

[Looking back as she goes towards the house.] Whichever way it goes, my child is sped.

[Goes in.

GULDSTAD.

[Approaching Falk.]

It's late, I think?

FALR.

Ten minutes and I go.

GULDSTAD.

Sufficient for my purpose.

SVANHILD.

[Going.]

Farewell.

GULDSTAD.

No.

Remain.

SVANHILD.

Shall I?

GULDSTAD.

Until you've answered me. It's time we squared accounts. It's time we three Talked out for once together from the heart.

FALK.

[Taken aback.]

We three?

Yes,—all disguises flung apart.

FALK.

[Suppressing a smile.]

O, at your service.

GULDSTAD.

Very good, then hear. We've been acquainted now for half a year; We've wrangled—

FALK.

Yes.

GULDSTAD.

We've been in constant feud; We've changed hard blows enough. You fought—alone—

For a sublime ideal; I as one
Among the money-grubbing multitude.
And yet it seemed as if a chord united
Us two, as if a thousand thoughts that lay
Deep in my own youth's memory benighted
Had started at your bidding into day.
Yes, I amaze you. But this hair grey-sprinkled
Once fluttered brown in spring-time, and this brow,
Which daily occupation moistens now
With sweat of labour, was not always wrinkled.
Enough; I am a man of business, hence—

FALK.

[With gentle sarcasm.]

You are the type of practical good sense.

And you are hope's own singer young and fain.

[Stepping between them.

Just therefore, Falk and Svanhild, I am here. Now let us talk, then; for the hour is near Which brings good hap or sorrow in its train.

FALK.

[In suspense.]

Speak, then!

GULDSTAD.

[Smiling.]

My ground is, as I said last night

A kind of poetry-

FALK.

In practice.

GULDSTAD.

[Nodding slowly.]

Right!

FALK.

nd if one asked the source from which you door

No, wait till I conclude.
I should not ask so much of others. You,
Svanhild, I've learnt to fathom thro' and thro';
You are too sensible to play the prude.
I watched expand, unfold, your little life;
A perfect woman I divined within you,
But long I only saw a daughter in you;
Now I ask of you—will you be my wife?

[SVANHILD draws back in embarrassment.

FALK.

[Seizing his arm.]

Hold!

GULDSTAD.

Patience; she must answer. Put your own Question;—then her decision will be free.

FALK.

I-do you say?

GULDSTAD.

[Looking steadily at him.]

The happiness of three Lives is at stake to-day,—not mine alone. Don't fancy it concerns you less than me; For tho' base matter is my chosen sphere, Yet nature made me something of a seer. Yes, Falk, you love her. Gladly, I confess, I saw your young love bursting into flower. But this young passion, with its lawless power, May be the ruin of her happiness.

# LOVE'S COMEDY

LACT

FALK.

[Firing up.]

You have the face to say so?

GULDSTAD.

[Quietly.]

Years give right.

Say now you won her-

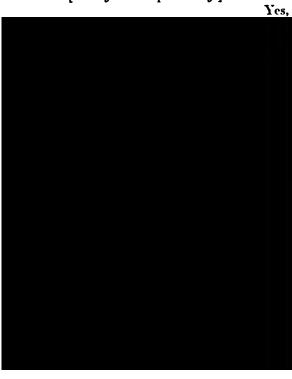
FALK.

[Defiantly.]

And what then?

GULDSTAD.

[Slowly and emphatically.]



FALK.

Last night?

GULDSTAD.

Last night. You know the parson's dame-

FALK.

What? It was she, then, who-

GULDSTAD.

Who lit the flame.

Long I remembered her with keen regret,
And still in my remembrance she arose
As the young lovely woman that she was
When in life's buoyant spring-time first we met.
And that same foolish fire you now are fain
To light, that game of hazard you would dare.
See, that is why I call to you—beware!
The game is perilous! Pause, and think again!

FALK.

No, to the whole tea-caucus I declared My fixed and unassailable belief—

GULDSTAD.

[Completing his sentence.]

That heartfelt love can weather unimpaired Custom, and Poverty, and Age, and Grief. Well, say it be so; possibly you're right; But see the matter in another light. What love is, no man ever told us—whence It issues, that ecstatic confidence

That one life may fulfil itself in two,—
To this no mortal ever found the clue.
But marriage is a practical concern,
As also is betrothal, my good sir—
And by experience easily we learn
That we are fitted just for her, or her.
But love, you know, goes blindly to its fate,
Chooses a woman, not a wife, for mate;
And what if now this chosen woman was
No wife for you—?

FALK.

[In suspense.]

Well?

GULDSTAD.

[Shrugging his shoulders.]

#### GULDSTAD.

Hear a golden counsel then. Use your experience; watch your fellow-men, How every loving couple struts and swaggers Like millionaires among a world of beggars. They scamper to the altar, lad and lass, They make a home and, drunk with exultation, Dwell for awhile within its walls of glass. Then comes the day of reckoning;—out, alas, They're bankrupt, and their house in liquidation! Bankrupt the bloom of youth on woman's brow, Bankrupt the flower of passion in her breast, Bankrupt the husband's battle-ardour now, Bankrupt each spark of passion he possessed. Bankrupt the whole estate, below, above,— And yet this broken pair were once confessed A first-class house in all the wares of love!

FALK.

[Vehemently.]

That is a lie!

GULDSTAD.

[Unmoved.]

Some hours ago 'twas true

However. I have only quoted you;—
In these same words you challenged to the field
The "caucus" with love's name upon your shield.
Then rang repudiation fast and thick
From all directions, as from you at present;
Incredible, I know; who finds it pleasant
To hear the name of death when he is sick?
Look at the priest! A painter and composer

Of taste and spirit when he wooed his bride;—
What wonder if the man became a proser
When she was snugly settled by his side?
To be his lady-love she was most fit;
To be his wife, tho'—not a bit of it.
And then the clerk, who once wrote clever numbers?
No sooner was the gallant plighted, fixed,
Than all his rhymes ran counter and got mixed;
And now his Muse continuously slumbers,
Lullabied by the law's eternal hum.
Thus you see—

[Looks at SVANHILD-

Are you cold?

SVANHILD. [Softly.]

No.

FALK.

(With forced humanir )

And permanent postponement of the gout.

It may be built on lips of rosy red,
On sparkling eyes and locks of flowing gold,
On trust these glories never will be shed,
Nor the dread hour of periwigs be tolled.

It may be built on thoughts that glow and quiver,—
Flowers blowing in the sandy wilderness,—
On hearts that, to the end of life, for ever
Throb with the passion of the primal "yes."
To dealings such as this the world extends
One epithet: 'tis known as "humbug," friends.

#### FALK.

I see, you are a dangerous attorney, You—well-to-do, a millionaire, maybe; While two broad backs could carry in one journey All that beneath the sun belongs to me.

GULDSTAD.

[Sharply.]

What do you mean?

#### FALK.

That is not hard to see. For the sound way of building, I suppose, Is just with cash—the wonder-working paint That round the widow's batten'd forehead throws The aureole of a young adored saint.

#### GULDSTAD.

O no, 'tis something better that I meant.' Tis the still flow of generous esteem,

Which no less honours the recipient
Than does young rapture's giddy-whirling dream.
It is the feeling of the blessedness
Of service, and home quiet, and tender ties,
The joy of mutual self-sacrifice,
Of keeping watch lest any stone distress
Her footsteps wheresoe'er her pathway lies;
It is the healing arm of a true friend,
The manly muscle that no burdens bend,
The constancy no length of years decays,
The arm that stoutly lifts and firmly stays.
This, Svanhild, is the contribution I
Bring to your fortune's fabric: now, reply.

[SVANHILD makes an effort to speak; GULDSTAD lifts his hand to check her.

Consider well before you give your voice! With clear deliberation make your choice.

FALK.

And how have you discovered-

GULDSTAD.

That you love her?

That in your eyes 'twas easy to discover.

t has too know it I Deceases his hone

Then it is I who triumph in very deed; You're happy, and for nothing else I fought.

[To FALK.

And, apropos—just now you spoke of cash,
Trust me, 'tis iittle more than tinsell'd trash.
I have no ties, stand perfectly alone;
To you I will make over all I own;
My daughter she shall be, and you my son.
You know I have a business by the border:
There I'll retire, you set your home in order,
And we'll foregather when a year is gone.
Now, Falk, you know me; with the same precision
Observe yourself: the voyage down life's stream,
Remember, is no pastime and no dream.
Now, in the name of God—make your decision!
[Goes into the house. Pause. Falk and SvanHILD look shyly at each other.

FALK.

You are so pale.

SVANHILD.

And you so silent.

FALK.

True.

SVANHILD.

He smote us hardest.

FALK.

[To himself.]

Stole my armour, too.



#### LOVE'S COMEDY

[ACT I

SVANHILD.

What blows he struck!

66

FALK.

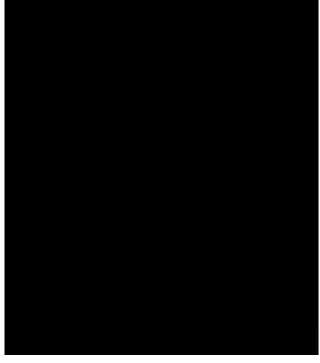
He knew to place them we

SVANHILD.

All seemed to go to pieces where they fell.

[Coming nearer to has

How rich in one another's wealth before
We were, when all had left us in despite,
And Thought rose upward like the echoing roar
Of breakers in the silence of the night.
With exultation then we faced the fray,
And confidence that Love is lord of death;—
He came with worldly cunning, stole our faith,
Sowed doubt,—and all the glory pass'd away!



# LOVE'S COMEDY

#### SVANHILD.

Hence with hopes that snare! If you sow falsehood, you must reap despair. For others true, you say? And do you doubt That each of them, like us, is sure, alike, That he's the man the lightning will not strike, And no avenging thunder will find out, Whom the blue storm-cloud, scudding up the sky On wings of tempest, never can come nigh?

#### FALK.

The others split their souls on scattered ends: Thy single love my being comprehends. They're hoarse with yelling in life's Babel din: I in this quiet shelter fold thee in.

#### SVANHILD.

But if love, notwithstanding, should decay, —Love being Happiness's single stay—
Could you avert, then, Happiness's fall?

#### FALK.

No, my love's ruin were the wreck of all.

#### SVANHILD.

And can you promise me before the Lord That it will last, not drooping like the flower, But smell as sweet as now till life's last hour?

#### FALK.

[After a short pause.]

It will last long.

## SVANHILD.

[With anguish.]

"Long!" "Long!"—Poor starveling word!
Can "long" give any comfort in Love's need?
It is her death-doom, blight upon her seed.
"My faith is, Love will never pass away"—
That song must cease, and in its stead be hear
"My faith is, that I loved you yesterday!"

[As uplifted by inspirate.

No, no, not thus our day of bliss shall wane, Flag drearily to west in clouds and rain;— But at high noontide, when it is most bright, Plunge sudden, like a meteor, into night!

FALK.

[In anguish.]

What would you, Svanhild?

SVANHILD.

#### SVANHILD.

And near me what were left—if Love depart?

FALK.

A home!

#### SVANHILD.

Where Joy would gasp in mortal strife. [Firmly.

It was not given to me to be your wife. That is the clear conviction of my heart! In courtship's merry pastime I can lead, But not sustain your spirit in its need.

[Nearer and with gathering fire.

Now we have revell'd out a feast of spring;
No thought of slumber's sluggard couch come nigh!
Let Joy amid delirious song make wing
And flock with choirs of cherubim on high.
And tho' the vessel of our fate capsize,
One plank yet breasts the waters, strong to save;—
The fearless swimmer reaches Paradise!
Let Joy go down into his watery grave;
Our Love shall yet in triumph, by God's hand,
Be borne from out the wreckage safe to land!

#### FALK.

O, I divine thee! But—to sever thus!

Now, when the portals of the world stand wide,—
When the blue spring is bending over us,
On the same day that plighted thee my bride!

#### SVANHILD.

Just therefore must we part. Our joy's torch fire Will from this moment wane till it expire!

#### LOVE'S COMEDY

[ACT III:

And when at last our worldly days are spent,
And face to face with our great Judge we stand,
And, as a righteous God, he shall demand
Of us the earthly treasure that he lent—
Then, Falk, we cry—past power of Grace to save—
"O Lord, we lost it going to the grave!"

FALK.

[With strong resolve.]

Pluck off the ring!

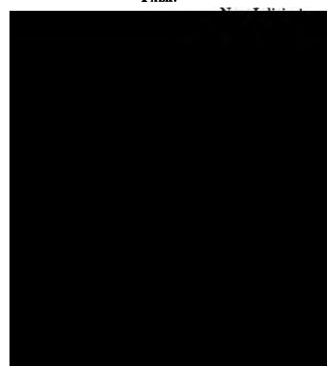
)

SVANHILD.

[With fire.]

Wilt thou?

FALK.



Descend, my dream!—I fling thee in its stead!

[Goes a few steps back, throws the ring into the fjord, and approaches FALK with a transfigured expression.

Now for this earthly life I have foregone thee,— But for the life eternal I have won thee!

FALK.

[Firmly.]

And now to the day's duties, each, alone. Our paths no more will mingle. Each must wage His warfare single-handed, without moan. We caught the fevered frenzy of the age, Fain without fighting to secure the spoil, Win Sabbath ease, and shirk the six days' toil, Tho' we are called to strive and to for go.

SVANHILD.

But not in sickness.

FALK.

No,—made strong by truth.

Our heads no penal flood will overflow;
This never-dying memory of our youth
Shall gleam against the cloud-wrack like the bow
Of promise flaming in its colours seven,—
Sign that we are in harmony with heaven.
That gleam your quiet duties shall make bright—

SVANHILD.

And speed the poet in his upward flight!

LACT III

### FALK.

The poet, yes; for poets all men are
Who see, thro' all their labours, mean or great,
In pulpit or in schoolroom, church or state,
The Ideal's lone beacon-splendour flame afar.
Yes, upward is my flight; the winged steed
Is saddled; I am strong for noble deed.
And now farewell!

SVANHILD.

Farewell!

FALK.

[Embracing her.]

One kiss!

SVANHILD

Hurrah for love, God's glorious gift to men!

[The door opens. FALK withdraws to the right;
the younger guests come out with merry laughter.

THE YOUNG GIRLS.

A lawn dance!

A Young GIRL.

Dancing's life!

ANOTHER.

A garland spread

With dewy blossoms fresh on every head!

SEVERAL.

Yes, to the dance, the dance!

ALL.

And ne'er to bed!

[Stiver comes out with Strawman arm in arm. Mrs. Strawman and the children follow.

STIVER.

Yes, you and I henceforward are fast friends.

STRAWMAN.

Allied in battle for our common ends.

STIVER.

When the twin forces of the State agree-

STRAWMAN.

They add to all men's-

STIVER.

[Hastily.]

Gains!

STRAWMAN.

And gaiety.

[Mrs. Halm, Lind, Anna, Guldstad, and Miss Jay, with the other guests, come out. All eyes are turned upon Falk and Svanhild. General amazement when they are seen standing apart.

MISS JAY.

[Among the Aunts, clasping her hands.]
What! Am I awake or dreaming, pray?

LIND.

ACT III]

# LOVE'S COMEDY

475

MISS JAY.

Refused!

THE AUNTS.

Refused!

MRS. HALM.

Hush, ladies, if you please! [Goes across to SVANHILD.

Mrs. Strawman.

[To STRAWMAN.]

Fancy, refused!

STRAWMAN.

It cannot be!

MISS JAY.

It is!

THE LADIES.

[From mouth to mouth.]

Refused! Refused! Refused! [They gather in little groups about the garden.

STIVER.

[Dumfounded.]

He courting? How?

STRAWMAN.

Yes, think! He laugh'd at us, ha, ha—but now—
[They gaze at each other speechless.

ANNA.

[To LIND.]

That's good! He was too horrid, to be sure!

LIND.

[Embracing her.]

Hurrah, now thou art mine, entire and whole.

[They go outside into the garden.

GULDSTAD.

[Looking back towards SVANHILD.] Something is shattered in a certain soul;

But what is yet alive in it I'll cure.

STRAWMAN.

[Recovering himself and embracing Stiver.]

MRS. HALM.

[Aside, eagerly.]

And nothing binds you?

SVANHILD.

Nothing.

MRS. HALM.

Good, you know

A daughter's duty-

SVANHILD.

Guide me, I obey.

Mrs. HALM.

Thanks, child.

[Pointing to GULDSTAD.

He is a rich and comme il faut

Parti; and since there's nothing in the way-

SVANHILD.

Yes, there is one condition I require!— To leave this place.

MRS. HALM.

Precisely his desire.

SVANHILD.

And time-

MRS. HALM.

How long? Bethink you, fortune's calling!

SVANHILD.

[With a quiet smile.]

Only a little; till the leaves are falling.

[She goes towards the verandah; Mrs. Halm
seeks out Guldstad.

STRAWMAN.

[Among the guests.]

One lesson, friends, we learn from this example! Tho' Doubt's beleaguering forces hem us in, Yet Truth upon the Serpent's head shall trample, The cause of Love shall win—

GUESTS.

Yes, Love shall win!
[They embrace and kiss, pair by pair. Outside
to the left are heard song and laughter.

MRS. HALM.

It's Lind you seek, then?

NG ... T ...

MISS JAY.

That's unfortunate.

He's just engaged—

An Aunt.

And so, you may be sure, He cannot think of going on a tour.

THE STUDENTS.

Engaged!

ALL THE STUDENTS.

Congratulations!

LIND.

[To his comrades.]

Thanks, my friends!

THE STUDENT.

[To his comrades.]

There goes our whole fish-kettle in the fire! Our tenor lost! No possible amends!

FALK.

'oming from the right, in summer suit, with student's cap, knapsack and stick.]

I'll sing the tenor in young Norway's choir!

THE STUDENTS.

You, Falk! hurrah!

#### FALK.

Forth to the mountains, come!

As the bee hurries from her winter home!

A twofold music in my breast I bear,

A cither with diversely sounding strings,

One for life's joy, a treble loud and clear,

And one deep note that quivers as it sings.

[To individuals among the STUDENTS.

You have the palette?—You the note-book? Good, Swarm then, my bees, into the leafy wood, Till at nightfall with pollen-laden thigh, Home to our mighty mother-queen we fly!

[Turning to the company, while the Students depart and the Chorus of the First Act is faintly heard outside.

Forgive me my offences great and small, I resent nothing;—

[Softly.

# er iii]

#### MISS JAY.

[With an ironical courtesy.]

I shall put on my wedding-ring next Yule.

#### ANNA.

[Similarly, as she takes LIND's arm.]

My Lind will stay, the Church can mind itself-

#### LIND.

[Hiding his embarrassment.]

And seek an opening in a ladies' school.

MRS. HALM.

I cultivate my Anna's capabilities-

GULDSTAD.

[Gravely.]

An unromantic poem I mean to make Of one who only lives for duty's sake.

#### FALK.

[With a smile to the whole company.]

I go to scale the Future's possibilities!

Farewell! [Softly to SVANHILD.

God bless thee, bride of my life's dawn, Where'er I be, to nobler deed thou'lt wake me.

[Waves his hat and follows the STUDENTS.

#### SVANHILD.

ooks after him a moment, then says, softly but firmly:]
Now over is my life, by lea and lawn,

The leaves are falling; -now the world may take me.

[At this moment the piano strikes up a dance, and champagne corks explode in the background. The gentlemen hurry to and fro with their ladies on their arms. Guldstad approaches Svanhild and bows: she starts momentarily, then collects herself and gives him her hand. Mrs. Halm and her family, who have watched the scene in suspense, throng about them with expressions of repture, which are overpowered by the music and the merriment of the dancers in the garden.

[But from the country the following chorus rings loud and defiant through the dance music:

Chorus of Falk and the Students.

And what if I shattered my roaming bark,

P. 324. William Russel. An original historic tragedy, founded upon the career of the ill-fated Lord William Russell, by Andreas Munch, cousin of the historian P. A. Munch. It was produced at Christiania in 1857, the year of Ibsen's return from Bergen, and reviewed by him in the Illustreret Nyhedsblad for that year, Nos. 51 and 52. Professor Johan Storm of Christiania, to whose kindness I owe these particulars, adds that "it is rather a fine play and created a certain sensation in its time; but Munch is forgotten."

P. 326. A gray old stager. Ibsen's friend P. Botten-Hansen,

author of the play Hyldrebryllupet.

-1

P. 367. A Sranhild, like the old. In the tale of the Völsungs Svanhild was the daughter of Sigurd and Gudrun,—the Siegfried and Kriemhild of the Nibelungenlied. The fierce king Jormunrek, hearing of her matchless beauty, sends his son Randwer to woo her in his name. Randwer is, however, induced to woo her in his own, and the girl approves. Jormunrek thereupon causes Randwer to be arrested and hanged, and meeting with Svanhild, as he and his men ride home from the hunt, tramples her to death under their horses' hoofs. Gudrun incites her sons Sorli and Hamdir to avenge their sister; they boldly enter Jormunrek's hall, and succeed in cutting off his hands and feet, but are themselves slain by his men. This last dramatic episode is told in the Eddic Hamthismol.

P. 405. In the remotest east there grows a plant. The germ of the famous tea-simile is due to Fru Collett's romance, The Official's Daughters. But she exploits the idea only under a single and obvious aspect, viz., the comparison of the tender bloom of love with the precious firstling blade which brews the quintessential tea for the Chinese emperor's table; what the world calls love being, like what it calls tea, a coarse and flavourless aftercrop. Ibsen has, it will be seen, given a number of ingenious developments to the analogy. I know



sunrounce that his eyes had decer gentlemen."



# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND THE PRETENDERS



# CONTENTS

MTRODUCTION TO "THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND"	3
Translated by William Archer	17
NTBODUCTION TO "THE PRETENDERS"	141
THE PRETENDERS"	153





# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND



# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

#### INTRODUCTION\*

IBSEN himself has told us, in his preface to the second edition of The Feast at Solhoug, how the reading of the Icelandic family-sagas suggested to him, in germ, the theme of The Vikings at Helgeland. What he first saw, he says, was the contrasted figures of the two women who ultimately became Hiördis and Dagny, together with a great banquet-scene at which an interchange of taunts and gibes should lead to tragic consequences. The conception of the two women's characters was certainly not new to him, seeing that a similar contrast presents itself in his very earliest work, Catilina, between the aptlynamed Furia and the gentle Aurelia; while even in Lady Inger of Östråt it reappears, somewhat disguised, in the contrast between Inger Gyldenlöve and her daughter Elina. While the scheme of The Vikings was still entirely vague, however, fresh influences, both of a personal and of a literary nature, intervened, and, transposing the theme from the purely dramatic into the lyrical key, he produced The Feast at Solhoug. The foster-sisters, Hiördis and Dagny, became the sisters Margit and Signë, and the banquet, instead of being the culminating-point of the dramatic action, became its mere background.

\* Copyright, 1906, by Charles Scribner's Sons.

#### THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

The fact probably is that in 1855 the poet found himelf still unripe for the intense effort of dramatic concenration involved in such a work as The Vikings. Probaly, too, he knew that neither his actors nor his publicat ne Bergen Theatre were prepared to go back to the rimitive austerity of the heroic age, as it was beginning body itself forth in his mind. The good Bergensers ere accustomed either to French intrigue (such as he had iven them in Lady Inger) or to Danish lyrical romancism; and he perhaps foresaw that the ruling taste of ergen would be as hard to contend against as, in the equel, the ruling taste of Copenhagen actually proved At all events, from whatever mingling of motives, e put the heroic theme aside for two years, while he kept the key of lyrical romanticism not only in the Feast at olhoug, written in the summer of 1855, but also in the ery feeble Olaf Liliekrans, conceived much earlier, but

the iambic decasyllable (our blank verse) in which Oehkeschläger had written most of his plays, and which Ibsen himself had adopted in his early imitation of Oehlenschläger, The Warrior's Barrow. Blank verse Ibsen regarded as "entirely foreign" to Norwegian-Danish prosody, and, moreover, a product of Christian influences; whereas pagan antiquity, if treated in verse at all, ought to be treated in the pagan measure of the Greeks. the same time we find him expressing a doubt whether Oehlenschläger's Hakon Jarl might not have been just as poetic in prose as in verse—a doubt which clearly shows in what direction his thoughts were turning. must be regarded as a great mercy that he abandoned the iambic trimeter, which, in Oehlenschläger's hands, was nothing but an unrhymed Alexandrine with the cesura displaced.

This same essay On the Heroic Ballad throws a curious light on the difficulties which occasioned the long delay between the conception and the execution of The Vikings. He lays it down that "the heroic ballad is much better fitted than the saga for dramatic treatment. The saga is a great, cold. rounded, and self-contained epos, essentially objective, and exclusive of all lyricism. . . . If, now, the poet is to extract a dramatic work from this epic material, he must necessarily bring into it a foreign, a lyrical, element; for the drama is well known to be a higher blending of the lyric and the epos." This "well-known" dogma he probably accepted from the German estheticians with whom, about this time, he seems to have busied himself. A little further on, he adds that the accommodating prosody of the ballads gives room for

## 6 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

"many freedoms which are of great importance to damatic dialogue," and consequently prophesies a great future for the drama drawn from this source. It was a luckless prophecy. He himself, though apparently he little guessed it, had done his last work in lyrical romance; and though it has survived, sporadically, in Danish and even in German literature, it can count but few masterpieces during the past half-century. Perhaps, however, Hauptmann's Sunken Bell might be taken as justifying Ibsen's forecast.<sup>1</sup>

It must have been very soon after this essay was published (May 1857) that Ibsen discovered how to impose dramatic form upon the epic material of the sagas, without dragging in any foreign lyrical element. He suddenly saw his way, it would seem, to reproducing in dialogue the terse, unvarnished prose of the sagas themselves, eloquent in reticence rather than in rhetorical or lyrical

well have given Ibsen a valuable impulse towards the adaptation of the saga-style to drama. The point, however, is of little moment. It is much more important to note that while Ibsen was writing The Vikings Björnson was writing his peasant-idyll Synnöve Solbakken; so that these two corner-stones of modern Norwegian literature were laid, to all intents and purposes, simultaneously.

In an autobiographic letter to Peter Hansen, written in 1870, Ibsen mentions this play very briefly: "The Vikings at Helgeland I wrote whilst I was engaged to be married. For Hiördis I had the same model as I took afterwards for Svanhild in Love's Comedy." More noteworthy is his preface to a German translation of the play, published in 1876. It runs as follows:

"In issuing a German translation of one of my earlier dramatic works, it may not be superfluous to remark that I have taken the material of this play, not from the Nibelungenlied, but in part—and in part only—from a kindred Scandinavian source, the Volsung-Saga. More essentially, however, my poem may be said to be founded upon the various Icelandic family-sagas, in which it often seems that the titanic conditions and occurrences of the Nibelungenlied and the Volsung-Saga have simply been reduced to human dimensions. Hence I think we may conclude that the situations and events depicted in these two documents were typically characteristic of our common Germanic life in the earliest historical times. view be justified, it disposes of the reproach that in the present drama our national mythic world is brought down to a lower plane than that to which it belongs. The

<sup>1</sup> Correspondence, Letter 74.

idealised, and in some degree impersonal, myth-figure are exceedingly ill-adapted for representation on the stage of to-day; and, however this may be, it was not my aim to present our mythic world, but simply our life in primitive times."

The reasoning of this passage does not seem very cogent; but it expresses clearly enough the design which the poet proposed to himself. Before discussing the merits of the play, however, I may as well complete the outline of its external history.

Part of that external history is written by Ibsen himself in letters to the Christiania Press of the day. In the autumn of 1857, he presented the play to the Christiania Theatre, then occupied by a Danish company under Danish management. After a long delay, he ascertained that it had been accepted and would be produced in March, 1858. He then proposed to consult with the tributed to the nationalisation of the Christiania Theatre—the supersession of Danish by Norwegian managers, actors and authors—which took place during the succeeding decade.

In the meantime, almost simultaneously with the rejection of the play by the Christiania Theatre, it was rejected by the Royal Theatre in Copenhagen. The director, J. L. Heiberg, was then regarded as an autocrat in the esthetic world; and his report on The Vikings is now a curiosity of literature. He declared that nothing was so "monotonous, tiresome and devoid of all poetry" as the Icelandic family-sagas; he could not endure their "wildness and rawness" on the stage; the saga-style, as reproduced by Ibsen, seemed to him "mannered and affected"; and he concluded his judgment in these terms: "A Norwegian theatre will scarcely take its rise from such experiments, and the Danish theatre has fortunately no need for them."

The play was published in April, 1858, as a supplement to a Christiania illustrated paper, the author receiving an "honorarium" of something less than £7. On November 24, 1858, it was produced at the little "Norwegian Theatre" in Christiania, of which the poet was then director. At the Bergen Theatre it was produced in 1859, at the Christiania Theatre (by that time pretty well Norwegianised) in 1861. It did not make its way to Copenhagen and Stockholm until 1875. In 1876 it was acted at the Court Theatres of Munich and Dresden, and at the Vienna Burgtheater. Thenceforward it was pretty frequently seen on the German stage; but it does not seem to have reached Berlin (Deutsches Theater) until 1890.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

n 1892 it was produced in Moscow. The only prouction in the English language of which any account has eached me took place in 1903 at the Imperial Theatre, ondon, when Miss Ellen Terry appeared as Hiördis and Ir. Oscar Asche as Sigurd. The scenery and dresses were designed by Miss Terry's son, Mr. Gordon Craig.

It would need not merely an essay, but a volume, to iscuss the relation of The Vikings to its mythic material, nd to other modern treatments of that material—Friedich Hebbel's Die Nibelungen, Richard Wagner's Ring er Nibelungen, etc. The poet's actual indebtedness the Volsung-Saga is well summarised by Henrik æger in his Life of Ibsen: "Like Sigurd Fafnir'sane," he says, "Sigurd Viking has achieved the deed thich Hiördis (Brynhild) demands of the man who shall red her; and, again like his heroic namesake, he has reounced her in favour of his foster-brother, Gunnar, him-

adopted." From the family-sagas, again, not only the stature of the characters, so to speak, but several details of incident and dialogue are borrowed. The boastingmatch at Gunnar's feast, which, as we have seen, was one of the first elements of the story to present itself to Ibsen's mind, has many analogies in Icelandic lore. Örnulf's questions as to how Thorolf fell are borrowed from Eqils Saga, and so is the idea of his "drapa," or funeral chant over his dead sons. Sigurd and Hiördis are, perhaps, almost as closely related to Kiartan and Gudrun in the Lazdala Saga as to Sigurd's Fafnir's-bane and Brynhild. Indeed, Ibsen seems to have reckoned too confidently on the unfamiliarity of his public with the stores of material upon which he drew. Not, of course, that there could be any question of plagiarism. The sagas were as legitimately at Ibsen's service as were Plutarch and Holinshed at Shakespeare's. But having been himself, as he tells us, almost ignorant of the existence of these sagas until he came across N. M. Petersen's translation of them, he forgot that people who had long known and loved them might resent the removal of this trait and that from its original setting, and might hold it to be, in its new context, degraded and sentimentalised. "It may be," writes H. H. Boyesen, in his generally depreciatory remarks on the play, "that my fondness for these sagas themselves prevents me from relishing the modification and remoulding to which Ibsen has subjected them." Dr. Brandes, too, points to a particular instance in which the sense of degradation could not but be felt. The daydream as to the hair-woven bowstring which Hiördis relates to Sigurd in the third act (p. 105) is in itself effective

## THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

12

enough; but any one who knows the splendid passage in Nials Saga, on which it is founded, cannot but feel that the actual (or at any rate legendary) event is impoverished by being dragged in under the guise of a mere morbid fantasy.

On the whole, I think Ibsen can scarcely escape the charge of having sentimentalised the sagas in the same way, though not in the same degree, in which Tennyson has sentimentalised the Arthurian legends. Indeed, Sigurd the Strong is not without points of resemblance to the Blameless King of the Idylls. But, for my part, I cannot regard this as a very serious charge. The Viking is the work of a man still young (29), who had, moreover, developed very slowly. It is still steeped in romanticism, though not in the almost boyish lyricism of its predecessors. The poet is not yet intellectually mature—very far from it. But here, for the first time, we are unmistak-

ture of the story are precisely those at which the poet has had to replace supernatural by natural machinery. To slay a dragon and to break through a wall of fire, even with magical aid, are exploits which we can accept, on the mythic plane, as truly stupendous. But it is impossible to be really impressed by the slaying of Hiördis's bear, or to share in the breathless admiration with which that achievement is always mentioned. If the bear is to be regarded as a fabulous monster, it might just as well be a dragon at once; if it is to be accepted as a real quadruped, the killing of it is no such mighty matter. We feel it, in fact, to be a mere substitute, a more or less ludicrous makeshift. And in the same way, Sigurd's renunciation of Hiördis becomes very difficult to accept when all supernatural agency-magic potion, or other sleight of wizardy—is eliminated. We feel that he behaves like a nincompoop in despairing of winning her for himself, merely because she does not show an obviously "coming on" disposition, and like an immoral sentimentalist in handing her over to Gunnar. This, to be sure, is the poet's own criticism of his action. The lie which Sigurd and Gunnar conspire to tell, or rather to enact, is the root of the whole tragedy. We have here Ibsen's first treatment of the theme with which he is afterwards so much concerned—the necessity of truth as the basis of every human relation. Gunnar's acquiescence in Sigurd's heroic mendacity is as clearly condemned and punished, as, in Pillars of Society, Bernick's acquiescence in Johan's almost equally heroic self-sacrifice. Both plays convey a warning against excesses of altruism, and show that we have no right to offer sacrifices which the person benefit-

#### 14 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

ing by them has no right to accept. But to indicate a correct moral judgment of Sigurd's action is not to make it psychologically plausible. We feel, I repeat, that the poet is trying in vain to rationalise a series of actions which are comprehensible only on the supernatural plane.

This unreality of plot involved a similar unreality, or at any rate extreme simplicity, of characterisation. All the personages are drawn in large, obvious traits, which never undergo the smallest modification. Sigurd is throughout the magnanimous hero, Dagny the submissive, amiable wife, Hiördis the valkyric-virago, Gunnar the well-meaning weakling, not cowardly but inefficient. By far the most human and most individual figure is old Örnulf, in whom the spirit of the family-sagas is magnificently incarnated. We feel throughout the inexperience of the author, his incuriousness of half-tones in character, his tendency to view human relations and problems

ing each new discovery involve a more or less striking change in the relations of the persons on the stage. it is not technically alone that the play is great. The whole second act is a superbly designed and modulated piece of drama; and, for pure nobility and pathos, the scene of Örnulf's return—entirely of the poet's own invention—is surely one of the greatest things in dramatic literature. It is marvellous that even æsthetic prejudice should have prevented a man like J. L. Heiberg from recognising that he was here in presence of a great poet. The interest of the third act is mainly psychological, and the psychology, as we have seen, is neither very profound nor very convincing. But the fourth act, again, rises to a great height of romantic impressiveness. Whatever hints may have come from the sagas, the picture of Örnulf's effort of self-mastery is a very noble piece of work; and the plunge into supernaturalism at the close, in the child's vision of Asgardsreien, with his mother leading the rout, seems to me an entirely justified piece of imaginative daring. I cannot even agree with Dr. Brandes in condemning as "Geheimniskrämerei" Sigurd's dying revelation of the fact that he is a Christian. It seems to me to harmonise entirely with the whole sentimental colouring of the play. The worst flaws I find in this act are the terrible asides placed in the mouths of Gunnar and Dagny after the discovery of Sigurd's death.

The word Vikings in the title is a very free rendering of Hærmændene, which simply means "warriors." As "warriors," however, is a colourless word, and as Örnulf, Sigurd, and Gunnar all are, or have been, actually

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

16

vikings, the substitution seemed justifiable. I would beg, however hopelessly, that "viking" should be pronounced so as to rhyme not with "liking" but with "seeking," or at worst with "kicking." Helgeland, it may be mentioned, is a province or district in the north of Norway.

Örnulf's "drapa" and his snatches of verse are rhymed as well as alliterated in the original. I had the less hesitation in suppressing the rhyme, as it was actually foreign to the practice of the skalds.



# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND (1858)

# CHARACTERS

Örnulf of the Fiords, an Icelandic Chieftain.
Sigurd the Strong, a Sea-King.
Gunnar Headman,' a rich yeoman of Helgeland.
Thorolf, Örnulf's youngest son.
Dagny, Örnulf's daughter.
Hiördis, his foster-daughter.
Kåre the Peasant, a Helgeland-man.
Egil, Gunnar's son, four years old.
Örnulf's six older Sons.
Örnulf's and Sigurd's Men.
Guests, house-carls, serving-maids, outlaws, etc.

The action takes place in the time of Erik Blood-axe (about

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

#### PLAY IN FOUR ACTS

#### ACT FIRST

rocky coast, running precipitously down to the sea at the back. To the left, a boat-house; to the right, rocks and pinewoods. The masts of two warships can be seen down in the cove. Far out to the right, the sea, dotted with reefs and skerries, on which the surf is running high; it is a stormy snow-grey winter-day.

IGURD comes up from the ships; he is clad in a white tunic with a silver belt, a blue cloak, cross-gartered hose, untanned brogues, and a steel cap; at his side hangs a short sword. ÖRNULF comes in sight immediately afterwards, high up among the rocks, clad in a dark lamb-skin tunic with a breastplate and greaves, woollen stockings, and untanned brogues; over his shoulders he has a cloak of brown frieze, with the hood drawn over his steel cap, so that his face is partly hidden. He is very tall and massively built, with a long white beard, but is somewhat bowed by age; his weapons are a round shield, sword, and spear.

GURD enters first, looks around, sees the boat-shed, goes quickly up to it, and tries to burst open the door.

# 20 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT |

# ÖRNULF.

[Appears among the rocks, starts on seeing Sigure, seems to recognise him, descends and cries:] Give place, Viking!

#### SIGURD.

[Turns, lays his hand on his sword, and answers:]
'Twere the first time if I did!

# ÖRNULF.

Thou shalt and must! I need the shelter for my stifffrozen men.

SIGURD.

And I for a weary woman!

ÖRNULF.

My men are worth more than thy women!

#### DAGNY.

[Who is a little in front, clad in a red kirtle, blue cloak, and fur hood, calls down to the ships:] Up, all Sigurd's men! My husband is fighting with a stranger!

ÖRNULF'S SONS.

Help! Help for our father!

[They descend.

SIGURD.

[To his men.] Hold! I can master him alone!

ÖRNULF.

[To his sons.] Let me fight in peace! [Rushes in pon Sigurd.] I will see thy blood!

#### SIGURD

First see thine own!

[Wounds him in the arm so that his spear falls.

# ÖRNULF.

A stout stroke, Viking!

Swift the sword thou swingest, keen thy blows and biting; Sigurd's self, the Stalwart, stood before thee shame-struck.

SIGURD.

[Smiling.] Then were his shame his glory!

ÖRNULF'S SONS.

[With a cry of wonder.] Sigurd himself! Sigurd the Strong!

# 22 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT]

# ÖRNULF.

But sharper was thy stroke that night thou didst bear away Dagny, my daughter.

[Casts his hood back.

SIGURD AND HIS MEN.

Örnulf of the Fiords!

DAGNY.

[Glad, yet uneasy.] My father and my brothers!

SIGURD.

Stand thou behind me.

ÖRNULF.

Nay, no need. [Approaching Sigurd.] I no sooner saw thee than I knew thee, and therefore I stirred the

# ACT I] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

# ÖRNULF.

That am I, and straightway shall the quarrel be bealed. [To the others.] Be the matter, then, known to all. Five winters ago came Sigurd and Gunnar Headman as vikings to Iceland; they lay in harbour close under my homestead. Then Gunnar, by force and craft, carried away my foster-daughter, Hiördis; but thou, Sigurd, didst take Dagny, my own child, and sailed with her over the sea. For that I now doom thee to pay three hundred pieces of silver, and thereby shall thy misdeed be atoned.

#### SIGURD.

Fair is thy judgment, Örnulf; the three hundred pieces will I pay, and add thereto a silken cloak fringed with rold. 'Tis a gift from King Æthelstan of England, and retter has no Icelander yet borne.

#### DAGNY.

Well said, my brave husband; and my father, I hank thee. Now at last is my mind at ease.

[She presses her father's and brothers' hands, and talks low to them.

#### Örnulf.

Then thus stands the troth between us; and from us day shall Dagny be to the full as honourably regarded though she had been lawfully betrothed to thee, with the good will of her kin.

#### SIGURD.

And in me canst thou trust, as in one of thine own lood.

# 24 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT I

ÖRNULF.

That I doubt not, and will forthwith prove thy friendship.

SIGURD.

Ready shalt thou find me; say, what dost thou crave?

ÖRNULF.

Thy help in rede and deed. I have sailed hither to Helgeland to seek out Gunnar Headman and call him to account for the carrying away of Hiördis.

SIGURD.

[Surprised.] Gunnar!

DAGNY.

together. While I have wandered far and wide and served many outland kings, Gunnar has stayed at home. We made the land here at daydawn, storm-driven. I knew, indeed, that Gunnar's homestead lay here in the north, but—

#### DAGNY.

[To Örnulf.] So that errand has brought thee hither?

# ÖRNULF.

That and no other. [To Sigurd.] Our meeting is the work of the Mighty Ones above; they willed it so. Had I wished to find thee, little knew I where to seek.

#### SIGURD.

[Thoughtfully.] True, true!—But concerning Gunnar—tell me, Ornulf, art thou minded to go sharply to work, with all thy might, be it for good or ill?

# ÖRNULF.

That must I. Listen, Sigurd, for thus it stands: Last summer I rode to the Council where many honourable men were met. When the Council-days were over, I sat in the hall and drank with the men of my shire, and the talk fell upon the carrying-away of the women; scornful words they gave me, because for all these years I had let that wrong rest unavenged. Then, in my wrath, I swore to sail to Norway, seek out Gunnar, and crave reckoning or revenge, and never again to set foot in Iceland till my claim was made good.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACTI

#### SIGURD.

Ay, ay, since so it stands, I see well that if need be the natter must be pressed home.

# ÖRNULF.

It must; but I shall not crave overmuch, and Gumar has the fame of an honourable man. I am glad, too, hat I set forth on this quest; the time lay heavy on me n Iceland; out upon the blue waters had I grown old and grey, and meseemed that I must fare forth once again before I——; well well—Bergthora, my good wife, was dead these many years; my elder sons sailed on iking-ventures summer by summer; and since Thorolf was growing up——

# DAGNY.

[Joyfully.] Thorolf is with thee? Where is he?

# ACT 1] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

#### SIGURD.

But tell me—thy errand to Gunnar—thinkest thou o-day——?

#### ÖRNULF.

Rather to-day than to-morrow. Fair amends will content me; should Gunnar say me nay, then must he abide what may follow.

Kire the Peasant enters hastily from the right; he is clad in a grey frieze cloak and low-brimmed felt hat; he carries in his hand a broken fence-rail.

Kåre.

Well met, Vikings

ÖRNULF.

Vikings are seldom well met.

#### Kåre.

If ye be honourable men, ye will grant me refuge among you; Gunnar Headman's house-carls are hunting me to slay me.

ÖRNULF.

Gunnar's?

SIGURD.

Then hast thou done him some wrong!

## Kåre.

I have done myself right. Our cattle grazed together upon an island, hard by the coast; Gunnar's men carried

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT ]

ff my best oxen, and one of them flouted me for a thrall 'hen I raised my sword against him and slew him.

# ÖRNULF.

That was a lawful deed.

# KARE.

But this morning his men came in arms against me, y good hap I heard of their coming, and fled; but my semen are on my tracks, and short shrift can I look or at their hands.

# SIGURD.

Ill can I believe thee, peasant! In bygone days I new Gunnar as I know myself, and this I wot, that ever did he wrong to a peaceful man.

# ACT 1] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

## SIGURD.

[Looking out to the left.] Here comes a band of wayarers towards the north. Is it not——-?

#### KÅRE.

It is Gunnar himself!

#### ÖRNULF.

Be of good heart; I trow I can make peace between you.

Gunnar Headman, with several men, enters from the left. He is in peaceful attire, wearing a brown tunic, cross-gartered hose, a blue mantle, and a broad hat; he has no weapon but a small axe.

## GUNNAR.

[Stops in surprise and uncertainty on seeing the knot of men.] Örnulf of the Fiords! Yes, surely——!

# ÖRNULF.

Thou seest aright.

#### GUNNAR.

[Approaching.] Then peace and welcome to thee in my land, if thou come in peace.

# ÖRNULF.

If thy will be as mine, there shall be no strife between us.

#### SIGURD.

[Standing forward.] Well met, Gunnar!

# GUNNAR.

[Gladly.] Sigurd—foster-brother! [Shakes his hand.] Now truly, since thou art here, I know that Örnulf comes in peace. [To Örnulf.] Give me thy hand, greybeard! Thy errand here in the north is lightly guessed: it concerns Hiördis, thy foster-daughter.

# ÖRNULF.

As thou sayest; great wrong was done me when thou didst bear her away from Iceland without my will.

## GUNNAR.

Thy claim is rightful; what the youth has marred, the man must mend. Long have I looked for thee, Örnulf, for this cause; and if amends content thee, we shall soon be at one.

SIGHED

#### ORNULF.

Thy men have stolen his cattle, and theft must be atoned.

GUNNAR.

Murder no less; he has slain my thrall.

Kåre.

Because he flouted me.

GUNNAR.

I have offered thee terms of peace.

Kåre.

But Hiördis had no mind to that, and this morning, whilst thou wert gone, she fell upon me and now hunts me to my death.

GUNNAR.

[Angrily.] Sayest thou true? Has she-?

Kåre.

True, every word.

ÖRNULF.

Therefore the peasant besought me to stand by him, and that will I do.

GUNNAR.

[After a moment's thought.] Thou hast dealt honourably with me, Örnulf; therefore it is fit that I should

# 32 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT :

yield to thy will. Hear then, Kare: I am willing to let the slaying of the thrall and the wrongs done toward the quit each other.

# KÅRE.

[Gives Gunnar his hand.] It is a good offer; I am content.

# ÖRNULF.

And he shall have peace for thee and thine?

#### GUNNAR.

Peace shall he have, both at home and wheresoever he may go.

# SIGURD.

[Pointing to the right.] See yonder!

#### THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

#### DAGNY.

hes to meet her.] Peace and joy to thee, Hiördis!

#### Hiördis.

lly.] I thank thee.—'Twas told me thou wert off. [Comes forward, looking sharply at those ed.] Gunnar, and—Kåre, my foeman—Örnulf sons, and—— [As she catches sight of Sigurd, rts almost imperceptibly, is silent a moment, but herself and says:] Many I see here who are to me—but little I know who is best minded tower.

# ÖRNULF.

are all well-minded towards thee.

#### Hiördis.

be, thou wilt not deny to give Kåre into my hushands.

ÖRNULF.

e is no need.

#### GUNNAR.

re is peace and friendship between us.

#### Hiördis.

h suppressed scorn.] Friendship? Well well, I hou art a wise man, Gunnar! Kåre has found friends, and doubtless thou deem'st it safest——

#### GUNNAR.

taunts avail not! [With dignity.] Kare is at or us!

# 34 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT :

# Hiördis.

[Restraining herself.] Well and good; if thou has sworn him peace, the vow must be held.

## GUNNAR.

[Forcibly, but without anger.] It must and it shall.

# ÖRNULF.

[To Hiördis.] Another pact had been well-nigh made ere thy coming.

# Hiördis.

[Sharply.] Between thee and Gunnar?

# ÖRNULF.

[Nods.] It had to do with thee.

southland so soon as it was told us that Örnulf's war-ship lay in the fiord.

#### SIGURD.

[To Gunnar.] Didst thou send thy son to the south?

#### Hiördis.

Ay, that he might be in safety should Örnulf fall upon us.

# ÖRNULF.

Scoff not at that, Hiördis; what Gunnar has done may **Prove** wise in the end, if so be thou hinder the pact.

#### Hiördis.

Life must take its chance; come what will, I had liever die than save my life by a shameful pact.

#### DAGNY.

Sigurd makes atonement, and will not be deemed the leaser man for that.

#### Hiördis.

Sigurd best knows what his own honour can bear.

#### SIGURD.

On that score shall I never need reminding.

#### Hiördis.

Sigurd has done famous deeds, but bolder than all was Gunnar's deed, when he slew the white bear that guarded my bower.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT !

#### GUNNAR.

[With an embarrassed glance at Sigurd.] Nay, nay, no more of that!

# ÖRNULF.

In truth it was the boldest deed that e'er was seen in celand; and therefore—

#### SIGURD.

The more easily can Gunnar yield, and ne'er be held aint-hearted.

# Hiördis.

If amends are to be made, amends shall be craved as vell. Bethink thee, Gunnar, of thy vow!

# GUNNAR.

# ACT 1] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

beguiled me into adopting 1 thee, unwitting who thou wert.

#### Hiördis.

Honour, and no wrong, was thy lot in fostering Jökul's daughter.

# ÖRNULF.

Nought but strife hast thou brought me, that I know.

#### Hiördis.

Sterner strife may be at hand, if----

# ÖRNULF.

I came not hither to bandy words with women!— Gunnar, hear my last word: art willing to make atonement?

#### Hiördis.

[To Gunnar.] Think of thy vow!

#### GUNNAR.

[To Örnulf.] Thou hearest, I have sworn a vow, and that must I—

#### ÖRNULF.

[Irritated.] Enough, enough! Never shall it be said that I made atonement for slaying in fair fight.

#### Hiördis.

[Forcibly.] Then we defy thee and thine.

"At knæsætte" = to knee-set a child, to take it on one's knee, an irrevocable form of adoption.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT 1

# ÖRNULF.

[In rising wrath.] And who has the right to crave onement for Jökul? Where are his kinsmen? There none alive! Where is his lawful avenger?

# Hiördis.

That is Gunnar, on my behalf.

# ÖRNULF.

Gunnar! Ay, hadst thou been betrothed to him with y foster-father's good-will, or had he made atonement r carrying thee away, then were he thy father's lawful enger; but——

# DAGNY.

[Apprehensive and imploring.] Father, father!

## ÖRNULF.

[Continuing.] A woman wedded by force is in law no more than a leman! Wilt thou regain thine honour, then must thou——

#### Hiördis.

[Controlling herself.] Nay, Örnulf, I know better what is fitting. If I am to be held as Gunnar's leman -well and good, then must he win me honour by his deeds-by deeds so mighty that my shame shall be shame no more! And thou, Örnulf, beware! Here our ways part, and from this day shall I make war at all times upon thee and thine; thou shalt know no safety for life or limb, thou, nor any whom thou- [Looking fiercely at KARE.] Kare! Örnulf has stood thy friend, forsooth, and there is peace between us; but I counsel thee not to seek thy home yet awhile; the man thou slewest has many avengers, and it well might befall-See, I have shown thee the danger; thou must e'en take what follows. Come, Gunnar, we must gird ourselves for the fight. A famous deed didst thou do in Iceland, but greater deeds must be done here, if thou wouldst not have thy-thy leman shrink with shame from thee and from herself!

#### GUNNAR.

Curb thyself, Hiördis; it is unseemly to bear thee thus!

#### DAGNY.

[Imploringly.] Stay, foster-sister—stay; I will appease my father.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT ]

#### Hiördis.

[Without listening to her.] Homewards, homewards! ho could have foretold me that I should wear out my e as a worthless leman? But if I am to bear this life shame, ay, even for one day more, then must my husnd do such a deed—such a deed as shall make his me more famous than all other names of men.

[Goes out to the right.

#### GUNNAR.

[Softly.] Sigurd, promise me this, that we shall have each together ere thou leave the land.

[Goes out with his men to the right.

[The storm has meanwhile ceased; the midday sun is now visible, like a red disc, low upon the rim of the sea.

# ACT 1] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

# ÖRNULF.

That I know not; but far and wide shall the tale be told how Örnulf of the Fiords came to Gunnar's hall.

#### SIGURD.

[With quiet determination.] Maybe; but this I tell thee, Ornulf, thou shalt never bear arms against him so long as I am alive.

#### ÖRNULF.

So, so! And what if nought else be my will?

#### SIGURD.

It shall not be—let thy will be never so strong.

# ÖRNULF.

[Angrily.] Go then; join thou with my foes; I dare outface the twain of you!

#### SIGURD.

Hear me out, Örnulf; the day shall never dawn that shall see thee and me at strife. There is honourable peace between us, Dagny is dearer to me than weapons or gold, and never shall I forget that thou art her nearest kinsman.

#### ÖRNULF.

There I know thee again, brave Sigurd!

#### SIGURD.

But Gunnar is my foster-brother; we have sworn each other faith and friendship. Both in war and peace have

oo ame empiy-nanucu vaca tt

SIGUE

Thou shalt not fare emprove my two long-ships are ly have won in my viking-ver costly gifts from outland kin chestful, and other priceless clathe ships; choose which thou with all it contains—be that t and let Gunnar be at peace.

ÖRNUI

Brave Sigurd, wilt thou do t

SIGUR

For a faithful friend, no ma

Örnui

Give half thy goods and ges

SIGURI

as the poorest man in thy train. What I give, I can win once more; but if thou and Gunnar come to strife, I shall never see a glad day again. Now, Örnulf, thy answer?

## ÖRNULF.

[Reflecting.] Two good long-ships, weapons, and other chattels—too much gear can no man have; but ——
[Vehemently.] No, no! — Hiördis has threatened me; I will not! I were dishonoured should I take thy goods!

SIGURD.

Yet listen——

# ÖRNULF.

No, I say! I must fight for my own right, be my fortune what it may.

### Kåre.

[Approaching.] Right friendly is Sigurd's rede, but if thou wilt indeed fight thine own battle with all thy might, I can counsel thee better. Dream not of atonement so long as Hiördis has aught to say; but revenge can be thine if thou wilt hearken to me.

ÖRNULF.

Revenge? What dost thou counsel?

SIGURD.

Evil, I can well see!

DAGNY.

[To Örnulf.] Oh, do not hear him!



[Quietly.] To my m what were more to my m To hew off thy nose and dost thou know old Örnu help in such a deed of she

k

[Who has shrunk backu Gunnar he will surely fall

ÖE

Have I not weapons, as

SI

[To KARE.] And now a is a shame to honourable 1

K

[Going off.] Well well, I I may. But this I tell yo with Hiördis, ye will come know where to strike her s

# DAGNY.

He is hatching some revenge. Sigurd, it must be bindered!

## ÖRNULF.

[Angrily.] Nay, let him do as he will; she is worth

#### DAGNY.

That meanest thou not; bethink thee, she is thy foster-child.

## ÖRNULF.

Woe worth the day when I took her under my roof!

Skul's words begin to come true.

SIGURD.

Jökul's?

# ÖRNULF.

Ay, her father's. When I gave him his death-wound e fell back upon the sward, and fixed his eyes on me and sang:

Jökul's kin for Jökul's slayer many a woe shall still be weaving; Jökul's hoard whoe'er shall harry thence shall harvest little gladness.

When he had sung that, he was silent awhile, and laughed; and thereupon he died.

SIGURD.

Why should'st thou heed his words?

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT ]

# ÖRNULF.

Who knows? The story goes, and many believe it, at Jökul gave his children a wolf's heart to eat, that ey might be fierce and fell; and Hiördis has surely id her share, that one can well see. [Breaks off on oking out towards the right.] Gunnar!—Do we two eet again!

# GUNNAR.

[Enters.] Ay, Örnulf, think of me what thou wilt, it I cannot part from thee as thy foe.

# ÖRNULF.

What is thy purpose?

# GUNNAR.

To hold out the hand of peace to thee ere thou depart. ear me all of you: go with me to my homestead, and

## DAGNY.

Gunnar is thy foster-brother; little I know thee if thou say him nay.

## GUNNAR.

[To Sigurd.] Thou hast been my friend where'er we fared; thou wilt not thwart me now!

#### DAGNY.

And to depart from the land, leaving Hiördis with hate in her heart—no, no, that must we not!

## GUNNAR.

I have done Örnulf a great wrong; until it is made good, I cannot be at peace with myself.

#### SIGURD.

[Vehemently.] All else will I do for thee, Gunnar, but not stay here! [Mastering himself.] I am King Æthelstan's sworn henchman, and I must be with him in England ere the winter is out.

#### DAGNY.

But that thou canst be, none the less!

#### GUNNAR.

No man can know what lot awaits him; mayhap this is our last meeting, Sigurd, and thou wilt repent that thou didst not stand by me to the end.

#### DAGNY.

And long will it be ere thou see me glad again, if thou set sail to-day.

## SIGURD.

[Determined.] Well, be it so! It shall be as ye will although—But no more of that; here is my hand = 1 will stay to feast with thee and Hiördis.

[Shakes his thee.—And th , Sigurd, and I thamk

[Gruffly.] I galled me;—I

t. Bitterly has Hiörd

It is well, old warrior; Sigurd and Dagny will know how to smooth thy brow. Now must I prepare the feast; peace be with you the while, and well met in many hall.

[Goes out by the right]

### SIGURD.

[To himself.] Hiördis has changed her thought, said he? Little he knows her; I rather deem that she is plotting— [Interrupting himself and turning to his men.] Come, follow me all to the ships; good gifts will I choose for Gunnar and his household.

#### DAGNY.

Gifts of the best we have. And thou, father—thou shalt have no peace for me until thou yield thee.

[She goes with Sigurd and his men down towards the shore at the back.

# ÖRNULF.

Yield me? Ay, if there were no women-folk in Gunnar's house, then—— Oh, if I but knew where to strike her!—Thorolf, thou here!

## THOROLF.

[Who has entered hastily.] As thou seest. Is it true that thou hast met with Gunnar?

ÖRNULF.

Yes.

THOROLF.

And art at strife with him?

ÖRNULF.

H'm-with Hiördis, at least.

THOROLF.

Then be of good cheer; soon shalt thou be avenged!

ÖRNULF.

Avenged? Who shall avenge me?

#### THOROLF.

Listen: as I stood on board the ship, there came a man running, with a staff in his hand, and called to me: "If thou be of Örnulf's shipfolk, then greet him from Kåre the Peasant, and say that now will I avenge the twain of us." Thereupon he took a boat and rowed away, saying as he passed: "Twenty outlaws are at haven in the fiord; with them I fare southward, and ere eventide shall Hiördis be childless.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT ]

# ÖRNULF.

He said that! Ha, now I understand; Gunnar has nt his son away; Kare is at feud with him—

# THOROLF.

And now he is rowing southward to slay the boy!

# ÖRNULF.

[With sudden resolution.] Up, all! That booty will a fight for!

## THOROLF.

What wilt thou do?

# ÖRNULF.

Leave that to me; it shall be I, and not Kare, that will ke revenge!

# ÖRNULF.

Go thou to the feast. Now shall Hiördis learn to know old Örnulf! But hark thee, Thorolf, to no one must thou speak of what I purpose; dost hear? to no one!

THOROLF.

I promise.

# ÖRNULF.

[Takes his hand and looks at him affectionately.] Farewell then, my fair boy; bear thee in courtly wise at the feast-house, that I may have honour of thee. Beware of idle babbling; but what thou sayest, let it be keen as a sword. Be friendly to those that deal with thee in friendly wise; but if thou be taunted, hold not thy peace. Drink not more than thou canst bear; but put not the horn aside when it is offered thee in measure, lest thou be deemed womanish.

THOROLF.

Nay, be at ease!

# ÖRNULF.

Then away to the feast at Gunnar's hall. I too will come to the feast, and that in the guise they least think of. [Blithely to the rest.] Come, my wolf-cubs; be your sangs keen;—now shall ye have blood to drink.

[He goes off with his elder sons to the right, at the back.

SIGURD and DAGNY come up from the ships, richly dressed for the banquet. They are followed by two men, carrying a chest, who lay it down and return as they came.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACT!

# THOROLF.

[Looking out after his father.] Now fare they all orth to fight, and I must stay behind; it is hard to be ne youngest of the house.—Dagny! all hail and greetings to thee, sister mine!

#### DAGNY.

Thorolf! All good powers!—thou art a man, grown!

## THOROLF.

That may I well be, for sooth, in five years-

DAGNY.

Ay, true, true.

SIGURD.

[Giving him his hand.] In thee will Örnulf find a

SIGURD.

I await my men; they are mooring my ships and bringng ashore wares.

THOROLF.

There must I lend a hand!

[Goes down towards the shore.

SIGURD.

[After a moment's reflection.] Dagny, my wife, now hat we are alone, I have that to tell thee which must no onger be hidden.

DAGNY.

[Surprised.] What meanest thou?

SIGURD.

There may be danger in this faring to Gunnar's hall.

DAGNY.

Danger? Thinkest thou that Gunnar-?

SIGURD.

Nay, Gunnar is brave and true—yet better had it been that I had sailed from the isle without crossing his threshold.

DAGNY.

Thou makest me fear! Sigurd, what is amiss?

SIGURD.

First answer me this: the golden ring that I gave thee, where hast thou it?

# 54 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT ]

DAGNY.

[Showing it.] Here, on my arm; thou badest me wear it.

SIGURD.

Cast it to the bottom of the sea, so deep that none may ever set eyes on it again; else may it be the bane of many men!

DAGNY.

The ring!

SIGURD.

[In a low voice.] That night when we bore away the twain of you—dost remember?

DAGNY.

Do I remember!

have her to wife, save him who should go to her bower, slay the white bear that stood bound at the door, and carry her away in his arms.

DAGNY.

Yes, yes; all this I know!

SIGURD.

All men deemed that it might not be, for the bear was the fiercest of beasts; none but Hiördis might come near it, and it had the strength of twenty men.

DAGNY.

But Gunnar slew it, and by that deed won fame throughout all lands.

SIGURD.

[In a low voice.] He won the fame—but—I did the deed!

DAGNY.

[With a cry.] Thou!

SIGURD.

When the men left the feast-hall, Gunnar prayed me to come with him alone to our sleeping-place. Then said he: "Hiördis is dearer to me than all women; without her I cannot live." I answered him: "Then go to her bower; thou knowest the vow she hath sworn." But he said: "Life is dear to him that loves; if I should assail the bear, the end were doubtful, and I am loath to lose my life, for then should I lose Hiördis too." Long

# 56 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT ]

did we talk, and the end was that Gunnar made ready his ship, while I drew my sword, took Gunnar's hames upon me, and went to the bower.

# DAGNY.

[With pride and joy.] And thou-thou didst slay the bear!

# SIGURD.

I slew him. In the bower it was dark as under a raven's wing; Hiördis deemed it was Gunnar that sat by her—she was heated with the mead—she drew a ring from her arm and gave it to me—it is that thou wearest now.

# DAGNY.

[Hesitating.] And thou wast alone that night with Hiördis in her bower?

# ACT 1] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

woman, couldst thou have won, yet didst choose me! Now wouldst thou be tenfold dearer to me, wert thou not already dearer than all the world.

# SIGURD.

Dagny, my sweet wife, now thou knowest all—that need be known. I could not but warn thee; for that ring— Hiördis must never see it! Wouldst thou do my will, then cast it from thee—into the depths of the sea.

#### DAGNY.

Nay, Sigurd, it is too dear to me; is it not thy gift? But be at ease, I will hide it from every eye, and never shall I breathe a word of what thou hast told me.

THOROLF comes up from the ships, with SIGURD'S men.

# THOROLF.

All is ready for the feast.

#### DAGNY.

Come then, Sigurd-my brave, my noble warrior!

### SIGURD.

Beware, Dagny—beware! With thee it rests now whether this meeting shall end in peace or in blood. [Cheerfully to the others.] Away then, to the feast in Gunnar's hall!

[Goes out with DAGNY to the right; the others follow.

# ACT SECOND.

he feast-room in Gunnar's house. The entrance-door is in the back; smaller doors in the side-walls. In front, on the left, the greater high-seat; opposite it, on the right, the lesser. In the middle of the floor, a wood fire is burning on a built-up hearth. In the background, on both sides of the door, are daises for the women of the household. From each of the high-seats, a long table, with benches, stretches backwards, parallel with the wall. It is dark outside; the fire lights the room.

HIÖRDIS and DAGNY enter from the right

# ACT 11] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

59

Hiördis.

Better no child, than one born in shame.

DAGNY.

In shame?

Hiördis.

Dost thou forget thy father's saying? Egil is the son of a leman; that was his word.

DAGNY.

A word spoken in wrath—why wilt thou heed it?

Hiördis.

Nay, nay, Örnulf was right; Egil is weak; one can see he is no freeborn child.

DAGNY.

Hiördis, how canst thou-?

Hiördis.

[Unheeding.] Doubt not that shame can be sucked into the blood, like the venom of a snake-bite. Of another mettle are the freeborn sons of mighty men. I have heard of a queen that took her son and sewed his kirtle fast to his flesh, yet he never blinked an eye. [With an evil look.] Dagny, that will I try with Egil!

DAGNY.

[Horrified.] Hiördis, Hiördis!

# Hiördis.

[Laughing.] Ha-ha-ha! Dost thou think I meant my words? [Changing her tone.] But, believe me or not as thou wilt, there are times when such deeds seem to lure me. Doubtless it is in my blood—for I am of the race of the Jötuns, they say.—Come, sit thou here, Dagny. Far hast thou wandered in these five long years; tell me, thou hast ofttimes been a guest in the halls of kings?

## DAGNY.

Many a time-and chiefly with Æthelstan of England.

## HIÖRDIS.

And everywhere thou hast been held in honour, and hast sat in the highest seats at the board?

DAGNY.

streamed red on the deck—came there not over thee an untameable longing to plunge into the strife? Didst thou not don harness and take up arms?

## DAGNY.

Never! How canst thou think it? I, a woman!

### Hiördis.

A woman, a woman,—who knows what a woman may do!—But one thing thou canst tell me, Dagny, for that thou surely knowest: when a man clasps to his breast the woman he loves—is it true that her blood burns, that her bosom throbs—that she swoons in a strange ecstasy?

DAGNY.

[Blushing.] Hiördis, how canst thou---!

Hiördis.

Come, tell me---!

DAGNY.

Surely thou thyself hast known it.

#### Hiördis.

Ay once, and only once; it was that night when Gunnar sat with me in my bower; he crushed me in his arms till my byrnie<sup>1</sup> burst, and then, then——!

DAGNY.

[Exclaiming.] What! Sigurd——!

Breastplate.

[Collecting herself.] \ \wedge well——

I

That was the only deemed I was bewitche clasp a woman— [Sto; ails thee? Methinks the

]

Nay, nay!

H

[Without heeding her.] should have been my lot—mayhap for all of us. life! Dost thou not wo alive? Art not afraid to thus in the dark? Deen died in all these years, and at thy side?

I

[Painfully ill at once ]

# ACT II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

DAGNY.

Five nights?

Hiördis.

Here in the north each night is a whole winter long. [Quickly and with an altered expression.] Yet the place is fair enough, doubt it not! Thou shalt see sights here such as thou hast not seen in the halls of the English king. We shall be together as sisters whilst thou bidest with me; we shall go down to the sea when the storm blows up afresh; thou shalt see the billows racing to the land like wild, white-maned horses. And then the whales far out in the offing! They dash one against another like steel-clad warriors! Ha, what joy to be a witch-wife and ride on a whale's back—to speed before the bark, and wake the storm, and lure men to the deeps with lovely songs of sorcery!

DAGNY.

Fie, Hiördis, how canst thou speak such things!

Hiördis.

Canst thou sing sorceries, Dagny?

DAGNY.

[With horror.] I!

Hiördis.

I trow thou canst; how else didst thou lure Sigurd to thee?

DAGNY.

Thy speech is shameful; let me go!

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACT II

# HIÖRDIS.

[Holding her back.] Because I jest! Nay, hear me to the end! Think, Dagny, what it is to sit by the window in the eventide and hear the kelpie wailing in the boat-house; to sit waiting and listening for the dead men's ride to Valhal; for their way lies past us here in the north. They are the brave men that fell in fight, the strong women that did not drag out their lives tamely, like thee and me; they sweep through the air in cloud-rack and storm, on their black horses, with jangling bells! [Embraces Dagny, and presses her wildly in her arms.] Ha, Dagny! think of riding the last ride on so rare a steed!

## DAGNY.

[Struggling to escape.] Hiördis, Hiördis! Let me go! I will not hear thee!

HIÖRDIS.

# ACT II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

65

GUNNAR.

Then all I lack is that Egil should be here.

THOROLF.

Tis plain thou lovest the boy, thou namest him so oft.

GUNNAR.

Truly I love him; he is my only child; and he is like to grow up fair and kindly.

Hiördis.

But no warrior.

GUNNAR.

Nay—that thou must not say.

SIGURD.

How couldst thou send him from thee-

### GUNNAR.

Would that I had not! [In an undertone.] But thou knowest, Sigurd, he who loves overmuch, takes not always the manliest part. [Aloud.] I had few men in my house, and none could be sure of his life when it was known that Ornulf lay in the cove with a ship of war.

#### Hiördis.

One thing I know that ought first to be made safe, life afterwards.

THOROLF.

And that is-?

# 6 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT II

HIÖRDIS.

Honour and fame among men.

GUNNAR.

Hiördis!

SIGURD.

It shall not be said of Gunnar that he has tainted his onour by doing this.

GUNNAR.

[Sternly.] No one shall make strife between me and broulf's kinsfolk!

Hiördis.

[Smiling.] Tell me, Sigurd—can thy ship sail with

# ти] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

#### DAGNY.

Then I held Hiördis dear; but now——; I have heard er speak words I shudder to think of.

IGURD's men, with other guests, men and women, housecarls and handmaidens, enter from the back.

### GUNNAR.

[After a short pause, in which greetings and the like re exchanged.] Now to the board! My chief guest, rnulf of the Fiords, comes later; so Thorolf promises.

### Hiördis.

[To the house-folk.] Pass the ale and mead around, at hearts may wax merry and tongues may be loosed.

[Gunnar leads Sigurd to the high-seat on the right. Dagny seats herself on Sigurd's right, Hiördis opposite him, at the other side of the same table. Thorolf is in like manner ushered to a place at the other table, and thus sits opposite Gunnar, who occupies the greater high-seat. The others take their seats further back.

#### Hiördis.

[After a pause in which they drink with each other and nverse quietly across the tables.] It seldom chances at so many brave men are seated together, as I see night in our hall. It were fitting, then, that we ould essay the old pastime: Let each man name e chief of his deeds, that all may judge which is the ightiest.

# 68 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT II

# GUNNAR.

That is an ill custom at a drinking-feast; 'twill oft breed strife.

## HIÖRDIS.

Little did I deem that Gunnar was afraid.

# SIGURD.

That no one deems; but it were long ere we came to an end, were we all to tell of our deeds, so many as we be. Do thou rather tell us, Gunnar, of thy journey to Biarmeland; 'tis no small exploit to fare so far to the north, and gladly would we hear of it.

## HIÖRDIS.

The journey to Biarmeland is chapman's work, and little worthy to be named among warriors. Nay, do thou begin, Sigurd, if thou wouldst not have me deem

# ACT II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

# Hiördis.

Still the deed was good. Now must thou, my husband, name that which thou deemest the chief among thy exploits.

## GUNNAR.

[Unwillingly.] I slew two berserkers who had seized a merchant-ship; and thereupon I sent the captive chapmen home, giving them their ship freely, without ransom. The King of England deemed well of that deed; he said that I had done honourably, and gave me thanks and good gifts.

#### Hiördis.

Nay, truly, Gunnar, a better deed than that couldst thou name.

### GUNNAR.

[Vehemently.] I will take praise for no other deed! Since last I fared from Iceland I have lived at peace and traded in merchandise. No word more on this matter!

#### Hiördis.

If thou thyself wilt hide thy renown, thy wife shall speak.

#### GUNNAR.

Peace, Hiördis-I command thee!

#### Hiördis.

Sigurd fought with eight men, being fully armed; Gunnar came to my bower in the black night, slew the [Violently agitated.] We

 $\mathbf{D}_{i}$ 

[Softly.] Sigurd, wilt th

Sĸ

[Likewise.] Be still!

Hi

[To the company.] And is the mightier, Sigurd or

Gu

Silence!

 $\mathbf{H}$ i

[Loudly.] Speak out; I ment.

An O

[Among the guests.] If Gunnar's deed greater th

# CT II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

#### DAGNY.

[Softly.] It is too much—friend though he be!

## SIGURD.

Peace, wife! [Aloud, to the others.] Ay, truly, Gunar is the most honourable of all men; so would I esteem him to my dying day, even had he never done that deed; for that I hold more lightly than ye.

#### Hiördis.

There speaks thy envy, Sigurd Viking!

#### SIGURD.

[Smiling.] Mightily dost thou mistake. [Kindly, to Gunnar, drinking to him across the table.] Hail, noble Gunnar; our friendship shall stand fast, whosoever may seek to break it.

#### Hiördis.

No one, that I wot of, has such a thought.

#### SIGURD.

Say not so; I could almost think thou hadst bidden us to the feast in the hope to stir up strife.

#### Hiördis.

That is like thee, Sigurd; now art thou wroth that thou may'st not be held the mightiest man at the board!

### SIGURD.

I have ever esteemed Gunnar more highly than 1yself.

# 72 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACT II

# Hiördis.

Well, well—second to Gunnar is still a good place, and
—[with a side glance at Thorour] had Örnulf been
here, he could have had the third seat.

# THOROLF.

Then would Jökul, thy father, find a low place indeed; for he fell before Örnulf.

[The following dispute is carried on, by both parties, with rising and yet repressed irritation.

# Hiördis.

That shalt thou never say! Örnulf is a skald, and men whisper that he has praised himself for greater deeds than he has done.

# ACT II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

#### THOROLF.

Even a beardless lad is too good to wrangle with women.

#### Hiördis.

But too weak to fight with men; therefore thy father let thee lie by the hearth at home in Iceland, whilst thy brothers went a-viking.

#### THOROLF.

It had been well had he kept as good an eye on thee; for then hadst thou not left the land an unwedded woman.

## GUNNAR AND SIGURD.

Thorolf!

#### DAGNY.

[Simultaneously.] Brother!

#### Hiördis.

[Softly, and quivering with rage.] Ha! wait-wait!

### THOROLF.

[Gives GUNNAR his hand.] Be not wroth, Gunnar;—evil words came to my tongue; but thy wife goaded me!

#### DAGNY.

[Softly and imploringly.] Foster-sister, by any love thou hast ever borne me, stir not up strife!

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT II

# Hiördis.

[Laughing.] Jests must pass at the feast-board, if ne merriment is to thrive.

### GUNNAR.

[Who has been talking softly to THOROLF.] Thou art brave lad! [Hands him a sword which hangs beside to high-seat.] Here, Thorolf, here is a good gift for nee. Wield it well, and let us be friends.

## HIÖRDIS.

Beware how thou givest away thy weapons, Gunnar; en may say thou dost part with things thou canst not se!

# THOROLF.

[Who has meanwhile examined the sword.] Thanks or the gift, Gunnar; it shall never be drawn in an

#### Hiördis.

[Mastering herself.] That Örnulf slew my father—that deed is ever on thy tongue; but if report speak true, twas scarce so honourable a deed as thou deemest.

THOROLF.

Of what report dost thou speak?

Hiördis.

[Smiling.] I dare not name it, for it would make thee wroth.

THOROLF.

Then hold thy peace—I ask no better.

[Turns from her.

### Hiördis.

Nay, why should I not tell it? Is it true, Thorolf, that for three nights thy father sat in woman's weed, doing sorceries with the witch of Smalserhorn, ere he dared face Jökul in fight?

[All rise; violent excitement among the guests.

GUNNAR, SIGURD, AND DAGNY.

Hiördis!

#### THOROLI.

[Bitterly exasperated.] So base a lie has no man spoken of Örnulf of the Fiords! Thou thyself hast made it, for no one less venomous than thou could dream of such a thing. The blackest crime a man can do hast thou laid at my father's door. [Throwing the sword away.] There, Gumnar, take thy gift again; I can take nought from that house wherein my father is reviled.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT II

GUNNAR.

Thorolf, hear me---!

THOROLF.

Let me go! But beware both thou and Hiördis; for y father has now in his power one whom ye hold deart of all!

HIÖRDIS.

[Starting.] Thy father has--!

GUNNAR.

[With a cry.] What sayest thou?

SIGURD.

[Vehemently.] Where is Örnulf?

# ACT II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

77

#### GUNNAR.

Speak out, if thou care for thy life!

#### THOROLF.

Thou canst not fright me! Wait till my father comes; he shall plant a mark of shame over against Gunnar's house! And meanwhile, Hiördis, do thou cheer thee with these words I heard to-day: "Ere eventide shall Gunnar and his wife be childless."

[Goes out by the back.

# GUNNAR.

[In agony.] Slain—slain! My little Egil slain!

#### Hiördis.

[Wildly.] And thou—dost thou let him go? Let Egil, thy child, lie unavenged! Then wert thou the dastard of dastards——!

#### GUNNAR.

[As if beside himself.] A sword—an axe! 'Tis the last tidings he shall ever bring!

[Seizes an axe from one of the bystanders and rushes out.

#### SIGURD.

[About to follow.] Gunnar, hold thy hand!

#### Hiördis.

[Holding him back.] Stay, stay! The men will part them; I know Gunnar!

[A cry from the crowd, which has flocked together at the main door.

# THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACT LE

SIGURD AND DAGNY.

What is it?

A VOICE AMONG THE CROWD.

Thorolf has fallen.

SIGURD.

Thorolf! Ha, let me go!

DAGNY.

My brother! Oh, my brother!

[Sigurd is on the point of rushing out. At the sex me moment, the crowd parts, Gunnar enters, and throws down the axe at the door.

GUNNAR.

Now it is done. Egil is avenged!

SIGURD.

Well for thee if thy hand has not been too hasty.

GUNNAR.

Mayhap, mayhap; but Egil, Egil, my fair boy!

Hiördis.

Now must we arm us, and seek help among our frier ds; for Thorolf has many avengers.

GUNNAR.

[Gloomily.] He will be his own worst avenger; he will be with me night and day.

### Hiördis.

Thorolf got his reward. Kinsmen must suffer for kinsmen's deeds.

### GUNNAR.

True, true; but this I know, my mind was lighter ere this befell.

### Hiördis.

The first night¹ is ever the worst;—when that is over, thou wilt heed it no more. Örnulf has sought his revenge by shameful guile; he would not come against us in open strife; he feigned to be peacefully minded; and then he falls upon our defenceless child! Ha, I saw more clearly than ye; well I deemed that Örnulf was evil-minded and false; good cause had I to egg thee on against him and all his faithless tribe.

#### GUNNAR.

[Fiercely.] That hadst thou! My vengeance is poor beside Örnulf's crime. He has lost Thorolf, but he has six sons left—and I have none—none!

#### A House-carl.

[Enters hastily from the back.] Örnulf of the Fiords is at hand!

GUNNAR.

Örnulf!

HIÖRDIS AND SEVERAL MEN.

To arms! to arms!

1 Literally the "blood-night."

# O THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACT II

DAGNY.

[Simultaneously.] My father!

SIGURD.

[As if seized by a foreboding.] Örnulf——! Ah, Gunar, Gunnar!

GUNNAR.

[Draws his sword.] Up, all my men! Vengeance for 'gil's death!

ÖRNULF enters, with Egil in his arms.

GUNNAR.

[With a shriek.] Egil!

ÖRNULF.

# ACT II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

## ÖRNULF.

[Setting EGIL down.] There, Gunnar, hast thou thy pretty boy again.

#### EGIL.

Father! Old Örnulf would not do me ill, as thou saidst when I went away.

## ÖRNULF.

[To Hiördis.] Now have I atoned for thy father; now surely there may be peace between us.

## Hiördis.

[With repressed emotion.] Mayhap!

## GUNNAR.

[As if waking up.] Is it a hideous dream that maddens me! Thou—thou bringest Egil home!

## ÖRNULF.

As thou seest; but in truth he has been near his death.

GUNNAR.

That I know.

ÖRNULF.

And hast no more joy in his return?

## GUNNAR.

Had he come sooner, I had been more glad. But tell me all that has befallen!

## THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT II

## ÖRNULF.

That is soon done. Kâre the Peasant was plotting evil gainst you; with other caitiffs he fared southward after igil.

## GUNNAR.

Kåre! [To himself.] Ha, now I understand Thorolf's ords!

# ÖRNULF.

His purpose came to my ears; I needs must thwart so lack a deed. I would not give atonement for Jökul, nd, had things so befallen, I had willingly slain thee, tunnar, in single combat—yet I could not but save thy hild. With my sons, I hasted after Kåre.

SIGURD.

# II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

## GUNNAR.

?reathlessly.] But homewards----?

ÖRNULF.

one.

### GUNNAR.

[Deep emotion among the bystanders. Hiördis shows signs of a violent mental struggle; Dagny weeps silently by the high-seat on the right. Sigurd stands beside her, painfully agitated.

## ÖRNULF.

If there a short pause.] It is hard for a many-branching to be stripped in a single storm. But men die and live;—hand me a horn; I will drink to my sons' mem-[One of Sigurd's men gives him a horn.] Hail to you re now ye ride, my bold sons! Close upon your heels I the bronze-gates not clang, for ye come to the hall a great following. [Drinks, and hands back the i.] And now home to Iceland! Örnulf has fought ast fight; the old tree has but one green branch left, it must be shielded warily. Where is Thorolf?

#### EGIL.

"o his father.] Ay, let me see Thorolf! Örnulf he will carve me a ship with many, many warriors ard.

## ÖRNULF.

praise all good wights that Thorolf came not with us; if he too—nay, strong though I be, t h a t had been

## 84 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT II

too heavy for me to bear. But why comes he not? He was ever the first to meet his father; for to both of us it seemed we could not live apart a single day.

GUNNAR.

Örnulf, Örnulf!

ÖRNULF.

[With growing uneasiness.] Ye stand all silent, I mark it now. What ails you? Where is Thorolf?

DAGNY.

Sigurd, Sigurd-this will be the sorest blow to him!

GUNNAR.

[Struggling with himself.] Old man!—No—and yet, it cannot be hid—

ÖRNTHE

## 1] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

ath, and thou hast ere now brought death among my ed. And moreover—Thorolf bore himself at the like a wanton boy; he brooked not our jesting, and many evil things. Not till then did Gunnar wax 1; not till then did he raise his hand upon thy son; well I wot that he had good and lawful ground for deed.

## ÖRNULF.

ulmly.] Well may we see that thou art a woman, nou usest many words. To what end? If Thorold in, then is his saga over.

#### EGIL.

Thorold is slain, I shall have no warriors.

## ÖRNULF.

y, Egil—we have lost our warriors now, both thou [. [To Hiördis.] Thy father sang:

Jökul's kin for Jökul's slayer many a woe shall still be weaving.

hast thou wrought that his words should come true.

ses a moment, then turns to one of the men.] Where
his death-wound?

#### THE MAN.

ght across his brow.

## ÖRNULF.

eased.] Ha; that is an honourable wound; he did urn his back. But fell he sideways, or in toward ar's feet?

# 86 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT II

## THE MAN.

Half sideways and half toward Gunnar.

## ÖRNULF.

That bodes but half vengeance; well well,—we shall see!

## GUNNAR.

[Approaching.] Örnulf, I know well that all my goods were naught against thy loss; but crave of me what thou wilt—

## ÖRNULF.

[Sternly interrupting him.] Give me Thorolf's body, and let me go! Where lies he?

[GUNNAR points silently to the back.



## ACT II] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

87

SIGURD.

[Indignant.] Oh, shame!

DAGNY.

[Likewise.] And thou canst mock him—mock him, after all that has befallen?

### Hiördis.

A deed once done, 'tis wise to praise it. This morning I swore hate and vengeance against Örnulf;—the slaying of Jökul I might have forgotten—all, save that he cast shame upon my lot. He called me a leman; if it be so, it shames me not; for Gunnar is mightier now than thy father; he is greater and more famous than Sigurd, thine own husband!

## DAGNY.

[In wild indignation.] There thou errest, Hiördis—and even now shall all men know that thou dwellest under a coward's roof!

SIGURD.

[Vehemently.] Dagny, beware!

GUNNAR.

A coward!

Hiördis.

[With scornful laughter.] Thou pratest senselessly.

#### DAGNY.

It shall no longer be hidden; I held my peace till thou lidst mock at my father and my dead brothers; I held my peace while Örnulf was here, lest he should learn that

# 88 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LAUTE

Thorolf fell by a dastard's hand. But now—praise Gunnar nevermore for that deed in Iceland; for Gunnar is a coward! The sword that lay drawn between thee and the bear-slayer hangs at my husband's side—the ring thou didst take from thy arm thou gavest to Sigurd. [Takes it off and holds it aloft.] Behold it!

Hiördis.

[Wildly.] Sigurd.

THE CROWD.

Sigurd! Sigurd did the deed!

HIÖRDIS.

[Quivering with agitation.] He! he!—Gunnar, is this true?

GUNNAR.

## ACT THIRD.

The hall in GUNNAR'S house. It is day. HIÖRDIS sits on the bench in front of the smaller high-seat,

busy twisting a bow-string; on the table lie a bow and some arrows.

### Hiördis.

[Pulling at the bow-string.] It is tough and strong; [With a glance at the arrows] the shaft is both keen and well-weighted—[Lets her hands fall in her lap] but where is the hand that—. [Vehemently.] Flouted, flouted by him — by Sigurd! I must hate him more than others, that can I well mark; but many days shall not pass ere I have—— [Meditating.] Ay, but the arm, the arm that shall do the deed——?

GUNNAR enters, silent and thoughtful, from the back.

## Hiördis.

[After a short pause.] How goes it with thee, my husband?

#### GUNNAR.

Ill, Hiördis; I cannot away with that deed of yesterday; it lies heavy on my heart.

#### Hiördis.

Do as I do; get thee some work to busy thee.

# 90 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

GUNNAR.

Doubtless I must.

[A pause; Gunnar paces up and down the holl, notices what Hiördis is doing, and approaches her.

GUNNAR.

What dost thou there?

Hiördis.

[Without looking up.] I am twisting a bow-string; canst thou not see?

GUNNAR.

A bow-string-of thine own hair?

Hiördis.

## ACT III] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

GUNNAR.

Thou wast not in the sleeping-room.

Hiördis.

Know'st thou that?

GUNNAR.

I could not sleep; I tossed in restless dreams of that—that which befell Thorolf. I dreamt that he came—No matter; I wakened. Then methought there sounded a strange, fair song through all the house; I arose; I pushed the door ajar; here I saw thee sitting by the log-fire—it burned blue and red—fixing arrow-heads, and singing sorceries over them.

Hiördis.

I did what was needful; for strong is the breast that must be pierced this day.

GUNNAR.

I understand thee well: thou wouldst have Sigurd slain.

Hiördis.

Mayhap.

GUNNAR.

Thou shalt never have thy will. I will keep peace with Sigurd, howe'er thou goad me.

Hiördis.

[Smiling.] Dost think so?

GUNNAR.

I know it!

# 92 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

## Hiördis.

[Hands him the bow-string.] Tell me, Gunnar—canst loose this knot?

## GUNNAR.

[Tries it.] Nay, it is too cunningly and firmly woven.

## Hiördis.

[Rising.] The Norns<sup>1</sup> weave yet more cunningly; their web is still harder to unravel.

## GUNNAR.

Dark are the ways of the Mighty Ones;—what know we of them, thou or I?

## Hiördis.

Yet one thing I know surely: that to both of us must

## ACT III] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

### Hiördis.

[With forced laughter.] Ill must thou know me if such a senseless dream can stay thy hand.

### GUNNAR.

Tell me, Hiördis, what thinkest thou of this hall?

## Hiördis.

To speak truly, Gunnar, sometimes it seems to me too strait and narrow.

### GUNNAR.

Ay, ay, so I have thought; we are one too many.

## Hiördis.

Two, mayhap.

## GUNNAR.

[Who has not heard her last words.] But that shall be set right.

#### Hiördis.

[Looks at him interrogatively.] Set right? Then thou art minded to——?

#### GUNNAR.

To fit out my warships and put to sea; I will win back the honour I have lost because thou wast dearer to me than all beside.

#### Hiördis.

[Thoughtfully.] Thou wilt put to sea? Ay, so it may be best for us both.

## 94 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

## GUNNAR.

Even from the day we sailed from Iceland, I saw that it would go ill with us. Thy soul is strong and proud; there are times when I well-nigh fear thee; yet, it is strange—chiefly for that do I hold thee so dear. Dread goes forth from thee like a spell; methinks thou couldst lure me to the blackest deeds, and all would seem good to me that thou didst crave. [Shaking his head reflectively.] Unfathomable is the Norn's rede; Sigurd should have been thy husband.

HIÖRDIS.

[Vehemently.] Sigurd!

## GUNNAR.

Yes, Sigurd. Vengeance and hatred blind thee, else wouldst thou prize him better. Had I been like Sigurd, I sould have made life alad for thee.

## Hiördis.

By fraud and falsehood thou mad'st me thy wife—that shall be forgotten! Five joyless years have I spent in this house—all shall be forgotten from the day when Sigurd lives no more!

### GUNNAR.

No harm shall e'er befall him from my hand. [Shrinks back involuntarily.] Hiördis, Hiördis, tempt me not!

### Hiördis.

Then must I find another avenger; not long shall Sigurd mock at me and thee! [Clenching her hands in convulsive rage.] With her—that simpleton—with her mayhap he is even now sitting alone, dallying, and making sport of us; speaking of the bitter wrong that was done me when in thy stead he bore me away; telling how he laughed over his guile as he stood in the mirk of my bower, and I knew him not!

#### GUNNAR.

Nav, nay, he does not so!

#### Hiördis.

[Firmly.] Sigurd and Dagny must die! 1 cannot draw breath till they two are gone! [Comes close up to him, with sparkling eyes, and speaks passionately, but in a whisper.] Wouldst thou help me to that. Gunnar, then should I live in love with thee; then should I clasp thee in such warm and wild embraces as thou dream'st not of.

#### GUNNAR.

[Wavering.] Hiördis! Wouldst thou-?

costly silken robes. When t low thee; when thou ridest f thy side. At the feast I will and drink to thee and sing i heart!

Gun

[Almost overcome.] Is it t

Hiör

More than that, trust me, but revenge! Revenge on will—— [Stops as she sees comest thou here!

DAG

[From the back.] Haste the to arms!

GUN

To arms! Against whom

DAG

Kåre the Peasant is comi

### DAGNY.

Sigurd is ever thy faithful friend.

### GUNNAR.

And we, Hiördis—we, who thought to——! It is as I say—there is witchcraft in all thy speech; no deed but seemeth fair to me, when thou dost name it.

#### DAGNY.

[Astonished.] What meanest thou?

#### GUNNAR.

Nothing, nothing! I thank thee for thy tidings, Dagny; I go to gather my men together. [Turns towards the door, but stops and comes forward again.] Tell me—how goes it with Örnulf?

#### DAGNY.

[Bowing her head.] Ask not of him. Yesterday he bore Thorolf's body to the ships; now he is raising a grave-mound on the shore;—there shall his sons be laid

[Gunnar goes out by the back in silence.

### DAGNY.

Until evening there is no danger. [Coming nearer.] Hiördis, I have another errand in thy house; it is to thee I come.

#### Hiördis.

To me? After all that befell yesterday?



DAG:

It was my doing, all tha strife, and Thorolf's death, upon Gunnar and thee. M upon me!—I have lived so ha shall never know joy again.

Hiöre

[As if seized by a sudden these five long years—all that t

DAGN

Canst thou doubt it?

Hiördi

Yesterday I doubted it not;

DAGNI

What meanest thou?

יחמאוו

DAGNY.

No truly. Hiördis, tell me---!

#### Hiördis.

It will profit thee little; but since thou wilt have it so— [With a malignant expression.] Canst thou remember once, over in Iceland—we had followed with Örnulf thy father to the Council, and we sat with our playmates in the Council Hall, as is the manner of women. Then came two strangers into the hall.

DAGNY.

Sigurd and Gunnar.

### Hiördis.

They greeted us in courtly fashion, and sat on the bench beside us; and there passed between us much merry talk. There were some who must needs know why these two vikings came thither, and if they were not minded to take them wives there in the island. Then said Sigurd: "'Twill be hard for me to find the woman that shall be to my mind." Örnulf laughed, and said there was no lack of high-born and well-dowered women in Iceland; but Sigurd answered: "The warrior needs a high-souled wife. She whom I choose must not rest content with a humble lot; no honour must seem too high for her to strive for; gladly must she follow me a-viking; war-weed must she wear; she must egg me on to strife, and never blink her eyes where sword-blades lighten; for if she be faint-hearted, scant honour will befall me." Is it not true, so Sigurd spake?

DAGNY.

[Hesitatingly.] True, he did-but-

# 100 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

## HIÖRDIS.

Such was she to be, the woman who could make life fair to him; and then—[With a scornful smile] then he chose thee!

## DAGNY.

[Starting, as in pain.] Ha, thou wouldst say that-?

## Hiördis.

Doubtless thou hast proved thyself proud and highsouled; hast claimed honour of all, that Sigurd might be honoured in thee—is it not so?

DAGNY.

Nay, Hiördis, but-

## ACT III] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND 101

## Hiördis.

[Smiling scornfully.] Yet thy lot has been a happy one all these years! Think'st thou that Sigurd can say the same?

### DAGNY.

Enough, enough. Woe is me! thou hast made me see myself too clearly.

### Hiördis.

A jesting word, and straightway thou art in tears! Think no more of it. Look what I have done to-day. [Takes some arrows from the table.] Are they not keen and biting—feel! I know well how to sharpen arrows, do I not?

#### DAGNY.

And to use them too; thou strikest surely, Hiördis! All this thou hast said to me—I had never thought of it before. [More vehemently.] But that Sigurd——! That for all these years I should have made his life heavy and unhonoured;—no, no, it cannot be true!

#### Hiördis.

Nay now, comfort thee, Dagny; indeed it is not true. Were Sigurd of the same mind as in former days, it might be true enough; for then was his whole soul bent on being the foremost man in the land;—now he is content with a lowlier lot.

#### DAGNY.

No, Hiördis; Sigurd is high-souled now as ever; I see it well, I am not the right mate for him. He has hidden it from me; but it shall be so no longer.

# DE THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

Hiördis.

What wilt thou do?

DAGNY.

I will no longer hang like a clog upon his feet; I will e a hindrance to him no longer.

Hiördis.

Then thou wilt-?

DAGNY.

Peace; some one comes!

A House-carl enters from the back

THE CARL.

Sigurd Viking is coming to the hall.

Higgins

### Hiördis.

[Looks after her in silence for a moment.] And it was she I would have—— [Completes her thought by a glance at the bow-string.] That had been a poor revenge:—nay, I have cut deeper now! 'Tis hard to die, but sometimes harder still to live!

SIGURD enters from the back.

### Hiördis.

Belike it is Gunnar thou seekest; be seated, he will be here even now. [Is going.

SIGURD.

Nay, stay; it is thee I seek, rather than him.

Hiördis.

Me ?

SIGURD.

And 'tis well I find thee alone.

#### Hiördis.

If thou comest to mock me, it would sure be no hindrance to thee though the hall were full of men and women.

### SIGURD.

Ay, ay, well I know what thoughts thou hast of me.

#### Hiördis.

[Bitterly.] I do thee wrong mayhap! Nay, nay, Sigurd, thou hast been as a poison to all my days. Be-

## 4 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

ink thee who it was that wrought that shameful guile; no it was that sat by my side in the bower, feigning love, the the laugh of cunning in his heart; who it was that ng me forth to Gunnar, since for him I was good ough, forsooth—and then sailed away with the woman held dear!

## SIGURD.

Man's will can do this thing and that; but fate rules the deeds that shape our lives—so has it gone with us ain.

### HIÖRDIS.

True enough; evil Norns hold sway over the world; it their might is little if they find not helpers in our own art. Happy is he who has strength to battle with the orn—and it is that I have now in hand.

SIGURD.

Most like it is the same thing.

### Hiördis.

Ay, most like it is; for if I be a match for the Norn, then sooner or later shalt thou and Gunnar— [Breaks off, leans backwards against the table, looks at him with a smile, and says with an altered ring in her voice:] Wouldst know the thought that sometimes comes to me? Oft have I made it my pastime to limn pleasant pictures in my mind; at such times I sit and close my eyes and think: Now comes Sigurd the Strong to the isle;—he will burn us in our house, me and my husband. All Gunnar's men have fallen; only he and I are left; they set light to the roof from without:—"A bow-shot," cries Gunnar, "one bow-shot may save us";—then the bow-string breaks—"Hiördis, cut a tress of thy hair and make of it a bow-string—our life is at stake." But then I laugh—"Let it burn, let it burn—to me, life is not worth a wisp of hair!"

#### SIGURD.

There is a strange might in all thy speech.

[Approaches her.

Hiördis.

[Looks coldly at him.] Wouldst sit beside me?

#### SIGURD.

Thou deemest my heart is bitter toward thee. 'Tis the last time, Hiördis, that we shall have speech together; there is something that gnaws me like a sore sickness, and in this wise I cannot part from thee; thou must know me better.

Hiördis.

Is it sad?

SIGURD.

Sad, as life itself.

Hiördis.

[Bitterly.] What knowest thou

SIGURD.

Judge when my saga is over.

Hiördis.

Then tell it me; I will work t [He sits or

SIGURD.

Once upon a time there were set forth from Norway to win w had sworn each other friendship. how far soever they might fare.

Hiördis

## ACT III] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

107

forth from Norway in King Harald's days. He had two fair women in his house; but one, his foster-daughter, was the noblest, for she was wise and strong of soul; and the vikings spoke of her between themselves, and never had they seen a fairer woman, so deemed they both.

### Hiördis.

[In suspense.] Both? Wilt thou mock me?

## SIGURD.

Gunnar thought of her night and day, and that did Sigurd no less; but both held their peace, and no man could say from her bearing whether Gunnar found favour in her eyes; but that Sigurd found none, that was easy todiscern.

### Hiördis.

[Breathlessly.] Go on, go on---!

#### SIGURD.

Yet ever the more must Sigurd dream of her; but of that wist no man. Now it befell one evening that there was a drinking-feast; and there did that proud woman vow that no man should possess her save he who wrought a mighty deed, which she named. Then high beat Sigurd's heart for joy; for he felt within him the strength to do that deed. But Gunnar took him apart and told him of his love;—Sigurd said nought of his, but went to the——

#### Hiördis.

[Vehemently.] Sigurd, Sigurd! [Controlling herself.]!

And this saga—is it true?

## 8 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

## SIGURD.

True it is. One of us had to yield; Gunnar was my iend; I could do nought else. So Gunnar had thee to ife, and I wedded another woman.

## HIÖRDIS.

And didst come to love her!

### SIGURD.

I learned to prize her; but one woman only has Sigurd ved, and that is she who frowned upon him from the rst day they met. [Rises.] Here ends my saga; and ow let us part.—Farewell, Gunnar's wife; never shall e meet again.

## HIÖRDIS.

### Hiördis.

[Involuntarily clasps her hands together, and gazes at him in voiceless astonishment.] Loved—loved me—thou! [Vehemently, coming close up to him.] I will not believe thee! [Looks hard at him, and bursts forth in wild grief.] Yes, it is true, and—hateful for us both!

[Hides her face in her hands, and turns away from him.

SIGURD.

[Appalled.] Hiördis!

### Hiördis.

[Softly, struggling with tears and laughter.] Nay, heed me not! I meant but this, that—— [Lays her hand on his arm.] Sigurd, thou hast not told thy saga to the end; that proud woman thou didst tell of—she returned thy love!

SIGURD.

[Starts backwards.] Thou?

#### Hiördis.

[With composure.] Aye, Sigurd, I have loved thee, at last I understand it. Thou sayest I was ungentle and short of speech towards thee; what wouldst thou have a woman do? Could I offer thee my love? Then had I been little worthy of thee. I deemed thee ever the noblest man of men; and then to know thee another's husband—'twas that caused me the bitter pain, that myself I could not understand!

## SIGURD.

[Much moved.] A baleful web has the Norn woven around us twain.

# O THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

## HIÖRDIS.

The blame is thine own; bravely and firmly it becomes man to act. When I set that hard proof for him who ould win me, my thought was all of thee;—yet couldst ou——!

## SIGURD.

I knew Gunnar's soul-sickness; I alone could heal it; was there aught for me to choose? And yet, had I own what I now know, I scarce dare answer for myf; for great is the might of love.

## HIÖRDIS.

[With animation.] But now, Sigurd!—A baleful hap s held us apart all these years; now the knot is loosed; a days to come shall make good the past to us.

## ACT III] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND 111

### Hiördis.

What is Dagny to thee? What can she be to thee? No more than I count Gunnar in my secret heart. What matter though two worthless lives be wrecked?

SIGURD.

Hiördis, Hiördis!

#### Hiördis.

Let Gunnar stay where he is; let Dagny fare with her father to Iceland: I will follow thee in harness of steel, whithersoever thou wendest. [SIGURD makes a movement.] Not as thy wife will I follow thee; for I have belonged to another, and the woman lives that has lain by thy side. No, Sigurd, not as thy wife, but like those mighty women, like Hildë's sisters, will I follow thee, and fire thee to strife and to manly deeds, so that thy name shall be heard over every land. In the sword-game will I stand by thy side; I will fare forth among thy warriors in the storm and on the viking-raid; and when thy death-song is sung, it shall tell of Sigurd and Hiördis in one!

#### SIGURD.

Once was that my fairest dream; now, it is too late. Gunnar and Dagny stand between us, and that by right. I crushed my new-born love for Gunnar's sake;—how great soever my suffering, I cannot undo my deed. And Dagny—full of faith and trust she left her home and kindred; never must she dream that I longed for Hiördis as often as she took me to her breast.

<sup>1</sup> The Valkyries.

## 2 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACT III

## HIÖRDIS.

And for such a cause wilt thou lay a burden on all thy
e! To what end hast thou strength and might, and
erewith all noble gifts of the mind? And deemest thou
can now beseem me to dwell beneath Gunnar's roof?
ay, Sigurd, trust me, there are many tasks awaiting such
man as thou. Erik is king in Norway—do thou rise
ainst him! Many goodly warriors will join thee and
rear thee fealty; with unconquerable might will we
ess onward, and fight and toil unresting, until thou art
ated on the throne of Hårfager!

### SIGURD.

Hiördis, Hiördis, so have I dreamt in my wild youth; it be forgotten—tempt me not!

## HIÖRDIS.

10750 Jan 20 1 Tells the Man by 2014 but an about hell

SIGURD.

[Vehemently.] I must; and now I will.

Hiördis.

So be it; but thou canst not. Thou wilt seek to hinder me, but in vain; ere evening falls, Gunnar and Dagny shall know all.

SIGURD.

Ha, that wilt thou never do!

Hiördis.

That will I do!

SIGURD.

Then must I know thee ill; high-souled have I ever deemed thee.

#### Hiördis.

Evil days breed evil thoughts; too great has been thy trust in me. I will, I must, go forth by thy side—forth to face life and strife; Gunnar's roof-tree is too low for me.

#### SIGURD.

[With emphasis.] But honour between man and man hast thou highly prized. There lack not grounds for strife between me and Gunnar; say, now, that he fell by my hand—wouldst thou still make all known and follow me?

Hiördis.

[Starting.] Wherefore askest thou?

# 4 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

### SIGURD.

Answer me first: what wouldst thou do, were I to give y husband his bane.

### Hiördis.

[Looks hard at him.] Then must I keep silence and ver rest until I had seen thee dead.

### SIGURD.

[With a smile.] It is well, Hiördis-I knew it.

## HIÖRDIS.

[Hastily.] But it can never come to pass!

### SIGURD.

It must come to pass; thou thyself hast cast the die en now for Gunnar's life and mine. Hiördis.

[Eagerly.] Well?

GUNNAR.

I was answered awry where'er I came: my dealings with Kåre had been little to my honour, it was said;—aye, and other things were said to boot, that I will not utter—I am a dishonoured man; I am thought to have done a dastard deed; men hold it shame to make common cause with me.

SIGURD.

It shall not long be held shame; ere evening comes, thou shalt have men enough to face Kåre.

GUNNAR.

Sigurd!

Hiördis.

[In a low voice, triumphantly.] Ha, I knew it well!

SIGURD.

[With forced resolution.] But thereafter is the peace between us at an end; for hearken to my words, Gunnar Headman—thou hast slain Thorolf, my wife's kinsman, and therefore do I challenge thee to single combat¹ to-morrow at break of day.

[Hiörden, in violent inward emotion, makes a stride towards Sigurd, but collects herself and remains standing motionless during the following.

### GUNNAR.

[In extreme astonishment.] To single combat—! Me!—Thou art jesting, Sigurd!

<sup>1</sup> Holmgang—see note, p. 36.

## 16 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACT III

### SIGURD.

Thou art lawfully challenged to single combat; 'twill e a game for life or death; one of us must fall!

### GUNNAR.

[Bitterly.] Ha, I understand it well. When I came, nou didst talk with Hiördis alone; she has goaded thee iresh!

## SIGURD.

Mayhap. [Half towards Hiördis.] A high-souled oman must ever guard her husband's honour. [To the en in the background.] And do ye, House-carls, now go Gunnar's neighbours, and say to them that to-morrow e is to ply sword-strokes with me; none dare call that an a dastard who bears arms against Sigurd Viking!

[The House-carls go out by the back.



## ct iii] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND 117

### SIGURD.

I thank thee; but let it hang.—Who knows if next rening I may have any use for it.

### GUNNAR.

[Shakes his hand.] Farewell, Sigurd!

#### SIGURD.

Again farewell, and fortune befriend thee this night!

[They part. Gunnar goes out to the right. Sigurd casts a glance at Hiördis, and goes out by the back.

#### Hiördis.

[After a pause, softly and thoughtfully.] To-morrow ey fight! Which will fall? [After a moment's silence, we bursts forth as if seized by a strong resolution.] Let II who will—Sigurd and I shall still be together.

## ACT FOURTH

By the coast. It is evening; the moon breaks forth now and again, from among dark and ragged storm-clouds. At the back, a black grave-mound, newly heaped up. Örnulf sits on a stone, in front on the right, his head bare, his elbows resting on his knees, and his face buried in his hands. His men are digging at the mound; some give light with pine-knot torches. After a short pause, Sigurd and Dagny enter from the boat-house, where a wood fire is burning.

DAGNY.

## ACT IV] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND 119

#### SIGURD.

So soon as the storm abates, and my dealings with Gunnar are ended.

#### DAGNY.

And then wilt thou buy land and build thee a homestead, and go a-viking no more?

#### SIGURD.

Yes, yes,—that have I promised thee.

#### DAGNY.

And I may believe without doubt that Hiördis spoke falsely when she said that I was unworthy to be thy wife?

#### SIGURD.

Yes, yes, Dagny, trust thou to my word.

#### DAGNY.

Then am I glad again, and will try to forget all the evil that here has been wrought. In the long winter evenings we will talk together of Gunnar and Hiördis, and——

#### SIGURD.

Nay, Dagny, wouldst thou have things go well with us, never do thou speak Hiördis' name when once we are at home in Iceland.

#### DAGNY.

[Mildly upbraiding him.] Unjust is thy hatred towrrds her. Sigurd, Sigurd, it is little like thee.

# 20 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACTIV

ONE OF THE MEN.

[Approaching.] There now, the mound is finished.

ÖRNULF.

[As if awaking.] The mound? Is it-ay, ay-

SIGURD.

Now speak to him, Dagny.

DAGNY.

[Approaching.] Father, it is cold out here; the storm s rising with the night.

## ÖRNULF.

Nay, never heed it; the mound is close-heaped and rannyless; they lie warm in there.

## ÖRNULF.

May be so; there is somewhat that crushes my breast; I cannot draw breath.

[He again hides his face in his hands. A pause. DAGNY seats herself beside him.

#### DAGNY.

To-morrow wilt thou make ready thy ship and set forth for Iceland?

### ÖRNULF.

[Without looking up.] What should I do there? Nay, I will to my sons.

DAGNY.

[With pain.] Father!

### ÖRNULF.

[Raises his head.] Go in and let me sit here; when the storm has played with me for a night or two, the game will be over, I ween.

### SIGURD.

Thou canst not think to deal thus with thyself.

## ÖRNULF.

Dost marvel that I fain would rest? My day's work is done: I have laid my sons in their grave-mound. [Vehemently.] Go from me!—Go, go!

[He hides his face.

### SIGURD.

[Softly, to DAGNY, who rises.] Let him sit yet awhile.



[Shaking his head.] could sing; I am too ol

But needs must thou; one and all; a song must none of our kin but thou

Ċ

[Looks inquiringly a thinkest thou, Sigurd

٤

Meseems it is but meet

Ι

Thy neighbours in Icel the grave-ale is drunk ow is no song to sing with it to follow thy sons.

Ö

123

#### 7] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

men approach with the torches, forming a group round him; he is silent for a time, reflecting; then e says:

Bragi's i gift is bitter when the heart is broken; sorrow-laden singer, singing, suffers sorely.

Natheless, since the Skald-god gave me skill in song-craft, in a lay loud-ringing be my loss lamented!

[Rises.

Ruthless Norn<sup>2</sup> and wrathful wrecked my life and ravaged, wiled away my welfare, wasted Örnulf's treasure.

Sons had Örnulf seven, by the great gods granted; lonely now and life-sick goes the greybeard, sonless.

Seven sons so stately, bred among the sword-blades, made a mighty bulwark round the snow-locked sea-king.

Levelled lies the bulwark, dead my sons strong-hearted; gone the greybeard's gladness, desolate his dwelling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Bragi, the god of poetry and eloquence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See note, p. 92.

## THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACTI

Thorolf,—thou my last-born!
'Mongst the bold the boldest!
Soon were spent my sorrow
so but thou wert left me!

Fair thou wast as springtide, fond towards thy father, waxing straight and stalwart to so wight a warrior.

Dark and drear his death-wound leaves my life's lone evening; grief hath gripped my bosom as 'twixt hurtling targes.

Nought the Norn denied me of her rueful riches, showering woes unstinted over Örnulf's world-way.

## THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND 125

Though she stripped me sonless, one great gift she gave me—songcraft's mighty secret, skill to sing my sorrows.

On my lips she laid it, goodly gift of songcraft; loud, then, let my lay sound, e'en where they are lying!

Hail, my stout sons seven! Hail, as homeward ride ye! Songcraft's glorious god-gift stauncheth woe and wailing.

Iraws a deep breath, throws back the hair from
brow, and says calmly:

now is Örnulf sound and strong again. [To Follow me to the supper-board, lads; heavy our day's work!

[Goes with the men into the boat-house.

#### DAGNY.

be the Mighty Ones on high that gave me so ie. [To Sigurd.] Wilt thou not go in?

#### SIGURD.

list not to. Tell me, are all things ready for

#### DAGNY.

e ready; a silk-sewn shroud lies on the bench; w full surely that thou wilt hold thee against o I have not wept over it.

## 126 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND [ACTIV

SIGURD.

Grant all good powers, that thou mayest never weep for my sake. [He stops and looks out.

DAGNY.

What art thou listening to?

SIGURD.

Hear'st thou nought—y o n d e r?

[Points towards the left.

DAGNY.

Ay, there goes a fearsome storm over the sea!

SIGURD.

[Going up a little towards the background.] There will fall hard hailstones in that storm. [Shouts.] Who

127

## ACT IV] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

# Kåre.

Ay, trust me for that! Thou didst hinder me before; but now I ween thou wilt scarce do the like.

SIGURD.

Maybe not.

#### Kåre.

I have heard of thy challenge to Gunnar; but if things go to my mind, weak will be his weapons when the time comes for your meeting.

#### SIGURD.

Tis venturesome work thou goest about; take heed for thyself, Peasant!

#### Kåre.

[With defiant laughter.] Leave that to me; wouldst thou tackle thy ship to-night, we will see that thou hast light enow!—Come, all my men; here goes the way.

[They go off to the right, at the back

#### DAGNY.

Sigurd, Sigurd, this misdeed must thou hinder.

#### Sigurd.

[Goes quickly to the door of the hut, and calls in.] Up from the board, Örnulf; take vengeance on Kåre the Peasant!

### ÖRNULF.

[Comes out, with the rest.] Kare the Peasant—where is he?

## 128 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACTIV

### SIGURD.

He is making for Gunnar's hall to burn it over their heads.

## ÖRNULF.

Ha-ha—let him do as he will; so shall I be avenged on Gunnar and Hiördis, and afterwards I can deal with Kåre.

## SIGURD.

Nay, that rede avails not; wouldst thou strike at Kare, thou must seek him out to-night; for when his misded is done, he will take to the mountains. I have challenged Gunnar to meet me, man to man; him thou hast safe enough, unless I myself—but no matter.—To-night he must be shielded from his foes; it would ill befit thee to let so vile a caitiff as Kare rob thee of thy revenge.

## ACT IV] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

129

thou keep rein on thy father; he must go honourably to work; in Gunnar's hall there are many women; no harm must befall Hiördis or the rest.

#### DAGNY.

Yes, I will follow them. Thou takest thought even for Hiördis; I thank thee for it.

SIGURD.

Go. go, Dagny!

#### DAGNY.

I go; but be thou at ease as to Hiördis; she has gilded armour in her bower, and will know how to shield herself.

### SIGURD.

That deem I too; but go thou nevertheless; guide thy father's course: watch over all—and over Gunnar's wife!

#### DAGNY.

Trust to me. Farewell, till we meet again! [She follows the others.

#### SIGURD.

"Tis the first time, foster-brother, that I stand weaponless whilst thou art in danger. [Listens.] I hear shouts and sword-strokes;—they are already at the hall. [Goes towards the right, but stops and recoils in astonishment.] Hiördis! Comes she hither!

Hiördis enters, clad in a short scarlet kirtle, with gilded armour; helmet, hauberk, arm-plates, and greaves. Her hair is flying loose; at her back hangs a quiver, and at her belt a small shield. She has in her hand the bow strung with her hair.

## 130 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACT IV

### Hiördis.

[Hastily looking behind her, as though in dread of something pursuing her, goes close up to Sigurd, seizes him by the arm, and whispers:] Sigurd, Sigurd, canst thou see it?

SIGURD.

What? Where?

HIÖRDIS.

The wolf the re—close behind me; it does not move; it glares at me with its two red eyes. It is my wraith. Sigurd! Three times has it appeared to me; that bodes that I shall surely die to-night!

SIGURD.

Hiördis, Hiördis!

Hiördis.

ACT IVI THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

## HIÖRDIS.

131

What has befallen? That know I not; but 'twas true what thou said'st to-day, that Gunnar and Dagny stand between us; we must away from them and from life; then can we be together!

### SIGURD.

We? Ha, thou meanest——.

## Hiördis.

[With dignity.] I have been homeless in this world from that day thou didst take another to wife. That was ill done of thee! All good gifts may a man give to his faithful friend—all, save the woman he loves; for if he do that, he rends the Norn's secret web, and two lives are wrecked. An unerring voice within me tells me I came into the world that my strong soul might cheer and uphold thee through heavy days, and that thou wert born to the end I might find in one man all that seemed to me great and noble; for this I know, Sigurd—had we two held together, then hadst thou become more famous than all others, and I happier.

#### SIGURD.

It avails not now to mourn. Think'st thou 'tis a merry life that awaits me? To be by Dagny's side day by day, and feign a love my heart shrinks from? Yet so it must be; it cannot be altered.

#### Hiördis.

[In a growing frenzy.] It shall be altered! We must out of this life, both of us! Seest thou this bow-

## 132 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACTIV

string? With it can I surely hit my mark; for I have crooned fair sorceries over it! [Places an arrow in the bow, which is strung.] Hark! hark! that rushing in the air? It is the dead men's ride to Valhal: I have bewitched them hither;—we two will join them in their ride!

### SIGURD.

[Shrinking back.] Hiördis, Hiördis—I fear thee!

### Hiördis.

[Not heeding him.] Our fate no power can alter now! Oh, 'tis better so than if thou hadst wedded me here in this life—if I had sat in thy homestead weaving linen and wool for thee and bearing thee children—pah!

## SIGURD.

Hold, hold! Thy sorceries have been too strong for

ACT IV) THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND

# Hiördis.

What care I! A better husband shall I follow home this night! Ay, Sigurd, so must it be; here on this earth grows no happiness for me. The White God is coming northward; him will I not meet; the old gods are strong no longer;—they sleep, they sit half shadow-like on high;—with them will we strive! Out of this life, Sigurd! I will enthrone thee king in heaven, and I myself will sit by thy side. [The storms bursts wildly.] Hark, hark, here comes our company! Canst see the black steeds galloping?—one is for me and one for thee. [Draws the arrow to her ear and shoots.] Away, then, on thy last ride home!

SIGURD.

Well aimed, Hiördis!

[He falls.

133

#### Hiördis.

[Jubilant, rushes up to him.] Sigurd, my brother,—now art thou mine at last!

SIGURD.

Now less than ever. Here our ways part; for I am a Christian man.

Hiördis.

[Appalled.] Thou—! Ha, no, no!

SIGURD.

The White God is mine; King Æthelstan taught me to know him; it is to him I go.



[Quietly.] Dead! Then tru to wreck. [The storm increase: They come! I have bewitche I will not go with you! I will It avails not—they see me; they they spur their horses! [Rush cliff at the back.] They are up no hiding-place! Ay, mayhap

[ÖRNULF, DAGNY, GUNNAR, u lowed by Sigurd's and Ö. the right.

Örnulf

[Turning towards the gravesleep in peace; for ye lie not una

DAGNY.

[Entering.] Father, father—blood and strife—and the storm

GUNNAR



## ACT IV] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND 135

ÖRNULF.

Gunnar!

#### GUNNAR.

Ay, Örnulf, my homestead is burnt and my men are slain; I am in thy power; do with me what thou wilt!

### ÖRNULF.

That Sigurd must look to. But in, under roof! It is not safe out here.

#### DAGNY.

Ay, ay, in! [Goes towards the boat-house, catches sight of Sigurd's body, and shrieks.] Sigurd, my husband!—They have slain him! [Throwing herself upon him.

## ÖRNULF.

[Rushes up.] Sigurd!

GUNNAR.

[Sets EGIL down.] Sigurd dead!

#### DAGNY.

[Looks despairingly at the men, who surround the body.] No, no, it is not so;—he must be alive! [Catches sight of the bow.] Ha, what is that? [Rises.

### ÖRNULF.

Daughter, it is as first thou saidst-Sigurd is slain.

# 136 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND (ACTIV

### GUNNAR.

[As if seized by a sudden thought.] And Hiördis!— Has Hiördis been here?

### DAGNY.

[Softly and with self-control.] I know not; but this I know, that her bow has been here.

### GUNNAR.

Ay, I thought no less!

#### DAGNY.

Hush, hush! [To herself.] So bitterly did she hate him!

## GUNNAR.

[Aside.] She has slain him—the night before the combat; then after all she loved me.



# ACT IV] THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND 137

## ÖRNULF.

Nay, it is the dead men's home-faring.

EGIL.

[With a shrick.] Mother is with them!

DAGNY.

All good spirits!

GUNNAR.

Child, what say'st thou?

EGIL.

There—in front—on the black horse! Father, father!

[EGIL clings in terror to his father; a short pause; the storm passes over, the clouds part, the moon shines peacefully on the scene.

GUNNAR.

[In quiet sorrow.] Now is Hiördis surely dead.

ÖRNULF.

So it must be, Gunnar;—and my vengeance was rather against her than thee. Dear has this meeting been to both of us;—there is my hand; be there peace between us!

GUNNAR.

Thanks, Örnulf! And now aboard; I sail with thee to Iceland.

# 38 THE VIKINGS AT HELGELAND LACTIV

## ÖRNULF.

Ay, to Iceland! Long will it be ere our forth-faring is orgotten.

Weapon-wielding warriors' meeting, woful, by the norland seaboard, still shall live in song and saga while our stem endures in Iceland.

THE END



# THE PRETENDERS





## THE PRETENDERS

#### INTRODUCTION \*

Six years elapsed between the composition of The Vikings and that of The Pretenders. In the interval Ibsen wrote Love's Comedy, and brought all the world of Norwegian philistinism, and (as we should now say) suburbanism, about his ears. Whereas hitherto his countrymen had ignored, they now execrated him. his autobiographic letter of 1870, to Peter Hansen, he wrote: "The only person who at that time approved of the book was my wife. . . . My countrymen excommunicated me. All were against me. The fact that all were against me-that there was no longer any one outside my own family circle of whom I could say 'He believes in me'-must, as you can easily see, have aroused a mood which found its outlet in The Pretenders." to be noted that this was written during a period of estrangement from Björnson. I do not know what was Björnson's attitude towards Love's Comedy in particular: but there can be no doubt that, in general, he believed in and encouraged his brother poet, and employed his own

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The original title Kongsemnerne might be more literally translated "The Scions of Royalty." It is rendered by Brandes in German "Königsmaterie," or "the stuff from which kings are made."

<sup>\*</sup> Copyright, 1906, by Charles Scribner's Sons.

growing influence in efforts to his advantage. In representing himself as standing quite alone, Ibsen probably forgets, for the moment, his relation to his great contemporary.

Yet the relation to Björnson lay at the root of the character-contrast on which The Pretenders is founded. Ibsen always insisted that each of his plays gave poetic form to some motive gathered from his own experience or observation; and this is very clearly true of the present play. Ever since Synnöve Solbakken had appeared in 1857, Björnson, the expansive, eloquent, lyrical Björnson, had been the darling child of fortune. He had gone from success to success unwearied. He was recognised throughout Scandinavia (in Denmark no less than in Norway) as the leader of the rising generation in almost every branch of imaginative literature. He was full, not only of inspiration and energy, but of serene self-confi-

## INTRODUCTION

Comedy, and of The Pretenders itself), conceiving a plan and then abandoning it for years—no doubt because he found himself, in one respect or another, unripe for its execution. Every such experience must have involved for him days and weeks of fruitless effort and discouragement. To these moods of scepticism as to his own powers he gave expression in a series of poems (for the most part sonnets) published in 1859 under the title of In the Picture Gallery. In it he represents the "black elf" of doubt, whispering to him: "Your soul is like the dry bed of a mountain stream, in which the singing waters of poetry have ceased to flow. If a faint sound comes rustling down the empty channel, do not imagine that it portends the return of the waters—it is only the dry leaves eddying before the autumn wind, and pattering among the barren stones." In those years of struggle and stress, of depressing criticism, and enervating self-criticism, he must often have compared his own lot and his own character with Björnson's, and perhaps, too, wondered whether there were no means by which he could appropriate to himself some of his younger and more facile brother-poet's kingly self-confidence. For this relation between two talents he partly found and partly invented a historic parallel in the relation between two rival pretenders to the Norwegian throne, Håkon Håkonsson and Skule Bårdsson.

Dr. Brandes, who has admirably expounded the personal element in the genesis of this play, compares Håkon-Björnson and Skule-Ibsen with the Aladdin and Nureddin of Oehlenschläger's beautiful dramatic poem. Aladdin is the born genius, serene, light-hearted, a trifle shallow,

who grasps the magic lamp with an unswerving confidence in his right to it. ("It is that which the Romans called ingenium," says Bishop Nicholas, "truly I am not strong in Latin; but 'twas called ingenium.") Nureddin, on the other hand, is the far profounder, more penetrating, but sceptical and self-torturing spirit. When at last he seizes Aladdin's lamp, as Skule annexes Håkon's king's thought, his knees tremble, and it drops from his grasp, just as the Genie is ready to obey him.

It is needless to cite the passages from the scenes between Skule and Bishop Nicholas in the second act, Skule and Håkon in the third, Skule and Jatgeir in the fourth, in which this element of personal symbolism is present. The reader will easily recognise them, while recognising at the same time that their dramatic appropriateness, their relevance to the historic situation as the poet viewed it, is never for a moment impaired. The under-

#### INTRODUCTION

son's nephew, Sturla Thordsson, and had sketched a play on the subject. At that time, however, he put the draft aside. It was only as the years went on, as he found himself "excommunicated" after Love's Comedy, and as the contrast between Björnson's fortune and his own became ever more marked, that the figures of Skule and Håkon took more and more hold upon his imagination. In June, 1863, he attended a "Festival of Song" at Bergen, and there met Björnson, who had been living abroad since 1860. Probably under the stimulus of this meeting, he set to work upon The Pretenders immediately on his return to Christiania, and wrote it with almost incredible rapidity. The manuscript went to the printers in September; the book was published in October, 1863 (though dated 1864), and the play was produced at the Christiania Theatre, under the author's own supervision, on January 17, 1864. The production was notably successful; yet no one seems fully to have realised what it meant for Norwegian literature. Outside of Norway, at any rate, it awoke no echo. George Brandes declares that scarcely a score of copies of the play found their way to Denmark. Not until Ibsen had left Norway (April, 1864) and had taken the Danish reading public by storm with Brand and Peer Gynt, did people turn back to The Pretenders and discover what an extraordinary achievement it was. In January, 1871, it was produced at the Royal Theatre, Copenhagen, where Emil Poulsen found in Bishop Nicholas one of the great triumphs of his career. It was produced by the Meiningen Company and at the Munich Hoftheater in 1875, in Stockholm in 1879, at the Königliches Schauspielhaus, Berlin, and at the Vienna



Ibsen's treatment of history posed as a model to other histo he has invented a great deal, rather than contradict the reco he treats with considerable free with ingenious vagueness. Tl receives in reading the play is space of four or five years; as twenty-two years, between the: and Skule's death, 1240. All t historical; and although much history does not warrant, there solutely forbids us to conceive. the struggle between the two i beiner, or Birchlegs, and Skul rectly enough reproduced. period, the Norwegian historian teen years after the appearance terms which might almost have I play. "On the one side," he sa

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In America it was acted in April.

### INTRODUCTION

certainty, on the other lameness and lack of confidence. The old Birchlegs1 go to work openly and straightforwardly, like men who are immovably convinced of the justice of their cause, and unwaveringly assured of its ultimate victory. Skule's adherents, on the other hand, are ever seeking by intrigues and chicanery to place stumbling-blocks in the way of their opponents' enthusiasm." Håkon represented Sverre's ideal of a democratic kingship, independent of the oligarchy of bishops and barons. "He was," says Sars, "reared in the firm conviction of his right to the Throne; he grew up among the veterans of his grandfather's time, men imbued with Sverre's principles, from whom he accepted them as a ready-made system, the realisation of which could only be a question of time. He stood from the first in a clear and straightforward position to which his whole personality corresponded. . . . He owed his chief strength to the repose and equilibrium of mind which distinguished him, and had its root in his unwavering sense of having right and the people's will upon his side." His great "king'sthought," however, seems to be an invention of the poet's. Skule, on the other hand, represented the old nobility in its struggle against the new monarchy. "He was the centre of a hierarchic aristocratic party; but after its repeated defeats this party must have been lacking alike in number and in confidence. . . . It was clear from the first that his attempt to reawaken the old wars of the succession in Norway was undertaken in the spirit of the desperate gambler, who does not count the chances, but

 $<sup>^{1}\,\</sup>mathrm{The}$  followers of Håkon's grandfather, King Sverre. See Note, p. 161.

throws at random, in the blind hope that luck may befriend him. . . . Skule's enterprise had thus no support in opinion or in any prevailing interest, and one defeat was sufficient to crush him."

In the character of Bishop Nicholas, too, Ibsen has widened and deepened his historical material, rather than poetised with a free hand. "Bishop Nicholas," says Sars. "represented rather the aristocracy . . . than the cloth to which he belonged. He had begun his career as a worldly chieftain, and, as such, taken part in Magnus Erlingsson's struggles with Sverre; and although he must have had some tincture of letters, since he could contrive to be elected a bishop . . . there is no lack of indications that his spiritual lore was not of the deepest. During his long participation in the civil broils, both under Sverre and later, we see in him a man to whose character any sort of religious or ecclesiastical enthusiasm must have been

#### INTRODUCTION

which he gathered that the Bishop had not been true to him. With this he upbraided him, and the Bishop, confessing it, prayed the King to forgive him. The King replied that he did so willingly, for God's sake; and as he could discern that the Bishop lay near to death, he abode with him until God called him from the world."

In the introduction to The Vikings at Helgeland, I have suggested that in that play Ibsen had reached imaginative and technical maturity, but was as yet intellectually immature. The six years that elapsed between The Vikings and The Pretenders placed him at the height of his intellectual power. We have only to compare Skule, Håkon, and Bishop Nicholas with Gunnar, Sigurd, and Örnulf to feel that we have passed from nobly-designed and more or less animated waxworks to complex and profoundlystudied human beings. There is no Hiördis in The Pretenders, and the female character-drawing is still controlled by purely romantic ideals; but how exquisitely human is Margrete in comparison with the almost entirely conventional Dagny! The criticism of life, too, which in The Vikings is purely sentimental, here becomes intense and searching. The only point of superiority in The Vikings—if it be a point of superiority—is purely techni-

¹ On page 323 will be found a reference to Brandes's Ibsen and Björnson; but I may as well give here the substance of the passage. In the original form of the play, three speeches of Ingeborg's, in her scene with Skule, ran as follows: "It is man's right to forget," "It is woman's happiness to remember," and "To have to sacrifice all and be forgotten, that is woman's saga." It was only on Brandes's remonstrance that Ibsen substituted the present form of these speeches, in which they became, not the generalised expression of an ideal, but merely utterances of Ingeborg's individual character.



ever, is quite masterly, be and adjustment incomposent to the making of his training in the school Ibsen to depict with such wire-puller, Bishop Nicle dexterity he was afterward disrepute. But from The practised, whenever he stage, the methods of the everything but concentrate the subject excluded, The made."

With this play, though 1864 seems to have been Ibsen took his place amoworld. In wealth of ch nobility of emotion, and stands high among the m It would be hard to nan projection than that of dramatic invention more

# INTRODUCTION

perpetuum mobile. But even if the Bishop were entirely omitted, the play would not be *Hamlet* without the Prince of Denmark. The characters of Håkon and Skule, and the struggle between them, would still make one of the greatest historic dramas in literature.

It has not been generally noticed, I think, that Ibsen found in Björnson's King Sverre, published in 1861, a study of Bishop Nicholas in his younger days. The play, as a whole, is a poor one, and does not appear in the collected edition of Björnson's works; but there is distinct merit in the drawing of the Bishop's character. Furthermore, it ought to be remembered that The Pretenders was not the first work, or even the first great work, of its class in Norwegian literature. In 1862, Björnson had published his splendid trilogy of Sigurd Slembe, which, though more fluid and uneven than The Pretenders, contains several passages of almost Shakespearean power. It was certainly greater than anything Ibsen had done up to that date. Ibsen reviewed it on its appearance, in terms of unmixed praise, yet, as one cannot but feel, rather overcautiously.

If anything could excuse the coolness of Norwegian criticism towards The Pretenders, it was the great and flagrant artistic blemish of the Ghost Scene in the last act. This outburst of prophetico-topical satire is a sheer excrescence on the play, indefensible, but, at the same time, tortunately negligible. It is, however, of interest as a symptom of Ibsen's mood in the last months before he left Norway, and also as one of the links in that chain which binds all his works together. Just as Skule's attempt to plagiarise Håkon's king's-thought points back-



# THE PRETENDERS (1863)

SIGURD KIBBUNG. NICHOLAS ARNESSON, Bishop DAGFINN THE PEASANT, Hak IVAR BODDE, his chaplain. VEGARD VARRADAL, one of his GREGORIUS JONSSON, a noblen PAUL FLIDA, a nobleman. INGEBORG, Andres Skialdarbas Peter, her son, a young priest SIRA VILIAM, Bishop Nicholas MASTER SIGARD OF BRABANT. JATGEIR SKALD, an Icelander. BÅRD BRATTE, a chieftain from Populace and Citizens of Berge Priests, Monks, and Nuns. Guests, Guards, and Ladies. Men-at-arms, etc. etc.

The action passes in the first half of

Pronunciation of Names: Håkon "board"); Skule = Skoolë; Margrete Gootorm; Sigurd Ribbung = Sigoord as in "hard"); Ivar Bodde = Eevar F Jonsson = Yoonson; Flida = Fleeda Jatgeir = Yatgheir; Bård Bratte = B "Ingeborg" appears as "Ingebjörg" i I have substituted is equally current in

## HISTORIC PLAY IN FIVE ACTS

# ACT FIRST

he churchyard of Christ Church, Bergen. At the back rises the church, the main portal of which faces the spectators. In front, on the left, stands HÅKON HÅKONSSON, with DAGFINN THE PEASANT, VEGARD OF VÆRADAL, IVAR BODDE, and several other nobles and chieftains. Opposite to him stand EARL SKULE, GREGORIUS JONSSON, PAUL FLIDA, and others of the Earl's men. Further back on the same side are seen SIGURD RIBBUNG and his followers, and a little way from him GUTHORM INGESSON, with several chiefs. Men-at-arms line the approaches to the church; the common people fill the churchyard; many are perched in the trees and seated on the walls; all seem to await, in suspense, the occurrence of some event. All the church bells of the town are ringing far and near.

#### EARL SKULE.

[Softly and impatiently, to GREGORIUS JONSSON.] Why rry they so long in there?

6

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Hush! The psalm is beginning.

[From inside the closed church doors, to the accompaniment of trumpets, is heard a Choir of Monks and Nuns singing Domine coeli, etc. etc. While the singing is going on, the church door is opened from inside; in the porch BISHOP NICHOLAS is seen, surrounded by Priests and Monks.

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Steps forward to the doorway and proclaims with upfted crozier.] Inga of Varteig is even now bearing the on on behalf of Håkon the Pretender.

[The church door is closed again; the singing inside continues.

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

In a low raise to the East I Call mon Holy King

ACT I]

157

## GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[To the EARL.] A solemn hour for you and for many!

## EARL SKULE.

[Looking anxiously towards the church.] A solemn hour for Norway.

## PAUL FLIDA.

[Near the EARL.] Now is the glowing iron in her hands.

#### DAGFINN.

[Beside HAKON.] They are coming down the nave.

# IVAR BODDE.

Christ protect thy tender hands, Inga, mother of the King!

#### Håkon.

Surely all my life shall reward her for this hour.

#### EARL SKULE.

[Who has been listening intently, breaks out suddenly.] Did she cry out? Has she let the iron fall?

## PAUL FLIDA.

[Goes up.] I know not what it was.

## GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Hark to the women weeping in the outer hall!

THE CHOIR IN THE CHURCH.

[Breaks forth in jubilation.] Gloria in excelsis Deo! [The doors are thrown open. Inga comes forth, followed by Nuns, Priests, and Monks.

## INGA.

[On the church steps.] God has given judgment! Behold these hands; with them I bore the iron!

Voices amongst the Multitude.

They are tender and white as before!

OTHER VOICES.

Fairer still!

THE WHOLE MULTITUDE.

He is Håkon's son! He is Sverre's grandson:

which has made my heart shrivel and writhe within me----

#### DAGFINN.

[Turning towards the multitude.] Ay, look upon this woman and bethink you, all that are gathered here! Who ever doubted her word, until certain folk required that it should be doubted.

## PAUL FLIDA.

Doubt has whispered in every corner from the hour when Håkon the Pretender was borne, a little child, into King Inge's hall.

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

And last winter it swelled to a roar, and sounded forth over the land, both north and south; I trow every man can bear witness to that.

## Håkon.

I myself can best bear witness to it. Therefore have I yielded to the counsel of many faithful friends, and humbled myself as no other chosen king has done for many a day. I have proved my birth by the ordeal, proved my right, as the son of Håkon Sverresson, to succeed to the throne of Norway. I will not now question who fostered the doubt, and made it, as the Earl's kinsman says, swell into a roar; but this I know, that I have suffered bitterly under it. I have been chosen king from boyhood, but little kingly honour has been shown me, even where it seemed I might look for it most securely. I will but remind you of last Palm Sunday in Nidaros, when I went up to the altar to make my offering, and the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pronounce *Inghë*. <sup>2</sup> The old

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The old name for Trondhiem.

rchbishop turned away and made as though he saw ie not, to escape greeting me as kings are wont to be rected. Yet such slights I could easily have borne, had by open war been like to break loose in the land; that must needs hinder.

## DAGFINN.

It may be well for kings to hearken to counsels of rudence: but had my counsel been heard in this matr, it had not been with hot iron, but with cold steel that akon Hakonsson had called for judgment between himlf and his foes.

## HÅKON.

Curb yourself, Dagfinn; think what beseems the man ho is to be foremost in the State.

# EARL SKULE.

[With a slight smile.] 'Tis easy to call every one the

ACT I]

## THE PRETENDERS

161

# SIGURD RIBBUNG.

That do I, and with full as good ground. My grandfather was King Magnus Erlingsson—

## Håkon.

Ay, if your father, Erling Steinvæg, was indeed King Magnus's son; but most folks deny it, and in that matter none has yet faced the ordeal.

## SIGURD RIBBUNG.

The Ribbungs chose me as king of their own free will, whereas 'twas by threats that Dagfinn the Peasant and other Birchlegs' gained for you the name of King.

## Håkon.

Ay, so ill had you dealt with Norway that the stock of Sverrë had to claim its right with threats.

#### GUTHORM INGESSON.

I am of the stock of Sverrë as much as you-

## DAGFINN.

But not in the true male line.

<sup>1</sup>The "Birkebeiner" or Birchlegs were at this period a political faction. They were so called because, at the time of their first appearance, when they seem to have been little more than bandits, they eked out their scanty attire by making themselves leggings of birch-bark. Norway at this time swarmed with factions, such as the "Bagler" or Croziers (Latin, baculus), so called because Bishop Nicholas was their chief, the Ribbungs, the Slittungs, etc., devoted, for the most part, to one or other of the many Pretenders to the crown.

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

You come on the spindle side, Guthorm.

# GUTHORM INGESSON.

Yet this I know, that my father, Ingë Bardsson, was lawfully chosen king of Norway.

# HÅKON.

Because none knew that Sverrë's grandson was alive. From the day that became known, he held the kingdom in trust for me—not otherwise.

# EARL SKULE.

That cannot truly be said; Ingë was king all his days, with all lawful power and without reserve. 'Tis true enough that Guthorm has but little claim, for he was born out of wedlock; but I am King Ingë's lawfully begotten churchmen and chieftains and men-at-arms, now it is time we held the folkmote, as has been agreed. I have sat with bound hands until this day; methinks no man will blame me for longing to have them loosed.

#### EARL SKULE.

There are others in like case, Håkon Håkonsson.

#### Håkon.

[His attention arrested.] What mean you, Sir Earl?

#### EARL SKULE.

I mean that all we Pretenders have the same cause for longing. We have all alike been straitly bound, for none of us has known how far his right might reach.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

The Church has been even as unstable as the kingdom; but now must we abide by the sainted King Olaf's law.

#### DAGFINN.

[Half aloud.] Fresh subtleties!

[Håkon's men gather more closely together.

#### HÅKON.

[With forced calmness, advances a couple of paces towards the Earl.] I would fain think I have not rightly taken your meaning. The ordeal has made good my birthright to the kingdom, and therefore, as I deem, the folkmote has nought to do but to confirm my election, made at the Örething¹ six years ago.

<sup>1</sup> A "thing," or assembly, held from time to time on the "öre" or foreshore at the mouth of the river Nid, at Trondhiem.

SEVERAL OF THE EARL'S AND SIGURD'S MEN.

No, no! That we deny!

# EARL SKULE.

'Twas with no such thought that we agreed to hold e folkmote here. The ordeal has not given you the ngdom; it has but proved your title to come forward day, along with the other Pretenders here present, and ontend for the right you hold to be yours—

# HÅKON,

[Constraining himself to be calm.] That means, in rief, that for six years I have unlawfully borne the name King, and you, Sir Earl, have for six years unlawfully ded the land as regent for me.

EARL SKULE.

4

the full as near inheritors as you; and now shall the law judge between us, and say whose shall be the inheritance for all time.

165

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

In truth, Earl Skule reads the case aright.

## EARL SKULE.

There has been talk more than once in these years of both ordeal and folkmote; but something has ever come between. And, Sir Håkon, if you deemed your right for ever fixed by the first election, how came you to accept the ordeal?

## DAGFINN.

[Exasperated.] To your swords, King's men, let the m decide!

# MANY OF THE KING'S MEN.

[Rushing forward.] Down with the King's enemies!

#### EARL SKULE.

[Calls to his men.] Slay none! Wound none! Only keep them off.

#### Håkon.

[Restraining his men.] Up with your blades, all who have drawn them!—Up with your blades, I say! [Calmly.] You make things tenfold worse for me by such doings.

## EARL SKULE.

Even so are men flying at each other's throats all the country over. You see now, Håkon Håkonsson; does

ACT I]

not this show clearly what you have to do, if you care aught for the country's peace and the lives of men?

# HÅKON.

[After some reflection.] Yes—I see it. [Takes Inga by the hand and turns to one of those standing by him.] Torkell, you were a trusty man in my father's guard; take this woman to your own abode and see you tend her well; she was very dear to Håkon Sverresson.—God bless you, my mother,—now I must gird me for the folkmote. [Inga presses his hand, and goes with Torkell. Håkon is silent awhile, then steps forward and says with emphasis.] The law shall decide, and it alone. Ye Birchlegs who, at the Örething, took me for your King, I free you from the oath ye sware to me. You, Dagfinn, are no longer my marshal; I will not appear with marshal or with guard, with vassals or with henchmen. I am a poor man; all my inheritance is a brooch and this gold ring;

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[To the EARL, as the crowd is departing.] Methought you seemed afraid during the ordeal, and now you look so glad and of good cheer.

## EARL SKULE.

[Well at ease.] Marked you that he had Sverre's eyes as he spoke? Whether he or I be chosen king, the choice will be good.

## GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Uneasily.] But do not you give way. Think of all who stand or fall with your cause.

## EARLE SKULE.

I stand now upon justice; I no longer fear to call upon Saint Olaf. [Goes out to the left with his followers.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Hastening after DAGFINN THE PEASANT.] All goes well, good Dagfinn, all goes well;—but keep the Earl far from the King when he is chosen;—see you keep them far apart!

[All go out to the left, behind the church.

A hall in the Palace. In front, on the left, is a low window; on the right, the entrance-door; at the back, a larger door which leads into the King's Hall. By the window, a table; chairs and benches stand about.

LADY RAGNHILD and MARGRETE enter by the smaller door; Sigrid follows immediately.

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

In here?

# MARGRETE.

Ay, here it is darkest.

68

# LADY RAGNHILD.

[Goes to the window.] And here we can look down pon the mote-stead.

## MARGRETE.

[Looks out cautiously.] Ay, there they are, all gathered sehind the church. [Turns, in tears.] Yonder must low betide what will bring so much in its train.

# LADY RAGNHILD.

Who will be master in this hall to-morrow?

MARGRETE.

# ACT 1] THE PRETENDERS

169

LADY RAGNHILD.

I spoke of the Earl.

MARGRETE.

There breathe not nobler men than they two.

LADY RAGNHILD.

See you Sigurd Ribbung? With what a look of evil cunning he sits there—like a wolf in chains.

MARGRETE.

Ay, see!—He folds his hands before him on his swordhilt and rests his chin upon them.

LADY RAGNHILD.

He bites his beard and laughs-

MARGRETE.

'Tis an evil laugh.

LADY RAGNHILD.

He knows that none will further his cause;—'tis that which makes him wroth. Who is yonder thane that speaks now?

MARGRETE.

That is Gunnar Grionbak.

LADY RAGNHILD.

Is he for the Earl?



ror makon Hakonss

Lai

[Looks out; after a sl. Ingesson?—I see him 1

N

Behind his men, lowe

LAD

Ay, there.

M

He looks as though h

LADI

That is for his mother

M

So looked not Håkon.

LADY

171

#### MARGRETE.

[Looking out.] Tord Skolle, the thane of Ranafylke.

LADY RAGNHILD.

Is he for the Earl?

MARGRETE.

No-for Håkon.

ACT I]

LADY RAGNHILD.

How motionless the Earl sits listening!

#### MARGRETE.

Håkon seems thoughtful—but strong none the less. [With animation.] If there came a traveller from afar, he could pick out those two amongst all the thousand others.

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

See, Margrete! Dagfinn the Peasant drags forth a gilded chair for Håkon-

# MARGRETE.

Paul Flida places one like it behind the Earl-

LADY RAGNHILD.

Håkon's men seek to hinder it!

MARGRETE.

The Earl holds fast to the chair——!

[Who has followed her either! Neither one nor

٤

[At the window.] Oh

M.

Sigrid!

LADY

You here!

٤

Goes the path so low

M.

Oh, pray with us, that

LADY

[White and horror-str him----? Saw vou my

173

## LADY RAGNHILD.

[Softly.] Ay, he looked like Sigurd Ribbung.

SIGRID.

Laughed he like Sigurd?

LADY RAGNHILD.

Ay, ay!

ACT I]

SIGRID.

Then must we all pray.

# LADY RAGNHILD.

[With the force of despair.] The Earl must be chosen King! 'Twill work ruin in his soul if he be not the first man in the land!

SIGRID.

[More loudly.] Then must we all pray!

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

Hist! What is that? [At the window.] What shouts! All the men have risen; all the banners and standards wave in the wind.

## SIGRID.

[Seizes her by the arm.] Pray, woman! Pray for your husband!

## LADY RAGNHILD.

Ay, Holy King Olaf, give him all the power in this land!

SIGRID.

[Wildly.] None—none! Else is he lost!

# LADY RAGNHILD.

He must have the power. All the good in him will grow and blossom should he win it.—Look forth, Margrete! Listen! [Starts back a step.] All hands are lifted for an oath! [MARGRETE listens at the window.

# LADY RAGNHILD.

God and St. Olaf, to whom do they swear?

SIGRID.

Pray!

[Margrete listens, and with uplifted hand motions for silence.

LADY RAGNHILD.

175

## THE PRETENDERS

movable, leaning against the window-frame. The King's attendants open the great doors, disclosing the interior of the Hall, which is gradually filled by the procession from the mote-stead.

#### Håkon.

[In the doorway, turning to IVAR BODDE.] Bring me a pen and wax and silk—I have parchment here. [Advances exultantly to the table and spreads some rolls of parchment upon it.] Margrete, now am I King!

# MARGRETE.

Hail to my lord and King!

ACT I]

# Håkon.

I thank you. [Looks at her and takes her hand.] Forgive me; I forgot that it must wound you.

#### MARGRETE.

[Drawing her hand away.] It did not wound me;—of a surety you are born to be king.

#### Håkon.

[With animation.] Ay, must not all men own it, who remember how marvellously God and the saints have shielded me from all harm? I was but a year old when the Birchlegs bore me over the mountains, in frost and storm, and through the very midst of those who sought my life. At Nidaros I came scatheless from the Baglers¹ when they burnt the town with so great a slaughter, while ¹ See note, p. 161.

[Looking steadily at he made it easier.

M.

1?

I

You might have been through all the years whe

M.

But it fell out otherwise.

I

Ay, it fell out otherwi I from my corner, you spoke—— [Impatiently.] Bodde comes with the wri Give me the things!

> [HÅKON seats himsely tle while after, EAI

This is to my mother; I thank her for all her love, and kiss her a thousand times—here in the letter you understand. She is to be sent eastward to Borgasyssel, there to live with all queenly honours.

EARL SKULE.

You will not keep her in the palace?

ACT I]

#### Håkon.

She is too dear to me, Earl;—a king must have none about him whom he loves too well. A king must act with free hands; he must stand alone; he must neither be led nor lured. There is so much to be mended in Norway.

[Goes on writing.]

# VEGARD VÆRADAL.

[Softly to Bishop Nicholas.] 'Tis by my counsel he deals thus with Inga, his mother.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

I knew your hand in it at once.

VEGARD VÆRADAL.

But now one good turn deserves another.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Wait. I will keep my promise.

# Håkon.

[Gives the parchment to IVAR BODDE.] Fold it together and bear it to her yourself, with many loving greetings—.

177

## IVAR BODDE.

[Who has glanced at the parchment.] My lord-you ite here-"to-day"-!

# HÅKON.

The wind is fair for a southward course.

# DAGFINN.

[Slowly.] Bethink you, my lord King, that she has in all night on the altar-steps in prayer and fasting.

# IVAR BODDE.

And she may well be weary after the ordeal.

# HAKON.

True, true;—my good, kind mother—! [Collects mself.] Well, if she be too weary, let her wait until

179

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Who has drawn near in the meantime.] Bind the Earl's hands, King Håkon.

## Håkon.

[In a low voice.] Think you that is needful?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

At no cheaper rate can you buy peace in the land.

#### Håkon.

Then I can do it! Give me the pen!

Writes.

#### EARL SKULE.

[To the Bishop, who crosses to the right.] You have the King's ear, it would seem.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

For your behoof.

EARL SKULE.

Say you so?

ACT I]

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Before nightfall you will thank me.

[He moves away.

#### HÅKON.

[Hands the EARL the parchment.] Read that, Earl Skule.

## EARL SKULE.

[Reads, looks in surprise at the King, and says in a low voice.] You break with Kanga the Young?

This that you do is a g memory tells me what it

F

Whoever is too dear up the letter.

Візної

[Bending over the chair.] towards the Earl's friend.

F

[Holds out his hand t Nicholas; you counselled of me, and I will grant it

Вівної

Will you?

E

I promise it on my kin

Вівної



181

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

The King's friend must be royally rewarded. Bind the Earl's hands as I have counselled you, and you will be secure for ever and a day.

#### Håkon.

[Takes a sheet of parchment.] Vegard shall bear rule in Halogaland. [Writing.] I hereby grant it under my royal hand. [The BISHOP retires.

# EARL SKULE.

[Approaches the table.] What write you now?

#### Håkon.

[Hands him the sheet.] Read.

ACT I

## EARL SKULE.

[Reads, and looks steadily at the King.] Vegard Væradal? In Halogaland?

#### Håkon.

The northern part stands vacant.

## EARL SKULE.

Bethink you that Andres Skialdarband<sup>1</sup> has also a charge in the north. They two are bitter foes;—Andres Skialdarband is of my following——

#### HÅKON.

[Smiling and rising.] And Vegard Væradal of mine. Therefore they must e'en make friends again, the sooner 'Pronounce Shaldarband.

EAR

Your thoughts are wise

E

[Warmly.] Earl Skule, dom from you—let your

EAR

My daughter!

MΑ

Oh, God!

H

Margrete, will you be 1

H

[Takes her hand.] Ans

MA

# ACT 1] THE PRETENDERS

183

Håkon.

I thank you.

IVAR BODDE.

[To DAGFINN.] Heaven be praised; here is the dawn.

# DAGFINN.

I almost believe it. Never before have I liked the Earl so well.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Behind him.] Ever on your guard, good Dagfinn—ever on your guard.

# IVAR BODDE.

[To VEGARD.] Now are you than in Halogaland; here you have it under the King's hand.

[Gives him the letter.

## VEGARD VÆRADAL.

I will thank the King for his favour another time.

[About to go.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Stops him.] Andres Skialdarband is an ugly neighbour; be not cowed by him.

# VEGARD VÆRADAL.

No one has yet cowed Vegard Væradal.

[Goes.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Following.] Be as rock and flint to Andres Skialdar-band,—and, while I think on't, take my blessing with you.

IVAR B

To the Earl? Will you no

Нако

The Earl is wont to do that

IVAR BO

[Softly.] Ay, hitherto — wh n o w!

Håkon

Now as before;—the Earl ho

EARL SEU

Give me the letters, Ivar Bo
[Goes to the table with them
which he wears under h
letters during the followin

BISHOP NICE

. . .

# ACT 1] THE PRETENDERS

185

Håkon.

What says my lord Bishop?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

I say that God and St. Olaf watch over their holy church.

[Goes into the King's Hall.

Håkon.

[Approaching MARGRETE.] A wise queen can do great things in the land: I chose you fearlessly, for I know you are wise.

MARGRETE.

Only that?

Håkon.

What mean you?

MARGRETE.

Nothing, my lord, nothing.

Håkon.

And you will bear me no grudge if for my sake you have had to forgo fair hopes?

MARGRETE.

I have forgone no fair hopes for your sake.

Håkon.

And you will stand ever near me, and give me good counsel?

MARGRETE.

I would fain stand near to you.

Ay, she was too dear to

 $\mathbf{H}_{i}$ 

And I am King. Farev so young yet; but next so and from that hour I swee all seemly faith and honor

MAI

[Smiles sadly.] Ay, 'tw send me away.

H

[Brightly.] Send you a

Mai

[With tears in her eyes.] to those who are too dear

[She goes towards the thoughtfully after h

## THE PRETENDERS

187

# MARGRETE.

Oh, much, much! Last of all, he chose a thane and a Queen.

### LADY RAGNHILD.

You, Margrete?

ACT I]

### MARGRETE.

[Throws her arms round her mother's neck.] Yes!

# LADY RAGNHILD.

You are to be Queen!

## MARGRETE.

Queen only;—but I think I am glad even of that. [She and her mother go out to the right.

## EARL SKULE.

[To IVAR BODDE.] Here are our letters; bear them to the King's mother and to Kanga.

[IVAR BODDE bows and goes.

### DAGFINN.

[In the doorway of the hall.] The Archbishop of Nidaros craves leave to offer King Håkon Håkonsson his homage.

#### Håkon.

[Draws a deep breath.] At last, then, I am King of Norway.

# EARL SKULE.

[Places the Great Seal in his girdle.] But I rule the realm.



there is a dats with se the left wall stands th above the floor; in the the great entrance door. and weapons, with ma from the wall-timbers a Around the hall stand d horns, and beakers.

KING HÅKON sits upon the GRID, LADY RAGNHILD, IVAR BODDE stands behin the drinking-tables are a Earl's men, with guests. the right sit, among others GREGORIUS JONSSON, as SKULE and BISHOP NICH a table on the left. The 1 fro, bearing cans of liquor. music is heard during the

DAGFIN.

The fifth day now wears on

## ACT II]

# THE PRETENDERS

189

## PAUL FLIDA.

It was never the Earl's wont to stint his guests.

# DAGFINN.

No, so it would seem. So royal a bridal-feast was never seen in Norway before.

## PAUL FLIDA.

Earl Skule has never before given a daughter in marriage.

#### DAGFINN.

True, true; the Earl is a mighty man.

## A MAN-AT-ARMS.

He holds a third part of the kingdom. That is more than any earl has held heretofore.

### PAUL FLIDA.

But the King's part is larger.

#### DAGFINN.

We talk not of that here; we are friends now, and fully at one. [Drinks to PAUL.] So let King be King and Earl be Earl.

# PAUL FLIDA.

[Laughs.] 'Tis easy to hear that you are a King's man.

#### DAGFINN.

That should the Earl's men also be.

# PAUL FLIDA.

Never. We have sworn fealty to the Earl, not to the King.

# DAGFINN.

That may yet have to be done.

DLAS.

[To the E what Dagfin the game.] Hear you

E.

Without lo

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Looking steadily at DAGFINN.] Has the King thoug

#### DAGFINN.

Nay, nay,—let be;—no wrangling to-day.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

The King would force your men to swear him feal ty, Earl.

# Gregorius Jonsson.

[Louder.] Has the King thoughts of that, I ask?

### DAGFINN.

I will not answer. Let us drink to peace and friendship between the King and the Earl. The ale is good.



# ACT II] THE PRETENDERS

191

## PAUL FLIDA.

It has had time enough to mellow.

## GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Three times has the Earl prepared the bridal—three times the King promised to come—three times he came not.

#### DAGFINN.

Blame the Earl for that: he gave us plenty to do in Viken.

# PAUL FLIDA.

'Tis said Sigurd Ribbung gave you still more to do in Vermeland.

### DAGFINN.

[Flaring up.] Ay, and who was it that let Sigurd Ribbung slip through their fingers?

## GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Sigurd Ribbung fled from us at Nidaros, that all men know.

#### DAGFINN.

But no man knows that you did aught to hinder him.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[To the EARL, who is pondering on a move.] Hear you, Earl? It was you who let Sigurd Ribbung escape.

#### EARL SKULE.

[Makes a move.] That is an old story.

## GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Have you not heard, then, of the Icelander And res Torsteinsson, Sigurd Ribbung's friend—

# DAGFINN.

Ay; when Sigurd had escaped, you hanged the I -celander—that 1

[Makes a n take the pawn

[Aloud.] To

LAS.

ingly to the EARL.]

s of small account.

Makes a mor

#### DAGFINN.

Ay; that the Icelander found to his cost, when Sigur Ribbung escaped to Vermeland.

[Suppressed laughter amongst the King's men; the conversation is continued in a low tone; presently man comes in and whispers to Gregorius Joneson

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Then I move here, and you have lost.

#### EARL SKULE.

So it would seem.

<sup>1</sup>Bishop Nicholas's speech, "Nu slår jeg bonden, herre jarl," means literally, "Now I strike (or slay) the peasant"; the pawnbeing called in Norwegian "bonde," peasant, as in German "Bauer." Thus in this speech and the next the Bishop and the Earl are girding at Dagfinn the Peasant. [Our own word "pawn" comes from the Spanish peon=a foot-soldier or day-labourer.]

# ACT II] THE PRETENDERS

193

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Leaning back in his chair.] You did not guard the king well at the last.

EARL SKULE.

[Strews the pieces topsy-turvy and rises.] I have long been weary of guarding kings.

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Approaches and says in a low tone.] Sir Earl, Jostein Tamb sends word that the ship now lies ready for sea.

EARL SKULE.

[Softly.] Good. [Takes out a sealed parchment.] Here is the letter.

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Shaking his head.] Earl, Earl,—is this well bethought?

EARL SKULE.

What?

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

It bears the King's seal.

EARL SKULE.

I am acting for the King's good.

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Then let the King himself reject the offer.

<sup>1</sup> Pronounce Yostein.

## EARL SKULE.

That he will not, if he has his own way. His whole eart is bent on cowing the Ribbungs, therefore he is ain to secure himself on other sides.

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Your way may be wise,-but it is dangerous.

# EARL SKULE.

Leave that to me. Take the letter, and bid Jostein ail forthwith.

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

It shall be as you command.

[Goes out to the right, and presently comes in again.

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

## THE PRETENDERS

ACT II]

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

There comes a flicker now and again, my lord King; but 'twill scarce last long. I have lain sick all the winter through.

## Håkon.

Ay, ay,—you have lived a strong life, rich in deeds of fame.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Shakes his head.] Ah, 'tis little enough I have done, and I have much still left to do. If I but knew whether I should have time for it all!

### Håkon.

The living must take up the tasks of those who go before, honoured lord; we all have the welfare of the land at heart. [Turns to the EARL.] I marvel much at one thing: that neither of our thanes from Halogaland has come to the bridal.

#### EARL SKULE.

True; I doubted not that Andres Skialdarband would be here.

#### Håkon.

[Smiling.] And Vegard Væradal too.

EARL SKULE.

Ay, Vegard too.

### Håkon.

[In jest.] And I trust you would now have received my old friend better than you did seven years ago on

195

ì

lo wharf, when you stabbed him in the cheek so it the blade cut its way out.

# EARL SKULE.

With a forced laugh.] Ay, the time that Gunnulf, ar mother's brother, cut off the right hand of Sira iv, my best friend and counsellor.

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Merrily.] And when Dagfinn the Peasant and the m-at-arms set a strong night-watch on the King's ship, ring that the King was unsafe in the Earl's ward?

# HÅKON.

[Seriously.] Those days are old and forgotten.

# DAGFINN.

[Approaching.] Now may we sound the call to the apon-sports on the green, if so please you, my lord.

ACT II]

# THE PRETENDERS

197

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[To IVAR BODDE.] Who is the man called Jostein Tamb?

IVAR BODDE.

There is a trader from Orkney who bears that name.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

From Orkney? So, so! And now he sails home again?

IVAR BODDE.

So I think.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Softly.] With a precious freight, Ivar Bodde.

IVAR BODDE.

Corn and raiment, most like.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

And a letter from Earl Skule.

IVAR BODDE.

[Starting.] To whom?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

I know not; it bore the King's seal-

IVAR BODDE.

[Seizes him by the arm.] Lord Bishop,—is it as you say?

Then must I straightway-Dagfinn! Dagfinn—!
[Pushes through

Візнор Х

[In a tone of commiseration Never a day but one or anot freedom.

GREGORIUS

Who is it now?

BISHOP N

A poor trader,—Jostein T him.

GREGORIUS

Jostein---?

BISHOP N

Dagfinn the Peasant would

GREGORIUS

Dagfinn would forbid him

## THE PRETENDERS

ACT II]

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Ay, do even so, my dear lord;—Dagfinn the Peasant is so hasty.

[Gregorius Jonsson hastens out to the right along with the remainder of the company; only Earl Skule and Bishop Nicholas are left behind in the hall.

## EARL SKULE.

[Walks up and down in deep thought; he seems suddenly to awaken; looks round him, and says:] How still it has become here of a sudden!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

The King has gone.

EARL SKULE.

And every one has followed him.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

All, save us.

EARL SKULE.

It is a great thing to be King.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Tentatively.] Are you fain to try it, Earl?

EARL SKULE.

[With a serious smile.] I have tried it; every night that brings me sleep makes me King of Norway.

199

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Dreams forbode.

EARL SKULE.

Ay, and tempt.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Not you, surely. In bygone days, that I could underand—but now, when you hold a third part of the kingom, rule as the first man in the land, and are the lucen's father—

EARL SKULE.

Now most of all-now most of all.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Hide nothing! Confess; for verily I can see a great ain is gnawing you.



# THE PRETENDERS

201

voice cried aloud within me: Away with the child,—I am the man, the strong man!—But Guthorm was the king's son; there yawned an abyss between me and the throne.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

And you dared not venture——

ACT II]

# EARL SKULE.

Then Erling Steinvæg was chosen by the Slittungs. The voice cried within me again: Skule is a greater chieftain than Erling Steinvæg! But I must needs have broken with the Birchlegs,—that was the abyss that time.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

And Erling became king of the Slittungs, and after of the Ribbungs, and still you waited!

## EARL SKULE.

I waited for Guthorm to die.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

And Guthorm died, and Inge Bårdsson, your brother, became king.

#### EARL SKULE.

Then I waited for my brother's death. He was sickly from the first; every morning, when we met at holy mass, I would cast stolen glances to see whether his sickness increased. Every twitch of pain that crossed his face was as a puff of wind in my sails, and bore me nearer to the throne. Every sigh he breathed

his agony sounded to me like an echoing trumpetst, like a herald from afar, proclaiming that the one should soon be raine. Thus I tore up by the ts every thought of brotherly kindness; and Inge d, and Håkon came—and the Birchlegs made him g.

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

And you waited.

# EARL SKULE.

Methought help must come from above. I felt the gly strength within me, and I was growing old; every that passed was a day taken from my life-work, ch evening I thought: To-morrow will come the racle that shall strike him down and set me in the pty seat.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

203

# THE PRETENDERS

you strew poison in every dish, and you spread a hundred nets for him; but when he walks into your toils you dare not draw the string; if he stretch out his hand for the poison, you think it safer he should fall by the sword; if he is like to be caught in the morning, you hold it wiser to wait till eventide.

EARL SKULE.

[Looking earnestly at him.] And what would you do, my lord Bishop?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Speak not of me; my work is to build up thrones in this land, not to sit on them and rule.

EARL SKULE.

[After a short pause.] Answer me one thing, my honoured lord, and answer me truly. How comes it that Håkon can follow the straight path so unflinchingly? He is no wiser, no bolder than I.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Who does the greatest work in this world?

EARL SKULE.

The greatest man.

ACT II]

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

But who is the greatest man?

EARL SKULE.

The bravest.

thoughts he himself cannot paths which lead he knows follows and must follow till for joy, and, looking around finds that he has done a mig

EARL S

Ay, there is that unswervi

BISHOP NI

It is that which the Romai I am not strong in Latin; bu

EARL SI

[Thoughtfully at first, after ment.] Is Håkon made of ot fortunate man?—Ay, does n him? Does not everything when he is concerned? Even say the trees bear fruit twice

with its houses built afresh, and its corn-lands bending heavy-eared before the breeze. 'Tis as though blood and ashes fertilised the land where Håkon's armies pass; 'tis as though the Lord clothed with double verdure what Håkon has trampled down; 'tis as though the holy powers made haste to blot out all evil in his track. And how easy has been his path to the throne! He needed that Inge should die early, and Inge died: his youth needed to be watched and warded, and his men kept watch and ward around him; he needed the ordeal, and his mother arose and bore the iron for him.

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[With an involuntary outburst.] But we—we two——!

EARL SKULE.

We?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

You, I would say—what of you?

EARL SKULE.

The right is Hakon's, Bishop.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

The right is his, for he is the fortunate one; 'tis even the summit of fortune, to have the right. But by what right has Hakon the right, and not you?

#### EARL SKULE.

[After a short pause.] There are things I pray God to save me from thinking upon.

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Saw you never an old picture in Christ's Church at Nidaros? It shows the Deluge rising and rising over all the hills, so that there is but one single peak left above the waters. Up it clambers a whole household, father and mother and son and son's wife and children;—and the son is hurling the father back into the flood to gain better footing; and he will cast his mother down and his wife and all his children, to win to the top himself;—for up there he sees a handsbreadth of ground, where he may keep life in him for an hour.—That, Earl, that is the saga of wisdom, and the saga of every wise man.

EARL SKULE.

But the right!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

The son had the right. He had strength and the

gather round a cause, for that the cause clashes with your will. Whatever is helpful to you, is good—whatever lays stumbling-blocks in your path is evil.

## EARL SKULE.

[Gazing thoughtfully before him.] What has that throne not cost me, which yet I have not reached! And what has it cost Håkon, who now sits in it so securely! I was young, and I forswore my sweet secret love to ally myself with a powerful house. I prayed to the saints that I might be blessed with a son—I got only daughters.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Håkon will have sons, Earl-mark that!

## EARL SKULE.

[Crossing to the window on the right.] Ay—all things fall out to Håkon's wish.

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

And you—will you suffer yourself to be outlawed from happiness all your life through? Are you blind? See you not that it is a stronger might than the Birchlegs that stands at Håkon's back, and furthers all his life-work? He has help from above, from—from those that are against you—from those that have been your enemies, even from your birth! And will you bow before these your enemies? Rouse you, man: straighten your back! To what end got you your masterful soul? Bethink you that the first great deed in all the world was done by one who rose against a mighty realm!

EARL SKULE.

Who?

## And was hurled into the

Вівної

[Wildly.] And founded himself a king, a mighty the ten thousand—earls u [Sinks down

EARI

[Looks long at him.] B thing more or something

Вівног

[Smiling.] I am in the not good from evil.

EARI

[Half to himself.] Wh world, if they meant not t kon has so firm and uns all his men have so firm him——

# ACT II] THE PRETENDERS

209

EARL SKULE.

Had I a son! Had I but a son, to take all the great heritage after me!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Eagerly.] Earl—if you had a son?

EARL SKULE

I have none.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Håkon will have sons.

EARL SKULE.

[Wringing his hands.] And is king-born!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Rising.] Earl—if he were not so?

EARL SKULE.

Has he not proved it? The ordeal-

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

And if he were not-in spite of the ordeal?

EARL SKULE.

Do you say that God lied in the issue of the ordeal?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

What was it Inga of Varteig called upon God to witness?

[Nods, looks round, and Håkon were not that child:

EARL

[Starts a step backwards.] himself.] It is beyond believely

Вівнор

Hearken to me, Earl S years and six; it begins to me now, and I dare not to yonder——

EARL

Speak, speak! Is he not

Вівнор

Hear me. It was knowith child. Håkon Sverr doubtless she feared Ingking, and you, and—well, a She was brought to bed se

ACT II]

# THE PRETENDERS

211

EARL SKULE.

Ay, ay—and then?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

When the child was a year old, it could scarce be kept hidden longer. So Inga made the matter known to Erlend of Huseby—an old Birchleg of Sverre's days, as you know.

EARL SKULE.

Well?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

He and other chiefs from the Uplands took the child, bore it over the mountains in midwinter, and brought it to the King, who was then at Nidaros.

EARL SKULE.

And yet you can say that ---?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Needless to say, 'twas a dangerous task for a humble priest to rear a king's child. So soon as the child was born, he laid the matter before one of his superiors in the church, and prayed for his counsel. This his superior bade Trond send the true king's son with secrecy to a place of safety, and give Inga another, if she or the Birchlegs should afterwards ask for her child.

EARL SKULE.

[Indignantly.] And who was the hound that gave that counsel?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

It was I.



But the priest----

Вівно

Promised to do as I b

EA

[Seizing him by the c child?

Вівн

If the priest kept his

EA

If he kept it?

Bish

Trond the Priest dep that the child was broug to Thomas Becket's g England till his death.

EA

He departed the land

# ACT II] THE PRETENDERS

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Or he did not change the children, and dreaded my vengeance.

EARL SKULE.

Which surmise hold you for the truth?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Either may well be true.

EARL SKULE.

But the priest's sons of whom you spoke?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

They went with the crusaders to the Holy Land.

EARL SKULE.

And there have since been no tidings of them?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Ay, tidings there have been.

EARL SKULE.

Where are they?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

They were drowned in the Greek Sea on the journey forth.

EARL SKULE.

And Inga---?

213

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Knows nought, either of the priest's confession or of my counsel.

# EARL SKULE.

Her child was but nine days old when she left it, you said?

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Ay, and the child she next saw was over a year-

# EARL SKULE.

Then no living creature can here bring light! [Paces rapidly to and fro.] Almighty God, can this be true? Håkon—the King—he who holds sway over all this land, not born of royal blood!—And why should it not be like enough? Has not all fortune miraculously fol-

# ACT II] THE PRETENDERS

215

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Yet no king after all, mayhap.

EARL SKULE.

Mayhap no king after all.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Lays his hand on the Earl's shoulder.] Hearken to me, Earl Skule——

EARL SKULE.

[Still looking out.] There sits the Queen. Håkon speaks gently to her; she turns red and white with joy. He took her to wife because it was wise to choose the daughter of the mightiest man in the land. There was then no thought of love for her in his heart;—but it will come; Håkon has fortune with him. She will shed light over his life—— [Stops, and cries out in wonder.] What is this?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

What?

EARL SKULE.

Dagfinn the Peasant bursts violently through the crowd. Now he is giving the King some tidings.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Looking out from behind the EARL.] Håkon seems angered—does he not? He clenches his fist——

EARL SKULE.

He looks hitherward—what can it be? [About to go.

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Holding him back.] Hearken to me, Earl Skulethere may yet be one means of winning assurance as to Håkon's right.

EARL SKULE.

One means, you say?

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Trond the Priest ere he died, wrote a letter telling his whole tale, and took the sacrament in witness of its truth.

# EARL SKULE.

And that letter-for God's pity's sake-where is it?

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

You must know that— [Looks towards the door.]
Hush!—here comes the King.

## THE PRETENDERS

217

# Håkon.

[In strong but repressed excitement.] Earl Skule, who is king in this land?

EARL SKULE.

Who is king?

ACT II]

## Håkon.

That was my question. I bear the kingly title, but who holds the kingly might?

EARL SKULE.

The kingly might should dwell with him who has the kingly right.

Håkon.

So should it be; but is it so?

EARL SKULE.

Do you summon me to judgment?

Håkon.

That I do; for that right I have toward every man in the land.

EARL SKULE.

I fear not to answer for my dealings.

#### HÅKON.

Well for us all if you can. [Mounts a step of throne-dais, and leans upon one arm of the throne.] Here stand I as your king, and ask: Know you that Jon, Earl of Orkney, has risen against me?

Håĸ

And is it true that you, S him a letter?

EARL S

Who says so?

IVAR F

That do I.

DAGE

Jostein Tamb dared not d the King's seal.

Håb

You write to the King's although the King knows no

EARL S

So have I done for many

Håb

# THE PRETENDERS

219

behalf; he offered peace, but on terms dishonourable to the King. The war in Vermeland has weighed much upon your mind; had this matter been left to you, Earl Jon had come too lightly off. I can deal better with him.

#### HÅKON.

'Twas our will to deal with him ourself.—And what answer made you?

EARL SKULE.

Read my letter.

HÅKON.

Give it me!

ACT II]

EARL SKULE.

I deemed you had it.

DAGFINN.

Nay, you know better than that. Gregorius Jonsson was too swift of foot; when we came on board, the letter was gone.

EARL SKULE.

[Turns to Gregorius Jonsson.] Sir Baron, give the King the letter.

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Coming close to him, uneasily.] Hearken, Earl-!

EARL SKULE.

What now?

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Softly.] Bethink you, there were sharp words in it concerning the King.

LACT II

EARL SKULE.

My words I shall answer for. The letter!

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

I have it not.

EARL SKULE.

You have it not?

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Dagfinn the Peasant was at our heels. I snatched the letter from Jostein Tamb, tied a stone to it—

EARL SKULE.

Well?

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

It lies at the bottom of the fiord.

# THE PRETENDERS

221

Håkon.

[Controlling his rising wrath.] And so---?

EARL SKULE.

in one word—I will not give it you!

Håkon.

Then you defy me?

EARL SKULE.

Since so it must be—yes, I defy you.

IVAR BODDE.

[Forcibly.] Now, my lord King, I scarce think you or any man can now need further proof!

DAGFINN.

Nay, now I think we know the Earl's mind.

Håkon.

[Coldly, to the EARL.] You will hand the Great Seal to Ivar Bodde.

MARGRETE.

[Rushes with clasped hands towards the dais, where the King is standing.] Hakon be a kind and gracious husband to me!

[HAKON makes an imperative gesture towards her; she hides her face in her veil, and goes up towards her mother again.

EARL SKULE.

[To IVAR BODDE.] Here is the Great Seal.

## IVAR BODDE.

This was to be the last evening of the feast. It has ended in a heavy sorrow for the King; but sooner or later it needs must come, and methinks every true man must rejoice that it has come.

## EARL SKULE.

And I think every true man must feel bitter wrath to see a priest thus make mischief between us Birchlegs;—ay, Birchlegs, I say; for I am every whit as good a Birchleg as the King or any of his men. I am of the same stock, the stock of Sverre, the kingly stock—but you, Priest, you have built up a wall of distrust around the King, and shut me out from him; that has been your task this many a year.

# PAUL FLIDA.

[Enraged, to the bystanders.] Earl's men! Shall we

# 223

## IVAR BODDE.

God forbid that I should stand between the King and so many mighty chieftains.—Håkon, my gracious lord, my soul bears me witness that I have served you in all faithfulness. True, I have warned you against the Earl; but if I have ever done him wrong, I pray God forgive me. Now have I no more to do in the palace; here is your Seal; take it into your own hands; there it should have rested long ago.

#### HÅKON.

[Who has come down from the dais.] You shall remain!

## IVAR BODDE.

I cannot. If I did, my conscience would gnaw and rend me night and day. Greater evil can no man do in these times than to hold the King and the Earl asunder.

#### Håkon.

Ivar Bodde, I command you to remain!

#### IVAR BODDE.

If the Holy King Olaf should rise from his silver shrine to bid me stay, still I needs must go. [Places the Seal in the King's hand.] Farewell, my noble master! God bless and prosper you in all your work!

[Goes out through the crowd, to the right.

#### Håkon.

[Gloomily, to the EARL and his men.] There have I lost a trusty friend for your sakes; what requital can you offer to make good that loss?





DAGI

[Who has been standing in conversation with a man entered the hall, approaches Vegard cannot come, my los

Håk

How know you that?

DAGE

I have even now had tidi

Hik

What tidings?

DAGE.

That Vegard Væradal is sl

MANY V

Slain!

## ACT II]

## THE PRETENDERS

225

#### DAGFINN.

Andres Skialdarband, the Earl's friend.

[A short pause; uneasy whispers pass among the men.

#### HÅKON.

Where is the messenger?

### DAGFINN.

[Leading the man forward.] Here, my lord King.

## Håkon.

What caused the slaying?

## THE MESSENGER.

That no man knows. The talk fell upon the Finnish tribute, and on a sudden Andres sprang up and gave him his death-wound.

#### Håkon.

Had there been quarrels between them before?

#### THE MESSENGER.

Ever and anon. Andres would often say that a wise councillor here in the south had written to him that he should be as rock and flint toward Vegard Væradal.

#### DAGFINN.

Strange! Ere Vegard set forth he told me that a wise councillor had said he should be as rock and flint toward Andres Skialdarband.

day. 1 could weep for 'weeping; it must be life Skialdarband is your swo all service in requital for your word, and look to yo avenged.

EARL

Of a truth, bad angels as On any other of my men, avenge the murder——

Нå

[Expectantly.] Well?

EARL

But not on Andres Skia

Нλ

[Flashing out.] Will you

## ACT II] THE PRETENDERS

227

EARL SKULE.

That none but God in heaven may know.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Softly, to DAGFINN.] I know it.

DAGFINN.

And I suspect it.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Say nought, good Dagfinn!

Håkon.

Earl, I will believe as long as I may, that you mean not in good sooth what you have said to me-

EARL SKULE.

Were it my own father Andres Skialdarband had slain, he should still go free. Ask me no more.

Håkon.

Good. Then we ourselves must do justice in the matter!

EARL SKULE.

[With an expression of alarm.] There will be bloodshed on both sides, my lord King!

HÅKON.

So be it; none the less shall the deed be avenged.

[ACT II

EARL SKULE.

It shall not be!-It cannot be!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Nay, there the Earl is right.

HÅKON.

Say you so, my honoured lord?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Andres Skialdarband has taken the Cross.

HÅKON AND EARL SKULE.

Taken the Cross!

RISHOP NICHOLAS

## THE PRETENDERS

229

Håkon.

And I for Viken.—If you, Margrete, choose rather to abide in Bergen, then do so.

MARGRETE.

Whither you go, I go, until you forbid.

Håkon.

Good; then come with me.

ACT II]

SIGRID.

Now is our kindred spread far abroad. [Kneels to HÅKON.] Grant me a grace, my lord King.

Håkon.

Rise, Lady Sigrid; whatever you crave shall be granted.

SIGRID.

I cannot go with the Earl to Nidaros. The nunnery at Rein will soon be consecrated; write to the Archbishop—take order that I be made Abbess.

EARL SKULE.

You, my sister?

Håkon.

You will enter a nunnery!

SIGRID.

[Rising.] Since my wedding-night of blood, when the Baglers came and hewed down my bridegroom, and

EARL!

[Vehemently.] She is sick

Sigi

A plenteous harvest is rip the darkness. Every woma one task now—to kneel in cl both day and night.

Нåғ

[Shaken.] Is it prophecy thus?

Sigi

Farewell, my brother-we

EARL !

[Involuntarily.] When?

Sta

### THE PRETENDERS

ACT II]

### Håkon.

[After a short pause, draws his sword, and says with quiet determination:] All the Earl's men shall take the oath of fealty.

#### EARL SKULE.

[Vehemently.] Is this your settled purpose? [Almost imploringly.] King Håkon, do not so!

#### HÅKON.

No Earl's man shall leave Bergen ere he has sworn fealty to the King.

[Goes out with his Guard. All except the EARL and the BISHOP follow him.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

He has dealt hardly with you to-day!

[EARL SKULE is silent, and looks out after the King, as though struck dumb.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[More loudly.] And may hap not king-born after all.

#### EARL SKULE.

[Turns suddenly, in strong excitement, and seizes the Bishop by the arm.] Trond the Priest's confession—where is it?

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

He sent it to me from England ere he died; I know not by whom—and it never reached me.

231

EARL SKULE.

But it must be found!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

I doubt not but it may.

EARL SKULE.

And if you find it, you will give it into my hands?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

That I promise.

EARL SKULE.

You swear it by your soul's salvation?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

ACT II] THE PRETENDERS

233

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

And if he be not the rightful king?

EARL SKULE.

Then shall he give place to me! The kingly title and the kingly throne, host and guard, fleet and tribute, towns and strongholds, all shall be mine!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

He will betake him to Viken-

EARL SKULE.

I will drive him out of Viken!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

He will establish himself in Nidaros.

EARL SKULE

I will storm Nidaros!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

He will shut himself up in Olaf's holy church—

EARL SKULE.

I will force the sanctuary—

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

He will fly to the high altar, and cling to Olaf's shrine ----



I will strike off the crow

BISHOP 1

But if it sits too tight-

EARL

Then, in God's name o the head along with it!

Вівнор 1

[Looks out after him, nods
—'tis in this mood I like the

## ACT THIRD

A room in the Bishop's Palace at Oslo. On the right is the entrance door. In the back, a small door, standing open, leads into the Chapel, which is lighted up. A curtained door in the left wall leads into the Bishop's sleeping-room. In front, on the same side, stands a cushioned couch. Opposite, on the right, is a writing-table, with letters, documents, and a lighted lamp.

At first the room is empty; behind the curtain on the left, the singing of monks is heard. Presently Paul Flida, in travelling dress, enters from the right, stops by the door, waits, looks around, and then knocks three times with his staff upon the floor.

## SIRA VILIAM.

[Comes out from the left, and exclaims in a hushed voice.] Paul Flida! God be praised;—then the Earl is not far off.

#### PAUL FLIDA.

The ships are already at Hoved-isle; I came on ahead. And how goes it with the Bishop?

#### SIRA VILIAM.

He is even now receiving the Extreme Unction.

An ancient city close to the present Christiania.

### PAUL FLIDA.

Then there is great danger.

## SIRA VILIAM.

Master Sigard of Brabant has said that he cannot tlive the night.

## PAUL FLIDA.

Then meseems he has summoned us too late.

## SIRA VILIAM.

Nay, nay,—he has his full senses and some strength to ot; every moment he asks if the Earl comes not soon.

## PAUL FLIDA.

You still call him Earl; know you not that the ing has granted him the title of Duke?

## ACT m] THE PRETENDERS

237

## SIRA VILIAM.

I can tell him that Duke Skule comes so soon as may be?

#### PAUL FLIDA.

He comes straight from the wharf up here to the Palace. Farewell! [Goes.

[Several priests, among them PETER, with some of the Bibhop's servants, come out from the left with rugs, cushions, and a large brazier.

#### SIRA VILIAM.

Why do you this?

#### A PRIEST.

[Arranging the couch.] The Bishop wills to lie out here.

### SIRA VILIAM.

But is it prudent?

#### THE PRIEST.

Master Sigard thinks we may humour him. Here he is.

BISHOP NICHOLAS enters, supported by MASTER SIGARD and a priest. He is in his canonicals, but without crozier and mitre.

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Light more candles. [He is led to a seat upon the couch, near the brazier, and is covered with rugs.] Viliam! Now have I been granted forgiveness for all my sins! They took them all away with them;—meseems I am so light now.

## SIRA VILIAM.

The Duke sends you greeting, my lord; he has already passed Hoved-isle!

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

'Tis well, very well. Belike the King, too, will soon be here. I have been a sinful hound in my day, Viliam; I have grievously trespassed against the King. The priests in there averred that all my sins should be forgiven me;—well well, it may be so; but 'tis easy for them to promise; 'tis not against the m that I have trespassed. No no; it is safest to have it from the King's own mouth. [Exclaims impatiently.] Light, I say! 'tis so dark in here.

## SIRA VILIAM.

The candles are lighted-

to-night. Have an eye to them; there are idle fellows among them.

[SIRA VILIAM points silently towards the chapel, whence singing is heard, which continues during what follows.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

So much still undone, and to go and leave it all! So much undone, Viliam!

### SIRA VILIAM.

My lord, think of heavenly things!

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

I have time before me;—till well on in the morning, Master Sigard thinks——

### SIRA VILIAM.

My lord, my lord!

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Give me mitre and crozier!—'Tis very well for you to say that I should think— [A priest brings them.] So, set the cap there, 'tis too heavy for me; give me the crozier in my hand; there, now am I in my armour. A bishop!— The Evil One dare not grapple with me now!

#### SIRA VILIAM.

Desire you aught beside?

## THE PRETENDERS

LACT III

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

No. Stay—tell me:—Peter, Andres Skialdarband's n,—all speak well of him——

## SIRA VILIAM.

In truth, his is a blameless soul.

)

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Peter, you shall watch beside me until the King or Duke shall come. Leave us, meanwhile, ye others. t be at hand. [All except Peter go out on the right.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

After a short pause.] Peter!

PETER.

### THE PRETENDERS

ACT III]

241

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

You must get you northward with it to Halogaland. I have written to her touching a great and weighty matter; tidings have come from your father.

## PETER.

He is fighting as a soldier of God in the Holy Land. Should he fall there, he falls on hallowed ground; for there every foot's-breadth of earth is sacred. I commend him to God in all my prayers.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Is Andres Skialdarband dear to you?

#### PETER.

He is an honourable man; but there lives another man whose greatness my mother, as it were, fostered and nourished me withal.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Hurriedly and eagerly.] Is that Duke Skule?

#### PETER.

Ay, the Duke—Skule Bårdsson. My mother knew him in younger days. The Duke must sure be the greatest man in the land!

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

There is the letter; get you northward with it forthwith!—Are they not singing in there?

must surely help somewha

 $\mathbf{P}_{1}$ 

My lord, my lord! Wh

Вівнор

I have too much still us short:—besides, the King w comes——

Pi

You are suffering?

Візнор

I suffer not; but there twinkling and flickering be

PE

'Tis the heavenly bells twinkling of the altar-ligh you.

act III]

243

PETER.

Shall I not first---?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Nay, go; I fear not to be alone.

#### PETER.

Well met again, then, what time the heavenly bells shall sound for me too. [Goes out on the right.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

The heavenly bells,—av, 'tis easy talking when you still have two stout legs to stand upon.—So much undone! But much will live after me, notwithstanding. I promised the Duke by my soul's salvation to give him Trond the Priest's confession if it came into my hand;—'tis well I have not got it. Had he certainty, he would conquer or fall; and then one of the twain would be the mightiest man that ever lived in Norway. No no,what I could not reach none other shall reach. Uncertainty serves best; so long as the Duke is burdened with that, they two will waste each other's strength, wheresoever they may; towns will be burnt, dales will be harried,—neither will gain by the other's loss— [Terrified.] Mercy, pity! It is I who bear the guilt—I, who set it all agoing! [Calming himself.] Well, well, well! but now the King is coming—'tis he that suffers most-he will forgive me-prayers and masses shall be said: there is no danger;—I am a bishop, and I have never slain any man with mine own hand.—'Tis well that Trond the Priest's confession came not; the saints are with me, they will not tempt me to break my promise. -Who knocks at the door? It must be the Duke!

[Starts.] Who is that?

Inc

A woman from Varteig in lord.

Вівнор N

The King's mother!

Inc

So was I called once.

Вівнор N

Go, go! 'Twas not I cou away.

IN

What the King does is we come.

RIGHAD N

ACT III]

## THE PRETENDERS

245

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

From England---!

INGA.

He has been away these many years, as you know, and has roamed far and wide; now has he brought home a letter——

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Breathlessly.] A letter-?

INGA.

From Trond the Priest. 'Tis for you, my lord.

[Hands it to him.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Ah, truly;—and you bring it?

INGA.

It was Trond's wish. I owe him great thanks since the time he fostered Håkon. It was told me that you were sick; therefore I set forth at once; I have come hither on foot——

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

There was no such haste, Inga!

DAGFINN THE PEASANT enters from the right.

DAGFINN.

God's peace, my honoured lord!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Comes the King?

### DAGFINN.

He is now riding down the Ryen hills, with the Queen and the King-child and a great following.

#### INGA.

[Rushes up to Dagfinn.] The King,—the King! Comes he hither?

### DAGFINN.

Inga! You here, much-suffering woman!

## INGA.

She is not much-suffering who has so great a son.

#### DAGRINN

#### THE PRETENDERS

ACT III]

247

#### INGA.

Then will I hide me in a gateway as he goes by;—
and then home to Varteig. But first will I into Hallvard's church; the lights are burning there to-night;
there will I call down blessings on the King, on my fair
son.

[Goes out to the right.

#### DAGFINN.

I have fulfilled mine errand; I go to meet the King.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Bear him most loving greeting, good Dagfinn!

#### DAGFINN.

[As he goes out to the right.] I would not be Bishop Nicholas to-morrow.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Trond the Priest's confession—! So it has come after all—here I hold it in my hand. [Muses with a fixed gaze.] A man should never promise aught by his soul's salvation, when he is as old as I. Had I years before me, I could always wriggle free from such a promise; but this evening, this last evening—no, that were imprudent.—But can I keep it? Is it not to endanger all that I have worked for, my whole life through?—[Whispering.] Oh, could I but cheat the Evil One, only this one more time! [Listens.] What was that? [Calls.] Viliam, Viliam!

SIRA VILIAM enters from the right.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

What is it that whistles and howls so grimly?

SIRA

Yes, my lord.

Візнор

Bid them bestir ther Aslak; he always makes whenever he can; he sk floor with his crozier.] G last night I have left; he haunt him from the dead

SIRA

My lord, shall I not fe

Вівнор

Go in, I say! [VILIAM] doubtless be heaven's wilking and the Duke, since now. This is a hard thing single wrench what you have. But there is no other

that it cannot govern the outcome of its contrivances in the second and third degree? I spoke so long and so earnestly to Vegard Væradal about making the King send Inga from him, that at length it came to pass. That was wise in the first degree; but had I not counselled thus, then Inga had not now been at Varteig, the letter had not come into my hands in time, and I had not had any promise to keep—therefore 'twas unwise in the second degree. Had I yet time before me-! but only the space of one night, and scarce even that. I must, I will live longer! [Knocks with his crozier; a priest enters from the right.] Bid Master Sigard come! The priest goes; the BISHOP crushes the letter in his hands.] Here, under this thin seal, lies Norway's saga for a hundred years! It lies and dreams, like the birdling in the egg! Oh, that I had more souls than one-or else none! [Presses the letter wildly to his breast.] Oh, were not the end so close upon me, -and judgment and doom-I would hatch you out into a hawk that should cast the dreadful shadow of his wings over all the land, and strike his sharp talons into every heart! [With a sudden shudder.] But the last hour is at hand! [Shrieking.] No, no! You shall become a swan, a white swan! [Throws the letter far from him, on to the floor, and calls:] Master Sigard, Master Sigard!

MASTER SIGARD.

[From the right.] How goes it, honoured lord!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Master Sigard-sell me three days' life!

MASTER SIGARD.

I have told you--

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Yes, yes; but that was in jest; 'twas a little revenge on me. I have been a tedious master to you; therefore you thought to scare me. Fie, that was evil,—nay, nay—'twas no more than I deserved! But, now be good and kind! I will pay you well;—three days' life, Master Sigard, only three days' life!

## MASTER SIGARD.

Though I myself were to die in the same hour as you, yet could I not add three days to your span.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

One day, then, only one day! Let it be light, let the sun shine when my soul sets forth! Listen, Sigard! [Beckons him over, and drags him down upon the couch.] I have given well-nigh all my gold and silver to the Church, to have high masses sung for me. I will take it back again; you shall have it all! How now, Sigard, shall we two fool them in there? He-he-he! You will be rich, Sigard, and can depart the country; I shall have time to cast about me a little, and make

### MASTER SIGARD.

I have no time; the draught must be ready within an hour.

[Goes out to the right.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Within an hour! [Knocks wildly.] Viliam! Viliam! [SIRA VILIAM comes out from the chapel.

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Call more to help in there! The eight are not enough!

SIRA VILIAM.

My lord——?

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

More to help, I say! Brother Kolbein has lain sick these five weeks,—he cannot have sinned much in that time——

#### SIRA VILIAM.

He was at shrift yesterday.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Eagerly.] Ay, he must be good; call him! [VIL-IAM goes into the chapel again.] Within an hour! [Dries the sweat off his brow.] Pah—how hot it is here!—The miserable hound—what boots all his learning, when he cannot add an hour to my life? There sits he in his closet day by day, piecing together his cunning wheels and weights and levers; he thinks to fashion a machine that shall go and go and never stop—perpetuum mobile he calls it. Why not rather turn his art and his skill



a-going so that no power of I can but do that, then shall work—and, when I think of it is called immortality.—Comfohow ye do the old man good! stretches himself comfortably thas pressed me hard to-nig idle; otium est pulvis—pulv the Latin—— Diabolus shover me; I will be busy to the bellow in yonder—— [Kn Tell them to hold their peac King and the Duke will soon matters to ponder.

SIRA VI

My lord, shall I then-?

BISHOP NI

Bid them hold awhile, the Look you, take up yonder floor.—Good. Reach me the



## ACT III] THE PRETENDERS

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

It matters not-; the sealed ones; those that lie uppermost—So; go now in and bid them be silent. [VILIAM goes.] To die, and yet rule in Norway! To die, and yet so contrive things that no man may come to raise his head above the rest. A thousand ways may lead towards that goal; yet can there be but one that will reach it; -- and now to find that one-to find it and follow it— Ha! The way lies so close, so close at hand! Ay, so it must be. I will keep my promise; the Duke shall have the letter in his hands;—but the King—he shall have the thorn of doubt in his heart. Håkon is upright, as they call it; many things will go to wreck in his soul along with the faith in himself and in his right. Both of them shall doubt and believe by turns, still swaying to and fro, and finding no firm ground beneath their feet—perpetuum mobile!— But will Håkon believe what I say? Ay, that will he; am I not a dying man?—And to prepare the way I will feed him up with truths.-My strength fails, but fresh life fills my soul;—I no longer lie on a sick-bed, I sit in my workroom; I will work the last night through, work—till the light goes out—

### DUKE SKULE.

[Enters from the right and advances towards the Bishop.] Peace and greeting, my honoured lord! I hear it goes ill with you.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

I am a corpse in the bud, good Duke; this night shall I break into bloom; to-morrow you may scent my perfume.

Master Sigard says within as

DUKE SK

And Trond the Priest's lette

BISHOP NIC

Think you still upon that?

DUKE SK

'Tis never out of my though

BISHOP NIC

The King has made you D in Norway has borne that title

DUKE S

'Tis not enough. If Håko then must I have all!

BISHOP N

## ACT III] THE PRETENDERS

255

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

At least, I know where it may be found.

DUKE SKULE.

Tell me then, tell me!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Wait-

DUKE SKULE.

Nay, nay—lose not your time; I see it draws to an end;—and 'tis sad the King comes hither.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Ay, the King comes; thereby you may best see that I am mindful of your cause, even now.

DUKE SKULE.

What is your purpose?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Mind you, at the King's bridal—you said that Håkon's strength lay in his steadfast faith in himself?

DUKE SKULE.

Well?

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

If I confess, and raise a doubt in his mind, then his faith will fall, and his strength with it.

### DUKE SKULE.

My lord, this is sinful, sinful, if he be the rightful king.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

'Twill be in your power to restore his faith. Ere I depart hence, I will tell you where Trond the Priest's letter may be found.

### SIRA VILIAM.

[From the right.] The King is now coming up the street, with torch-bearers and attendants.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

He shall be welcome. [VILIAM goes.] Duke, I beg of you one last service: do you carry on my feuds against all mine enemies. [Takes out a letter.] Here I have written them down. Those whose names stand first I would fain have hanged, if it could be so ordered.

#### DUKE SKULE.

Think not upon vengeance now; you have but little time left——

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Not on vengeance, but on punishment. Promise me to wield the sword of punishment over all mine enemies when I am gone. They are your foemen no less than mine; when you are King you must chastise them; do you promise me that?

#### DUKE SKULE.

I promise and swear it; but Trond's letter-!

## ACT III] THE PRETENDERS

257

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

You shall learn where it is;—but see—the King comes; hide the list of our foemen!

[The Duke hides the paper; at the same moment Håkon enters from the right.

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Well met at the grave-feast, my lord King.

#### HÅKON.

You have ever withstood me stubbornly; but that shall be forgiven and forgotten now; death wipes out even the heaviest reckoning.

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

That lightened my soul! Oh how marvellous is the King's clemency! My lord, what you have done for an old sinner this night shall be tenfold——

#### Håkon.

No more of that; but I must tell you that I greatly marvel you should summon me hither to obtain my forgiveness, and yet prepare for me such a meeting as this.

#### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Meeting, my lord?

#### DUKE SKULE.

Tis of me the King speaks. Will you, my lord Bishop, assure King Håkon, by my faith and honour,

sickly and bedridden all the little or nought of the affairs of all was now well between the pr

Håkon

I have marked that the frier and myself thrives best when another; therefore farewell, Bi be with you where you are no

DUKE SK

[Softly and uneasily.] Bishe

BISHOP NI

[Suddenly and with wild en

Håkc

[Stops.] What now?

BISHOP NI

You shall not leave this room

DUKE SKULE.

I have no part in this.

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Tis by force of words that I will hold you. Where there is a burial in the house, the dead man ever rules the roost; he can do and let alone as he will—so far as his power may reach. Therefore will I now speak my own funeral-speech; in days gone by, I was ever sore afraid lest King Sverre should come to speak it——

Håkon.

Talk not so wildly, my lord!

DUKE SKULE.

You shorten the precious hour still left to you!

HÅKON.

Your eyes are already dim!

### BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Ay, my sight is dim; I scarce can see you where you stand; but before my inward eye, my life is moving in a blaze of light. There I see sights—; hear and learn, O King!—My race was the mightiest in the land; many great chieftains had sprung from it; I longed to be the greatest of them all. I was yet but a boy when I began to thirst after great deeds; meseemed I could by no means wait till I were grown. Kings arose who had less right than I,—Magnus Erlingsson, Sverre the Priest—; I also would be king; but I must needs be a chieftain first. Then came the battle at Ilevoldene;

'twas the first time I went out to war. The sun went up, and glittering lightnings flashed from a thousand burnished blades. Magnus and all his men advanced as to a game; I alone felt a tightness at my heart. Fiercely our host swept forward: but I could not follow-I was afraid! All Magnus's other chieftains fought manfully, and many fell in the fight; but I fled up over the mountain, and ran and ran, and stayed not until I came down to the fiord again, far away Many a man had to wash his bloody clothes in Trondheim-fiord that night;-I had to wash mine too, but not from blood. Ay, King, I was afraid;-born to be a chieftain-and afraid! It fell upon me as a thunderbolt; from that hour I hated all men. I prayed secretly in the churches, I wept and knelt before the altars, I gave rich gifts, made sacred promises; I tried and tried in battle after battle, at Saltösund, at Jonsvoldene that summer the Baglers lay in Bergen,-but ever in vain. Sverre it was who first noted it; he proclaimed it loudly and with

because I could not love. Fair women,-oh, I could devour them even now with glistening eyes! I have lived eighty years, and yet do I yearn to kill men and clasp women;—but my lot in love was as my lot in war: nought but an itching will, my strength sapped from my birth; dowered with seething desire—and yet a weakling! So I became a priest: king or priest must that man be who would have all might in his hands. [Laughs.] I a priest! I a churchman! Yes, for one clerkly office Heaven had notably fitted me-for taking the high notes-for singing with a woman's voice at the great church-festivals. And yet they up yonder claim of me—the half-man—what they have a right to claim only of those whom they have in all things fitted for their life-work! There have been times when I fancied such a claim might be just; I have lain here on my sick-bed crushed by the dread of doom and punishment. Now it is over; my soul has fresh marrow in its bones; I have not sinned; it is I that have suffered wrong; I am the accuser!

#### DUKE SKULE.

[Softly.] My lord—the letter! You have little time left.

### Håkon.

Think of your soul, and humble you!

## BISHOP NICHOLAS.

A man's life-work is his soul, and my life-work still shall live upon the earth. But you, King Håkon, you should beware; for as Heaven has stood against me, and reaped harm for its reward, so are you standing against the man who holds the country's welfare in his hand——

## HÅKON.

Ha-Duke, Duke! Now I see the bent of this meeting.

# DUKE SKULE.

[Vehemently, to the BISHOP.] Not a word more of this!

# BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[To HÅKON.] He will stand against you so long as his head sits fast on his shoulders. Share with him! I will have no peace in my coffin, I will rise again, if you two share not the kingdom! Neither of you shall add the other's height to his own stature. If that befell, there would be a giant in the land, and here shall no giant be; for I was never a giant!

[Sinks back exhausted on the couch.

D .....

## ACT III] THE PRETENDERS

263

DUKE SKULE.

[Softly.] The letter! The letter!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[Not listening to him.] Viliam! [VILIAM enters; the BISHOP draws him close down to him and whispers.] When I received the Extreme Unction, all my sins were forgiven me?

SIRA VILIAM.

All your sins from your birth, till the moment you received the Unction.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

No longer? Not until the very end?

SIRA VILIAM.

You will not sin to-night, my lord!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Who can tell——? Take the golden goblet Bishop Absalon left me—give it to the Church—and say seven high masses more.

SIRA VILIAM.

God will be gracious to you, my lord!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Seven more masses, I say—for sins I may commit to-night! Go, go! [VILIAM goes; the BISHOP turns to SKULE.] Duke, if you should come to read Trond the Priest's letter, and it should mayhap prove that Hakon is the rightful king—what would you do then?

Bethink you; much is at st of your heart; answer as thoug Judge! What will you do, if l

**DUKE SKU** 

Bow my head and serve him.

BISHOP NICE

[Mumbles.] So, so: then bidden Duke, I am weak and weary; mood comes over me——

DUKE SK

It is death! Trond the Price

BISHOP NIC

First another matter;—I g enemies—

DUKE SE

[Impatiently.] Yes, yes; I

## THE PRETENDERS

ACT III]

DUKE SKULE.

Ay, ay; as you will.

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

Here, in the brazier; so that I may see it-

DUKE SKULE.

[Throws the paper into the fire.] There, then; see, it burns. And now, speak, speak. You risk thousands of lives if you speak not now!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

[With sparkling eyes.] Thousands of lives. [Shrieks.] Light! Air!

Håkon.

[Rushes to the door and cries.] Help! The Bishop is dying!

SIRA VILIAM and several of the BISHOP'S men enter.

DUKE SKULE.

[Shakes the Bishor's arm.] You risk Norway's happiness through hundreds of years, mayhap its greatness to all eternity!

BISHOP NICHOLAS.

To all eternity! [Triumphantly.] Perpetuum mobile!

DUKE SKULE.

By our soul's salvation,—where is Trond the Priest's letter?

265

[Beside himself.] The letter:

Вівнор Місно

[Smiling in his death-agony.] good Duke! [Falls be

DUKE SKU:

[With an involuntary cry, star his face with his hands.] Almig

THE MON

[Rushing in flight from the who can!

SOME VOICE

The powers of evil have bro

OTHER VO

There rang a loud laugh freried: "We have him!"——

Håkor

## ACT III]

# THE PRETENDERS

267

## Håkon.

[Approaches Skule, and says in a low voice.] Duke, I will not question what secret counsel you were hatching with the Bishop ere he died;—but from to-morrow must you give up your powers and dignities into my hands; I see clearly now that we two cannot go forward together.

## DUKE SKULE.

[Looks at him absently.] Go forward together---?

## Håkon.

To-morrow I hold an Assembly in the Palace; then must all things be made clear between us.

[Goes out to the right.

## DUKE SKULE.

The Bishop dead and the letter burnt! A life full of doubt and strife and dread! Oh, could I but pray!—No—I must act; this evening must the stride be taken, once for all! [To VILIAM.] Whither went the King?

### SIRA VILIAM.

[Torrified.] Christ save me,—what would you with him?

### DUKE SKULE.

Think you I would slay him to-night?

[Goes out to the right.

## SIRA VILIAM.

[Looks after him, shaking his head, while the house-folk bear the body out to the left.] Seven more masses,



is deeping; MARGRETE is lo

MARGRETE.

[Rocks the cradle and sings.]

Now roof and rafters The starry vault on h Now flieth little Håkn On dream-wings throu

There mounts a might From earth to God's. There Håkon with the Goes climbing, hand i

God's angel-babes are Thy cot, the still nigh God bless thee, little 1 Thy mother watcheth

A short pause. DUKE SKULE

MARGRETE.

[Claude arm smith a sum of income

DUKE SKULE.

God's peace be with you, Margrete! Where is the King?

MARGRETE.

With Bishop Nicholas.

DUKE SKULE.

Ha.—then must be soon be here.

MARGRETE.

And you will talk together and be at one, be friends again, as in the old days?

DUKE SKULE.

That would I gladly.

MARGRETE.

Twould rejoice Håkon no less; and I pray to God every day that so it may be. Oh, but come hither and [Takes his hand and leads him to the cradle.

DUKE SKULE.

Your child!

MARGRETE.

Ay, that lovely babe is mine;—is it not marvellous? He is called Håkon, like the King! See, his eyes-nay, you cannot see them now he is sleeping-but he has great blue eyes; and he can laugh, and reach forth his hands to take hold of me,—and he knows me already. Smoothes out the bed-clothes tenderly.

## DUKE SKULE.

Hakon will have sons, the Bishop foretold.

### MARGRETE.

To me this little child is a thousand times dearer than all Norway's land—and to Hakon too. Meseems I cannot rightly be I have the cradle standing by my be as often as I waken, I look to see a fearful lest it should prove to be

E.

[Listens an King?

low.] Is not that the

## MARGRETE.

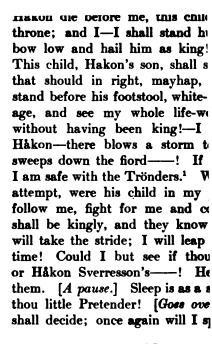
Ay; he is going up the other stair; I will bring him. [Takes her father's hand and leads him playfully up to the cradle.] Duke Skule! Keep watch over the Kingchild the while—for he is a King-child too—though I can never remember it! Should he wake, then bow deeply before him, and hail him as men hail kings! Now will I bring Håkon. Oh, God, God! now at last come light and peace over our house.

[Goes out to the right.

## DUKE SKULE.

[After a short and gloomy silence.] Håkon has a son. His race shall live after him. If he die, he leaves an heir who stands nearer the throne than all others. All things thrive with Håkon. Mayhap he is not the rightful king; but his faith in himself stands firm as ever; the Bishop would have shaken it, but Death gave him

not time, God gave him not leave. God watches over Håkon, and suffers him to keep the girdle of strength. Were I to tell him now? Were I to make oath to what the Bishop told me? What would it avail? None would believe me, neither Håkon nor the others. He would have believed the Bishop in the hour of death; the doubt would have rankled poisonously in him; but it was not to be. And deep-rooted as is Håkon's faith, so is my doubt deep-rooted; what man on earth can weed it out? None, none. The ordeal has been endured, God has spoken, and still Håkon may not be the rightful king, while my life goes to waste. [Seats himself broodingly beside a table on the right.] And if. now, I won the kingdom, would not the doubt dwell with me none the less, gnawing and wearing and wasting me away, with its ceaseless icy drip, drip.—Aye; but 'tis better to sit doubting on the throne than to stand down in the crowd, doubting of him who sits there in your stead.—There must be an end between me and Håkon! An end? But how? [Rises.] Almighty, thou who hast thus bestead me, thou must bear the guilt of the issue! [Goes to and fro, stops and reflects.] I must break down all bridges, hold only one, and there conquer or fall -as the Bishop said at the bridal-feast at Bergen. That is now nigh upon three years since, and through all that time have I split up and spilt my strength in trying to guard all the bridges. [With energy.] Now must I follow the Bishop's counsel; now or never! Here are we both in Oslo: this time I have more men than Håkon; why not seize the advantage—'tis so seldom on my side. [Vacillating.] But to-night ---? At once -? No, no! Not to-night! Ha-ha-ha-there again!-pondering, wavering! Hakon knows not what that means; he goes straight forward, and so he con-



MARGRETE

[Enters, with the King, from 1

ACT III]

## THE PRETENDERS

273

## Håkon.

To bed, Margrete! You must be weary after the journey.

### MARGRETE.

Yes, yes. [To the Duke.] Father, be kind and yielding—Håkon has promised to be the like! A thousand good-nights, to both of you!

[Makes a gesture of farewell at the door on the left, and goes out; two women carry out the cradle.

### DUKE SKULE.

King Håkon, this time we must not part as foes. All evil will follow; there will fall a time of dread upon the land.

### Håkon.

The land has known nought else through many generations; but, see you, God is with me; every foeman falls that would stand against me. There are no more Baglers, no Slittungs, no Ribbungs; Earl Jon is slain, Guthorm Ingesson is dead, Sigurd Ribbung likewise—all claims that were put forth at the folkmote at Bergen have fallen powerless—from whom, then, should the time of dread come now?

#### DUKE SKULE.

Håkon, I fear me it might come from me!

#### HÅKON.

When I came to the throne, I gave you the third part of the kingdom——

LACT III

DUKE SKULE.

But kept two-thirds yourself!

HÅKON.

You ever thirsted after more; I eked out your share until now you hold half the kingdom.

DUKE SKULE.

There lack ten ship-wards.1

HÅKON.

I made you Duke; that has no man been in Norway before you.

DUKE SKULE.

But you are king! I must have no king over me! I

# ACT m] THE PRETENDERS

275

## DUKE SKULE.

I have more men than you in Oslo, Håkon Håkonsson.

## Håkon.

Mayhap you think to-

## DUKE SKULE.

Hearken to me! Think of the Bishop's words! Let us share; give me the ten ship-wards; let me hold my share as a free kingdom, without tax or tribute. Norway has ere this been parted into two kingdoms;—we will hold firmly together——

## Håkon.

Duke, you must be soul-sick, that you can crave such a thing.

## DUKE SKULE.

Ay, I am soul-sick, and there is no other healing for me. We two must be equals; there must be no man over me!

## Håkon.

Every treeless skerry is a stone in the building which Harald Hårfager and the sainted King Olaf reared; would you have me break in twain what they have mortised together? Never!

#### DUKE SKULE.

Well, then let us reign by turns; let each bear sway for three years! You have reigned long; now my turn has come. Depart from the land for three years;—I Think you my crown would f

DUKE SKT

No crown is too wide for m

Håkon

It needs a God-sent right a wear the crown.

DUKE SK

And know you so surely the right?

Håkc

I have God's own word for

DUKE S

Rest not too surely on the

ACT III] THE PRETENDERS

277

Håkon.

Speak you in jest, my lord?

DUKE SKULE.

I speak for my life-work and for my soul's salvation!

Håkon.

Then is there small hope for the saving of your soul.

DUKE SKULE.

You will not fight with me? You shall, you shall!

## Håkon.

Oh blinded man! I cannot but pity you. You think 'tis the Lord's calling that draws you toward the throne; you see not that 'tis nought but pride of heart. What is it that allures you? The royal circlet, the purple-bordered mantle, the right to be seated three steps above the floor;—pitiful, pitiful! Were that kingship, I would cast it into your hat, as I cast a groat to a beggar.

DUKE SKULE.

You have known me since your childhood, and you judge me thus!

Håkon.

You have wisdom and courage and all noble gifts of the mind; you are born to stand nearest a king, but not to be a king yourself.

DUKE SKULE.

That will we now put to the proof!

# HAKON.

Name me a single king's-task you achieved in all the years you were regent for me! Were the Baglers or the Ribbungs ever mightier than then? You were in ripe manhood, yet the land was harried by rebellious factions; did you quell a single one of them? I was young and untried when I came to the helm—look at me—all fell before me when I became king; there are no Baglers, no Ribbungs left!

# DUKE SKULE.

Beware how you boast of that; for there lies the greatest danger. Party must stand against party, claim against claim, region against region, if the king is to have the might. Every village, every family, must either need him or fear him. If you strike at the root of faction, at the same stroke you kill your own power.

ACT III]

dalander, the Halogalander against the Sogndalesman; all shall be one hereafter, and all shall feel and know that they are one! That is the task which God has laid on my shoulders; that is the work which now lies before the King of Norway. That life-work, Duke, I think you were best to leave untried, for truly it is beyond you.

## DUKE SKULE.

[Impressed.] To unite ---? To unite the Trönders and the men of Viken,—all Norway——? [Sceptically.] 'Tis impossible! Norway's saga tells of no such thing!

## Håkon.

For you 'tis impossible, for you can but work out the old saga afresh; for me, 'tis as easy as for the falcon to cleave the clouds.

### DUKE SKULE.

[In uneasy agitation.] To unite the whole people to awaken it so that it shall know itself on e! Whence got you so strange a thought? It runs through me like ice and fire. [Vehemently.] It comes from the devil, Håkon; it shall never be carried through while I have strength to buckle on my helm.

## HÅKON.

'Tis from God the thought comes to me, and never shall I let it slip while I bear St. Olaf's circlet on my brow!

#### DUKE SKULE.

Then must St. Olaf's circlet fall from your brow!

You, Skule, will be I sembly.

Dui

Håkon! Tempt not the last ledge of the dee

]

[Points to the door.] C that we have spoken wit

Du.

[Looks hard at him for time, 'twill be with shar

[After a short pause.] not come to that. He my will; I have need o brain.—Whatsoever couthere may be in this la

281

# DAGFINN THE PEASANT.

[Enters from the back.] Be on your guard to-night, my lord; the Duke has surely evil in his mind.

Håkon.

What say you?

DAGFINN.

What may be his drift, I know not; but sure am I that something is brewing.

Håkon.

Can he think to fall upon us? Impossible, impossible!

DAGFINN.

No, 'tis something else. His ships lie clear for sailing; he has summoned an Assembly on board them.

Håkon.

You must mistake——! Go, Dagfinn, and bring me sure tidings.

DAGFINN.

Ay ay, trust to me.

Goes.

#### Håkon.

No,—'tis not to be thought of! The Duke dare not rise against me. God will not suffer it—God, who has hitherto guided all things for me so marvellously. I must have peace now, for 'tis now I must set about my work!—I have done so little yet; but I hear the unerring voice of the Lord calling to me: Thou shalt do a great king's-work in Norway!

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Enters from the back.] My lord and King!

HÅKON.

Gregorius Jonsson! Come you hither?

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

I offer myself for your service. Thus far have I followed the Duke; but now I dare follow him no further

HÅKON.

What has befallen?

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

That which no man will believe, when 'tis rumoured through the land.

# ACT III] THE PRETENDERS

283

GREGORIUS JONSSON.

By Christ's dear blood, so is it!

## Håkon.

Go, go; sound the trumpet-call for my guard; get all my men under arms. [Gregorius Jonsson goes.

## Håkon.

[Paces the room once or twice, then goes quickly up to the door of MARGRETE'S chamber, knocks at it, takes one or two more turns through the room, then goes again to the door, knocks, and calls.] Margrete!

[Goes on pacing up and down.

## MARGRETE.

[In the doorway, attired for the night, with her hair down; she has a red cloak round her shoulders, holding it close together over her breast.] Håkon! Is it you?

#### Håkon.

Yes, yes; come hither.

MARGRETE.

Oh, but you must not look at me; I was in bed already.

HÅKON.

I have other things to think of.

MARGRETE.

What has befallen.

## HÅKON.

Give me a good counsel! I have even now received the worst tidings.

MARGRETE.

[Alarmed.] What tidings, Hakon?

HAKON.

That there are now two kings in Norway.

MARGRETE.

Two kings in Norway!-Håkon, where is my father?

# HÅKON.

He has proclaimed himself king on board his ship; now he is sailing to Nidaros to be crowned. of the Uplands, come first to Nidaros, and prevent the crowning? No, it may not be done; my men are too few; there in the north he is more powerful than I.—Give me counsel; how can I have the Duke slain, ere he come to Nidaros?

### MARGRETE.

[Imploringly, with folded hands.] Håkon, Håkon!

### Håkon.

Can you not hit upon a good device, I say, to have the Duke slain?

#### MARGRETE.

[Sinks down from the bench in agony and remains kneeling.] Oh, can you so utterly forget that he is my father?

### Håkon.

Your father—; ay, ay, it is true; I had forgotten. [Raises her up.] Sit, sit, Margrete; comfort you; do not weep; you have no fault in this. [Goes over to the window.] Duke Skule will be worse for me than all other foemen! God, God,—why hast thou stricken me so sorely, when I have in nowise sinned! [A knock at the door in the back; he starts, listens, and cries:] Who knocks so late?

## INGA'S VOICE.

[Without.] One who is a-cold, Hakon!

### Håkon.

[With a cry.] My mother!

the doorstep.] My mother! Sher son's door! And I ask wh

INGA

[Stretches out her arms to child! Blessings upon you!

Håk(

[Raising her up.] Comeand warmth!

ING

May I come in to you?

Нхв

Never shall we part again

IN

My son—my King—oh, k I stood in a corner and saw Bishop's Palace; you look mother—I have sorely sinned; I have barred my heart against you two, who are so rich in love.

## MARGRETE.

[Falls on his neck.] Oh, Håkon, my beloved husband; do I stand near you now?

## Håkon.

Ay, near me, near me; not to give me cunning counsels, but to shed light over my path. Come what will, I feel the Lord's strength within me!

## DAGFINN THE PEASANT.

[Enters hastily from the back.] My lord, my lord! the worst has befallen!

#### Håkon.

[Smiles confidently while he holds MARGRETE and INGA closely to him.] I know it; but there is nought to fear, good Dagfinn! If there be two kings in Norway, there is but one in Heaven—and He will set all straight!

ne great natt in Usto Palace. K with the Guard and his Chit left, stands the throne, wher attired, with a purple mantle on his head. The supper-tabl are seated, stretches from the the ground. Opposite to Skule Bård Bratte. Some of the standing, to the right. It is is brightly lighted. The banque the men are very merry, and they drink to each other, laugh.

PAUL FLIDA.

[Rise | trikes the table.]

Jatgeir Skule.

JATGEIR.

ds out in to Nidare And the bells bravely

with the Guard and his left, stands the throne, attired, with a purple n on his head. The suppe are seated, stretches from a ground. Opposite to SE BARD BRATTE. Some a standing, to the right. It is brightly lighted. The left the men are very merry, they drink to each other,

PAUL F

[Rises and strikes the ta Jatgeir Skald will say forth Skule.

JATG

[Stands out

Duke Skule he summoned the When 'twas mass-time in Ni And the bells rang and swe bravely

When Duke Skule he donne

King Skule marched over the Dovrëfjeld, His host upon snow-shoes sped; The Gudbranddalesman he grovelled for grace, But his hoard must e'en ransom his head.

King Skule south over Miösen fared,— The Uplander cursed at his banner; King Skule hasted through Raumarike To Låka in Nannestad manor.

Twas all in the holy Shrove-tide week
We met with the Birchleg horde;
Earl Knut was their captain—the swords with loud tongue
In the suit for the throne made award.

They say of a truth that since Svërre's days Was never so hot a fight; Red-sprent, like warriors' winding-sheets, Grew the upland that erst lay white.

They took to their heels did the Birchenlegs, Flinging from them both buckler and bill there; Many hundreds, though, took to their heels nevermore, For they lay and were icily chill there.

No man knows where King Håkon hideth;— King Skule stands safe at the helm. All hail and long life to thee, lord, in thy state As King of all Norway's realm!

## SKULE'S MEN.

[Spring up with loud jubilation, hold goblets and beakers aloft, clash their weapons, and repeat:

All hail and long life to thee, lord, in thy state As King of all Norway's realm! The King is honoured who

KING SE

Take as guerdon this arm-1 of my household; I will have

**JATGE** 

'Twill need many, my lord, to be sung.

KING S

I will be threefold more to skald's song shall be honou other noble deeds, so long a now you belong to my hous of shall be freely given you.

JATG

[Seats himself.] Ere long what I most need, my lord.

KING S

### MANY OF THE MEN.

[Amid laughter and applause.] Well said, Icelander!

## PAUL FLIDA.

[To JATGEIR.] The song was good; but 'tis known there goes a spice of lying to every skaldwork, and yours was not without it.

### JATGEIR.

Lying, Sir Marshal?

## PAUL FLIDA.

Ay; you say no man knows where King Håkon is hiding; that is not true; we have certain tidings that Håkon is at Nidaros.

## KING SKULE.

[Smiling.] He has claimed homage for the King-child, and given it the kingly title.

## JATGEIR.

That have I heard; but I knew not that any man could give away that which he himself does not possess.

### KING SKULE.

'Tis easiest to give what you yourself do not possess.

### BÅRD BRATTE.

But it can scarce be easy to beg your way in midwinter from Bergen to Nidaros. 'Tis rumoured in Bergen the Church and all that is holy New Year's day.

Bård Bra

He could plead lawful hindr day cutting his silver goblets had naught else wherewith to place [Laughter and lawful laughter]

KING SK

[Raises his goblet.] I drink thank you and all my new me for me at Laka, and bore a g

Bård Br

It was the first time I for but I soon felt that 'tis easy chieftain as you rides at the would we had not slain so 1 far; for now I fear 'twill be

# ACT IV] THE PRETENDERS

293

in Viken; when they deem themselves strong enough, they will soon let us hear from them.

### BARD BRATTE.

They will never dare to, after the great slaughter at Laka.

KING SKULE.

Then will we lure them forth with cunning.

MANY VOICES.

Ay, ay—do so, lord King!

## BÅRD BRATTE.

You have good store of cunning, King Skule. Your foemen have never warning ere you fall upon them, and you are ever there where they least await you.

## PAUL FLIDA.

'Tis therefore that the Birchlegs call us Vårbælgs.1

#### KING SKULE.

Others say Vargbælgs; but this I swear, that when next we meet, the Birchlegs shall learn how hard it is to turn such Wolf-skins inside out.

¹ The derivation of this word is doubtful. In the form Vargbælg it means Wolf-skin, from Icelandic Vargr=a wolf, and Belgr=the skin of an animal taken off whole. The more common form, however, is Varbelg, which, as P. A. Munch suggests ("Det Norske Folks Historie," iii. 219), may possibly come from rar (our word "ware"), a covering, and may be an allusion to the falsity and cunning of the faction. What Ibsen understands by the form Varbælg I cannot discover. Var (Icelandic Var) means the springtide. The nickname had been applied to a political faction as early as 1190, and was merely revived as a designation for Skule's adherents.

Ay, that it shall be. First and make sure of all these easts get our ships together, and sail the coast to Nidaros.

BÅRD BRAT

And when you come in such think the monks will deny to out to the mote-stead, as they we swore allegiance.

KING SKI

The shrine shall out; I in all ways lawfully.

JATGEI

And I promise you to sing you have slain the Sleeper.

[An outburst o

KING SK

The Sleeper?

ACT IV]

295

## BÅRD BRATTE.

THE PRETENDERS

They say he lies ever with his eyes closed. Doubtless he dreams that he is still king.

## KING SKULE.

Let him dream; he shall never dream himself back into the kingship.

# JATGEIR.

Let his sleep be long and dreamless, then shall I have stuff for songs.

### THE MEN.

Ay, ay, do as the skald says!

## KING SKULE.

When so many good men counsel as one, the counsel must be good; yet will we not talk now of that matter. But one promise I will make: each of my men shall inherit the weapons and harness, and gold and silver, of whichever one of the enemy he slays; and each man shall succeed to the dignities of him he lays low. He who slays a baron shall himself be a baron; he who slays a thane, shall receive his thaneship; and all they who already hold such dignities and offices, shall be rewarded after other kingly sort.

### THE MEN.

[Spring up in wild delight.] Hail, hail, King Skule! Lead us against the Birchlegs!

#### BÅRD BRATTE.

Now are you sure to conquer in all battles.

I will have Bard Torsteinsson life at Laka, for it withstands l

JATGEIR

Nay, but let me have it; 't' shall have five golden marks it

BARD BRAT

Where will you find five gold

JATGEIR

I will take them from Greg come northward.

THE ME

[All talking together.] Anhave—— [The rest becomes

PAUL FLI

Away! Every man to his quyou are in the King's hall.

THE M

## A MAN-AT-ARMS.

[As the crowd is trooping out.] To-morrow we will cast lots for the Birchlegs' goods.

ANOTHER.

Rather leave it to luck!

SEVERAL.

Nay, nay!

OTHERS.

Ay, ay!

BÅRD BRATTE.

Now the Wolf-skins are fighting for the bear-fell.

PAUL FLIDA.

And they have yet to fell the bear.

[All go out by the back.

## KING SKULE.

[Waits till the men are gone; the tension of his features relaxes; he sinks upon a bench.] How weary I am, weary to death. To live in the midst of that swarm day out and day in, to look smilingly ahead as though I were so immovably assured of right and victory and fortune. To have no creature with whom I may speak of all that gnaws me so sorely. [Rises with a look of terror.] And the battle at Låka! That I should have conquered there! Håkon sent his host against me; God was to judge and award between the two kings—and I conquered, conquered, as never any before has conquered the Birchlegs! Their shields stood upright

high, that all things must obe with it no conquering might? wildly.] I am sick, I am sic not the right be on my side? God himself would assure me conquer? [Brooding.] The pc not a feather-weight more on the other; and yet-[shakes his dips on Håkon's part. I have l cast into my scale, yet the balan When the thought of the king unawares, 'tis ever he, not I, tha I would see myself as the true forethought, I must build up a v a work of cunning; I must he take faith by storm. It was n befallen to fill me so full of a the letter? No-that made but did not add to it. kingly deed in these later days were done while I least believe on the right.] What is it? and goes like a marsh-fire; it

spoke those madman's words, he stands ever before me as the rightful king. [Whispers with fixed and apprehensive gaze.] What if God's calling glimmered through these strange words? If God had garnered up the thought till now, and would now strew it forth—and had chosen Håkon for his sower?

### PAUL FLIDA.

[Enters from the back.] My lord King, I have tidings for you.

KING SKULE.

Tidings?

# PAUL FLIDA.

A man who comes from down the fiord brings news that the Birchlegs in Tunsberg have launched their ships, and that many men have gathered in the town in these last days.

#### KING SKULE.

Good, we will go forth to meet them—to-morrow or the day after.

## PAUL FLIDA.

It might chance, my lord King, that the Birchlegs had a mind to meet us first.

# KING SKULE.

They have not ships enough for that, nor men.

#### PAUL FLIDA.

But Arnbiörn Jonsson is gathering both men and ships, all round in Viken.

The better for us; we will crush them at one blow, as we did at Låka.

# PAUL FLIDA.

My lord, 'tis not so easy to crush the Birchlegs twice following.

# KING SKULE.

And wherefore not?

# PAUL FLIDA.

Because Norway's saga tells not that the like has ever befallen. Shall I send forth scouts to Hoved-isle?

# KING SKULE.

'Tis needless; the night is dark, and there is a seafog to boot.

## THE PRETENDERS

301

KING SKULE.

And wherefore not?

ACT IV]

PAUL FLIDA.

Why, for that you have the Trönders on your side.

KING SKULE.

I will have both the Trönders and the men of Viken!

PAUL FLIDA.

Nay, my lord, that cannot be!

KING SKULE.

Not possible! cannot be! And wherefore—wherefore not?

PAUL FLIDA.

Because the man of Viken is the man of Viken, the Trönder is the Trönder; because so it has always been, and no saga tells of a time when it was otherwise.

KING SKULE.

Ay, ay—you are right. Go.

PAUL FLIDA.

And send forth no scouts?

KING SKULE.

Wait till daybreak. [PAUL FLIDA goes.] Norway's saga tells of no such thing; it has never been so yet; Paul Flida answers me as I answered Håkon. Are



then he stops.] Can one man ta another, as he takes weapons an foe? Can a Pretender clothe hi task, as he can put on the king that is felled to be a ship's timb will be the mast. I will take on tree, point upwards, tall and sh vane at my top, spread bellying shine, and meet the eyes of all no, thou heavy gnarled oak-trur in the keel; there shalt thou unheard-of and unseen by those it is thou that shalt hinder the sk in the storm: while the mast wit the bellving sail shall bear it for toward the unknown, toward alie of the future! [Vehemently.] great king-thought, I can see no world but that only. If I canno I see no other thought to fight can I not make it mine? If I my great love for Håkon's though

JATGEIR.

ACT IV]

# THE PRETENDERS

303

KING SKULE.

You come to my wish, Skald!

JATGEIR.

I overheard some townsfolk at my lodging talking darkly of—

KING SKULE.

Let that wait. Tell me, Skald: you who have fared far abroad in strange lands, have you ever seen a woman love another's child? Not only have kindness for it—'tis not that I mean; but love it, love it with the warmest passion of her soul.

JATGEIR.

That do only those women who have no child of their own to love.

KING SKULE.

Only those women---?

JATGEIR.

And chiefly women who are barren.

KING SKULE.

Chiefly the barren—? They love the children of others with all their warmest passions?

JATGEIR.

That will oftentimes befall.

And does it not sometimes befall that such a barren woman will slay another's child, because she herself has none?

# JATGEIR.

Ay, ay; but in that she does unwisely.

KING SKULE.

Unwisely?

# JATGEIR.

Ay, for she gives the gift of sorrow to her whose child she slays.

# KING SKULE.

Think you the gift of sorrow is a great good?

ACT IV] THE PRETENDERS

305

KING SKULE.

True, true.

JATGEIR.

My soul has the like shamefastness; therefore I do not strip me when there are many in the hall.

KING SKULE.

Ha. [A short pause.] Tell me, Jatgeir, how come you to be a skald? Who taught you skaldcraft?

JATGEIR.

Skaldcraft cannot be taught, my lord.

KING SKULE.

Cannot be taught? How came it then?

JATGEIR.

The gift of sorrow came to me, and I was a skald.

KING SKULE.

Then 'tis the gift of sorrow the skald has need of?

JATGEIR.

I needed sorrow; others there may be who need faith, or joy—or doubt——

KING SKULE.

Doubt as well?

JATGEIR.

Ay; but then must the doubter be strong and sound.

And whom call you the unsound doubter?

JATGEIR.

He who doubts of his own doubt.

KING SKULE.

[Slowly.] That, methinks, were death.

JATGEIR.

'Tis worse; 'tis neither day nor night.

KING SKULE.

[Quickly, as if shaking off his thoughts.] Where are my weapons? I will fight and act—not think. What was it you would have told me when you came?

When next I come to Nidaros, the shrine shall out! It shall stand under the open sky, though I should have to tear down St. Olaf's church and widen out the motestead over the spot where it stood.

## JATGEIR.

That were a strong deed; but I shall make a song of it, as strong as the deed itself.

# KING SKULE.

Have you many unmade songs within you, Jatgeir?

### JATGEIR.

Nay, but many unborn; they are conceived one after the other, come to life, and are brought forth.

#### KING SKULE.

And if I, who am King and have the might, if I were to have you slain, would all the unborn skald-thoughts you bear within you die along with you?

#### JATGEIR.

My lord, it is a great sin to slay a fair thought.

#### KING SKULE.

Lask not if it be a sin; I ask if it be possible!

#### JATGEIR.

I know not.

Have you never had another skald for your friend, and has he never unfolded to you a great and noble song he thought to make?

JATGEIR.

Yes, lord.

KING SKULE.

Did you not then wish that you could slay him, to take his thought and make the song yourself?

# JATGEIR.

My lord, I am not barren: I have children of my own; I need not to love those of other men. [Goes.

# KING SKULE.

# ACT IV]

## KING SKULE.

Bid him come hither. [Goes forward to the table; presently JATGEIR enters.] I cannot sleep, Jatgeir; 'tis all my great kingly thoughts that keep me awake, you see.

#### JATGEIR.

'Tis with the king's thoughts as with the skald's, I doubt not. They fly highest and grow quickest when there is night and stillness around.

## KING SKULE.

Is it so with the skald's thoughts too?

#### JATGEIR.

Ay, lord; no song is born by daylight; it may be written down in the sunshine; but it makes itself in the silent night.

KING SKULE.

Who gave you the gift of sorrow, Jatgeir?

JATGEIR.

She whom I loved.

KING SKULE.

She died, then.

JATGEIR.

No, she deceived me.

KING SKULE.

And then you became a skald?

JATG:

Not the gift of doubt; else

King S

What gift do I need?

JATG

My lord, you are a king

KING

Have you at all times fu

JAT

[Looks silently at him fo you never loved?

KING

Yes, once-burningly, b

## JATGEIR.

But you have a daughter, my lord—a gracious and noble daughter.

## KING SKULE.

Were my daughter a son, I would not ask you what gift I need. [Vehemently.] I must have some one by me who sinks his own will utterly in mine—who believes in me unflinchingly, who will cling close to me in good hap and ill, who lives only to shed light and warmth over my life, and must die if I fall. Give me counsel, Jatgeir Skald!

JATGEIR.

Buy yourself a dog, my lord.

KING SKULE.

Would no man suffice?

JATGEIR.

You would have to search long for such a man.

## KING SKULE.

[Suddenly.] Will you be that man to me, Jatgeir? Will you be a son to me? You shall have Norway's crown to your heritage—the whole land shall be yours, if you will be a son to me, and live for my life-work, and believe in me.

#### JATGEIR.

And what should be my warranty that I did not feign——?

Give up your calling in life; sing no more songs, and then will I believe you!

JATGEIR.

No, lord—that were to buy the crown too dear.

KING SKULE.

Bethink you well—'tis greater to be a king than a skald.

JATGEIR.

Not always.

KING SKULE.

'Tis but your unsung songs you must sacrifice!

JATGEIR.

Sonos unsuno are ever the fairest.

### JATGEIR.

Get we to arms then! If there be bloodshed to-night, I will gladly be the first to die for you!

#### KING SKULE.

You, who would not live for me!

### JATGEIR.

A man can die for another's life-work; but if he go on living, he must live for his own. [Goes.

## PAUL FLIDA.

[Impatiently.] Your commands, my lord! The Birchlegs may be in Oslo this very hour.

## KING SKULE.

'Twere best if we could fare to St. Thomas Beckett's grave; he has helped so many a sorrowful and penitent soul.

#### PAUL FLIDA.

[More forcibly.] My lord, speak not so wildly now; I tell you, the Birchlegs are upon us!

## KING SKULE.

Let all the churches be opened, that we may betake us thither and find grace.

## PAUL FLIDA.

You can crush all your foemen at one stroke, and yet would betake you to the churches!

bælgs he pursues.

KING SKUI

That will he not; God will sin;—God always shields Håkon

PAUL FLID

[In deep and sorrowful wrath thus, a man could not but ask: V

KING SKU

[Smiling mournfully.] Ay, I great question: Who is king

PAUL FLI

[Imploringly.] You are sou let me act for you.

KING SKI

Ay, ay, do so.

PAUL FL

[Going.] First will I break

PAUL FLIDA.

What would you then, my lord?

KING SKULE.

I will talk with Håkon.

PAUL FLIDA.

He will answer you with a tongue of steel.

KING SKULE.

Go, go; -you shall learn my will anon.

PAUL FLIDA.

Every moment is precious! [Seizes his hand.] King Skule, let us break down all the bridges, fight like Wolves, and trust in Heaven!

KING SKULE.

[Softly.] Heaven trusts not in me; I dare not trust in Heaven.

PAUL FLIDA.

Short has been the saga of the Vårbælgs.

[Goes out by the back.

KING SKULE.

A hundred cunning heads, a thousand mighty arms, are at my beck; but not a single loving, trusting heart. That is kingly beggary; no more, no less.

<sup>1</sup>Varger, the first part of the word Vårbælg.

Who are they?

BÅRD BRAT

A woman and a priest.

KING SKUI

Let the woman and the priest [BÅRD goes; KING SKULE s the right; presently the woman; she wears a lon thick veil, which conceals her, and remains standing

KING SKU:

Who are you?

THE WOM

One you have loved.

KING SKU

[Shaking his head.] There members that I have loved. V

# ACT IV]

## THE WOMAN.

[Comes close to him and says softly and passionately.] Skule Bårdsson!

KING SKULE.

[Rises with a cry.] Ingeborg!

INGEBORG.

Do you know me now, Skule?

KING SKULE.

Ingeborg,—Ingeborg!

#### INGEBORG.

Oh, let me look at you—look long at you, so long! [Seizes his hands; a pause.] You fair, you deeply loved, you faithless man!

#### KING SKULE.

Take off that veil; look at me with the eyes that once were as clear and blue as the sky.

#### INGEBORG.

These eyes have been but a rain-clouded sky for twenty years; you would not know them again, and you shall never see them more.

#### KING SKULE.

But your voice is fresh and soft and young as ever'

### INGEBORG.

I have used it only to whisper your name, to imprint your greatness in a young heart, and to pray to

INGEBOR

I have been silent save to you;—therefore has my voice and young.

KING SKI

There lies a life-time betwee from those days have I wasted

INGEBO

It was your right.

KING SI

And meantime you, I woman, have dwelt there in treasuring your memories, in

INGEB

It was my happiness.

KING S

And I could give you up

ACT IV]

# THE PRETENDERS

319

KING SKULE.

And now you come--- ?

INGEBORG.

As Andres Skialdarband's widow.

KING SKULE.

Your husband is dead!

INGEBORG.

On the way from Jerusalem.

KING SKULE.

Then has he atoned for the slaying of Vegard.

INGEBORG.

'Twas not therefore that my noble husband took the Cross.

KING SKULE.

Not therefore?

INGEBORG.

No: it was my sin he took upon his strong, loving shoulders; 'twas that he went to wash away in Jordan stream; 'twas for that he bled.

KING SKULE.

[Softly.] Then he knew all.

INGEBORG.

From the first. And Bishop Nicholas knew it, for to him I confessed. And there was one other man that came to know it, though how I cannot guess. 320

# THE PRETENDERS

LACT IV

KING SKULE.

Who?

INGEBORG.

Vegard Væradal.

KING SKULE.

Vegard!

INGEBORG.

He whispered a mocking word of me into my husband's ear; and thereupon Andres Skialdarband drew his sword, and slew him on the spot.

# KING SKULE.

He kept ward over her whom I betrayed and forgot.

—And wherefore seek you me now?

Lyamona

[Half bewildered.] Ingeborg!
[Peter approaches in silent emotion, and throws himself before King Skule.

### INGEBORG.

Take him! For twenty years has he been the light and comfort of my life.—Now are you King of Norway; the King's son must enter on his heritage; I have no longer any right to him.

## KING SKULE.

[Raises him up, in a storm of joy.] Here, to my heart, you whom I have yearned for so burningly! [Presses him in his arms, lets him go, looks at him, and embraces him again.] My son! My son! I have a son! Ha-ha-ha! who can stand against me now? [Goes over to INGEBORG and seizes her hand.] And you, you give him to me, Ingeborg! You take not back your word? You give him to me indeed?

#### INGEBORG.

Heavy is the sacrifice, and scarce had I strength to make it, but that Bishop Nicholas sent him to me, bearing a letter with tidings of Andres Skialdarband's death. 'Twas the Bishop that laid on me the heavy sacrifice, to atone for all my sin.

#### KING SKULE.

Then is the sin blotted out, and henceforth he is mine alone; is it not so, mine alone?

INGEBOR

He is pure as a lamb of God your hands. 'Tis a perilous pa throne; let him not take hurt King Skule: let not my child

KING SKU

That I promise and swear to

INGEBOR

[Seizes his arm.] From the his soul suffers harm, let him r

KING SKI

Rather die! I promise and

INGEBO

Then shall I be of good che galand.

KING SK

Ay, you may be of good che

Pure and blameless! [Turning to Peter.] Let me look at you! Ay, your mother's features and mine; you are he for whom I have longed so sorely.

## PETER.

My father, my great, noble father! Let me live and fight for you! Let your cause be mine; and be your cause what it may—I know that I am fighting for the right!

## KING SKULE.

[With a cry of joy.] You trust in me! You trust in me!

## PETER.

Immovably!

# KING SKULE.

Then all is well; then am I surely saved! Listen: you shall cast off the cowl; the Archbishop shall loose you from your vows; the King's son shall wield the sword, shall go forward unwavering to might and honour.

#### PETER.

Together with you, my noble father! We will go together!

## KING SKULE.

[Drawing the youth close up to himself.] Ay, together, we two alone!

### INGEBORG.

[To herself.] To love, to sacrifice all and be forgotten, that is my saga.<sup>1</sup> [Goes quietly out by the back.

<sup>1</sup> As to the earlier text of this scene, see Brandes' *Ibsen and Björnson* (Heinemann, 1899), p. 29.

Uplander and the Sogndaleman, family! Then shall you see ho flourish!

PETER.

What a great and dizzy the

KING SKU

Do you grasp it?

PETER

Yes-yes!-Clearly-!

KING SK

And have you faith in it?

Petel

Yes, yes; for I have faith ir

KING SI

[Wildly.] Håkon Håkonssc

PETE

## PETER.

The blood is not wasted that flows in your cause.

### KING SKULE.

All the might shall be yours when I have built up the kingdom. You shall sit on the throne with the circlet on your brow, with the purple mantle flowing wide over your shoulders; all men in the land shall bow before you— [The sounds of distant horns¹ are heard.] Ha! what was that? [With a cry.] The Birchleg host! What was it Paul Flida said——? [Rushes towards the back.

## PAUL FLIDA.

[Enters and cries.] The hour is upon us, King Skule?

## KING SKULE.

[Bewildered.] The Birchlegs! King Håkon's host! Where are they?

#### PAUL FLIDA.

They are swarming in thousands down over the Ekeberg.

## KING SKULE.

Sound the call to arms! Sound, sound! Give counsel; where shall we meet them?

#### PAUL FLIDA.

All the churches stand open for us.

 $^{1}Lur$ , the long wooden horn still used among the mountains in Norway.

"Tis of the Birchlegs I ask-?

PAUL FLIDA.

For them all the bridges stand open.

KING SKULE.

Unhappy man, what have you done!

PAUL FLIDA.

Obeyed my King!

KING SKULE.

My son! My son! Woe is me; I have lost your kingdom!

## PETER.

No, you will conquer! So great a king's-thought cannot die!

## KING SKULE.

Peace, peace! [Horns and shouts are heard, nearer at hand.] To horse! To arms! More is here at stake than the life and death of men!

[Rushes out by the back; the others follow him.

A street in Oslo. On each side, low wooden houses, with porches. At the back, St. Hallvard's church-yard, enclosed by a high wall with a gate. On the left, at the end of the wall, is seen the church, the chief portal of which stands open. It is still night; after a little, the day begins to dawn. The alarmbell is ringing: far away on the right are heard battle-shouts and confused noises.

# KING SKULE'S HORNBLOWER.

[Enters from the right, blows his horn, and shouts.] To arms! To arms, all King Skule's men!

[Blows his horn again, and proceeds on his way; presently he is heard blowing and shouting in the next street.

### A WOMAN.

[Appears at a house door on the right.] Great God of mercy, what is astir?

# A TOWNSMAN.

[Who has come out, half dressed, from a house on the other side of the street.] The Birchlegs are in the town! Now will Skule have his reward for all his misdeeds.

# ONE OF SKULE'S MEN.

[Enters with some others, bearing their cloaks and weapons on their arms, from a side street on the left.] Where are the Birchlegs?

Another of Skule's Men.

[Coming from a house on the right.] I know not!

#### THE FIRST.

Hist! Listen!—They must be down at the Geitebridge!

## THE SECOND.

Off to the Geite-bridge then!

[They all rush out to the right; a townsman comes running in from the same side.

THE FIRST TOWNSMAN.

Hey, neighbour, whence come you?

THE SECOND TOWNSMAN.

From down at the Lo-river; there's ugly work there.

IAN.

St. Olaf

is it the Birchlegs, or who

OWNSMAN.

Who els, them; the he himself s! King Håkon is with g in to the wharves; but it men out at Ekeberg.

THE FIRST TOWNSMAN.

Then will he take revenge for the slaughter at Låka!

THE SECOND TOWNSMAN.

Ay, be sure of that.

THE FIRST TOWNSMAN.

See, see! The Vårbælgs are flying already!

A troop of Skule's men enter in full flight, from the right.

#### ONE OF THEM.

Into the church! None can stand against the Birch-legs as they lay about them to-night.

[The troop rushes into the church and bars the door on the inside.

### THE PRETENDERS

ACT IV]

## THE SECOND TOWNSMAN.

[Looking out to the right.] I see a standard far down the street; it must be King Håkon's.

THE FIRST TOWNSMAN.

See, see, how the Vårbælgs are running!

A second troop enters from the right.

ONE OF THE FUGITIVES.

Let us take to the church and pray for grace.

[They rush at the door.

SEVERAL VÅRBÆLGS.

'Tis barred! 'tis barred!

THE FIRST.

Up over Martestokke then!

Another.

Where is King Skule?

THE FIRST.

I know not. Away! yonder I see the Birchlegs' standard! [They flee past the church, out to the left.

HAKON enters from the right with his Standard-bearer, GREGORIUS JONSSON, DAGFINN THE PEASANT, and several other men.

### DAGFINN.

Hark to the war-cry! Skule is gathering his men behind the churchyard.

## AN OLD TOWNSMAN.

[Calls from his porch, to HAKON.] Take heed for yourself, dear my lord; the Vårbælgs are fierce, now they are fighting for life.

### HÅKON.

Is it you, old Guthorm Erlendsson? You have fought both for my father and for my grandfather.

## THE TOWNSMAN.

Would to God I could fight for you as well.

### HÅKON.

For that you are too old, and there is no need; men pour in upon me from all sides.

#### DAGFINN.

[Pointing off over the wall to the right.] There comes the Duke's standard!

#### Gregorius Jonsson.

The Duke himself! He rides his white war-horse.

#### DAGFINN.

We must hinder his passage through the gate here!

#### Håkon.

Wind the horn wind the horn! [The Hornblower does so.] You blew better, you whelp, when you blew for money on Bergen wharf.

[The Hornblower winds another blast, louder than the first; many men come rushing in.

### A VÅRBÆLG.

[From the right, fleeing towards the church, pursued by a Birchleg.] Spare my life! Spare my life!

### THE BIRCHLEG.

Not though you sat on the altar! [Cuts him down.] 'Tis a costly cloak you wear, methinks 'twill fit me well. [Is about to take the cloak, but utters a cry and casts away his sword.] My lord King! Not another stroke will I strike for you

### DAGFINN.

You say that in such an hour as this?

THE BIRCHIEG.

Not another stroke!

#### DAGFINN.

[Cuts him down.] Well, you may e'en let it alone.

THE BIRCHLEG.

[Pointing to the dead Vårbælg.] Methought I had done enough when I slew my own brother. [Dies.

Håkon.

His brother!

DAGFINN.

What!

[Goes up to the Varbæla's body.

Håkon.

Is it true?

Almighty, this must have an en

GREGORIUS Jo

There comes the Duke, in fu troop!

DAGFIN

Bar the gate against him, kin

On the other side of the wall, the The Varbælgs are forcing to driving the Birchlegs back, rides his white war-horse Peter walks at his side, and with his left hand up FLIDA bears SKULE's stan a golden lion rampant, wi

KING SK

Cut them down! Spare no new heir<sup>2</sup> to the throne of No

#### Håkon.

Skule Bårdsson, let us share the kingdom!

KING SKULE.

All or nought!

HÅKON.

Think of the Queen, your daughter!

KING SKULE.

I have a son, I have a son! I think of none but him!

Håkon.

I too have a son;—if I fall the kingdom will be his!

KING SKULE.

Slay the King-child, wherever you find it! Slay it on the throne; slay it at the altar; slay it—slay it in the Queen's arms!

Håkon.

There did you utter your own doom!

KING SKULE.

[Slashing about him.] Slay, slay without mercy! King Skule has a son! Slay, slay!

[The fighting gradually passes away to the left.

Gregorius Jonsson.

The Vårbælgs are hewing their way through!

DAGFINN.

Ay, but only to flee.

## GREGORIUS JONSSON.

Yes, by Heaven,—the other gate stands open; they are fleeing already!

## DAGFINN.

Up towards Martestokke. [Calls out.] After them, after them, Earl Knut! Take vengeance for the slaughter at Laka!

## HÅKON.

You heard it: he proclaimed my child an outlaw my innocent child, Norway's chosen king after me!

# THE KING'S MEN.

Ay, ay, we heard it!

HAKON.

And what is the punishment for such a crime?

THE MEN.

Death!

#### HÅKON.

Then must be die! [Raises his hand to make oath.] Here I swear it: Skule Bårdsson shall die, wherever be met on unconsecrated ground!

#### Dagfinn.

'Tis every true man's duty to slay him.

#### A Birchleg.

[From the left.] Duke Skule has taken to flight!

THE TOWNSFOLK.

The Birchlegs have conquered!

Håkon.

What way?

THE BIRCHLEG.

Past Martestokke, up towards Eidsvold; most of them had horses waiting up in the streets, else had not one escaped with his life.

### Håkon.

Thanks be to God that has helped us yet again! Now may the Queen safely come ashore from the fleet.

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Points off to the right.] She has already landed, my lord: there she comes!

#### Håkon.

[To those nearest him.] The heaviest task is yet before me; she is a loving daughter;—listen—no word to her of the danger that threatens her child. Swear to me, one and all, to keep ward over your King's son; but let her know nothing.

THE MEN.

[Softly.] We swear it.

#### MARGRETE.

[Enters, with ladies and attendants, from the right.] Hakon, my husband! Heaven has shielded you! you have conquered and are unhurt!

Some of the men go.

# HÅKON.

Yes, I have conquered. Where is the child?

## MARGRETE.

On board the King's ship, in the hands of trusty men.

Go mo

IE.

Håkon, le?

He has made to: .... s.

### MARGRETE.

He lives, then!—My husband, may I thank God that he lives?

#### Håkon.

[In painful agitation.] Hear me, Margrete: you have been a faithful wife to me, you have followed me through good hap and ill, you have been unspeakably rich in love;—now must I cause you a heavy sorrow; I am loath to do it; but I am King, therefore must I——

#### MARGRETE.

[In suspense.] Has it to do with—the Duke?

### Håkon.

Yes. No bitterer lot could befall me than to live my life far from you; but if you think it must be so after

what I now tell you—if you feel that you can no longer sit by my side, no longer look at me without turning pale—well, we must even part—live each alone—and I shall not blame you for it.

### MARGRETE.

Part from you! How can you think such a thought? Give me your hand——!

# Håkon.

Touch it not!—It has even now been lifted in oath——

### MARGRETE.

In oath?

### HÅKON.

An oath that set its sacred seal upon a death-warrant.

#### MARGRETE.

[With a shrick.] My father! Oh, my father! [Totters; two women rush forward to support her.

### Håkon.

Yes, Margrete—his King has doomed your father to death.

#### MARGRETE.

Then well I know he has committed a greater crime than when he took the kingly title.

#### HIKON.

That has he;—and now, if you feel that we must part, so let it be.

Are you strong enough? D stand all? I have doomed you

MARGRET

I heard and understood. father.

Håkon

And you ask not to know wi

MARGRE

'Tis enough that you kno

Наког

But it was to death that I of

MARGRI

[Kneels before the King, as husband and noble lord, your

## ACT FIFTH

A room in the palace at Nidaros. The entrance door is on the right; in front, on the same side, a window; to the left a smaller door. It is after night-fall. Paul Flida, Bård Bratte, and several of King Skule's principal followers are standing at the window and looking upward.

### A MAN-AT-ARMS.

How red it glows!

A SECOND.

It stretches over half the sky, like a flaming sword.

Bård Bratte.

Holy King Olaf, what bodes such a sign of dread?

An Old Vårbælg.

Assuredly it bodes a great chief's death.

## PAUL FLIDA.

Håkon's death, my good Vårbælgs. He is lying out in the fiord with his fleet; we may look for him in the town to-night. This time, 'tis our turn to conquer!

## Bård Bratte.

Trust not to that; there is little heart in the host now.
339

THE FIRST MAN-

There are those in the town to believe him alive or dead.

PAUL FLII

The King must out, however to him, Bard Bratte—the safety

Bård Bra

It avails not; I have spoken

PAUL FLI

Then must I try what I can the left, and knocks.] My lord helm in your own hands; thin this fashion.

KING SK

[Within.] I am sick, Paul

PAUL F

## PAUL FLIDA.

By the Almighty, 'tis no time for sickness. King Håkon lies out in the fiord, and may at any time be upon us here in Nidaros.

### KING SKULE.

Strike him down for me! Slay him and the Kingchild.

### PAUL FLIDA.

You must be with us, my lord!

## KING SKULE.

No, no, no,—you are surest of fortune and victory when I am not there.

#### PETER.

[Enters from the right; he is in armour.] The townsfolk are ill at ease; they flock together in great masses before the palace.

## BARD BRATTE.

Unless the King speak to them, they will desert him in the hour of need.

#### PETER.

Then must be speak to them. [At the door on the left.] Father! The Trönders, your trustiest subjects, will fall away from you if you give them not courage.

### KING SKULE.

What said the skald?

PETER

Then neither can you give a is mine after you!

KING SKI

Now I will come!

PAUL FL

God be praised.

King Sk

[Comes forward in the doorwe his hair has grown very grey.] I will not have you look at me up to PETER.] Take from you Great God in heaven, what w

PETE

Oh, forgive me;—I know the right.

KING S

KING SKULE.

What is that?

BÅRD BRATTE.

[At the window.] The townsmen are flocking together; the whole courtyard is full of people;—you must speak to them.

KING SKULE.

Do I look like a king? Can I speak now?

PETER.

You must, my noble father!

KING SKULE.

Well, be it so. [Goes to the window and draws the curtain aside, but lets it go quickly and starts back in terror.] There hangs the flaming sword over me again!

PAUL FLIDA.

It bodes that the sword of victory is drawn for you.

KING SKULE.

Ah, were it but so! [Goes to the window and speaks out.] Trönders, what would you? Here stands your King.

A TOWNSMAN.

[Without.] Leave the town! The Birchlegs will burn and slay if they find you here.

KING SKULE.

We must all hold together. I have been a gracious King to you; I have craved but small war-tax——

Give me my betrothed again

A Boy

Give me my father and my

ANOTHER W

Give me my three sons, Kin

A Mai

He is no King; homage he St. Olaf's shrine!

MANY VC

No, no—no homage has be shrine! He is no King!

KING SI

[Shrinks behind the curtain king!

PAUL F

"Two a dire mischance

## THE PRETENDERS

345

# KING SKULE.

And they will desert us, so long as homage has not been done to me on the Saint's shrine.

#### PETER.

Then let the shrine be brought forth, and take our homage now!

## PAUL FLIDA.

[Shaking his head.] How should that be possible?

#### PETER.

Is aught impossible, where he is concerned? Sound the call for the folkmote, and bring forth the shrine!

### SEVERAL OF THE MEN.

[Shrinking back.] Sacrilege!

ACT V]

#### PETER.

No sacrilege!—Come, come! The monks are well disposed towards King Skule; they will agree—

#### PAUL FLIDA.

That they will not; they dare not, for the Archbishop.

#### PETER.

Arc you King's men, and will not lend your aid when so great a cause is at stake! Good, there are others below of better will. My father and King, the monks shall give way; I will pray, I will beseech; sound

gallant son: now mis eyes such and conquer. How strong are

PAUL FLII

Not stronger than that we n the townsfolk hold to us!

KING SKU

They shall hold to us. Wand put an end to this time of 'tis Heaven's command that we is wroth with all Norway for th been doing. A flaming sword the sky; women swoon and bear a frenzy creeps abroad among ing them to run through the sthe last day is come. Ay, by be ended at one stroke!

PAUL FL

What are your commands?

KING SK

## KING SKULE.

Gather all our men upon the foreshore; not one Birchleg shall set foot in Nidaros.

PAUL FLIDA.

Well spoken, King.

### KING SKULE.

When the shrine is borne forth, let the horn sound to the folkmote. The host and the townsfolk shall be called together.

# PAUL FLIDA.

[To one of the men.] Go forth and bid the hornblower wind his horn in all the streets. [The man goes.

## KING SKULE.

[Addresses the people from the window.] Hold fast to me, all my sorrowing people. There shall come peace and light over the land once more, as in Håkon's first glad days, when the fields yielded two harvests every summer. Hold fast to me; believe in me and trust to me; 'tis that I need so unspeakably. I will watch over you and fight for you; I will bleed and die for you, if need be; but fail me not, and doubt not——! [Loud cries, as though of terror, are heard among the people.] What is that?

A WILD VOICE.

Atone! Atone!

BARD BRATTE.

[Looks out.] 'Tis a priest possessed of the devil!

348

# THE PRETENDERS

LACT V

## PAUL FLIDA.

He is tearing his cowl to shreds and scourging himself with a w ip.

# THE VOICE.

Atone,

is come.

Flee,

ros! A deed of sin!

ILE.

CES.

What h

## BÅRD BRATTE.

All flee, all shrink away as though a wild beast were in their midst.

## KING SKULE.

Yes, all flee. [With a cry of joy.] Ha! it matters not. We are saved! See, see—King Olaf's shrine stands in the middle of the courtyard.

### PAUL FLIDA.

King Olaf's shrine!

BÅRD BRATTE.

Ay, by Heaven—there it stands!

#### KING SKULE.

The monks are true to me; so good a deed have they never done before!

## THE PRETENDERS

349

PAUL FLIDA.

Hark! the call to the folkmote!

ACT V

KING SKULE.

Now shall lawful homage be done to me.

PETER.

[Enters from the right.] Take on you the kingly mantle; now stands the shrine out youder.

KING SKULE.

Then you have saved the kingdom for me and for yourself; and tenfold will we thank the pious monks for yielding.

PETER.

The monks, father—you have nought to thank them for.

KING SKULE.

Twas not they that helped you?

PETER.

They laid the ban of the Church on whoever should dare to touch the holy thing.

KING SKULE.

The Archbishop then! At last he gives way.

PETER

The Archbishop hurled forth direr curses than the monks.

You have not one the sin upon him.

Κı

Almighty God! has Who bore out the holy

I, my father!

Kı

[With a shriek.] You

T

[Shrink back appalled.
[PAUL FLIDA, BÅRI
go out.

The deed had to be dehomage be lawfully don-

dragged it after me down the nave, while the ban moaned like a storm high up under the vaultings. I dragged it out of the church; all fled and shrank from me. When I came to the middle of the courtyard the handle broke; here it is!

[Holds it aloft.

### KING SKULE.

[Quietly, appalled.] Church-robber.

#### PETER.

For your sake; for the sake of your great king's-thought! You will wipe out the sin; all that is evil you will wipe away. Light and peace will follow you; a glorious day will dawn over the land—what matter, then, if there went a storm-night before it?

# KING SKULE.

There was as 'twere a halo round your head when your mother brought you to me; now I see in its stead the lightnings of the ban.

### PETER.

Father, father, think not of me; be not afraid for my woe or weal. Is it not your will I have fulfilled?—how can it be accounted to me for a crime?

#### KING SKULE.

I hungered for your faith in me, and your faith has turned to sin.

#### PETER.

[Wildly.] For your sake, for your sake! Therefore God dare not deny to blot it out!

## KING SEULE.

"Pure and blameless," I swore to Ingeborg—and he scolls at neaven!

## PAUL FLIDA.

[Enteri

! The impious deed has v flee into the churches.

TLE.

They

ust out!

TTE.

[Enteri

have risen against you; wherever they find them,

on the streets or in the houses!

## A MAN-AT-ARMS.

[Entering.] The Birchlegs are sailing up the river!

# KING SKULE.

Summon all my men together! None must fail me here!

# PAUL FLIDA.

They will not come; they are benumbed with dread.

## KING SKULE.

[Despairingly.] But I cannot fall now! My son must not die with a deadly sin upon his soul!

#### Peter.

Think not of me; 'tis you alone that are to be thought of. Let us make for Indherred; there all men are true to you!

# THE PRETENDERS

353

KING SKULE.

Ay, to flight! Follow me, whose would save his life!

Bård Bratte.

What way?

ACT V]

KING SKULE.

Over the bridge!

PAUL FLIDA.

All bridges are broken down, my lord.

KING SKULE.

Broken down—! All the bridges broken, say you?

PAUL FLIDA.

Had you broken them down at Oslo, you might have let them stand at Nidaros.

KING SKULE.

We must over the river none the less;—we have our lives and our souls to save! To flight! To flight!

[HE and PETER rush out to the left.

Bård Bratte.

Ay, better so than to fall at the hands of the townfolk and the Birchlegs.

PAUL FLIDA.

In God's name, then, to flight! [All follow Skule.

The room stands empty for a short time; a distant and confused noise is heard from the streets; then a troop of armed townsmen rushes in by the door on the right.

MANY.

Slay the church-robber too!

A SINGLE C

Go carefully! They may yet

THE FIRST TOV

No need; the Birchlegs are street.

A Townsm

[Entering.] Too late—King

MANY.

Whither? Whither?

THE NEW-C

Into one of the churches, metl Vårbælgs.

THE FIRST TO

Then let us seek for him;

#### A THIRD.

King Håkon himself!

### MANY OF THE CROWD.

[Shout.] Hail to King Håkon Håkonsson!

# Håkon.

[Enters from the right, followed by Gregorius Jonsson, Dagfinn the Peasant, and many others.] Ay, now are you humble, you Trönders; you have stood against me long enough.

### THE FIRST TOWNSMAN.

[Kneeling.] Mercy, my lord! Skule Bårdsson bore so hardly on us!

#### ANOTHER.

[Also kneeling.] He compelled us, else had we never followed him.

# THE FIRST.

He seized our goods and forced us to fight for his unrighteous cause.

# THE SECOND.

Alas, noble lord, he has been a scourge to his friends no less than to his foes.

#### MANY VOICES.

Ay, ay,—Skule Bårdsson has been a scourge to the whole land.

#### DAGFINN.

That, at least, is true enough.

# HÄKON.

Good; with you townsfolk I will speak later; 'tis my purpose to punish sternly all transgressions; but first there are other things to be thought of. Knows any man where Skule Bardsson is?

MANY.

In one of the churches, lord!

HAKON.

Know you that for certain?

THE TOWNSMEN.

Ay, there are all the Vårbælgs.

Håkon.

[Softly to Dagfinn.] He must be found; set a watch on all the churches in the town.

DAGFINN.

And when he is found, he must straightway be slain.

Håkon.

[Softly.] Slain? Dagfinn, Dagfinn, how heavy a deed it seems!

DAGFINN.

My lord, you swore it solemnly at Oslo.

Håkon.

And all men in the land will call for his death. [Turns to Gregorius Jonsson and says, unheard by the others]

Go; you were once his friend; seek him out and prevail on him to fly the land.

### GREGORIUS.

[Joyfully.] You will suffer it, my lord!

#### Håkon.

For the sake of my gentle, well-beloved wife.

## GREGORIUS JONSSON.

But if he should not flee? If he will not or cannot?

### Håkon.

Then, in God's name, I may not spare him; then must my kingly word be fulfilled. Go!

## Gregorius Jonsson.

I go, and shall do my utmost. Heaven grant I may succeed. [Goes out by the right.

### Håkon.

You, Dagfinn, go with trusty men down to the King's ship; you shall conduct the Queen and her child up to Elgesæter¹ convent.

#### DAGFINN.

My lord, think you she will be safe there?

### Håkon.

Nowhere safer. The Vårbælgs have shut themselves up in the churches, and she has besought to be sent thither; her mother is at Elgesæter.

1 Elgesæter = Elk-châlet.

Lady Ragnhild also. You may the Vårbælgs shall have mad taken to grace, all the bells in N a sign that there has come peace You townsfolk shall reckon w punishment shall be meted to es deeds.

THE FIRST TO

Woe upon us to-morrow!

THE SECC

We have a long reckoning to

THE FIR

We, who have stood against? our part in acclaiming Skule title.

THE SEC

Who gave Skule both shij

## A TOWNSMAN.

[Rushes in from the left.] Where is Hakon? Where is the King?

THE FIRST.

What would you with him?

THE NEW-COMER.

Bring him great and weighty tidings.

MANY.

What tidings?

THE NEW-COMER.

I tell them to no other than the King himself.

MANY.

Ay, tell us, tell us!

THE NEW-COMER.

Skule Bårdsson is fleeing up toward Elgesæter.

THE FIRST.

It cannot be! He is in one of the churches.

THE NEW-COMER.

No, no; he and his son crossed over the river in a skiff.

THE FIRST.

Ha, then we can save us from Håkon's wrath!

THE SECOND.

Ay, let us forthwith give him to know where Skule is.

## THE FIRST.

Nay, better than that; we will say nought, but ourselves go p to Elgesæter and slay Skule.

## THE SECOND.

Ay, ay-that will we!

But did

go with him over the

No, there

n the boat.

MER.

Oh ne

We will arm us as best we can. Oh, now are we townsfolk safe enough! Let no man know what we are about; we are enough for the task!—And now, away to Elgesæter.

#### All.

[Softly.] Ay, away to Elgesæter!
[They go out to the left, rapidly but cautiously.

A fir-wood on the hills above Nidaros. It is moonlight, but the night is misty, so that the background is seen indistinctly, and sometimes scarcely at all. Treestumps and great boulders lie round about. King Skule, Peter, Paul Flida, Bård Bratte, and other Värbelgs come through the wood from the left.

### Peter.

Come hither and rest you, my father.

# ACT V] THE PRETENDERS

361

## KING SKULE.

Ay, let me rest, rest. [Sinks down beside a stone.

### PETER.

How goes it with you?

## KING SKULE.

I am hungry! I am sick, sick! I see dead men's shadows!

### PETER.

[Springing up.] Help here—bread for the King!

### Bård Bratte.

Here is every man king; for life is at stake. Stand up, Skule Bårdsson, if you be king! Lie not there to rule the land.

#### PETER.

If you scoff at my father, I will kill you.

## BÅRD BRATTE.

I shall be killed whatever betides; for me King Håkon will have no grace; for I was his thane, and deserted him for Skule's sake. Think of somewhat that may save us. No deed so desperate but I will risk it now.

#### A VÅRBÆLG.

Could we but get over to the convent at Holm?

## PAUL FLIDA.

Better to Elgesæter.

# Bård Brat

No, no; 'tis our one hope, and Birchlegs are ransacking every h on all the churches; they think r flight, since all the bridges are but few men on board the ships heir in our power, Håkon must gi child die with us. Who will go w

PAUL FLI

Not I, if they are to be saved

SEVERA:

Not I! Not I!

PETER

Ha, but if it were to save my

Bård Bra

If you will go with me, con Hladehammer; there lies the tr of the hill; they are the wilc Vårbælgs; they had swum the

### PETER.

Mayhap I too; but first must I see my father into safe shelter.

### Bård Bratte.

Ere daybreak will we make speed up the river. Come, here goes a short way downwards towards Hlade.

[He and some others go out to the right.

### PETER.

[To Paul Flida.] Let not my father know aught of this; he is soul-sick to-night, we must act for him. There is safety in Bård Bratte's deed; ere daybreak shall the King-child be in our hands.

## PAUL FLIDA.

To be slain, most like. See you not that it is a sin-

#### PETER.

Nay, it cannot be a sin; for my father doomed the child in Oslo. Sooner or later it must die, for it blocks my father's path;—my father has a great king's-thought to carry through; it matters not who or how many fall for its sake.

#### PAUL FLIDA.

Hapless for you was the day you came to know that you were King Skule's son. [Listening.] Hist!—cast you flat to the ground; there come people this way.

[All throw themselves down behind stones and stumps; a troop of people, some riding, some on foot, can be seen indistinctly through the mist and between the trees; they come from the left, and pass on to the right.

## PETER.

'Tis the Queen!

# PAUL FLIDA.

Ay; she is talking with Dagfinn the Peasant. Hush!

### PETER.

They are with them!

er. The King-child is

A.

And the

But only fo kingdom savea: ing Skule-now is your

## KING SKULE.

My kingdom? 'Tis dark, my kingdom—like the angel's that rose against God.

A party of Monks comes from the right.

## A Monk.

Who speaks there? Is it King Skule's men.

# PAUL FLIDA.

King Skule himself.

### THE MONK.

[To Skule.] God be praised that we met you, dear lord! Some townsmen gave us to know that you had

taken the upward path, and we are no less unsafe than you in Nidaros.

#### PETER.

You have deserved death, you who denied to give forth St. Olaf's shrine.

#### THE MONK.

The Archbishop forbade it; but none the less we would fain serve King Skule; we have ever held to him. See, we have brought with us robes of our Order for you and your men; put them on, and then can you easily make your way into one convent or another, and can seek to gain grace of Håkon.

# KING SKULE.

Ay, let me put on the robe; my son and I must stand on consecrated ground. I will to Elgesæter.

#### PETER.

[Softly, to Paul Flida.] See that my father comes safely thither.

#### PAUL FLIDA.

Bethink you that there are Birchlegs at Elgesæter.

#### PETER.

But four men; you may easily deal with them, and once inside the convent walls they will not dare to touch you. I will seek BARD BRATTE.

# PAUL FLIDA.

Nay, do not so!

[Whispering to another.] Go Skule?

THE OTH

Hist; no; the Birchlegs are t

THE FIRS

Neither will I go; but say no

THE MON

And now away, two and two, monk.

Another N

[Sitting on a stump behind the Skule.

KING SKT

Know you the way?

THE MO

The broad way.

THE FIRST

KING SKULE.

Peter, my son——! [Starts backwards.] Ha, there is the flaming sword in heaven!

THE MONK.

[Sitting behind him on the stump.] And here am I!

KING SKULE

Who are you?

THE MONK.

An old acquaintance.

KING SKULE.

Paler man have I never seen.

THE MONK.

But you know me not?

KING SKULE.

'Tis you that are to lead me to Elgesæter.

THE MONK.

'Tis I that will lead you to the throne.

KING SKULE.

Can you do that?

THE MONK.

I can, if you but will it.

KING SKULE.

And by what means?

#### THE MONK.

By the means I have used before;—I will take you up into a high mov ain and show you all the glory of the world.

# KING SKULE.

All the glory of the world have I seen ere now, in dreams of temptation.

Twas I that

18.

Who are you

An envoy fro

der in the world.

From the oldest Pretender in the world?

#### THE MONK.

From the first Earl, who rose against the greatest kingdom, and himself founded a kingdom that shall endure beyond doomsday.

#### KING SKULE.

[Shricks.] Bishop Nicholas!

#### THE MONK.

[Rising.] Do you know me now? We were friends of yore,

And 'tis you that have brought me back;

Once the self-same galley our fortunes bore,

And we sailed on the self-same tack.

At our parting I quailed, in the gloom and the blast;

For a hawk in his talons had gripped my soul fast;

I besought them to chant and to ply the bell,

And I bought me masses and prayers as well,—

They read fourteen, though I'd paid but for seven;

Yet they brought me no nearer the gates of heaven.

#### KING SKULE.

And you come from down yonder—-?

#### THE MONK.

Yes, from the kingdom down yonder I'm faring; The kingdom men always so much miscall. I vow 'tis in nowise so bad after all, And the heat, to my thinking, is never past bearing.

#### KING SKULE.

And it seems you have learnt skald-craft, old Bagler-chieftain!

#### THE MONK.

Not only skald-craft, but store of Latinity!
Once my Latin was not over strong, you know;
Now few can beat it for ease and flow.
To take any station in yonder vicinity,
Ay, even to pass at the gate, for credential
A knowledge of Latin is well-nigh essential.
You can't but make progress with so many able
And learned companions each day at the table,—
Full fifty ex-popes by my side carouse, and
Five hundred cardinals, skalds seven thousand.

# KING SKULE.

Greet your Master and give him my thanks for his friendship. Tell him he is the only king who sends help to Skule the First of Norway.

# THE MONK.

Hear now, King Skule, what brings me to you—
My Master's henchmen down there are legion,
And each up here is allotted a region;
They gave Norway to me, as the place I best knew.
Håkon Håkonsson serves not my Master's will;
We hate him, for he is our foeman still—
So he must fall, leaving you at the helm,
The sole possessor of crown and realm.

# King Skule.

Ay, give me the crown! When once I have that, I will rule so as to buy myself free again.

#### THE MONK.

Ay, that we can always talk of later—— We must seize the time if we'd win the fight. King Hakon's child sleeps at Elgesæter; Could you once wrap him in the web of night, Then like storm-swept motes will your foes fly routed, Then your victory's sure and your kingship undoubted!

#### KING SKULE.

Think you so surely that the victory were mine?

#### THE MONK.

All men in Norway are sighing for rest;
The king with an heir<sup>1</sup> is the king they love best—

\*\*Et kongs-conne.\*\*

A son to succeed to the throne without wrangling; For the people are tired of this hundred-years' jangling. Rouse you, King Skule! one great endeavour! The foe must perish to-night or never! See, to the northward how light it has grown, See how the fog lifts o'er fiord and o'er valley—There gather noiselessly galley on galley—Hark! men are marching with rumble and drone! One word of promise, and all is your own—Hundreds of glittering sails on the water, Thousands of warriors hurtling to slaughter.

#### KING SKULE.

What word would you have?

#### THE MONK.

For raising you highest, my one condition Is just that you follow your heart's ambition; All Norway is yours, to the kingship I'll speed you, If only you vow that your son shall succeed you!

#### KING SKULE.

[Raising his hand as if for an oath.] My son shall—[Stops suddenly, and breaks forth in terror.] The church-robber! All the might to him! Ha! now I understand;—you seek for his soul's perdition! Get thee behind me, get thee behind me! [Stretches out his arms to heaven.] Oh have mercy on me, thou to whom I now call for help in my sorest need!

[He falls prone to the earth.

#### THE MONK.

Accurséd! He's slipped through my fingers at last—And I thought of a surety I held him so fast!

But the 1 ght, it seems, had a trick in stace
That I k
w not of—and the game is o'er.
Well, wet
Porpetuum
mobile's well under way;
My might is assured through the years and the ages.
The hater of light shall be still in my wages;
In Norws
my empire for ever is founded.
Though it

While to Will-leady While hea Weak as a While abo Namely, the [Coming forward. en set out ith doubt, ands helplessly shivering, wept and quivering, ey're united, and despited, og and falling

Under the banner or pascues infuried.— Then Bishop Nicholas 'tends to his calling, The Bagler-Bishop's at work in the world!

[He disappears in the fog among the trees.

# KING SKULE.

[After a short pause, half rises and looks around.] Where is he, my black comrade? [Springs up.] My guide, my guide, where are you? Gone!—No matter: now I myself know the way, both to Elgesæter and beyond. [Goes out to the right.

The courtyard of Elgesæter Convent. To the left lies the chapel, with an entrance from the courtyard; the windows are lighted up. Along the opposite side of the space stretch some lower buildings; in the back, the convent wall with a strong gate, which is locked.

It is a clear moonlight night. Three Birchleg Chiefs stand by the gate; MARGRETE, LADY RAGNHILD, and DAGFINN THE PEASANT come out from the chapel.

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

[Half to herself.] King Skule had to flee into the church, you say! He, he, a fugitive! begging at the altar for peace—begging for his life mayhap—oh no, no, that could never be; but God will punish you who dared to let it come to this!

#### MARGRETE.

My dear, dear mother, curb yourself; you know not what you say; 'tis your grief that speaks.

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

Hear me, ye Birchlegs! 'Tis Håkon Håkonsson that should lie before the altar, and beseech King Skule for life and peace.

# A BIRCHLEG.

It ill beseems loyal men to listen to such words.

#### MARGRETE.

Bow your heads before a wife's sorrow!

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

King Skule doomed! Look to yourselves, look to yourselves all of you, when he regains his power.

#### DAGFINN.

That will never be, Lady Ragnhild.

#### MARGRETE.

Hush, hish!

# LADY RAGNHILD.

Think ou Håkon Håkonsson dare let his doom be fulfilled if the King should fall into his hands?

King I can be br

ws whether a king's oath

HILD.

[To Ma followed i, child? May \_\_\_ go from me!

man of blood have you Are you your father's ven—! Go from me,

# MARGRETE.

Blessed be your lips, although now they curse me.

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

I must down to Nidaros and into the church to find King Skule. He sent me from him when he sat victorious on the throne; then, truly, he had no need of me—now will he not be wroth if I come to him. Open the gate for me; let me go to Nidaros!

#### MARGRETE.

My mother, for God's pity's sake---!

[A loud knocking at the convent gate.

Dagfinn.

Who knocks?

KING SKULE.

[Without.] A king.

DAGFINN.

Skule Bårdsson.

LADY RAGNHILD.

King Skule.

MARGRETE.

My father!

KING SKULE.

Open, open!

DAGFINN.

We open not here to outlaws.

KING SKULE.

'Tis a king who knocks, I tell you; a king who has no roof over his head; a king whose life is forfeit if he reach not consecrated ground.

MARGRETE.

Dagfinn, Dagfinn, 'tis my father.

DAGFINN.

[Goes to the gate and opens a small shutter.] Come you with many men to the convent?

KING SKULE.

With all the men that were true to me in my need

DAGFINN.

And how many be they?



Heaven's wrath fall upon you i tuary!

DAGFINN.

In God's name, then!

[He opens the gate; the Bird cover their heads. King S yard.

MARGRETE.

[Throwing herself on his neck.] unhappy father!

LADY RAGNHI

[Interposing wildly between hi Ye who feign reverence for him, y Judas. Dare not to come near l a finger on him while I live!

DAGFINN.

Here he is safe, for he is on he

M. DODENE

#### KING SKULE.

Both monks and spearmen brought me on the way; but they slipped from me one by one, for they knew there were Birchlegs at Elgesæter. Paul Flida was the last to leave me; he came with me to the convent gate; there he gave me his last hand-grip, in memory of the time when there were Varbælgs in Norway.

#### DAGFINN.

[To the Birchlegs.] Get you in, chieftains, and set you as guards about the King-child; I must to Nidaros to acquaint the King that Skule Bardsson is at Elgesæter; in so weighty a matter 'tis for him to act.

#### MARGRETE.

Oh, Dagfinn, Dagfinn, have you the heart for that?

#### DAGFINN.

Else should I ill serve King and land. [To the men.] Lock the gates after me, watch over the child, and open to none until the King be come. [Softly to SKULE.] Farewell, Skule Bårdsson—and God grant you a blessed end.

[Goes out by the gate; the Birchlegs close it after him, and go into the chapel.

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

Ay, let Håkon come; I will not loose you; I will hold you straitly and tenderly in my arms, as I never held you before.

#### MARGRETE.

Oh, how pale you are—and aged; you are cold.

Yes, yes; 'twill soon be time to r

SIGRID.

[From the chapel.] You come at

KING SKULE.

Sigrid! you here?

SIGRID.

I promised that we should meet we me in your sorest need.

KING SKULE.

Where is your child, Margrete?

MARGRETE.

He sleeps, in the sacristy.

KING SKULE.

Then is our whole house gathered

ACT VI

# KING SKULE.

Håkon Håkonsson alone is wanting.

#### MARGRETE AND LADY RAGNHILD.

[Cling about him, in an outburst of sorrow.] My father!—My husband!

#### KING SKULE.

[Looking at them, much moved.] Have you loved me so deeply, you two? I sought after happiness abroad, and heeded not the home wherein I might have found it. I pursued after love through sin and guilt, little dreaming that 'twas mine already, in right of God's law and man's.—And you, Ragnhild, my wife, you, against whom I have sinned so deeply, you take me to your warm, soft heart in the hour of my sorest need; you can tremble and be afraid for the life of the man who has never cast a ray of sunshine upon your path.

# LADY RAGNHILD.

Have you sinned? Oh, Skule, speak not so; think you I should ever dare accuse you! From the first I was too mean a mate for you, my noble husband; there can rest no guilt on any deed of yours.

#### KING SKULE.

Have you believed in me so surely, Ragnhild?

# LADY RAGNHILD.

From the first day I saw you.



[A loud noise without; imn knocking at the gate.

MARGRETE.

Hark, hark! Who comes in su

LADY RAGNHI

Who knocks at the gate?

VOICES.

[Without.] Townsfolk from know that Skule Bårdsson is with

KING SKULI

Ay, he is within; what would;

Noisy Voice

[Without.] Come out, come o man!

MARGRETE

You townsfolk dare to threater

#### ANOTHER.

'Tis every man's duty to slay him!

#### MARGRETE.

I am the Queen; I command you to depart!

#### A VOICE.

'Tis Skule Bårdsson's daughter, and not the Queen, that speaks thus.

#### ANOTHER.

You have no power over life and death; the King has doomed him!

# LADY RAGNHILD.

Into the church, Skule! For God's mercy's sake, let not the bloodthirsty caitiffs approach you!

#### KING SKULE.

Ay, into the church; I would not fall at the hands of such as these. My wife, my daughter; meseems I have found peace and light; oh, I cannot lose them again so soon!

[Moves towards the chapel.

#### PETER.

[Without, on the right.] My father, my king! Now will you soon have the victory!

#### KING SKULE.

[With a shriek.] He! He! [Sinks down upon the church steps.

# LADY RAGNHILD.

Who is it?

A TOWNSMAN.

[Without.] See, see! the church-robber climbs over the convent roof!

Stope him.

[Appears at the yard.]

, and jumps down into ather!

[Looks at him aghast.] You—I had forgotten you——! Whence come you?

PETER.

 $[Wildly_i]$  Where is the King-child?

MARGRETE.

The King-child!

KING SKULE.

[Starts up.] Whence come you, I ask?

Peter.

From Hladehammer; I have given Bård Bratte and the Varbielgs to know that the King-child lies at Elgesieter to night.

MARGRETE.

O God!

# THE PRETENDERS

ACT V]

# KING SKULE.

You have done that! And now--?

#### PETER.

He is gathering together his men, and they are hasting up to the convent.—Where is the King-child, woman?

#### MARGRETE.

[Who has placed herself before the church door.] He sleeps in the sacristy!

#### PETER.

'Twere the same if he slept on the altar! I have dragged out St. Olaf's shrine—I fear not to drag out the King-child as well.

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

[Calls to Skule.] And he it is you have loved so deeply!

#### MARGRETE.

Father, father! How could you forget us all for his sake?

#### KING SKULE.

He was pure as a lamb of God when the penitent woman gave him to me;—'tis his faith in me has made him what he now is.

#### PETER.

[Without heeding him.] The child must out! Slay it, slay it in the Queen's arms,—that was King Skule's word in Oslo!

# MARGRETE.

Oh shame, oh shame!

#### PETER.

A saint might do it unsinning, at my father's command! My father is King; for the great king's-thought is his!

#### TOWNSMEN.

[Knocking at the gate.] Open! Come out, you and the church-robber, else will we burn the convent dow

## KING SKULE.

[As if seized by a strong resolution.] The great king's thought! 'Tis that has poisoned your young loving soul! Pure and blameless I was to give you back; 'tis faith in me that drives you thus wildly from crime to crime, from deadly sin to deadly sin! Oh, but I can save you yet: I can save us all! [Calls toward the background.] Wait, wait, ye townsmen without there: I come!

#### MARGRETE.

[Scizing his hand in terror.] My father! what would you do?

## LADY RAGNHILD.

[Clinging to him with a shrick.] Skule!

#### Sigrid.

[Tears them away from him, and calls with wild, radiant joy.] Loose him, loose him, women;—now his thought puts forth wings!

# ACT V] THE PRETENDERS

385

#### KING SKULE.

[Firmly and forcibly, to Peter.] You saw in me the heaven-chosen one,—him who should do the great king's-work in the land. Look at me better, misguided boy! The rags of kingship I have decked myself withal, they were borrowed and stolen—now I put them off me, one by one.

#### PETER.

[In dread.] My great, my noble father, speak not thus!

#### KING SKULE.

The king's-thought is Håkon's, not mine; to him alone has the Lord granted the power that can act it out. You have believed in a lie; turn from me, and save your soul.

#### PETER.

[In a broken voice.] The king's-thought is Håkon's!

#### KING SKULE.

I yearned to be the greatest in the land. My God! my God! behold, I abase myself before thee, and stand as the least of all men.

#### PETER.

Take me from the earth, O Lord! Punish me for all my sin; but take me from the earth; for here am I homeless now! [Sinks down upon the church steps.

#### KING SKULE.

I had a friend who bled for me at Oslo. He said: A man can die for another's life-work; but if he is to go

on living, he must live for his own.—I have no life-work to live for, reither can I live for Håkon's,—but I can die for it.

MARGRETE.

Nay, nay, that shall you never do!

[Takes her love your hu

her tenderly.] Do you

Better than

You could endure that he should doom me; but could you also endure that he should let the doom be fulfilled?

MARGRETE.

Lord of heaven, give me strength!

KING SKULE.

Could you, Margrete?

MARGRETE.

[Softly and shuddering.] No, no—we should have to part,—I could never see him more!

#### KING SKULE.

You would darken the fairest light of his life and of yours:—be at peace, Margrete,—it shall not be needful.

#### LADY RAGNHILD.

Flee from the land, Skule; I will follow you whithersoever you will.

#### KING SKULE.

[Shaking his head.] With a mocking shade between us?—To-night have I found you for the first time; there must fall no shade between me and you, my silent, faithful wife;—therefore must we not seek to unite our lives on this earth.

#### SIGRID.

My kingly brother! I see you need me not;—I see you know what path to take.

# KING SKULE.

There are men born to live, and men born to die. My desire was ever thitherward where God's finger pointed not the way for me; therefore I never saw my path clear, till now. My peaceful home-life have I wrecked; I can never win it back again. My sins against Håkon I can atone by freeing him from a kingly duty which must have parted him from his dearest treasure. The townsfolk stand without; I will not wait for King Håkon! The Varbælgs are near; so long as I live they will not swerve from their purpose; if they find me here, I cannot save your child, Margrete.—See, look upwards! See how it wanes and pales, the flaming sword that has hung over my head! Yes, yes, -God has spoken and I have understood him, and his wrath is appeased. Not in the sanctuary of Elgesæter will I cast me down and beg for grace of an earthly king;—I must into the mighty church roofed with the vault of

tars and 'tis the King of Kings I must implore for grace and mercy over all my life-work.

Withstand him not! Withstand not the call of God! The day dawns; it dawns in Norway and it dawns in his restless soul! Have not we trembling women cowered long enough in our secret rooms, terror-stricken and hidden in he darkest corners, listening to all the horror that was doing without, listening to the bloody from end to end! in the churches, not pageant that st st's disciples lay in day when the Lord Have we not lai daring to look wings, and woe to Jerusalem on was led by to them who wou

Fare forth in I no mocking shad

D. d; fare thither where een us, when we meet. Iastens into the chapel.

# MARGRETE.

My father, farewell, farewell,—a thousand times [Follows LADY RAGNHILD. farewell!

# Sigrid.

[Opens the church door and calls in.] To your knees, all ye women! Assemble yourselves in prayer; send up a message in song to the Lord, and tell him that now Skule Bårdsson comes penitent home from his rebellious race on earth.

# KING SKULE.

Sigrid, my faithful sister, greet King Håkon from me; tell him that even in my last hour I know not whether he be king-born; but this I know of a surety: he it is whom God has chosen.

SIGRID.

I will bear him your greeting.

#### KING SKULE.

And yet another greeting must you bear. There dwells a penitent woman in the north, in Halogaland; tell her that her son has gone before; he went with me when there was great danger for his soul.

SIGRID.

That will I.

#### KING SKULE.

Tell her, it was not with the heart he sinned; pure and blameless shall she surely meet him again.

#### SIGRID.

That will I. [Points towards the background.] Hark! they are breaking the lock!

#### KING SKULE.

[Points towards the chapel.] Hark! they are singing loud to God of salvation and peace!

#### SIGRID.

Hark again! All the bells in Nidaros are ringing——!

# KING SKULE.

[Smiles mournfully.] They are ringing a king to his grave.

SIGRID.

Nay, nay, they ring for your true crowning! Farewell, my brother, but the follood flow wide over your should forth, go int take the crown of life.

[Hasten. conting and bell-ringing was.

[Outside to

has burst! Force us

King Skule.

I come.

THE TOWNSMEN.

And the church-robber must come too!

#### KING SKULE.

Ay, the church-robber shall come too. [Goes over to Peter.] My son, are you ready?

#### PETER.

Ay, father, I am ready.

#### KING SKULE.

[Looks upwards.] O God, I am a poor man, I have but my life to give; but take that, and keep watch over Håkon's great king's-thought.—See now, give me your hand.

#### PETER.

Here is my hand, father.

#### KING SKULE.

And fear not for that which is now to come.

#### PETER.

Nay, father, I fear not, when I go with you.

#### KING SKULE.

A safer way have we two never trodden together. [He opens the gate; the Townsmen stand without with upraised weapons.] Here are we; we come of our own free will;—but strike him not in the face.

[They pass out, hand in hand; the gate glides to.

#### A VOICE.

Aim not, spare not;—strike them where ye can.

# KING SKULE'S VOICE.

'Tis base to deal thus with chieftains.

[A short noise of weapons; then a heavy fall is heard; all is still for a moment.

#### A VOICE.

They are dead, both of them!

[The King's horn sounds

## Another Voice.

There comes King Håkon with all his guard!

# THE CROWD.

Hail Håkon Håkonsson; now have you no longer any foemen.

# GREGORIUS JONSSON.

[Stops a little before the corpses.] So I have come too late! [Enters the convent yard.

#### DAGFINN.

It had been ill for Norway had you come sooner. [Calls out.] In here, King Håkon!

#### HÅKON.

[Stopping.] The body lies in my way!

## DAGFINN.

If Håkon Håkonsson would go forward, he must pass over Skule Bårdsson's body!

#### Håkon.

In God's name then!

[Steps over the corpse and comes in.

#### DAGFINN.

At last you can set about your king's-work with free hands. In there are those you love; in Nidaros they are ringing in peace in the land; and yonder he lies who was your direst foe.

#### Håkon.

All men misjudged him, reading not his secret.



ACT V]

# THE PRETENDERS

393

DAGFINN.

His secret?

Håkon.

[Seizes him by the arm, and says softly.] Skule Bardson was God's step-child on earth; that was the secret.

[The song of the women is heard more loudly from the chapel; all the bells are still ringing in Nidaros.

THE END.



. .



# THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY REFERENCE DEPARTMENT

This book is under no circumstances to be taken from the Building

	V	-
	1	
facini str		

